ABOUT NEBRASKA.

On the 2d a fire broke out in the postoffice at Bassett, and before it was dissovered the office and two adjoining buildings were complete ruins. How the fire originated is not known, but it is thought some persons set the blaze.

-The Presbyterians of Aurora have at last secured a pastor, Rev. Robert Watt, formerly of Orleans.

-Ponca is confident that a railroad bridge will span the river at that point

next season. -Some boys old enough to know better were arrested at Grand Island for

disturbing the Salvation army. -The Madison Reporter says that county must have a better jail. The one now in use is too small and at the same

time unsafe. -The savings bank department of the Lincoln public schools now has 1,355 depositors, and its deposits aggregate over | miles.

-Revival services in Milford added twenty-one members to the M. E. church

-Waterloo needs an elevator to accommodate the corn that comes in at \$119. the rate of 800 and 1,000 bushels a day. -The county officers of Dawes coun-

ty now occupy quarters in the new \$30,-000 court house. -Mrs. Andrew Jacobs, an old lady of Lincoln, was run over and killed by the

cars in that city last week. Justice of the Peace Albin Stalle, formerly county clerk of Lincoln county, died in his home in North Platte from an overdose of morphine which he is supposed to have taken to induce sleep. He leaves a wife and two chil-

-A number of the prominent farmers of Merrick county, wishing to better the stock of Merrick county horses, have formed "The Merrick County Horse Association," under the laws of the state governing such associations, and have purchased the two year old Clydesdale stallion, Reliable 597, to be kept by Minor Cuddington.

-The Progress calls for the organization of a dramatic company at West

-The Chadron Democrat says the indications at present are that the B. & M. railroad will cross the Niobrara river in range 51, and will lay out a townsite on the nwl of section 34, township 23, range 51. Fifteen hundred dollars was the amount paid for the quarter section.

-Nebraska farmers, says the Waterloo News, ought to consider themselves lucky. While the eastern people are wading in snow, Nebraska farmers are husking corn on a summer day. There is no use in denyin; the fact that Nebraska beats the world for fine autumus and good crops, all of which are hailed

-A meeting of those interested in the elevator formerly operated by F. A. Scoville & Co., at Valparaiso, was held last week at Lincoln, and F. A. Hovey was appointed receiver. Mr. Hovey, who is one of the owners of the roller mill at Valparaiso, is well known and will get his share of the grain business. Several parties stand ready to open a bank in the room occupied by Scoville & Crafts as soon as some disposition is made of the building. The bank furniture and fixtures will be sold the 12th of

Nebraska City is infested with a pack of petty thieves, who have successfully eluded the police for some time past. Last week they broke into the blacksmith-shop of Porter Hand and stole a number of tools. With these they forced open the door of Harry Hatch's pawnshop, carrying away several watches and revolvers and a quantity of

-Ine canal at Dartley is more than half finished, and if the weather holds good will soon be completed.

-The Nebraska City News says there are at present more and handsomer residences being built throughout the city than at any time before for years. The contractors are all crowded with work, and, as has been the case in every other branch of labor in this city the past six months, enough workmen can not be secured to supply the demand, in consequence of which many builders have been delayed, and in a number of cases are compelled to put off building until

-The Salvationists are investigating the outlook in Lincoln for need of their services. There is plenty of work to be done, but the Salvation army is not the organization to do it.

-Coal is being shipped from the Wyoming mines, on the Elkhorn railway, to Omaha. Twenty-six car loads are taken from the Dorsey mine each day.

-The water works, temple block, the creamery, and the county jail are four big improvements at Aurora this year. They represent an investment of \$63,000.

-It is expected that \$2,000 will be needed for the Young Men's Christian association at Fremont the coming

-The Catholic fair at Beatrice cleared

-In the case of the man Smith held in jail at Fairbury on a charge of rape, a nolle was entered by the district attorney, he having paid up the costs, and he was discharged.

-Mr. A. C. Ellsworth, a gentleman about 60 years of age, says the Fairbury Gazette, who moved to town not that the high duty on opinin and the late and the late of the aplong ago with his family from below favorite object of traffic with those who pointment by the president of a health compoundment by the pre Endicott, started for Jansen Wednesday via the C., K. & N. Soon after the train started he dropped dead in the car from heart disease, with which he had been somewhat afflicted heretofore.

-Hog cholera is still devastating many herds in York county.

-A farmer appeared in Beatrice the day before thanksgiving with a load of water melons for which he found ready

-A volunteer fire company has been organized at South Omaha. -Fremont has put aside paving until

warm weather comes again.

term of the district court in that city.

Frank West, having seen his mother singe the chickens she was preparing for the table, concluded when the family was out that he would do the same with a prairie chicken which his father had killed. He built a fire in the middle of the floor into which he threw the chicken. The family made the discovery in time to prevent any serious dam-

-Father Lynch, of Wood River, had two very fine turkeys he was fattening for the holidays, but a sneak thief gobbled them the other night while honest people were asleep.

