

NEWSNOTES CONDENSED

A Boiling Down of the More Important Events Here and There

Washington.

Nebraska pensions granted: John Glock, \$15; Andrew J. Miller, \$15; Alfred Nye, \$20; Carrie M. Peters, \$12; Abram Sutherland, \$15; David Voris, \$20.

The secretary of the interior has designated 167,000 acres of land in Wyoming as being subject to disposition under the provision of the enlarged homestead act. The land is in townships 48 to 51, north, range 100 to 102 west. Up to date a little over 17,000,000 acres of land in this state have been designated under this act.

By a coincidence which attracted attention, the third case to be argued before the supreme court of the United States after Justice Hughes became a member of that tribunal was one in which a high compliment was paid to him as governor of New York. It involves the validity of the Missouri 2-cent passenger rate law in 1907.

Secretary of the Interior Richard A. Ballinger, stopping at Muskogee, Okla., announced he was there to get into closer touch with conditions as they exist among the Indians of Oklahoma, so that he can better recommend needed legislation to congress. As all of the unallotted lands of the five civilized tribes are to be sold by the government in December, the secretary is investigating that matter.

Foreign.

A Lisbon dispatch to a news agency in London says that Great Britain has recognized the republic of Portugal.

The emperor and empress of Germany gave a state banquet concluding the celebration of the centenary of the University of Berlin.

King Manuel is engaged in the preparation of a manifesto for distribution to the press of Europe setting forth his side concerning the revolution. The manifesto will not be published until some time after the king's arrival in England.

The Philippine legislature has convened. In his message Governor General Forbes congratulated the government on the results of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and says that the finances of the Philippines are satisfactory. The fiscal year closes with a surplus in excess of \$1,000,000.

Spanish monks and nuns who have fled from Lisbon are arriving at Vigo, Badajoz and other points on the frontier. At Badajoz, on the order of a bishop the nuns are succored at the Carmelite convent. Owing to pending legislation affecting the religious orders, the influx of refugees is embarrassing to the Spanish government.

General.

The funeral of Senator Dolliver was held at Fort Dodge Thursday.

The public health service is hopeful in the fight to keep cholera out of the country.

W. H. Cowgill, railway commissioner of Nebraska, succumbed to paralysis after an illness lasting eight days.

Edward N. Whitson, judge of the United States circuit court of the eastern district of Washington, died at Spokane.

Stanley Ketchel, champion middle-weight pugilist of the world, died at Springfield, Mo., as a result of being shot by Walter A. Hurtz, a ranch hand.

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, died suddenly at his home in Fort Dodge on the 15th, after an illness of about one week. His death was due to dilatation of the heart.

Regular operation of Michigan Central passenger trains through the recently completed tunnel under the Detroit river, connecting this city with Windsor, Ont., have begun.

Census Supervisor S. C. Beach, who directed the census for the Portland district, scouted the report from Washington that the census returns of Portland and other coast cities had been padded.

At Greensburg, Pa., after more than thirty-six hours' deliberation, a jury returned a verdict finding eighteen deputy sheriffs guilty of voluntary manslaughter. They are accused of killing Paul Reno, a miner, in a strike riot last May.

Speeches eulogistic of Francesco Ferrer were made at a New York mass meeting.

It is estimated that \$47,920,848 will be required to continue the construction of the Panama canal during the fiscal year beginning July 1 next.

A raid and arrest at New York is declared to reveal a gigantic swindle in customs duties.

After months of secret effort and patient waiting, the officials of the general land office are able to announce the indictment of a number of claimants to valuable coal lands in Alaska.

The president withdrew 4,100 acres of land from the public domain in Montana.

A council of Christian union to sweep away denominational barriers was proposed at the Topeka convention.

Announcement of the death of Senator Dolliver was received with profound sorrow throughout the country. Argument was concluded in the government suit to dissolve the merger of the Union and Southern Pacific.

Reciprocity negotiations will probably be in progress between Canada and the United States within ten days.

A violent collision occurred on the streets of Valencia, Spain, between republicans and members of the Catholic club.

Every union man at the Illinois Central shops at Paducah, Ky., walked out through sympathy to the striking carmen.

Announcement was made of a gift of \$250,000 by John D. Rockefeller to the medical department of Western Reserve university.

To the already large area of about 17,000,000 acres, the department of the interior has added 167,000 acres of land to the enlarged homestead portion of Wyoming.

