### NEBRASKA.

Numerous improvements are being planned at McCook.

The normal school building in Fremont nearly completed.

Omaha bankers will establish a clearing

Deer and antelope are abundant in th neighborhood of Brewster. Beatrice feels quite sanguine of securing

The Dodge county fair will be held at Fremont October 1st, 2d and 3d.

the new soldiers' home.

In Omaha, three soldiers knocked a man

down and took from him \$20. One farmer in Sherman county raised over

1,000 pounds of grapes this season. Ten divorce cases are on the docket for the

next erm of court in Hall county. Dr. Newman, the celebrated preacher

lectured in Omaha a few days ago. The Young Men's Christian association in

Omaha will open gymnasium rooms.

The proposition to license a saloon in Kenesaw was negatived by the town board.

Cortland has decided that it can get along without a saloon, and none will be licensed.

Maxey Cobb, a Nebraska horse, is said to have graduated as the fastest stallion in the world.

The barn of Dr. Dunn, near Lincoln, was destroyed by fire a few nights ago. Loss about \$2,500. Columbus is soon to begin the erection of a

new school house which is to cost about \$9,000.

Rev. J. L. St. Clair has been returned to Albion, as pastor of the M. E. church, for an-

Watermelons are so plentiful this year that even the small boy does not consider them worth stealing.

The skating fever has struck Valentine and the upper story of the town hall is being fitted up for the fun.

James S. Fitzgerald, a stranger, was killed at Omaha by being run down by the cars. He was 50 years old.

Humphrey is overrun with dogs that make night hideous and disturb the slumbers of the peaceful denizen.

Eight hundred people were on the grounds the first day of the Seventh Day Adventists' meeting at Omaha.

A dead beat named Hebron, claiming to be a G. A. R. man, has been "doing" the citizens of Albion and vicinity.

Two citizens of Falls City dropped a roll of \$1,250 among the fakirs of the circus which visited the town last week. There is great activity at Omaha in building

houses of worship. The buildings are not only commodious but costly. Beaver crossing, Seward county, has flatter-

ing prospects for getting a new church. Over \$800 has been pledged thus far.

Ed. W. Morgan, formerly of Omaha, where his parents now reside, fell out of a window at Lafayette, Ind., and was killed. John G. Gray, the Genoa editor, has recov

ered from his self-inflicted wound, and has departed for his father's home in Iowa. The Seward county fair this year will take place after all the other fairs are over, the date having been changed to October 8, 9, 10

Sweet potatoes weighing nearly four pounds own in the suburbs of Lincoln were exhibited in the Journal office in that city a few

A Nebraska cattle thief has just been overhauled at Columbus, Ohio, by the sheriff of York county, and brought back to the theatre

of his operations. Capt. Foster, an Omaha sporting man, won \$4,000 in a gambling house in that city last week, breaking the institution and compelling the manager to close up.

The stage running between Hartington and Yankton came near capsizing the other day, when N. I. Stancliff, of Exira, Iowa, was thrown out and severely injured.

Two youthful Omaha lovers, aged 14 and 12 respectively, ran away and endeavored to get married, but they were without a license, and no one could be found to tie the knot.

instantly killed by lightning on Tuesday last while standing in the door-way of a barn waiting for the storm to pass over. Nebraska City employs 300 men in her pack-

John Burns, a street grader at Omaha, was

ing house; 125 in her distillery; 50 in her barb wire factory; 125 in her foundry and machine shops, and 100 in her two plow factories.

A sixteen-year-old boy stole a horse and bridle at Valentine, which he sold for \$40 pocketed the cash and was about to get out of the country when he was nabbed by an of

Mrs. Rosakrans, an aged lady at Tecumseh, while ascending a long flight of stairs, was attacked with a fainting fit and fell backward to the bottom, sustaining injuries from which she died.

Mr. Crosby, of Wayne county, pulled a loaded double-barreled shotgun from a wagon with the muzzle turned towards him. Both rogue, or else that the thefts are from the outcharges entered his breast and lungs, and he

\$1,000 piano at the state fair has presented
Mr. Mueller, of Council Bluffs, with a beauti-The young lady at Columbus who won the ful cushion made from the crazy quilt which

she had on exhibition. George Smith, who resides about six miles northeast of Gibbon, lost three yearling steers in two days from the disease known as blackeg. Other farmers in that vicinity have also

uffered loss from the same cause. William Sunderland, living northeast of Schuyler, had his hired man, Anton Dlapka, arrested for stealing a horse. There was no evidence to show that he had any notion of

stealing the animal and he was thereupon dis-Mrs. Nancy Worrel has brought suit against James G. McClay and Mangan & Ford, saloon keepers at Auburn, and Martin Hall, claiming damages in the sum of \$10,000 for the death of her son, who was killed in one of the saloons

A man named Manning, a railway conductor, lost his reckoning through drink, and, falling in with a gang of Omaha thieves, found, on coming to his senses, that he was out a watch and chain worth \$275, a check for

\$65 and \$140 in cash. John M. and John Lulow, father and son, from Iowa, were nearly aphyxiated in an Omaha hotel by blowing out the gas on retiring. The fools are not all dead yet, but in this instance two of them had a very close call for the other shore.