-Henry Streator, of Hall county while drawing a load of hay lost his balance and fell off, alighting on his head and shoulders, rendering him unconis, however, improving.

from a wagon in which they were riding and quite seriously injured, one having her collar bone broken and the

-The Elkhorn Valley road is building Springs, Dakota, a distance of eight

-A farmer, living near Hebron, Thayer county, harvested two crops from seventeen acres of ground this year. A crop of 490 bushels of rye was followed by one of buckwheat that netted him

-John Desh, manager of the Star clothing house of Crete, which was robbed last week of nearly \$600 worth of clothing, received a telegram from the authorities at Talmage that three suspicious characters were trying to sell some clothing there, had been appre hended and would be held. Mr. Desh left for Talmage this morning. It is be-

lieved that they are the thieves. -John Bell and G. W. Poffinbarger were arrested at Blue Springs for selling lionor without license.

-Gordon Johnson, of Omaha, has sued the mayor of that city for \$5,000 damages for having him arrested and jailed as an illegal voter. -It is said that between now and next

June a thousand head of fat corn-fedsteers will be shipped from Valparaiso. -Since the Farmers' Protective Elevator opened at Tobias it has taken in on an average 3,000 bushels of grain

-The people of Broken Bow are moving in the matter of securing a canning -The railroads made no excursion

ates for thanksgiving, but will do so fo

-Lea year is growing "small by degrees and beautifully less," but frequent marriages recorded by the press indicate that it is being well improved.

Condition of the National Treasury.

The public debt statement from the treasury department shows an increase in the debt during November, amounting to \$11,199,817. Treasury disbursements have been unusually large during November, the pension payments alone amounting to \$21,675,000, against but \$4,250,000 in October, while receipts from all sources fell off \$2,500,000 as compared with the receipts of the month previous. The net or surplus cash in the treasury to-day is \$52,234,610, against \$74,491,969, on November. The interest bearing debt has been reduced \$11,000,000 during the month and now aggregates \$947,068,202. The gold fund balance has increased about \$8,000,000 during the past month, and now aggregates \$199,339,133, and the silver fund balance has decreased about \$5,500,000 and to-day amounts to \$19,113,035. National bank depositories to day hold \$51,925,078 of government funds, or \$2,500,000 less than on November 1. Government receipts from all sources during November reached \$28,590,106, or nearly 4,000,000 less than during October past, and fully \$500,000 less than in November, 1887; Customs receipts during November amounted to \$15,284,-500, about \$500,000 less than in November, 1887. Receipts from miscellaneous sources fell off \$500,000, compared with November, 1887, while internal revenue receipts were \$10,393,353, or \$500,000 more than during November, 1887. Receipts from all sources for the first five months of the current fiscal year reached \$160,518,765, or about \$3,000,000 less than for the corresponding five months in 1887, while expenditures for the five months of this year aggregate \$147,062,-871, or \$18,000,000 more than for the first five months of 1887.

Special Agent Jewell's Report. In his annual report Supervising Special Agent Jewell, of the treasury, states that the amount recovered and paid into the treasury through the direct services of the officers and employes of his division exceeds the total cost of such services by \$227,890. This is exclusive of the amount involved in suits. commenced and undetermined; of reductions of expenses recommended, and additions aggregating \$683,311 to the invoice values of silk goods from France and Switzerland.

In a discussion of the subject of under-valuations and false classifications

While the chief officers of customs at the principal ports have generally cooperated heartily with the department in its efforts to enforce the laws and regulations in these regards, the abuses mentioned continue. The unscrupulous still prosper at the expense of the public revenue and of honest importers, and it is manifest that justice and equality at the custom houses cannot be secured to all interested without a radical revision of the customs and revenue laws and a reformation of the existing administra- | duced a bill to-day for the establishment in the tive methods and machinery. He states interior department of a bureau of health, to be that the high duty on opium and the fact | under the jurisdiction of a commissioner at wish to benefit by a violation of the rey- mission, to be composed of twenty members, enue laws. It is highly desirable that who shall be divided in six sections, as follows: the recommendation of the department made last year for its seizure and destruction of the drug in that form whereever found should be speedily passed by nual salary of \$1,2 0, and it shall be his duty to congress.

Errors in the House Journal. WASHINGTON, Dec. 5 .- A congressional investigation will be the outcome of the recent discoveries of gross errors in the journal of the house for last session. A resolution for the investigation has been prepared and will be presented in a day or two. Speaker Carlisle is the victim of one of the errors, and it is such an in--President Perry, of Doane college, Crete, has offered a full scholarship in that educational institution, to the student in the senior year of the Fremont high school who makes the best record.

-A number of farmers about Odell, Gage county, are cooking feed for their hogs and say they have no more disagrees among their porkers since adopting hogs and say they have no more disease among their porkers since adopting this plan.