United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, who, with the members of his family, has been in Europe for a month, returned last week.

Secretary of State Knox has returned to his desk at the state department after spending nearly all summer at his country home at Valley Forge, Pa. The English government has invited Field Marshal Lord Kitchener to become a member of the committee on imperial defense and Lord Kitchener has accepted.

Five were killed and seventeen injured when two trains on the Charleston & West Carolina railroad crashed together at full speed two miles south of McCormick, S. C.

Thirty-six cigar factories out of the thirty-eight belonging to the Manufacturers' association will open their doors at Tampa to all cigarmakers willing to work on the manufacturers' terms.

Rear Admiral John A. Rogers, U. S. N., retired, arrived from Alaska, convinced that his missing son, Alexander, who went north in the summer of 1909, perished on the Valdez-Fairbanks trail.

Acting Secretary of State Alvey A. Adee, who has ridden over much of this country and Europe on a bicycle without mishap, was injured while riding in Washington when he attempted to avoid running over a yellow dog.

Announcement was made at Cleveland of a gift of \$250,000 by John D. Rockefeller to the medical department of Western Reserve university. The gift, which is a personal one, is made conditional on the raising of \$750,000 more by the university.

Another chapter was added to the history of aviation when the French dirigible balloon Clement-Bayard made the voyage from Compelgne to London in the remarkable time of six hours, a journey requiring seven hours by the fastest express trains.

The long-standing uneasiness among railroad employes in France developed in a declaration to strike on the part of those employed on the northern roads. The decision is a result of a refusal of the company to grant the demands of the men.

A move toward unification of all of Chicago's street car lines was made when the city council passed an ordinance permitting the rehabilitation of the Chicago Traction company and the purchase of the Consolidated Railways by the Chicago Railways company.

Uniformity in grain inspection throughout the United States and in the rules of trading in all exchanges will be the principal subject considered at the fourteenth annual convention of the grain dealers' national association, which held its initial session in Chicago.

Cousin Chamberlain telegraphed the state department from Lourenzo Marquez, East Africa, that the governor general of that colony continued in office under the new Portuguese regime; that the republic had been proclaimed throughout the provinces and that the translation was peaceable.

The Missouri state primary election law of 1909 is attacked in a petition filed in the supreme court declaring it unconstitutional. The petition was filed by attorneys for John Felz to compel the board of election commissioners of St. Louis to place his name on the official ballot as an independent candidate for the office of justice of the peace.

Personal.

Congressman McCall of Massachusetts was renominated.

Aviator Eugene Ely abandoned his Chicago-New York flight.

Charles E. Hughes took the oath as a justice of the supreme court.

Colonel Roosevelt took an air ride with Aviator Hoxsey at St. Louis.

Senator La Follette, operated upon for gall stones, is rapidly recovering.

Governor Eberhart calls the tragedy in northern Minnesota a ghastly lesson.

Colonel Roosevelt took issue with President Taft on the duty of the government in reclamation work in states.

The bans of the marriage of Prince Victor Napoleon and Princess Clementine of Belgium have been published.

Commander Robert E. Peary will be promoted to the rank of captain in the corps of naval civil engineers on October 20.

Lambert Tree, former circuit judge at Chicago, died at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York of heart failure. He was 78 years old.

PROVED A NUISANCE

THE EQUILIBRATOR CAUSE OF WELLMAN'S UNDOING.

BUT HE WILL TRY IT AGAIN

Commander of Lost America Back in New York and Able to Tell of His Voyage and Hazardous Rescue.

New York.—Walter Wellman and his five companions were landed here Wednesday by the steamship Trent, which picked them up at sea after they had abandoned their dirigible balloon America, and failed in the first attempt ever made to cross the Atlantic through the air. A bruised right hand, which Wellman carried in a sling, was the only physical injury that resulted from their long voyage of approximately 900 miles and a rescue the like of which is unknown to history. None of the aeronauts regret the loss of the America. They agree that it has served its purpose and taught its lesson. All stand ready to renew the attempt as soon as Wellman and his engineers find a way to conquer the difficulties that brought their first trip to its thrilling end last Tuesday morning, 400 miles south-east of Sandy Hook.

The direct cause of abandoning the America was the exhaustion of the supply of gasoline, which had to be thrown out to save the ship, for when the crew abandoned the balloon only enough was left to last about twenty-four hours.

Must Aid a Sister Lodge.

