ABOUT NEBRASKA.

-The York Times says that Rev. Harmon will be a candidate for chaplain of the house of representatives. -The citizens of Holfe are contribut ing funds for the purpose of erecting a calaboose. Ten dollars have already

been subscribed. -Miss Flora Clayton, an Omaha girl, last month drew \$5,000 in the Louisians

-Crete has put up \$15,000 to endow a professorship in Doane college.

-The people of the First Baptis church at Grand Island have a new house of worship as well as a new pastor. -A Hebrew charity fair held at Omahs

netted \$4,000 for the good cause. -Cadet Taylor, of the Omaha Republican, has begun an action against the Herald Publishing company for libel

and puts his damages at \$50,000. -Those interested in establishing an work preparing plans and arranging de-

-A distant relative of Hon. Samuel J. Tilden recently died at Juniata. His name was Charles J. Jones. He was a member of the Twenty-seventh Michigan infantry during the war, and reached the ripe age of 70 years.

-The railroad grading army of Kilpatrick Bros., of Beatrice, have pitched tents in Rapid City. The army will commence work in the vicinity of Custer City, but whether on the railroad grade or the Burlington coal mines is not known. The firm intends to camp in the hills during the winter, and early next spring begin operations on the Burlington extension staked and surveved last summer.

-W. H. Goble, at one time auditor of the Union Pacific railroad, is inclined to go to the bad, and has been taken in charge by friends to keep him from squandering money belonging to -Ben White, of Norfolk, has been

appointed assistant general solicitor of the Elkhorn road. He will locate in

-A number of prominent Washington county farmers are reparted to have been victimized to the tune of four or to injudicious speculation in wheat on five hundred dollars by a trio of patentright sharpers.

great hay fields southwest of Stuart last | real estate, live stock and lumber. The week, burning thousands of tons of hay David City, \$9,000; Central Nebraska and many timber claims. The fire National bank, David City, \$9,000; started just east of Newport about 11 a. Jesse Allen, David City, \$1,500; Nick m., and was discovered shortly after the Mysenburg, David City, \$900: Schuypassage of an east-bound cattle train on | ler National bank, \$5,000; Bank of Octhe Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Val- tavia, \$2,500; Farmers' and Merchants' ley railroad. A spark from the locomo- bank, at Linwood, \$500; Blair & Co., tive is supposed to be the cause of the Linwood, \$2.000. fire. The wind was blowing a gale from the northwest, and nothing could stay bers and manufacturers of St. Joseph, the flames as they rolled through the heavy dry grass.

-Johnny Givens, an Omaha colored lad, had his foot badly crushed while with a cornet band and escorted to the playing around moving cars.

corner of Eighteenth and Chicago about the city. They were pleased to streets, Omaha, was found dead the witness the growth and prosperity of other morning on a stairway leading to the most thriving town in western Nehis home above the store. Investiga braska. They returned to the Palmer tion developed that he had fallen down the stairs and broken his neck.

-A fractions cow kicked Mrs. William Martin, an old lady living near Plattsmouth, fracturing her hip bone. never recover from the injury.

sight of old Fort Casper on the North 1,104.9 miles from Chicago.

-George Sheldon, of David City, had a race one day last week with an enraged steer. Although the chase was a stern one, it was not a very long one, as in taking observations over his shoulder wanted has been subscribed to carry Mr. Sheldon stubbed his toe and went on the work for a year, and the remainto the earth, the steer passing over him. der will be secured. The fall was really a lucky one, as it probably saved him from the attack of the uraged bovine.

-During the month of October the police of Omaha made 937 arrests and these cases were tried and disposed of in the criminal court. Of that number ninety-seven were dismissed and twen- four months of the fiscal year, \$28,294,ty-two were taken to the district court. | 620. The net cash in the treasury to-day

of burglary in the district court of tober 1. The gold fund balance in the Douglas county, were taken to the pen- treasury has decreased about \$8,000,000 itentiary by Sheriff Coburn last week: during the past month, and to-day William Murphy, John Riley and John | amounts to \$191,074,575, and the silver Miller, two years; John McGrath and fund balance, exclusive of \$6,000,000 John White, ten years; and Henry trade dollar bullion, is \$24,566,259, or Johnson, eleven years.

-Omaha and Council Bluffs joined on | national bank depositories to-day are the 30th in celebrating the opening of \$54,480,279, about \$3,000,000 less than on the new Missouri river bridge. Both cities turned out big parades.