The two men accused of having stolen about \$60 worth of clothing from Dexter's clothing store in Grand Island and who were bound over in the sum of \$500 each, will be tried at the sitting \$500 each, will be tried at the sitting this is a very grave mistake, as the precedent adopted by Mr. Carlisle is a most important one, and the journal is the legal evidence of all congressional action. To the exclusion of the Record and all other documentary testimony. The speaker does not wish to have it go into history that he selected the committee to pass upon his own title to a seat in the house. This error is said to be but a sample of the many to be found in the published journal of the last assign.

-At Wood River, a young son of THE BOARD'S ANNUAL WINTER MEETING.

The Coming Corn Exhibit, With Schedule of Premiums and Conditions. The Nebraska state board of agriculture holds its annual winter meeting at Lincoln, the capital of the state, under provision of law, commencing on the third Tuesday, January 15th, 1889. At this meeting the annual corn exhibit is made. The past season having been propitious throughout the state for this great staple product, the board desire and aim to present the best showing ever made anywhere. This circular is issued early that the public may be fully advised, and that all interested may make the best selections as they harvest their crop. This they are urscious and for a time giving indications gently requested to do, and come to the that he had sustained fatal injuries. He front with their offerings. As has been said before, we repeat: At our annual -Mrs. A. J. Smith and Mrs. Philip fair it is too early to show corn to an ad-Ott, of Republican City, were thrown vantage. At the season of the year the winter meeting is held, corn is dry and in position to be submitted to scientific tests by which the actual per cent yield can be obtained and shown. This plan of judging corn, inaugurated last year, was productive of best and most satisbranch from Buffalo Gap to Hot factory results. It will be seen premiums are liberal and quantity small. While a minimum is fixed, no maximum is given. Exhibitors will be allowed space for all they desire to exhibit. It is desirable that the secretary be informed early, as to entries and space wished for, that accommodating provisions may be made. The exhibit will be held in one of the state university buildings. Exhibits sent to the secretary will be put in place and cared for when parties can not attend in person. All exhibits should be in place on the 14th if possible, or the morning of the 15th at farthest. The superintendent

> county and section of the state should be represented at this corn show. The following schedule of premiums and conditions are presented and will

and judges of exhibits will be appointed

and announced in due time. Each

prevail: Exhibits must be grown in Nebraska, the growth of 1888, and have been grown by the exhibitor, or in the county com-

Statements as to soil, manner of saving, preparing seed, and time of planting, mode of culture, and period of maturity to accompany each entry. Entries to be made at any time before or on the Saturday next preceding the first day of winter meeting.

Premium corn to become the property of the board for distribution, or such

other disposition as it may determine. PRAMIUMS. Pre. Pre. 570 Best 20 ears large white Dent 571 Best 20 ears small white Dent

574 Best 20 ears calico Dent corn... 575 Best 20 cars backbery Dent corn (kernels not less than one-half inch long)..... 576 Best 20 cars named strains yel-Best 20 ears sugar corn..... 581 Best 20 ears popcorn....... 582 Largest number varieties, and best displayed collective exhibit of corn by any one county in he-

braska, west of the 100th merid-

best displayed collective exhibit of corn by any one individual, from any section of the state.... In each exhibit made under the above list each 20 ears must be accompanied with one-half peck shelled, of same corn as ears exhibited. This rule while it would be advantageous and desirable to both the exhibitors and the general exhibit, does not, of obligation, apply to the collective exhibits. Collective exhibits must be separate and distinct from individual exhibits. Parties making collective exhibits can enter and compete for minor individual premiums with same varieties of corn, but not the same specimens It will be seen that in collective exhibits a scientific test is not resorted to. It is simply "the largest number of varieties and best display." Professional commercial seed growers or dealers are not permitted to compete for premiums. Every facility for exhibiting will, however, be provided them, free of charge, and they are in-

vited to make exhibits. SCORE OF POINTS FOR EAR CORN.

standard SCORE OF POINTS FOR SHELLED CORN, Weight, % bushel, as a per cent of whole

Length of grain..... Breadth of grain.....

Ripeness 20 Quality (starchy, chaffy floury)..... 20 Shelled corn will be submitted to the ordinary commercial test, and the fore-

Ear exhibits to be shelled and tested by the scale of points given. An object being to obtain the greatest per cent vield of weight clear corn, with the least yield possible, weight, and dimensions of cob. Any number of ears to be subject to test the committee may decide

County collective exhibits are confined to a limit of the 100th meridian and west. All others, from any part of the state, except Lancaster county, in which the state fair and exhibit is held, which is not permitted to compete.

Entries can be made by addressing the secretary at Brownville, at any time before January 12th. After that time, at Lincoln. S. M. BARKER, President. ROBT. W. FURNAS, Secretary.