Renewed interest was caused at Brownville ast Saturday by the striking of another vein of coal at a depth of 330 feet. No correct statement as to its thickness can be had, as the prospectors refuse to say anything, but feel safe in putting it at from twenty-four to twenty-six inches.

At the opening services of the Seventh Day Adventists' camp meeting at Omaha, Elder E. W. Farnsworth, of Iowa, preached upon "The Fulfillment of Prophecy as Shown by History." He handled the subject ably, bringing the second and seventh chapters of Daniel to the support of his argument.

Mrs. Smith, wife of W. A. Smith, of Glen Rock precinct, Nemaha county, set a bucket of boiling water in the yard to scald some chickens, when her little four-year-old daughter Eva, by some means upset it, and fell into t, scalding her entire back, from the effects of which she died soon after.

As a specimen of the productiveness of Nebraska soil, the Falls City Journal mentions the fact that S. C. McElrov, of Nemaha county, has a squash vine that has upon it thirtynine full grown squashes, the smallest of which will not weigh less than fifteen pounds,

and as many more partially grown ones. Mrs. Briggs, the wife of a hard-working brick mason of Lincoln, got mashed on another fellow, aud the other day "lit out," taking their baby, the only child, and stripping the house of furniture. Briggs don't care about the woman's return, but he wants it understood that he is going to get the childand don't you forget it?"

The committee appointed by the board of managers of the soldiers' homes to visit the various proposed sites for the new home, arrived at Lincoln a few days ago by special rain, and spent several hours viewing the city and surrounding country under the escort of the citizens' committee, after which the entire party left by special train for Beatrice to make further investigation.

Just as Senator Van Wyck was in the midst of his address at the Saline county fair last One hundred and eighty-three cars of cattle | week there was a terrible crash, and the grand were shipped from the Omaha stock yards on stand, which was crowded as full as it could possibly be, gave way and fully two-thirds of it went to the ground. It was expected at first that there would be a great many people injured, but when the debris was cleared away not a single person was found who was seriously hurt. Several received slight sprains and bruises.

> One of the most singular incidents that has ever come under our observation, says the Loup City Times, was the derangement which occurred to our townsman, Simpson Criss. Mr. Criss overworked himself in the hav field. and at night experienced a rattling in the past two years to meet liabilities of \$1,500,000 head, but put in a full day's work next day. Friday morning while eating breakfast he felt something crack in his head, and in a few moments realized that he was "deaf as a stone." For several days it was utterly impossible for the sufferer to hear any sound whatever, but since then his hearing has improved somewhat.

Mrs. Kate Pugh, living near Plainview, Pierce county, who was suffering from pueperal-monia, eluded the watchfulness of at tendants and wandered over the prairie, covered with high grass. Thorough search day and night for three days failed to find her. It is supposed that she wandered over the irie until exhausted, when she lay down, and becoming chilled and stupid, did not get up and expired. The grass is not burned yet and it is a very hopeless task to search for a body, as it could not be seen in most localities beyond a few feet away. The search is still continued, however, but with very little hope of success.

## MAIL ROBBERS.

Officials of the New Haven Postoffice Baffled. There is trouble in the New Haven postoffice. A New Haven business man alleges that his mail has been robbed, and that letters containing money received at the New Haven postoffice have been stolen. Detectives have been at work on the case, and the postoffice officials are supposed to have exerted themselves in the way of special surveillance, but so far every effort in the line of investigation has proved futile, and despite the fact that the postmaster, the chief clerk and other employes of the office keep an active watch, the alleged robberies have continued with little interruption. The total of the alleged rob-beries make a large sum. George G. Pown-ing, who is the head of the Yale silk works, is a dealer in the scrap silks so dear to the feminine heart for fancy patchwork. He and his partner were the pioneers in this line and now control a large business. Advertising largely they have secured customers all over the country, their mail being among the largest received at the postoflice in New Haven. As the correspondence generally relates to orders for goods, most of the letters contain money ranging in amount from a fraction of a dolla upward. As a rule the sums are too small to suggest postoffice money orders or the registration of letters. During the latter part of August complaints begad to pour in upon the firm from customers at a distance who claim to have forwarded money without receiving in return any of the goods ordered. So fre-quent became these complaints that Mr. Powning made known the fact at the post office. Detectives were employed to look after certain features of the case, but their vigilance effected nothing.