-The Swedish Lutherans are trying to raise the wherewithal for a new house

of worship

-Gen. G. M. Dodge, of New York, acknowledging receipt of an invitation to attend the bridge opening at Omaha, October, 1887, while the receipts from wrote: "I appreciate as fully probably miscellaneous sources were \$2,565,000, as any person can the benefit it will be or \$1,000,000 less than in October a year to both cities, as you will understand when I say that when I ran the first railroad survey into Council Bluffs it was only a log hamlet. On my first visit to the site of Omaha I slept in the tepee of an Omaha Indian, so that I appreciate as very few can the growth of the two cities since that day. I have no doubt cut that the completion of the bridge will bring great increase of prosperity to both cities and that in time the earhier hopes of the old settlers will more than be realized. I think that my own predictions have more than come true."

-Sparks from a Missouri Pacific engine set fire to the dry grass on E. E. Wolley's farm, six miles north of Nebraska City, and before it could be extinguished did great damage. A tenement house and granary were burned to the ground, and a valuable young apple orchard and grove completely ru-

-Wyoming coal is sold in Ainsworth at \$550 a ton, \$1.50 cheaper than last vear.

-There is some talk of a new brewery in Fremont. Mr. B. Bosh, proprietor of the Western Brewing company, of Burlington, Iowa, is looking the

ground over. _Dr. Osborne, of Fremont, who was formerly assistant state veterinarian, to send the Kearsarge, now undergoing has been appointed by the governor repairs at Norfolk, and Commodore state veterinarian, to succeed Dr. Harmony to-day sent instructions to Gerth, who resigned the position some hasten the work on that vessel so that months ago. The latter is now in New-she can put in commission in a few days. She will proceed at once to Portsick for some time.

-Ducks are very plentiful at Silver Lake, Sheridan county. One man sucseeded in bagging twenty-six before breakfast the other day.

-An amorous young Hollander named Merienius Vermaas was araigned in the county court of Lancaster county on the charge of being the tather of the unborn child of Miss Janie near Holland in Lancaster county. The looking Hollander about 21 years old, eased on his own recognizance.

- The ladies of the M. E. church at supper on election day. The ladies are large end of the funnel was not so arranging to accommodate all classes of placed as to secure the best results. It voters, and will spread a separate table was six feet lower than it was designed for each ticket.

orpnans' home at Keokuk are hard at depth of 1,000 feet a vein of salt water were used and the portions of speeches not find that he may strike salt.

-Daniel Wilson and his son, who were arrested at Beatrice for receiving goods stolen from the Grand Central hotel and belonging to traveling men. were each held in \$300 bonds to appear at the next term of the district court.

-The attorneys of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad company appeared before the supreme court last week and asked to withdraw the petition and answer seeking to take the case to the federal courts, and substituted the plea that the company was and has phonograph. Mr. Dugan says that he been a domestic corporation since 1880. and entitled to the privilege of eminent ly as reported by the machine after it domain throughout the state. Attorney General Leese was, fully satisfied with the move. The railroad attorneys were

permitted to make the change. -The sudden collapse of George A. Spelts & Son, of Octavia, grain and lumber dealers, announced last week. has created considerable flutter among several of the moneyed men of the community of Linwood. The failure is due the Chicago board of trade. The liabilities are about \$35,000 with assets esti--A terrible prairie fire swept over the mated at 15,000. The latter consist of \$9,000; Central Nebraska

-A large delegation of wholesale job-Mo., arrived in Grand Island last week by special train. They were met at the conversation, laughter and the playing depot by the business men of the city Palmer house where carriages were in -James C. Weimers, a grocer at the waiting, and the visitors were shown house, where dinner was served and an address of welcome was delivered by Rev. C. W. Savage, which was responded to by Charles Schauft, of St. Joseph.

-As Mr. and Mrs. Whitney, of Gree-On account of the victim's age she may ley county, were in the field husking corn on his farm, about seven miles east - The Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri of Scotia, Mrs. Whitney, who was driv-Valley railroad has opened to traffic its | ing, fell back over the seat onto the extension from Glenrock to Casper, in corn dead. Her death is supposed to Wyoming Territory. Casper is near the have resulted from disease of the heart. Some two years ago she had an attack Platte river, 24.7 miles from Glenrock, of paralysis of the heart, but it was sup-637.8 miles from Missouri Valley, and posed had entirely recovered, and was apparently as well as ever when she went into the field.

-The Y. M. C. A. of Beatrice elected E. C. Carroll general secretary for the Beatrice association. One thousand eight hundred dollars of the \$2,000

A Presbyterian church was organized at Loup City last Sunday.