Senator Gibson's Measure.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Senator Gibson intro-

investigate the cause, origin and best mode of prevention of the diseases mentioned. Five members of the commission shall be organized in a quarantine commission. The health com-

missioner is directed, whenever called on by the gove nor of a state, to make rules and regulations and take measures for the suppression of any infectious disease. It is made the duty of consular officers to make report weekly to the health complete the suppression of the suppr mi-sioner in regard to the sanitary condition of foreign ports. It is made unlawful for any obstruct the commerce between states, or with any foreign country, except in accordance with rules prescribed by the health commissioner. Three senators—Plumb, Berry and Dolph— and representative McRae to day introduced bills similar in their promises, to allow person who have abandoned or relinquished their homestead entries to make another entry. The bills provide that any person who has settled on the public domain who has not yet perfected the title thereto and who may be unable to sub-

whole or partial destruction of crops, sickness, etc., may take out another homestead entry ir place of the abandoned claim. The Last Survivor Gone.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Dec. 7 .- George W. D. Seward died at Florida, this county, this morn-

FOREIGN PAPERS ON THE MESSAGE What Leading London Journals Say of L.

London special: The London Morning Post, commenting on the president's

message, says: "If America is really inclined to resume negotiations on the subject of the fisheries, it will find the English minister animated only by a sincere desire to promote the final and satisfactory adjustment which Mr. Cleveland mentions. While unable to hold the same opinion as Mr. Cleveland as to what the great demands of the country are, the Post thinks that it would be better if England would look to the disposition of American statesmen in the future than to wrangle over the past, The Daily News says that it would express more regret for Mr. Cleveland's

acrimonious reference to the dismissal of Lord Sackville, if Lord Salisbury had not set the example. Mr. Cleveland, it thinks, evidently has Lord Salisbury's fatal gift of a bitter tongue. In other respects the message seems to be the most powerful performance which the president has accomplished, namely, the feat of saying something both new and true about protection. The News further remarks that the message is likely to become a household word for the orators of Hyde Park and Clerkenwell. The fisheries question, it thinks, will have a smallar chance for settlement under Mr. Harrison than under Mr. Cleveland, but, having only one great party to please, the chances for the judgment on its merits may greatly improve.

The Chronicle says: "President Cleveland uses strong but true language about protection. In regard to the Sackville matter, it is satisfying to find that he refers to it as an occurrence to be deeply regretted. This is in marked contrast to Lord Salisbury's flippant sarcasm. We hope that Lord Salisbury will consider it a sufficient reason to appoint a successor to Lord Sackville with-

out delay." The Standard says: "President Cleveand's message might have been more gracious and dignified if he could only have effaced from his recollection the unsuccessful election coup which sullied an otherwise honorable record. We did not expect to find him repeating his original error to show that he is ashamed of himself." After quoting references to the Sackville matter in the message the Standard proceeds in a similar strain through sentence after sentence of solemn froth, "Englishmen," it says, can afford to laugh at such puerile nonsense. Even Americans will not pretend to take it in good earnest. Doubtless Lord Sackville was technically wrong, but Ministers Lowell and 5 B st 20 ears small yellow Dent Phelps spoke the same way, though not in the same degreee, scores of times in their addresses to Englishmen, which were read with much edification and not the smallest trace of resentment." The Standard thinks the fisheries question now has a chance of being settled.

BY THE TELEGRAPH AND MAIL.

streets of Portland, Oregon. Trouble between the two crowds has been brewing for some time. They met and each began firing into the ranks of the other. The shooting lasted about ten minutes and resulted in the instantaneous death of one Chinaman, three others being fa-15 tally and two seriously injured.

"Parson" Davies, Jack Kilrain's manager, was interviewed to the effect that Kilrain will fight John L. Sullivan with bare knuckles under the prize ring rules for \$5,000 a side within ten or twelve any time to make the necessary deposit, and Kilrain is equally anxions to hear North Dakota, for the immediate adthat Sullivan will agree to meet him.

yard men and men employed in handling the motive power, of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad company, were noti-The train dispatchers, operators, and wages were restored they would stop

The New York World's Washington correspondent says: If Mr. Cleveland personally is much disappointed by the result of the election, he does not give any outward sign of it. He is even more brisk and cheerful in manner than at any time since he was elected president. It would indicate him as entirely sincere in saying that he looks forward o a return to private life with absolute

Superintendent E. L. Campbell, of the Wells, Fargo Express company at Kansas city, received word of the arrest at Allen, jr., the messenger who absconded with several thousand dollars. He sent two packages to Cleveland, O., and that office was wired to hold the packages, as it was supposed they contained part of the money.