It was at first suspected that some person had obtained a duplicate key to Mr. Powning's postoffice drawer and was opening it surreptitiously. A close watch kept in the postoffice lobby upset this theory, for nobody save Powning opened the box, though the letters continued to disappear. In the meantime a new lock was placed upon the drawer, and detective work was transferred to another phase of the case. For a fortnight the postoffice authorities have been on the watch without any result other than the embarrassment of discovering that despite their surveillance the thefts continued without interruption. Though satisfied that the thefts really were taking place, all detective expedients have been equally ineffectual, until the postoffice authorities have settled down to the opinion that either there is no hope of cornering the

Chief Clerk Boyd said his attention had been called by Mr. Powning to these alleged irregu-larities some time ago, and that he had careedness upon the part of any man in the post-office employ. "I can only say this," said Mr. Boyd, "that the boxes now in use at the postoffice have been in service for so long as to have become almost worthless. For ten years they have been steadily in use, and we have found that many of them are continually get-ting out of order, and I think there is more than a bare possibility that these losses may be accounted for in this way. Many of these boxes have become so defective in their locks, etc., as to have given us trouble with other been any reason to suspect any crookedness in some instances keys in use at the office have become so worn by long use as to now fit and unlock a half dozen drawers." The investigation will be pushed, and inspectors from Washington are expected.

An American Crook Wanted in Scotland. Joseph Raeside, of Waukegan, Ill., appeared before the United States commissioner at Chicago, and gave bail to appear for examination on the question of extradition for forgery. It appears the application was made by the Clydesdale association of Scotland. charging that Raeside purchased in that country a lot of Clydesdale horses of inferior breeding, and forged pedigrees containing more valuable strains of blood, and sold them in this country to the detriment of the borse interests there and here. The application was presented to the state department at Washington through the British minister, and government officers were directed to arrest him and deliver him to the British viceconsul at Philadelphia. In order to avoid extradition, if possible, Raeside surrendered

#### BRIEFLY TOLD.

McCullough, the actor, is said to have become demented.

A fire Bronson, Michigan, destroyed \$365. 000 worth of property.

Forest fires have broken out in Michigan and are doing a good deal of damage. The gold reserve on the 23d was \$912,000,000

an increase of \$15,000,000 during the past few The loss by the Cleveland lumber fire is

estimated at \$125,000, the insurance being There were only twenty deaths from yelllow fever at Mazatlan during August, and none re-

The extensive works at the Granby mining and smelting company, at Oronogo, Mo., were

lestroyed by fire. L. J. Brown, a leading merchant of Fitchburg, Mass., cut his throat with a razor. Over

work is the supposed cause. Directors of the St. Paul & Omaha road deelared a quarterly dividend of 1% per cent on preferred stock, payable October 20.

Edward Morgan, whose father is a well known resident of Des Moines, Iowa, fell from window at Lafayette, Ind., and was killed. Mayor Samuel Robinson, of Charlotte, Michigan, was shot by a tramp at night at

his home, and is now in a critical condition. Mary Weinsten, of Vincennes, Ind., a Jewish widow of high social standing, attempted suicide by taking morphine. Her case is

Berry D. Skinner, outside bond clerk for Blake Bros. & Co., bankers, New York, was found dead from the effects of an overdose of

Frederick S. Nicholas, editor-in-chief of the Memphis Avalanche, died at Davenport, Iowa, on the 23d, of paralysis of the brain. He was apparently in good health. He was 54 years

The St. Paul directors have declared a regular dividend of 21/2 per cent., payable October 31. The books will close September 29 and reopen October 23. The meeting was harmonious and a full board present.

While escorting home a young lady from church Sunday night, at Talladega, Ala., Abe and Chalmer Boswell quarreled as to whom she most favored, Abe, drawing a pistel, shot his brother dead and decamping.

The Newcomb-Buchanan company of Louisville, the largest whisky house in the south, made an assignment, after attempting for the on which then secured an extension.