Financial Affairs of Uncle Sam. Washington dispatch: The reduction in the public debt during October amounted to \$4,585,619, and for the first -The following prisoners, convicted is \$74,491,969, against \$99,444,845 on Oc-

> October 1. Government receipts during October were \$31,906,203, against \$31,803,172 in October, 1887.

> \$10,000,000 less than a month ago. The

Customs receipts during the past month were \$17,832,261, or nearly \$1,-000,000 less than in October a year ago. Internal revenue receipts were \$11,-500,000, or about \$1,000,000 mcre than in

Receipts from all sources for the first four months of the fiscal year reach \$129,500,000, against \$134,131,569 for the first four months of the present fiscal year and as the receipts in July, August, that his accession to the peerage would September and October are usually a offer sufficient excuse for his retirement little heavier than in any other four months of the year, they point to a revenue of about \$375,000,000 for the year. Expenditures for the first four months of the current fiscal year amounted to \$110,500,000, against \$115,500,000 for the first four months of the preceding fiscal

During October, the past month, the department has purchased \$28,650,000 bonds, \$18,890,000 four and a half, and \$9,760,000 fours at a premium of \$4.518,-

The Kearsarge Ordered to Hayll.

Washington dispatch: The situation of affairs in Hayti according to reports received at the department of state, has assumed so serious a phase that it has been decided to send a naval vessel to that country for the protection of American interests.

It was first decided to send the United States steamship, Boston, now cruising in the West Indies to Port-au-Prince, but this plan was abandoned owing to the difficulty of communication with that vessel, and it was finally decided au-Prince.

BEATS THE SHORT HAND MAN.

Recording a Speech by Means of the Phonograph.

New York dispatch: The first attempt record a public speech by means of the phonograph was made Thursday evening at a democratic rally in the Park rink in Orange. Very few of the E. Brethouwer. All the parties live 5,000 present knew that the curious funnel-shaped arrangement just in front of examination seemed to be conclusive the platform was there for that purpose. against the youngster, who is a bright It in fact reported the greater portion and he was bound over to the district of Governor Green's speech and that of court under \$700 bonds. He was re- ex-Senator Winfield. The funnel, seven feet long, looking like a huge cornuco--John Flynn, of Omaha, deliberately pia, was placed in front of the platform, flung himself before a locomotive last with the large end pointing towards it. week and was cut to pieces. He had The small end was connected with the been on a long debauch and was drunk transmitter of the phonograph, which at the time of the commission of the act. stood upon a table about nineteen feet distant from the mouth of the speaker. Chadron will give a political dinner and Owing to lack of accommodations the to be, and was not directly in front -The Fairbury Gazette says: Our of the speaker. Nevertheless, the exneighboring town of Washington, Kan- periment appears to have been very successful. The phonograph was sas, is just now much excited over the operated by Theodore Wangemann and discovery there this week of salt water an assistant, who are connected with the in a shaft being sunk for coal. At a Edison labratory. Eighteen cylinders was struck which rose in a few minutes which were taken occupied nearly two to a height of 800 feet. It is said to con- hours. Each cylinder would last about tain 20 per cent of salt. Washington is seven minutes, and then it had to be reonly 24 miles south, and if salt exists placed with a new one. There was a there it does here also. Let Mr. Fornof | slight break, caused by the changing of keep on boring for coal. If he should the cylinders, but this difficulty can easily be obviated by using two machines. The breaks, however, are not serious. At the Edison libratory yesterday afternoon the change was accomplished in eight seconds. After the meeting an exhibition was

given of the powers of the instrument. Several persons put the tubes to their ears, and the pleased and wonder struck expressions of their countenances testified that they heard and understood what the machine said. Among these was D. A. Dugan of the Orange Herald, who claims the honor of being the first to publish a speech reported by the could hear not only every word distincthad been carried to his office, but he could distinguish the inflections and the applause and cheers and music of the band as plainly as though they had actually been repeated. The advantage of the phonograph over stenography, he says, is that one can get a faithful reproduction of the whole scene. Its accuracy can be absolutely relied upon. At the Edison operation, and the reporter, by putting the tubes to his ears, heard the peroration of ex-Senator Winfield's speech. "Protection, protection for monopolists ening to a speaker of deep, sonorous to see the orator whose vehement gestures he could picture. At the conclusion of the speaker's remarks there arose a perfect storm of cheers, mingled with the clapping of hands and the stamping of feet. There could be heard a confused mass of sounds, as of an audience rising to their feet and dispersing, amid cf a band. The phonograph does not confine itself to the utterances made for the benefit of the public. During one of the speeches the chairman of the meeting addressed a remark to a brother politician, over which they both laughed.

corded by the transmitter. A DISASTROUS CYCLONE IN IOWA.