Chicago dispatch: The general managers of the east bound railway lines agreed at a meeting to-day to restore the rates on all classes of dead freight, including grain and provisions, and to advance dressed beef rates to a basis of 50 cents a hundred pounds and live stock rates to 221 cents. The session lasted all day. The restoration of rates is delayed five days longer than expected, the time for the change to take place being December 17, instead of Decem-

The lines in the transcontinental association practically agreed at their meeting in Chicago to make a change in the complained that the rates from Chicago in fact, too near the New York basis. So it is to be expected that the new rates will be put into effect by January 1. The rates will be graded in the following order: From Missouri river points, from Mississippi river points, from Peoria, from Chicago, from Detroit, from Cleveland and so on.

Action Looking to Dakota's Admission. JAMESTOWN, Dak , Dec. 6 .- At the statebood adopted favoring the division of Dakato Terthe admission of the northern portion into the union as North Dakota; that in case the Fiftleth congress fails to provide for the adspecial session of the Fifty-first congress for that purpose; that the eighteenth legislative assembly of Dakota territory is urged to provide at the earliest practicable moment after the meeting in January, 1889, for a constitu-tional convention for North Dakota; and, that South Dakota, Montana and Washington are respectively invited to co-operate with North Dakota in this movement for admission. Be-fore the final adjournment committees were thouse.—In the house on the 6th, the appointed to memorialize congress and the president-elect for an extra session to prepare bill for a constitutional convention to be submitted to the territorial legislature, and a com-

SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The Work Being Done From Day to Day Both Rranches of Congress.

SENATE. - The senate was called to order at noon on the 2d by President Pro of the president's message to the approopened the proceedings with prayer. He returned thanks for the bountiful blessings vouchsafed the land in its material interests, and remembered President-elect Harrison in his petition. A few minutes were spent in greeting senators, and then Senator Sherman offered the usual resolution, that the secretary notify the house that the senate is ready to proceed to business. At 12:47 the senate took a recess, at the conclusion of which the usual message from the committee to wait upon the president, was delivered. That was followed by a report from the committee to wait on the president to the effect that it had performed that duty and that the president would communicate with the senate immediately, and then the president's message was delivered and Mr. McCook, secretary of the senate, proceeded to read it. The reading of the at the hour of adjournment. message occupied an hour and twenty minutes. Those portions of it which discussed questions of tariff revision, treasury surplus, fishery troubles and the West incident, were listened to with very close attention and apparent interest by fourteen republican senators and about an equal number of democrats. When the reading was finished the message was laid on the table and ordered to be printed. The presiding officer announced that unfinished business for tomorrow was the bill to reduce taxation (the tariff.) Adjourned.

House.-At precisely 12 o'clock the fall of the gavel stilled the tumult which existed in the hall, and silence reigned while Dr. Milburn, chaplain, offered a prayer. The roll of members was then called, and the hum of conversation broke out afresh. During the progress of the call Mrs. Cleveland entered the executive gallery and became an attentive spectator. The call developed the presence of 236 members, there being 88 absentees. A recess was taken, at the conclusion of which Mr. Holman announced that the committee appointed to wait upon the president had performed its duty and that the president would communicate with congress forthwith. The president's annual message was then read by the clerk. That portion of the message in which the president treats of the tariff question was listened to attentively by the members on both sides of the house. The president's reference to the Sackville-West incidect provoked laughter from the republican side of the house, but no completed, Mr. Mills offered a resolution, which was agreed to, referring the message to the committee of the whole and providing for its printing. The house then adjourned.

SENATE. - In the senate on the 4th the various annual reports, including that of the secretary of the treasury, were Two factions of Chinese highbinders presented and appropriately referred. indulged in a murderous fight in the Numerous bills were also introduced and referred, including one for the construction of two steel rams, to be armed with heavy rifled guns, and one for the construction of two steel cruisers, to be armed with dynamite guns. The motion to take up the Union Pacific bill was not pressed by Frve, who said he would ask to have it made the special order for next Tuesday. The senate then proceeded to the consideration of

the tariff bill. House.-In the house on the 4th the speaker presented the annual reports of the secretary of the treasury and compweeks. Richard K. Fox, Kilrain's troller of currency, which were approbacker, said that Davies stands ready at priately referred. MacDonald, of Minnesota, presented petitions of people of mission into the union of South Dakota All employes other than train hands, and Montana and for constitutional conventions in North Dakota, Washington and New Mexico. Referred to the committee on territories. A bill to allow persons who have abandoned or relinfied that those receiving over \$50 per quished their homestead entries to make month would be reduced 10 per cent on another entry, was introduced and retheir wages to date from November 1. ferred. Dingley called up the bill made the special order last session, providing all of the California division at once no- | for erecting a monument to Gen. Henry tified the superintendent that unless Knox, at Thomaston, Me. Adjourn-

ment was taken without final action on the bill. SENATE. -In the senate on the 5th Mr. Plumb offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the committee on epidemic diseases to inquire as to the causes of the introduction of yellow fever during the past season; whether the instrumentalities of such introduction introduction of yellow fever. Mr. recommendation of the commissioner of labor, committed in Alaska on Indian females Montgomery, Ala., of Benjamin F. and other persons, and what steps, if livelihoods and homes. A provision is made any, had been taken by the department to protect the persons of females in Alaska from such outrages. The tariff hill results and any citizen of the United States. It is also made the duty of the chiefs of bureaus to also made the duty of the chiefs of bureaus