Captain W. P. Clark, Second cavalry, and attached to Lieutenant General Sheridan's staff, died at Washington. He was distinguished for service in Indian fighting, and was the best authority on the Indian sign language. A brutal negro named Keifer broke into the

residence of W. Trife, at Hermansville, Miss., and attempted to outrage his daughter. The cries of the girl brought the family to her assistance and the negro fled, but was caught net day and lynched. An Italian at Toronto, after lighting his

pipe, attempted to press the tobacco down with a dynamite cartridge. One hand was blown away and his face disfigured for life. He met with no sympathy from his Italian companions, who nearly kicked him to death for his foolish act. Max Bachert has arranged with Joaquin Miller for a lecture tour through the country.

to begin soon after election, with the text, "The Danites of New York," Mr. Miller will treat of such subjects as the stealing of Stewart's body, the lives of Gould and Vanderbilt, and the Wall street operations of Grant and his associates. The following vessels were lost on the Labra-

dor coast during the recent easterly gales: Cornelia, May Flower, Annie, Alice, Oysrey and Jessie. In the White bay district three thousand persons are starving. Commander French, of the war ship Cloride, and passing vessels, rendered assistance. Commander French forwarded a strong appeal for aid to the Newfoundland government.

A letter from M. Leon Chotteau to a member of a prominent New York firm says that the question of American hog meats in France will in all probability come before the chamber of deputies in October, and that he expeets to make his view and the proposed law on the subject to meet the favorable consideration of the deputies. He doesn't know when it will come before the senate.

## CRIMINAL.

At a circus row at Burr Oak, Kansas, one man was killed and several wounded.

Darwin N. Gardner, for nine years police clerk of Cleveland, Ohio, shot his wife and then shot himself.

A blacksmith, who leaves a wife and six children, hanged himself in a democratic wig. wam at Fort Wayne, Ind.

A widow lady named Galt was gagged and robbed in her own house at Worth, Mass. The robbers obtained a large sum of money. John Lange, of Dubuque, Iowa, shot his

wife through the head and then shot himself through the head. He is dead but she may re-The officers investigating the recent theft of \$20,000 in bonds from the Equitable safety-

deposit vaults, Boston, have recovered \$6,000 | fore deciding to authorize such a step. secreted by Stevens before his flight. Seven convicts were whipped in Newcastle, Delaware, on the 20th, in the presence of four hundred people. Edward Redden, white, was

pilloried for one hour in addition to twenty Near Carthage, Ala., a negro named Short seized a well-known lady while in the suburbs and dragging her to a clump of bushes, ravished her. She gave the alarm and a posse of

An attempt was made in New York at arson, in a house full of people. But one person was killed, the wife of the man whom the police arrested charged with the offense. The police officers discovered the fire, and after it was extinguished coal oil was found everywhere, and all the gas was turned on.

100 men hunted down the negro and riddled

## CAPITAL BRIEFS.

The large new silver vault is finished, and the transfer of silver began last Monday. The storage capacity is for 50,000,000 silver dollars. The surplus coinage of different mints will also

The a cting secretary oft he treasury directed the collector of customs at New York to admit free of duty the Ascot cup, won by Keene's Foxhall, which has been in the custody of the collector nearly two years.

The appointment of Gresham to the secretary of the treasury is not temporary but permanent. It is intimated Justice Bradley. of the supreme court, will retire in a few months and that the position will be tendered Judge Gresham. The department of state has received from

"The condition of affairs is more encouraging There are fewer cases and deaths. Cases, 305; deaths, 97 during the past twenty-four hours."

The court of inquiry appointed to investigate the commission of the Talapoosa and Baltimore schooner, finds the Talapoosa did all in its power to avoid a collision, complied with the law in all respects and that the blame rests with the schooner. The department approved the finding of the court.

service, has returned after a visit of inspection to railway mail routes west of Omaha. He traveled over the Union, Central and Northern Pacific railroads and made many suggestions looking to the improvement of the mail service, which were as a rule imme diately put in practice by officials. Frank S. Mason, United States consul at

Superintendent Thompson, of the railway

Marseilles, has sent to the department of state a translation of the Semaphore, of that city, which says: "The harvest of 1884 has been plentiful and the situation is nearly the same as in 1882, except that now there is a large anailable surplus preceding the crops, of woman's work at the World's Industrial which will make the demand for foreign products less, even if this year's crop is 15 or 20 ducts less, even if this year's crop is 15 or 20 beld at the place above named. The object of per cent less than in that year. There is no the meeting was briefly stated by ex-Governor probability that the prices of cereals will raise to the rate of two years ago."

#### POLITICAL NOTES.

Colorado democrats nominated Alva Adams f Pueblo, for governor.