Both the remark and laughter were re-

Store Buildings and Residences Wholly or Partly Wrecked. La Porte (Ia.) special: This place was visited by a cyclone about 9 o'clock last night and twelve store buildings and goods besides numerous residences political interests than other departwholly or partly wrecked. Several persons were reported injured, none seriously except Mr. and Mrs. Sanders Walker, whose home was overturned while they with three small children

were within. Mr. Walker was hurled into the cellar and sustained internal injuries. Mrs. Walker sustained fractures of the arm and collar bone.

The cyclone, which was accompanied by a heavy rain, approached from the southwest and passed diagonally through the town, striking first on Main street, when for three minutes, flying roofs, walls and timbers with the combined roar of the wind and rain formed a scene unparalled since the Grinnell cyclone. Tin roofs were rolled up like paper, brick fronts blown out and drugs, groceries, hardware and merchandise of all kinds badly damaged by water. Hardly a house on the main street escaped injury, and those worst damaged were flooded with water.

Passing through the residence part of town, unroofed and otherwise damaged houses mark the path of the storm, which about two miles from here veered to the southeast and struck Mount Auburn, a little station on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, seven miles distant from Laporte. There the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern railway depot was unroofed and the M. E. church blown down. The elevator was blown from its foundation and much damage done to other property.

One man was killed by flying timbers. The heaviest losers in Laporte are merchants whose losses were very much exaggerated in last night's reports. The total loss is less than \$25,000, with almost no cyclone insurance. The wrecked stores are being rebuilt and there is no suffering.

Minister West Will Probably Retire.

Washington dispatch: The London dispatch announcing that Lord Salisbury had telegraphed Lord Sackville from his post at Washington, was shown Lord Sackville this evening. He read it carefully and said:

"I have nothing to say." tion or denial of the fact was suggested, he replied: "I is very kind of you, but I have

nothing to say." To all further questions he returned the same stereotyped answers; all the legations were equally reticent. One of

of the United Press: "Why should the minister, or why should we be expected to say anything. The very worst that could be printed or spoken has been published or said. Nothing that we can say now would in any way alter the situation."

Secretary Bayard at 10 o'clock to-night said that no new facts, foreign or domestic, bearing on the subject, had reached him, and that heretofore he had nothing to say. At a late hour to-night an untraceable rumor reached the hotel lobbies to the effect that a successor to the British minister had already been appointed.

and sale of mules is St. Louis, where the trade reaches \$6,000,000. Atlanta comes next with a trade of \$2,000,000.

WHEN WILL LORD SACKVILLE GO:

partment the utmost reticence is mani-

fested regarding the Sackville matter. Secretary Bayard himself is absent from the city, and those in charge refuse absolutely to say anything whatever on the subject. The somewhat severe criticism which the secretary received in several quarters because he had spoken very freely to reporters has served to close up the department as an avenue of information as effectually as the criticisms of the secretary himself has closed the British legation against all seekers after information. Mr. J. Fenner Lee, chief clerk of the department, was asked to-day if it was the intention of the department to give out for publication the letter of Secretary Bayard to Lord Sackville. He replied that it was not and that no inforunless congress should demand copies of the letter, in which event it would be submitted to the house calling for it, in all probability, and by that means may become public property. Very little can be learned as to ex-Minister West's intentions. There was a rumor current to-day to the effect that his lordship intends to leave for New York to-night, and would sail directly to traced to any reliable source, and it was utterly impossible to get any information regarding the movements of the ex-minister at the legation building. When your correspondent sent a note up there this evening asking Second Secretary Herbert whether or not the report was true, he was met by a courteous but firm declination to say anything whatever upon the subject. Lord Sackville has been in attendance upon the races this week and seems to have enjoyed the sport in spite of the strain under which he labors. It is said that he risked some money and succeeded in capturing quite a good many American dolfeelings. The ex-minister seems to be preparing for a speedy departure. Whether or not he will leave Washington this week is problematical, but there were evidences of preparations for leaving. Several trunks and portmanteaus were sent away to be repaired and the servants were bustling around as though engaged in collecting together the personal property of the exminister's family. The only thing which could be learned definitely was that one laboratory the phonograph was put in of the closest of the minister's diplomatic friends said to another friend this rge hall close by the platform and list- and the general opinion was that his voice of extraordinary power. So real of a promotion, and that St. Petersburg the British home office.