Milwaukee.—That the Nebraska lodge of the A. O. U. W. must pay \$160,000 to the supreme lodge, so that the supreme lodge may apply the money toward assisting the Wisconsin grand lodge, which became insolvent in 1906, to pay its liabilities, is the decision of Federal Judge Sanborn of Madison.

The suit against the Nebraska grand lodge was begun by the Fidelity Trust company, of Milwaukee, as receiver for the Wisconsin grand lodge and the supreme lodge.

Farm is Place for Negro.

Boston.—The call of the missionary field to the young men, the progress made by the colored race and the prospects for further development of the negro under missionary endeavor were discussed at the American missionary association in connection with the conference of the national council Congregational churches. Booker T. Washington was a speaker. He urged that all influence should be used to keep the negro for the most part in the rural districts.

Heavy Snow in Mountains.

Denver.—Snow is reported from all parts of Colorado, the first general snow storm of the season. Up in the mountain passes of the Moffat road above Toland, Col., snow from eight to ten feet deep is reported, and trains were blocked until a snowplow got through. In Denver the fall was light, but it was accompanied by a fall in temperature and high winds.

Reward for Incendiariness.

Washington.—Rewards of from \$50 to \$200 are offered by the secretary of agriculture for information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons who through maliciousness or carelessness set fires within the bounds of the national forests. Officers and employes of the department of agriculture are barred from participating in any of the rewards.

Spain Demands Indemnity.

Paris.—Spain is on the verge of a rupture with Morocco over the payment of the indemnity of 130,000,000 pesetas, approximately \$26,000,000 which Spain exacted following the successful campaign against the Riff tribesmen in the summer of 1900, and contemplates dispatching forty thousand soldiers across to the Riff coast to occupy Tetuan.

Last Boat Leaves Dawson.

Dawson.—The steamer La France, the last river boat of the year to sail from Dawson for White Horse, got away crowded with hundreds of passengers. All freight for way points was refused as the boat has a race against ice.

Turkey Raises a Loan.

Paris.—An official note issued confirms the announcement that an agreement has been reached between Turkey and France for the flotation of a \$30,000,000 loan in Paris.

Royal Exiles in England.

Plymouth.—The royal yacht Victoria and Albert has arrived here, bringing King Emanuel and Queen Mother Amelia from Gibraltar. They departed on a special train for Woodhampton, which will be their future home.

Kills Himself in a Cell.

Geneva.—Luigi Lucheni, who assassinated the emperor of Austria in 1908, committed suicide in his cell in the prison known as l'Eveche.

EXTENSION OF TIME

SWITCHING RATE ORDER IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 1.

TERMS OF THE ORIGINAL PLAN

Railroads Interpose Technical Objections to Carrying Out Command of the State Body.

After a hearing the State Railway commission decided to extend the date when the increased switching rates to be charged by the South Omaha stock yards shall go into effect. The order will take effect November 1 instead of October 24. Under the terms of the original order the stock yards is authorized to increase the switching rates. That portion of the order requiring the railroad companies to pay or "absorb" this additional switching rate is being strenuously resisted by the railroads. The commission was to have heard attorneys for the railroads, but the majority of the roads asked leave to present further testimony on the question of absorption of the charge. The roads also allege that they have never been made defendants in the case of the proposed increase in switching charges. Other technical objections were raised.

Rather than permit the increased rates to go into effect prior to a settlement of the question as to who is to pay the increase and to require shippers to pay the added charge and depend upon railroads to reimburse shippers, if it is finally determined that the railroads must pay the charge, the commission set aside the entire order temporarily and will hold a hearing October 27 on the question of absorption.

Attorney Ransom for the stock yards objected to extending the date of the enforcement of the increased rates one week. Attorney Ed. P. Smith for the Updike Elevator company made a brief argument in support of the original order. He said the grain market of Omaha was started only after the railroads had opposed it by every means in their power. He said the railroads preferred to haul grain through to Chicago rather than stop it at Omaha. He contended the railroads absorbed an in-switching rate of \$2 a car in Chicago on grain shipments originating east of the Mississippi river and a charge of \$5 a car on all grain shipments originating on their lines west of the Mississippi river. If the roads could absorb a charge of \$2 at Chicago they could do the same at Omaha. He said some of the roads have built their own switches to elevators in Omaha and switch grain for nothing. Where the roads cannot build a switch and the stock yards do so for them the roads ought to be made to pay the switching charge. Any other plan would be a discrimination against certain elevators, and if the switching charge is not absorbed by railroads the grain market of Omaha must go out of business.