The democrats of Ohio held a monster mass neeting at Columbus on the 25th.

Postmaster General Gresham has been ap pointed secretary of the treasury.

James A. Fox, mayor of Cambridge, has

been renominated for congress by the repub licans of the Fifth Massachusetts district. An electoral ticket has been agreed upon by all the elements of Louisiana favoring the

election of Blaine and Logan, Electors-atlarge, George L. Walton and Taylor Beattie. The democrats of the Sixth Illinois congressional district nominated Thomas Butter worth, of Rock Island, on the fifty-sixth bal-

lot. The greenbackers of the same district nominated U. D. Meacham, of Freeport. Motions to take the Scott liquor tax law up out of the regular order was argued in the supreme court at Columbus, O., on the 24th. The cases will be pressed for a decision be

fore the October election. Decisions on the

motions will be announced in a few days. President Seelye, of Amherst college, has leclined the nomination for governor by the prohibition party. He told a reporter that he was very much surprised when informed tha he had been nominated. He had previously answered every inquiry on the subject that he could not accept either the nomination or the

The term of C. E. Coon as secretary of the treasury, under a special designation of the president, will expire Wednesday. No warrants for the payment of money from the treasury can be issued after that day unless the existing vacancy in the office of secretary shall have been filled before that date. It is expected, however, that an appointment will soon be made.

Straight-out republicans of Texas have made the following nominations: For governor, Judge A. B. Morton; lieutenant governor, John Haynes; treasurer, Samuel M. Johnson; comptroller, Fred W. Minor; attorney general, A. C. Crathaus; commissioner of the land office, R. J. Evans (colored); superintendent of public instruction, H. B. McKinney. A committee was appointed to issue an address to the republicans of Texas.

## FOREIGN NOTES.

Advices from Burmah state a sanguinary outbreak had occurred in the jail at Mandalay. Several hundred convicts were killed.

It is expected the Egyptian government will simply make a formal acknowledgement of the receipt of the protests against the suspension of the sinking fund. The National Gazette has expressed the

belief that the German-Austro Russian alliance will support any step taken by France in regard to the Egyptian financial trouble. Earl Spence, lord lieutenant of Ireland, has

reduced the extra police tax assessed upon Limerick, which that city refused to pay. He will inststupon the payment of the reduced amount. The Pall Mall Gazette says it is believed in

official circles in London that the attitude of

culty is exercising a disquieting influence upon the French cabinet. Le Paris urges the powers to inform England that she has gone too far in prompting Egypt to break international law in regard to the Egyptian finances. England, the same of the maker. paper says, cannot be allowed to dispose of

Egypt as she sees fit. Baron de Courcel, French ambassador to Berlin, informed Prime Minister Ferry that Germany, Austria and Russia had decided to warn the khedive of Egypt that his throne would be endangered if he connives to en-

dorse England's financial acts. The Journal de St. Petersburg states that Russia joined the other powers in objecting to the suspension of the Egyptian sinking fund. Russia expressed to England her regret that England did not consult the other powers be-

Gladstone on leaving Midlothian thanked his constituents for the encouraging reception accorded him throughout his tour. Many honors shown him were due to the great cause which he represented. He also spoke at Carlisle. Among other things he said: "In the present crisis the lords ought to study the best means to provide that the house of lords shall not fall. This can best be done by their acting in moderation and prudence."

A Shanghai dispatch to the London Times states a Franco-Russian alliance means the disintegration of China and its participation between those two countries, France taking the three southern provinces and Russia having China as a recruiting ground for her armies, the two countries being connected by railways. The alliance also means Franco-Russian preponderance in Europe, and is, therefore, fraught with danger to Germany

Secretary of the Treasury.

The Washington Star says: Gresham accepted the secretaryship of the treasury as a matter of accommodation to the president. His intimate friends say it is only a temporary appointment, the duration of which will extend to the first of October, when it is be lieved he will resign to accept the judgeship of the Illinois circuit. It is believed that either McCulloch or Boutwell will take the ecretaryship on Gresham's resignation Acting Postmaster General Hatton will most likely be placed at the head of the postoffice department permanently.

The Revolution Dying Out. Advices from Lima state the revolution is

apparently drawing to a close. The ill success which attended General Carcere's attack on Lima served to dampen the ardor of the revolutionists and strengthen the Iglesias government. The number killed on that octhe United States consul at Naples the following telegram relative to cholera in that place: try by the government's success.

#### WOMEN'S WORK.

In Appeal to Those of Nebraska to Bestir Themselves in a Useful Way.