The Business Outlook in General.

New York dispatch: R. G. Dun & Co's. weekly review of trade will say the interruption of trade by political excitement has increased, as is natural, and yet the volume of business continues larger than usual and probably larger than in any previous year, at this season. The single fact that bank exchanges outside of New York in the last week of a presidential campaign exceeded those of last year by 101 per cent, the clearings of last year having been exceptionally large, proves that the volume of legitimate business is unprecedented, for only a part of the increase can be attributed to excess of speculative operations. Indeed the speculative markets appear to have been more affected by ments of business, and in stocks the sales here have been only about 1,100,-000 shares for the week, in wheat about 30,400,000 bushels, in cotton about 350,-000 bales, and in other markets rather

smaller than usual. The reports from interior points indicate marked improvement in the volume of trade at Nashville, Memphis and Detroit, and a satisfactory business at nearly all other cities, but at Philadelphia, Pittsburg, and Kansas City the prevailing quiet is attributed to po-

litical excitement. The money markets appear well supplied at nearly every reporting point with the usual rates maintained, but a shade of stringency is noted at St. Paul and an active demand at Kansas City, with some doubts about business prospects in western Kansas, which leads to caution in dealings with that section. Otherwise the reports of the condition of the trade are better than usual, and improvement in collections is noted at southwestern and northwestern centers. In all the larger branches of industry a disposition is preserved to wait until the election has passed and transactions to meet necessary collections is promptly met by the expectations that sharp changes in prices may follow the election, make up an aggregate which it is safe to say has never been equaled in any previous presidential campaign.

News from Explorer Stanley. Zanzibar dispatch: Couriers who have arrived here from Taborah bring Arab traders at a point west of the Albert Nyanza and southeast of the Sanga. The detachment of the expedition consisted of thirty men, whose leader stated that Stanley was two days ahead. Many of the expedition, it was stated, had disappeared or died, and forty had been drowned in attempting to cross a great river flowing from east to west. Stanley had fought with the tribes that refused to furnish him with provisions. A majority of his escort had been attacked with fever and compelled to halt. Stanley was well. He had decided to When the advisability of a confirma- | strike a course to the northward, in order to avoid the swamps, and then proceed eastward to Wadelai, at which place he hoped to arrive about the middle of January.

The couriers, who are Arabs, estimate the strength of the expedition, after the losses mentioned, at 250 men, and exthe secretaries said to a representative press their belief that they were able to reach Wadelai.

contains a notable group of articles by eminent men, two of whom-General Philip H. Sheridan and Lester Wallack -have recently died. It also has the first installment of a romantic novel of adventure, by Robert Louis Stevenson, are among the contributors, while artists like A. B. Frost, William Hole, and Rufus Zogbaum have furnished elaborate illustrations. The publishers an-The largest market for the purchase nounce that the completion of the second year will be signalized by the publication of a very interesting and beautiful Christmas number.

ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES.

Just at Present the Time of His Departure Imicable Relations Between the Two Coun Seems Problematical. Washington special: At the state detries Will be Strengthened by Lord Sack-

ville's Withdrawal. By direction of the president, the secretary of state on the 30th informed Lord Sackville that for causes heretofore made known to her majesty's government his continuance in his present | mercy which has followed them since official position in the United States is, the day he made them a nation and