were introduced and referred, as follows: A bill to regulate immigration: a bill to divide the state of California into two states; a resolution calling on formation to make special inquiry in relation the secretary of the treasury for information concerning the relief of American whaling and fishing vessels in Behring sea and the Arctic ocean; a bill to tion and such other relief as each case may reestablish a graduated income tax, the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of which shall be applied to the president and heads of depart-proceeds of the president and heads of the president a the payment of pensions; a resolution directing the interstate commerce commission to inform the house, after prompt and due investigation, in what ways and to what extent railway companies, carrying interstate traffic, may be or are evading, or by clearing house ployes in the United States, excepting conduc- Br rates to the Pacific coast, in accordance or other form of combination, may be tors, and a meeting looking to that end will be Ca with the desires of shippers, who have seeking to evade, those provisions of held in this city early in January. The union Ca the interstate commerce act which were will embrace the brotherhoods of locomotive and other western points are too high; intended to secure to the people the engineers, firemen, brakemen, switchmen and benefits of low freight rates as a result | yardmen, and it is asserted that it will have a of competition among carriers. Mr. membership of 100,000. Secret meetings have already been held at Columbus and Chicago, Springer, of Illinois, asked unanimous and a plan of federation is now in the hands Ft consent for immediate consideration of the grand chiefs of all the organizations of the resolution making the "omnibus" enumerated. Among the features will be an Ho bill for the admission of Dakota, Mon- perative rules of the federation will be that no tana, Washington and New Mexico a organization will be allowed to quit work withseparate order for to-day, the bill to be out gaining the consent of the general board of considered from day to day until dis-but when they do occur they will be of tremen-dous power, as railroads of the entire country

SENATE. - In the senate on the 6th, numerous bills were introduced and reconvention last evening resolutions were ferred, including the following: For the establishment of a national bibliogical ritory on the seventh standard parallel, and labratory; to organize governmebureaus of information relating to employments, occupations, wants, means of mission of North Dakota, as requested, the a livlihood and homes. Plumb gave nopresident-elect is earnestly requested to call a | tice that he would at an early day ask the senate to consider the Des Moines river lands bill. The resolution for the continuing of the select committee on meat products, and on the relations with Canada were reported back from the

House.-In the house on the 6th, the speaker stated he had received a communication from the Hon. Perry Beling, aged 80 years. He was a brother of Secretary of State William B. Seward, and the last survivor of his family.

mittee to arrange for territorial convention, mont informing him he had sent to the tering, 2. Total vote, 40,770; Harrison's plural-governor of New York his resignation ty, 4,430; majority, 3,136. mont informing him he had sent to the

as a member of congress from the First congressional district of New York. The speaker directed the clerk to drop Belmont's name from the roll of the house. The usual resolution for the distributing Tem Ingalls, and Chaplain Butler priate committees was reported from the committee on ways and means, and adopted. The remainder of the session

was consumed in consideration of the direct tax bill. House,-In the house on the 7th, the committee on appropriations reported the invalid pension appropriation bill and it was referred to the committee of the whole. The committee on elections submitted a report in the South Carolina contested election case of Smalls house announcing the fact of its being against Elliott, and it was placed upon in session and of its having appointed a the calendar. It was in favor of the contestee, Elliott. The minority reso-Intion, presented by Rowell, of Illinois, and placed upon the calendar, provides for the seating of Smalls. The house then went into committee of the whole on the private calendar, the pending business being the senate bill to incorporate the Nicaranga canal company. The matter was not finally disposed of

BY THE TELEGRAPH AND MAIL. Joseph A. Walker, private secretary to Assistant Secretary Thompson, has been its debt, and execute a release to the promoted an agent of the treasury de-

partment at Denver, Col. Barnes of Georgia called on the president and again invited him to attend the public business he will decline to accept

the invitation. J. H. Walsh, assistant superintenden of the treasury department, tendered his resignation to take effect January 1st. effect Nov. 30. Walsh is the man who He has not been to Washington since.

The Iron Trade Review in its annual

shipped to lower lake ports, John Peter Richardson entered upon his second term as governor of South the great social problem?"

been staying in Germany on a pretense of studying the language, and who were the approval of congress. and the French officers have been officially notified. The paper says their presence in Germany is undesirable and it hopes that in future they will comply placed in such shape as to make enforcewith the notification.

of Charles Bradlaugh who died recently ment of the principal more probable. was buried yesterday in Woking cemetery in a wicker coffin. The interment was unattended by any ceremony and with the exception of the silent placing of several wreaths on the grave there was no display. Mr. Bradlaugh desired to have his daughter's remains cremated but the retort was being repaired and but the retort was being repaired and the great radical had to content him the government. The report is signed self with the old established mode of disposing of the dead.