In the general announcement of the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition. the director general, E. A. Burke, says: "A leading feature of the exposition will be a national exposition of woman's work, under the auspices and management of a commission composed of two leading representative women in each state and territory of the United States. It is believed that this will prove one of the most interesting and important exhibitions ever made, as it will serve to practically develop and illustrate the field of woman's work, and enlarge the field of usefulness of the sex in the domestic economy and industry of the world." Hon. Robert W. Furnas, commissioner for Nebraska, acting in unison with the director general, in the desirability of making woman's work a leading feature of the exposition, issued an order or request for the ladies of the state to meet at the parlors of the Commercial hotel, Lincoln, on the 18th of August, for the purpose of forming a state association for the exhibition and Cotton Centennial Exposition. In response to the commissioner's call, the meeting was Furnas, after which a temporary organization was effected. A committee was appointed on permanent organization to report the outline of a plan of work.

The name of the organization is "The State Association for the Exhibition of Woman's Work at the World's Industrial Cotton Cen-tennial Eposition." The officers of the asso-

President-Mrs. H. P. Mathewson, of Lin Vice President-Mrs. Orpha Dinsmore, of

Treasurer—Mrs. J. W. Dawes, of Crete. Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. L. Russell, Recording Secretary-Mrs. W. S. Sawyer, of

"All auxilliary or county societies shall consist of president, vice president, treasurer, corresponding and recording secretaries." By order of the committee "individuals th oughout the state, where organization is not practicable, are urgently requested to as-sist in this to the extent of their ability, and confer with the corresponding secretary of

the state association. Each county will have a superintendent, appointed by the executive committee, to look after organization and secure work to the end that the state may be fully represented.

We hope the county superintendents will see the necessity of making an earnest and energetic effort in this movement. Let their asociations be formed as quickly as possible. We have been given a very short time to accomplish an enterprise of so great a magnitude; but if we succeed in these few weeks given us for work, so much greater the credit due us for our immediate, united and success-The president, recording secretary and

treasurer constitute an executive committee, with full power to act in all matters pertaining to the advancement of the cause. The work is to be sub-divided into five departments, viz: Fine Arts, Educational, Benevolent and Humane, Industrial, Culinary. The department of fine arts shall include painting in water colors, oil and pastelle, drawings, pottery, painted porcelain, sculptare, modelling in enamel and mosiac, etchings, engravings, etc. Let there be a full exhibit in these lines. We do not expect to compete with the industrial exhibition of decoratwe arts to be held at Paris this month under the auspices of the "Union Centrale des Arts Decoratifs." But let all who are interested allow a sample of their work to go to the exnibition, and in this way show the world that

Nebraska is alive to the spirit of the times, in the beautiful as well as the useful. Address Mrs. S. C. Elliott, 1212 O street, Lincoln, Neb. Any original, well-written document upon education or instruction will receive a hearty welcome. All contributions or communications upon this subject may be addressed to Mrs. Fannie Ebright, Tecumseh, Neb.

We have a great work in this division to be ject cannot be given, and we hope to see our fully and fairly represented. Parties interested in contributing may address Mrs. D. Newman, Lincoln, Neb.

The industrial art department includes such a vast amount of work that we find it impossible to enumerate. I will only mention a few articles belonging to this department. Carpets, tapestries, embroideries, arasene, Kensington in gold or silver thread, head; in fact, every kind of embroidery. Laces of every kind, fancy and plain knitting, quilting, crochet work, netting, fine sewing. All kinds of work that industry produces we want represented. Contributions urgently solicited.
Address Mrs. L. Russell, Tecumseh, Neb. The culinary department we expect will be developed with great care, as there will be provisions at the exhibition of considerable magnitude. It is essential that we make it a grand success, for our gentlemen friends fully appreciate this department. Some of our dear, good fathers, husbands and brothers cannot tell us whether a rose is blue, brown

or green, but they all know whether their coffee is amber-hued or as "black as tar." They know when a piece of toast is nice and crisp and of the proper color to give it an appetizing appearance from blackened and dried like hard tack. They can tell whether they are eating a properly broiled porter-house steak sufficiently buttered or a piece of coarse beef fried hard in grease. Oh! yes, they know all about the culinary department. have had a life experience and interest in it. The gentlemen are the epicures and the voters Germany toward France in the Chinese diffiof the land; the ladies are the artists and the workers. We have so many more excellent housekeepers than we have artists and humanitarians that we have a rightto expect the culinary department abundantly and ably filled. There are many things that can be made and elaborately decorated, giving a very artistic appearance, greatly to the credit