The grounds for this action on the the report of the secretary of state to the president, dated the 29th inst., which is as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE-To the President: The undersigned has the pleasure to submit for your consideration the following statement, with a view to receive your direction thereon. On the mation would be published regarding it 4th of September last a letter, purporting to be written by one Charles F. Murchison, dated at Pomona, Cal., was sent from that place to the British minister at the capital, in which the writer solicited an expression of his views in regard to certain unsettled diplomatic questions between Great Britain and the United States, stating at the same time that such expression was sought by him for the purpose of determining his London. This rumor could not be vote at the approaching presidential election. He stated that was a naturalized citizen of United States, of English birth, but that he still considered England the mother country, and this fact led him to seek advice from the British representative in this country. He further stated that the information he sought was not for himself alone, but to enable him to give certain assurances to many other persons in the same situation as himself for the purpose of influencing and determining their political action as citi zens of the United States of English birth, but who still regarded their original obligations of allegiance as paralars yesterday and to-day, which may mount. The letter also contained gross prove some slight balm to his wounded | reflections upon the conduct of this government in respect to questions now in controversy and unsettled between the United States and Great Britain, and both directly and indirectly imputed inaround the legation building to-day sincerity in such conduct. To this letter the British minister at once replied from Beverly, Mass., under date of September 13, last. In his reply he stated that "any political party which openly favors the mother country at the present moment would lose popularity. and that the party in power is fully aware of this fact; and that in respect to the questions with Canada which have been unfortunately afternoon that Lord Sackville will leave reopened since the rejection of before the 15th. In diplomatic circles the fisheries treaty by the republican here this afternoon the opinion was very | majority in the senate and by the presiand trusts," said the phonograph. It freely expressed that Lord Sackville dent's message, to which you allude, sounded as though one were sitting in a | will be assigned to some other mission, | allowances must be made for the political situation as regards the presidential next assignment would be in the nature | election." The minister thus gave his assent and sanction to the aspersions did it seem that one was surprised not would be his ministerial residence, and imputations above referred to, and This is, of course, a mere surmise. Noth- thus, under his correspondent's assuring can be known as to the intentions of ance of secrecy, in which the minister concurred by marking his answer "private," he undertook to advise a citizen of the United States how to exercise the franchise of suffrage in the election close at hand for the presidency and vice presidency of the United States, and through him, as the latter suggested, to influence the votes of many others. Upon this correspondence being made public the minister received representatives of the public press, and in frequent interviews with him, intended for publication, added to the impugnments which he had already made of the good faith of this government in its public action and international dealings.

Although ample time and opportunity has been offered him for a disavowal, modification or correction of the statements, to some of which his attention | guilt. was called by the undersigned, yet no such disavowal or modification has been made by him through the channels in which his statements first found publicity. The question is thus presented whether it is compatible with the dignity, security and independent sovereignty of the United States to permit a representative of a foreign government in this country not only to receive and answer without disapproval and confirm by his repetition aspersions upon its political action, but also to interfere in its domestic affairs by advising persons formerly his countrymen as to their political course as citizens of the United States. As between this country and Great Britain there can be no controversy, as there is a complete severance of the ties of original allegiance by naturalization. Disputes on this point were finally put at rest by the treaty of naturalization concluded by the two tody on the 20th inst. countries on May 13, 1887. Therefore, it will not be contended, nor was such contention ever admitted by us, that the citizens of the United States, of British origin, are subject to any claim of the country of their original allegiance. The undersigned also has the honor

to call attention to this provision of section 5335 of the revised statutes of the United States: Who, without authority or permission of this government, "commences or carries on any verbal or writ ten correspondence or intercourse with any foreign government, or any agent or officer thereof," either with intent to influence the action of such government or its agents or with intent to defeat the measures of the government of the United States. Penalties are made equally applicable to every citizen of the United States, not duly authorized, who 'connsels, advises, or assists in any such correspondence with similar undirect news from the Stanley expedition, lawful intent." The undersigned rewhich, according to the couriers, was spectfully advises that the attention of met at the end of November, 1887, by the attorney general of the United States be directed to these enactments, in order that an investigation may be made with a view to ascertain whether they have not been violated in the present case by the correspondence with the British minister. By your direction the attention of the British government has, in a spirit of comity, been called to the conduct of its minister, as above described, but without result. It therefore becomes necessary for this government to consider, when, as guardian of its own self respect and of the integrity of its institutions, it will permit further When the conriers left the expedition intercourse to be held through the present British minister at this capital. It not wanting as to the question under consideration. It is a settled rule, essential to the maintenance of international intercourse, that a diplomatic representative must be persona grata to the government to which he is accredited. If, by his conduct, he renders himself persona non-grata an announcement of the fact may be made to his government. In the present case all the requirements of comity have been fulfilled and the SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE for November facts have been duly communicated to her majesty's government, with an expression of this government in regard thereto. Respectfully submitted, T. F. BAYABD.

Une of the largest shoe contracts made which promises to rival "Kidnapped" in popularity. General A. W. Greely, Augustine Birrell, and W. C. Brownell wigwam slippers within a year, for

THE NATIONAL THANKSGIVING.