For sometime past the proprietors of Savage, government directors the Willard and Solaris hotels and other hotels in the vicinity of Fourteenth and Pennsylvania avenues, Washington. have disregarded the regulations of the District of Columbia respecting a liquor license. As a result of their defiance While at work in a saw mill in this, Elliott, the district commissioners announce that they have finally rejected their applications for licenses and notified the police to close their places and to proceed against the proprietors for selling liquor without a license in the event of their attempting to do business.

Text of Senator Blair's Measure.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6-Senator Blair introare still in force, and what legislation, duced a bill to-day providing that there shall if any, is necessary to prevent a similar be established by the government, on the Dawes offered a resolution, which was throughout the United States, in geographical agreed to, calling on the secretary of sections which shall include a population of the interior for information as to the not less than 100,030, nor more than 2,000,000 inalleged outrages and restraint of liberty | babitants, bureaus of information relating to employment, occupations, wants, means of bill was then considered until adjourn- make known throughout their districts in-House.—In the house on the 5th bills and distress, without needless exposure of the names of the parties, and also to report the same to the commissioner of labor, who shall report such information briefly to con gress, with recommendation of such means of relief as may seem to him to be wise and necesto the condition of the wants and necessities of women and children, and to publish the results of their investigations, with a view to arousing and directing charltable and other efforts, and thereby securing employment, homes, educa- B lic works only to American citizens, and to

give preference in employment to persons La residing in the vicinity of the work to be done. On Prenarations for a Formidable Union. PITTSBURG, Dec. 6 .- A movement is on foot Tu to organize a federation of all the railroad em- Ar insurance and strike fund, and one of the imthe federation. This will result in fewer strkes, can be tied up if necessary to secure justice and victory to the men. While the federation will theoretically unite the railroaders into one organization, yet the anatomy of every sepa-rate brotherhood is to be carefully preserved.

Figures on the Late Election. NEW YORK, Dec 7 .- The following is the re-president in the states of Georgia, New Hampshire, Vermont and Rhode Island: Georgia-Harrison (republican), 40,438; Cleveland (democrat,) 100,472; Fisk (prohibition), 1,802; Cowdrey (united labor), 136. Total vote, 142,836; Cleveland's plurality, 60,015.

New Hampshire-Harrison (republican), 45,-728; Cleveland (democrat), 43,358; Fisk (probibition), 1,585; Streeter (union labor), 42; Curtis (American), 13; scattering, 4. Total, 90,740; (American), 13; scattering, 4. Total, 90,740; Harrison s plurality, 2,370. Vermont—Harrison (republican), 42,592; Cleveland (democrat), 14,783; Fisk (prohibi-tion), 1,460; scattering, 33. Total vote, 64,475; Harrison's plurality, 20,894. Rhode Island—Harrison (republican), 20,963; Cleveland (democrat), 17,530; Fisk (prohibition), 1,251; Cowdrey (united labor), 17; scatUNION PACIFIC'S DEBT TO UNCLE SAM Government Directors Urge that Some Se

ment be Made. The government directors of the Union Pacific railroad company, in their annual report to the secretary of the interior, under date of November 19, 1888, say that they have assumed as a promise, now beyond the scope of discussion, the necessity of an adjustment between the government and the railroad company for the payment of funds heretofore advanced as a subsidy for the building of the road. These moneys will be due, says the report, by the terms of agreement between the parties, in a few years, and it is manifest that the road is not now, and will not be then, in a condition to satisfy its obligation. It is equally manifest that, should an adjustment not be effected, the government will be compelled to take possession of the road and to operate it, a result so full of dangers, embarrassments and difficulties that it should not be allowed to enter into discussion except as a last and unavoidable solution of a problem not otherwise to be solved. The government directors are still of the opinion that it would be better for

the United States to lose every dollar of company, than to undertake the duties of a common carrier of goods. Senator Colquitt and Representative and passengers, thereby establishing a precedent which would surely create mischief far beyond the benefits to be derived from so Augusta exposition. The president has hazardous an experiment. It must be the matter under consideration. It is clear, too, says the report, that every understood that owing to the press of year that is allowed to pass without. liquidation and settlement of the debt, increases to a serious extent the difficulties of the solution. A debtor company is necessarily under a disadvantage as compared with its unfettered rivals. The questions between it and the govbut Secretary Fairchild accepted to take erument, the report says, are to be passed upon and determined by a body disappeared at the time of the election. of men coming from different parts of the country, actuated, it may be in some instances, by honest prejudice summary of the Lake Superior iron ore distorted representation of facts, or not trade says that the year 1888 exceeded infrequently by a conviction that someall others in the thirty-two years' histo- punitory measure should be adopted ry of that region, not only in the against the corporation, even at the risk amount of the production, but also in of diminishing its ability to respond. the magnitude of the rates. The un | That body of men meets only at intersold ore amounts to but 3.35 per cent of vals, and its attention is generally enthe output, or 4) per cent of the ore grossed with other and more important subjects of legislation. These and other elements of uncertainty embarrass the movements of the company, and paralyze its freedom of action. It is as im-Carolina last week. His inaugural ad- portant to the government as to the dress was devoted chiefly to the consid- company, says the report, that all neceration of the relations of South Caro- essary liberty should be given the manlina to the incoming federal administra- agers of the corporation to develop the demonstration was made by the demo- tion. The governor asks: "Will wan- resources upon which the solvency of crats. When, at 3:15, the reading was ton and unconstitutional interference the road must depend. It is not possibe attempted with the management of ble, it says, that a railway company sitour domestic concerns, or shall we, in unted as is the Union Pacific shall rethe strict observance of the organized main a considerable length of time in law of the land, be allowed to unravel the same condition. It must improve-