With the intelligence, perseverance and ability of our Nebraska ladies we do not think it necessary to use persuasive arguments to convince them of the great benefit derived from their concerted action in this enterprise. We hope they will not shrink from this opportunity of assisting in developing an enterprise of so much interest and worth as the one

now open to us. "Three hundred thousand dollars have been appropriated by congress with which to make a government display." This opportunity should be specially prized as an opening for us to prove by our accomplishments that we have attainments, strength and ability to maintain our distinctive individuality. should waken our latent powers of work, and

least compare favorably with competitors in We think we can make a very creditable exhibit when brought in contact with the works of domestic economy, industry and art of the sex of other states, if the ladies of this state fully understand that we are in earnest in making this effort, and that we desire to make

the work of women the most attractive fea-ture of the state exhibit. We want the ladies of each county in the state to aid us in our undertaking. We hope they will bear in mind that we must work rapidly. Two months is all the time we have for preparation. The exhibit must be in New Orleans by the 15th of November. We must improve the present and not put off until the time has approached, when the collections throughout the states must be shipped to their destination before we become interested in this matter. Let us have a state or home in this exhibit. Let us work unitedly, with a will! The old adage, "Where there's a will there's a way," will be a very good stimulus to us if we can only will ourselves to become so much interested that we feel the state of Nebraska is a family, and that each woman in the state is a member of that family, and success or defeat equally affects us and our future prospects; and thus we can find a way to overcome all obstacles in our pathway. I am sure we should all suffer keenly should our collection at New Orleans be spoken of

disparagingly, but, if we were justly compli-mented upon it and upon our display by the judges of the exposition, I am equally sure that we should feel that home pride welling up within us which is one of the most commendable that we possess. What interests have we to compare with home interests?

Let us work diligently and faithfully to assist other states in having women's work at the exposition "prove one of the most inter-esting and important exhibitions ever made." We again ask you to help us. You can choose your own work, for there are many departments to fill. Consider this appeal a sued. Monroe Bro.'s loss is estimated at \$70 special invitation to all. Commissioner Furnas says:
"When collections are made report, and
means will be provided for transportation to
Omaha or Lincoln and from thence to New

hibit, giving credit to each individual, locality and county contributing material."

The work is in the hands of the executive committee. For further information, address the corresponding secretary.

MRS. H. P. MATTHEWSON, President.

## CIVIL SERVICE.

Commissioner Gregory's Letter on the Subject of Assessments.

Prof. Gregory, of the civil service commis-

ion, has written a long letter on the subject of political assessment, the chief points of which are the following: The grand intent of those sections of the civil service act which relate to contributions for political purposes are two-fold: First—To prevent the use of government places and funds as forces to control elections. Second—To protect the government employes from compulsory contributions to the political funds. The government clerk is employed to work for the people and not for the party. His pay comes from the people and not from the party. What he earns is hence his own. It is gross tyranny to extort from him any part of his earnings y threat of removal or promise of promo-ion. The clerk, outside of his clerkship, is till a citizen, and as such has a common interest with all good citizens in the progress and welfare of his country, the common right to vote and express opinions from associa-tions with those of like opinions, and use money in all lawful ways to promote his opinions. As an officer or employe of the government, strictly under the authority of ongress in all his official work and relations, must not violate any of the four prohibitions of the civil service act; but, outside of fficial life and relations beyond the realm of duty to and connection with the government, becomes a simple citizen and having the duties, interests and rights of his fellow-citizens not in public employ. The interpreta-tion of the civil service act and the path of duty required is plain to all who will honestly regard its two grand aims—one an absolute defense of the ballot-box from corruption or corrupting influence, and the other a protection of government officials from political assessments. In these two great public de-mands that law must and will be fully and fairly enforced.

#### PREPARING TO POOL.

The Western Railway Lines Reach an Agreement.

The railway problem in the west, says a Chicago dispatch, has been finally solved. At an adjourned session of the general managers of all western and southwestern roads held here, the initial proposition to form four pools on Colorado and Utah business, taking the Missouri river as the dividing line, making two pools east and two west of that stream, was finally unanimously agreed upon. The action of the conference provides that rates shall be maintained until October 6th, when, provided the agreement is signed by the pres dents of the roads, the pools will enter into effect and remain in force until the close of the present year. There appears to be no question but that the pools will receive the sanction of the presidents, and the new combination is already looked upon as a fixed fact. The general freight agents of several lines will meet today to agree upon a tariff, and the delicate duty of arranging percentages has been re-ferred to Joseph E. Tucker, as in the case of the newly formed Nebraska pool. Commissioners for the two pools will be named hereafter. The result achieved to-day is naturally looked upon as a complete abandonment of the tripartite agreement, as the advantages given under that compact to several of the roads are entirely waived. It directs that the combination have the power of making west-ern rates beyond the Missouri river, and the new compact provides for the pooling of all Union Pacific business. It is not expected that the formation of the new pools will result in any advance in the published tariff rates, but will simply insure their maintenance and cause the restoration of tariff rates between here and southwestern points.