Constant thanksgiving and gratitude

are due from the American people to the

The 29th Day of November Set Apart for Proclamation by the president of the United States:

ment, and would consequently be detri- With loving kindness He has constantly dollars of accumulated wealth. No mental to the relations between the led us in the way of prosperity and greatness. He has not visited with holy law is the price of a continuance of her hatred. His precious gifts. In acknowledgehereby designate and set apart Thurs- man has been made its target. day, the 29th day of November, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept thanks to God for all His mercies, for the and Egan himself refused to "squeal. the toil of the husbandman during the year that has passed, and for the rich thanks for the peace and for the social order and contentment within our borders, and for our advancement in all that adds to a nation's greatness, and, mindful of the afflictive dispensation with which a portion of our land has been visited, let us, while we humble ourselves before the power of God, acknowledge His mercy in setting bounds to the deadly march of the pestilence, and let our hearts be chastened by sympathy with our fellow countrymen who

have suffered and who mourn. And as we return thanks for all blessings which we have received from the hands of our heavenly Father, let us not forget that He has enjoined upon us charity, and on this day of thanksgiving let us generously remember the poor and needy, so that our tribute of praise and gratitude may be acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

Done at the city of Washington on the first day of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, and in the year of the independence of the United States, one hundred and thirteen. In witness whereof I have hereunto signed my name and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

GROVER CLEVELAND. By the President, T. F. BAYARD. Secretary of State.

BY THE TELEGRAPH AND MAIL.

The fund for the defense of Parnell and his associates involved in the London Times charges amounts to £12,880. Charles Stewart Welles has written a letter to Anna P. Johnson, secretary of the equal rights party, accepting the nomination for the vice presidency.

A dispatch from Australia announces match for the sculling championship and £5,000 a side on the Rarametta river. Adam Badeau against the widow of

eged services on "Grant's Memoirs," as been discontinued on consent of both parties.

Mo., eight months ago. He denies his porary duty in the office of inspector general and ordered to the department

of the Missouri.

The secretary of state is in receipt of a dispatch from Minister Bragg saying section hand. that J. B. Lawrence, the American citizen who has been confined in a prison at Silno, Mexico, on a charge of train robbery upon the Mexican Central railway, in the state of Guanajuato, since June 17, 1883, was discharged from cus-

John Taylor, for thirty-five years a resident of Chicago, shot himself in a train from Paris, near Marseilles. He was taken to the Hotel Dieu, where three bullets were extracted, two from the head and one from the side. The chances for recovery are doubtful. He is evidently a Hebrew but speaks English with an accent. He was formerly wealthy, but lost his fortune in the recent wheat corner.

States National bank of Omaha as re- violence. serve agent for the Cedar Rapids National bank of Cedar Rapids, Ia.; the Omaha National for the Iowa National of Ottumwa, the Iowa National of Des Moines, and the First National of Ida Grove, Ia., the First National of Deadwood, Dak., and the Central National of Broken Bow, Neb. The Hanover National of New York is also approved as reserve agent for the last named.

English Opinions of Sackville.

London dispatch: The Pall Mall Gazette, writing about the Sackville incident, expresses the opinion that the excitement caused by the letter in America, is largely simulated for political effect. It regrets that the Americans are not superior to such outbursts of feeling. Except for the chance of catching the Irish vote by abusing England, it thinks that no one in America would care two straws what Lord Sackville wrote, said or thought.

The Globe holds that the most satisfactory denouement of the incident would be to send instructions to Lord Sackville to keep his opinions to himself | WHEAT-No. 2 red 1 14 @ 1 15 while at Washington. American elec- Wheat-Ungraded red...... 1 03 @ 1 12%

The St. James Gazette maintains that Lord Sackville cannot remain at Washbefore his eyes.

THE Magazine of American History,

Gen. Sam Houston, of Texas, and in is that of a firm in Bangor, Me., who have engaged to make 110,000 pairs of wigwam slippers within a year, for which they are to receive \$74,500 within a year, for which they are to receive \$74,500 which they a Lord Sackville, whose singular will commences with January 1st, 1889. Al-

SHE WAS A BOLD, BAD WOMAN.

And the Community is Glad that She is Sioux Falls (Dak.) dispatch: Mary Ann Irvine, one of the most noted characters of this section, died last night of heart trouble. During her residence of Almighty God for His goodness and thirteen years in this vicinity she had proven herself a most venomous Amazon, and lived and died in the utmost no longer acceptable to this govern- vouchsafed to them a free government. filth and squalor, leaving thousands of woman in Dakota, nor probably manwas more dreaded by all who came in swift punishment our shortcomings, but contact with her than Mrs. Irvine. Vipart of the United States are stated in with gracious care he has warned us of cious, revengeful and mean, she would our dependence upon his forbearance hesitate to do nothing against the perand has taught us that obedience to His son or property of one who had incurred

> For years she figured prominently at ment of all that God has done for us as nearly every term of court as defendant a nation and to the end that on an ap- in various charges, such as applying the pointed day the united prayers and torch to the property of neighbors who praise of a grateful country may reach had aroused her passions, threatening the Throne of Grace, I, Grover Cleve- their lives, etc. A loaded revolver was land, president of the United States, do her constant companion, and many a