or deteriorate. The government directors assume that The Nord Dentsche Zeitung denies some settlement should now be made, that German officers are scattered and commend the conclusion of the mathroughout France in the role of spies pority report of the commission apon the doings of the French. It men- pointed under the act of March 3, 1887. tious thirteen French officers who had as sound, judicious and practicable, and they earnestly hope they will meet with

expelled between Sept. 22 and Nov. 17, By adopting these conclusions they are of the opinion that the government will secure its claim beyond any reasonable risk. Its lien, they assert, will be ment possible in case of default in the payment of interest, and every year in A London special says: A daughter the future will make the ultimate pay-

In concluding their report, the government directors say that so far as they have been able to ascertain, the Union Pacific railroad has been in the past year managed with fidelity and intelligence. Everything has been done that could reasonably be expected to keep the road in the line of improvement, by A. C. Hasdell, A. Hannah, F. Coudert, Franklin McVeigh and F. W

Killed by a Kentucky Outlaw. BRUIN, Ky., Dec. 7. The Tolliver blood will not down. It reached bolling point to-day. after a year of coolness, and in consequence David Conley has gone to his long home. county to-day, Cal Tolliver got into a quarrel with Conley, and selzing an ax, split Conley's head open down to his neck. Cal Telliver is a cousin of the once famous Craig Tolliver. When that king of Kentucky outlaws was. with a number of his followers, shot to death by outraged citizens in Morehead a year ago, Cal Tolliver was with him, and fought like a Gai rawled into the bush, wounded, where he was afterward found, but his life was spared

on account of his extreme youth, he being but 17 years of age. After killing Conley to day he

General Spinner's Affliction. AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Dec. 4 .- General E. E. Spinner, ex- nited States treasurer, in writing to a friend in this city, says: "I have asore on my face that is said to be a species of cancer. A doctor is treating it and thinks he can cure it. The treatment effects my eyes tosuch a degree as to make me very nearly blind. write this simple acknowledgement with pain and contrary to medical orders." General Spinner is living at Pablo Beach, Fla. He is

ORN—No. 2 mixed	9224
ORN—No. 2 mixed	2
ORN—No. 2 mixed	2
ATS-No. 2	2
YE	4
UTTER-Creamery 22 (4	
	2
UTTER-Choice country 19 @	2
ggs-Fresh 21 @	2
HICKENS-dressed 7 @	3
URKEYS 8 @	1
EMONS-Choice, perbox 450 @ 5	5
RANGES-Per box 500 @ 6	tH
NIONS-Per bu 30 @	4
OTATOES-New 25 @	4
URNIPS-Per bu 25 @ :	3
PPLES-Per bbl 250 @ 2	7
EANS-Navis 2 00 @ 2	2
RROTS-Per bu 35 @	40
BBAGES-Per 100 3 00 @ 3 2	2
	6
	2
ONEY 16 @	1
HOPPED FEED-Per ton17 00 @17	5(
AY-Bailed 5 00 @ 6 0	94
LAX SEED-Per bu 1 15 @ 1 2	2(
ogs-Mixed packing 5 20 @ 5	
ogs-Heavy weights 530 @ 5	41
EEVES-Choice steers 3 45 @ 3	5(
NEW YORK.	
неат-No. 2 red 1 07 @ 1	01
HEAT-Ungraded red 100 @ 10	0

Corn-No. 2..... 49½3 Mixed western...... 30 @ 33 OATS-Mixed western PORK 8 90 @ 8 95 CHICAGO.

WHEAT-Per bushel 1 02 @ 1 02%. PORK

ST. LOUIS.

Hogs-Mixed packing...... 5 00 @ CATTLE-Feeders 2 00 @ 3 75

KANSAS CITY. WHEAT-Per bushel ... 96 @ 28%@ 21 @ Conn-Per bushel..... OATS-Per bushel ... CATTLE-Stockers & feeders. 1 60 Hisa-Good to choice........ 5 25 @ 5 35