## THE MARKETS.

омана. WHEAT—No. 2.
BARLEY—No. 2. BARLEY-NO. 2
RYE-NO. 2
CORN-NO. 2 mixed
OATS-NO. 2
BUTTER-Fancy Creamery... BUTTER-Choice dairy..... Grapes-Per pound..... Onions—Per bbl. CHICKENS—Per doz, live...... 2 25 Apples—Barrels APPLES-Barrels.
POTATOES-Per bushel..... 6 200 SEEDS—Timothy...... Seeds-Hungarian ...... 1 15 @ HAY-Bailed, per ton..... 8 00 @ 9 00 NEW YORK.

 

 WHE4T-No. 2 Spring
 84
 6
 84

 CORN-No. 2
 65
 6
 65

 OATS-Mixed Western
 32
 6
 34

 PORK-New Mess
 16
 75
 6
 17
 00

 CHICAGO. FLOUR-Winter..... 4 75 @ 5 50 FLOUR-Spring 3 75 6 4 50 WHEAT-Perbushel 74% 74 WHEAT—Per bushel 74% 74 CORN—Per bushel 78 6 79 OATS—Per bushel 26 6 26; PORK— 16 75 6 17 00 LARD— 16 75 70 17 00

LARD— 7 35 6 7 7335 HOGS—Pekg and shipp'g 5 85 6 6 25 CATTLE—Exports 6 40 6 6 80 ST. LOUIS. 
 WHEAT—Per bushel
 7724 6 7834

 CORN—Per bushel
 54 6 56

 OATS—Per bushel
 2656 27

 CATTLE—Exports
 6 40 6 6 75

 SHEEP—Medium
 3 00 6 3 50

 HOGS—Packers
 5 40 6 5 90
 WHEAT-Per bushel.....

KANSAS CITY.

WHEAT-Per bushel.....

Corn-Per bushel.....

DATS-Per bushel.....

# OATS—Per bushel. 22 6 23% CATTLE—Exports. 6 00 6 6 30 Hogs—Medium to good. 5 50 6 5 75 SHEEP—Fair to good. 3 00 6 3 50 THE AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

The Platform Put Forth for Public Consid-

eration. The following is the platform adopted by the American political alliance, which nominated Capt. W. F. Ellsworth, of Pennsylvania, and Charles H. Waterman, of New York, for president and vice president of the United

We demand the repeal of all naturalization laws, and the passage of an act by the concress of the United States making a residence of twenty-one years necessary to enable for-eigners to vote or hold official positions in this country, except when such foreign-born citizens have served in the army or navy of the United States; the passage of an act by congress prohibiting the formation of political organizations composed of foreigners ex-clusively; the rights of suffrage to American-born females the same as to males; opposition to importation and attempted colonization of foreigners and paupers from foreign countries, and the absolute suppression of Chinese immigration; an opportunity to vote direct for president and vice president of the United States; the native born citizens, white or colored, to rule and make the laws of the country; no appropriation of public funds for sectarian purposes; the rights of all American citizens as provided by the constitution to bemaintained and protected, and a free ballot

## Cleveland's Second Conflagration.

and a fair court.

The scenes of two weeks ago were repeated at Cleveland on the 20th on a smaller scale. The flats fire then was thought to have originated. flats fire then was thought to have being an accident. Later occurences leads to the belief that it may have been incendiary. Two-separate fires took place on the 20th. Whileseparate fires took place on the 20th. While firemen were going home from the first the second fire broke out, and it became certain that incendiaries were at work. Word was sent to neighboring towns for help, and en-gines came from Akron, Painsville, Sandusky, Elyra and Ashtabula. At night the fire was got under control and no further danger en-000; insurance, \$100,000. Browne, Strong & Co.'s loss is estimated at from \$160,000 to \$170-, 000; insurance about the same.

#### The Debt to be Funded. The final contract was signed at London on

Orleans. The plan in outline thought most advisable and productive of greatest good is to present the whole collection as a state exthe 24th by the English bondholders and Edward Noetzlin, representing the Mexican government, for the funding of the English debt