> It has always been believed that Mrs. Irvine had more to do with the murder and observed throughout the land. On of Mrs. Egan in 1882 than Mr. Egan, that day let all our people suspend their | who was hanged for the crime. She and ordinary work and occupations, and in | Egan were intimate, and many circumtheir accustomed place of worship, with stances implicated her in the murder; prayer and songs of praise, render but no one dared to testify against her, abundant harvests which have rewarded | For the last two years she had been living in this city, and her reign had been one of terror to the neighborhood, for rewards that have followed the labors no matter how much she imposed upon of our people in their shops and their her neighbors, they quietly submitted marts of trade and traffic. Let us give rather than make themselves the objects of her vengeance. In hunting through her hovel immediately after her death several chickens which she had stolen from a neighbor were found in a cellar. No one ever darkened her doors, and

it was only a very short time before she died that even her own children dared to enter her house. When it was discovered that she was dying, and she was asked if a physician should not be sent for, she objected to incurring so great an expense, and not until she had struck a bargain with the doctor for his fee would she allow any medicine to be administered. Her sleeping-room was found so full of all manner of filthy garbage and worthless rubbish that much of it had to be dumped out of doors before the attendants could find room to get in or endure the stench. After her death a search among her effects revealed deeds, mortgages, notes, bonds and cash, to the amount, in the aggregate, of \$30,000. The woman was 63 years old, and has three children, to whom the property will revert.

fowa Railroads Asked to Report. Des Moines special: Some time ago

the railroad commissioners, at the request of Governor Larrabee, asked the different roads doing business in the state to furnish a statement as to the value of their property, including right of way, rolling stock, equipment, etc. About half of the roads have replied "Unknown," and the others say "a matter of guess work," as the value fluctuates with many changing conditions, and the commissioners are as competent to guess upon it as any one else. The answer of the Rock Island was received to-day, and it is of the scathing order, that Searle has defeated Kemp in a politely declining to furnish the information desired, and gives some of the reasons why it is impossible. It reminded the commissioners that a year ago they stated that they had no idea why the General U. S. Grant for \$15,000 for allegislature ever asked to have them collect this information, and then it reminds them that in their public examination some weeks ago they admitted H. R. Deweere, a Kansas City exposi- that the present schedule of rates was unreasonable and calculated to force tion exhibitor, was arrested charged some roads into bankruptcy, and yet with having killed a man at Kahoka, they were asking the supreme court to compel the roads to obey it. So the latter thinks that it would be pretty Major Henry W. Lawton, inspector hard to tell the value of a road that was general, has been relieved from tem- subject to such treatment, and adds that it can be said that it is worth less than it was a few years ago, and more than it will be a few years hence, owing to the hostile legislation of the last general as-Lieutenant Colonel Heyl, inspector sembly and the present attitude of the general, has been transferred from the commissioners. The latter are quite inheadquarters of the department of Texas dignant over the letter, and say that it to the headquarters of the division of the is treating them with disrespect, but Missouri, replacing Colonel Joseph C. they are bound to prosecute their inquiries and now they have made a demand to know the salaries paid, from the highest official down to the lowest

A Reckless Ranchman With His Gun. Kimball (Dak.) special: An affray occurred yesterday in the southeast part of this county that will probably result in a murder trial, if the people do not take the matter into their own hands. E. M. Bond, a rancher, who has long shown an ugly disposition and who has "killed his man" before, shot a stockman named Tatlock, a full charge of shot taking effect in the groin. Tatlock went to Bond's place after cattle that Bond had pastured during the summer and trouble ensued over the amount due for their care. Bond was in liquor and finally went after his shotgun and shot Tatlock as the latter sat on his horse. Bond was arrested to-day and is The comptroller of the currency has now under a strong guard, as the peoapproved the selection of the United | ple are very much excited and threaten

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NEW YORK. Ровк......16 00 (416 50) 8 65 6 8 70

743 Broadway, N. Y., presents for the Hogs-Packing & shipping. 5 25 @ 5 50 month of November an excellent num- CATTLE-Western Rangers 1 80 @ 3 90 ber. First is given a fine portrait of Sheep-Natives...... 2 75 @ 2 83 ST. Leuis. the contents is noticed well written ar- WHEAT-No. 2 red cash 1 11 @ 1 13%

leaving the bulk of his property to ways carefully and ably edited, as well WHEAT-Per bushel........ 96 @ 96%