"Fire Day" in Nebraska.

State Superintendent Bishop has announced that the first Friday in November will be known as "Fire day." On that day every teacher in the public schools is requested to give pupils information in regard to fire risks and what to do in case of fire. A fire prevention text book has been prepared and distributed among teachers.

Gilmore Heads Freshmen.

William P. Gilmore was elected president of the freshman class of the University of Nebraska after a spirited election. His two opponents were Charles Epperson of Clay Center and Leonard Purdy of Beatrice.

Work of Confidence Men.

K. W. Gillespie of 2730 Dudley street is another Lincoln man, who was picked for a dupe by confidence men. He has received a letter which purports to come from a distant relative, who is now in a French prison and who tells a harrowing tale. The favor asked of Gillespie is that he forward money to pay for the transportation of a daughter of the prisoner to this country.

Colonel of Guard Retired.

Adjutant General Hartigan has issued an order retiring Colonel John W. McDonnell of Fairbury of the Nebraska National Guard, under the provisions of the state law. The order pays tribute to Colonel McDonnell's service as an officer of the guard.

Ask for Lincoln Charter.

Mayor Love received a letter from O. E. Cook of Long Beach, Cal., asking for a copy of the Lincoln charter. Mr. Cook stated that Long Beach is about to change its charter so as to include the commission form of government.

Millers Meet.

Twenty-five members of the South Platte Millers' club met for an informal discussion of the wheat market. Millers from over the entire Platte valley were in attendance.

Health of the City.

Health Officer Rohde says the health of Lincoln is excellent at the present time. There are but eight cases of typhoid fever reported, a very light number for this season of the year. Other years the number of cases have been more than double.

FOR COURT MARTIAL.

First of the Kind in This State is Called. Adjutant General John C. Hartigan has prepared charges to be preferred against members of the Nebraska National Guard at a general court-martial to be held in Lincoln November 15. This will be the first general court martial ever held in this state for the trial of Nebraska National Guardsmen, and the event is looked forward to with great interest by members of the organization.

The majority of the accused are charged with absence without leave and disobedience of orders. Thus far only two are charged with desertion, one of these being charged with the unlawful taking of government property.

The court will comprise the following officers to hear the charges: Brigadier General Joseph A. Storch, Colonel F. J. Mack, Second regiment.

Colonel G. A. Eberly, First regiment. Lieutenant Colonel J. M. Birkner, medical department.

Major H. J. Paul, Second regiment. Major G. H. Holdeman, First regiment.

Captain L. H. Gage, signal corps. Captain C. L. Brewster, First regiment, judge advocate.

Most of the offenses alleged to have been committed against the military code of the state are said to have been committed at Fort Riley, Kan., or just prior to the departure of the guard to Fort Riley. The guard went to Fort Riley to participate in military maneuvers in which both regular soldiers and guardsmen from western states took part.

The Bank Guaranty Case.

Governor Shallenberger received a telegram from Attorney General Thompson, now in Washington, that he had filed and submitted a motion to advance the bank guaranty case before the supreme court of the United States. This motion will, if not overruled, bring the Nebraska case for argument at the same time that the Oklahoma and Kansas bank guaranty cases are heard. This will permit an earlier adjudication of the case than if it were taken up on the regular calendar.

An early decision is much desired as the next legislature will be asked to pass a new or amended measure if the supreme court fails to sustain the validity of the Nebraska act.

If the lower federal court, which knocked out the Nebraska law, is sustained, it is expected that the recommendation for the passage of a new law will be made with respect to the various points adjudicated in the laws of other states. Those points that have been upheld in the bank guaranty laws of other states will probably be picked out and woven together, as nearly as possible, into a law which it is thought will stand the test of any of the courts.

An Offender Apprehended.

Chief Malone, of the police department received word that J. W. French wanted for wife desertion, had been arrested in Tacoma, Wash. A special officer left to bring French back to Lincoln.

Rates on Candy.

The Nebraska railway commission under an order written by Chairman H. T. Clarke has given candy manufacturers of the state a reduction by changing the classification of candy. The principal candy manufacturers of the state complained that the classification applicable to shipments of candy in less than carload lots is unreasonable and requested that all such shipments be rated at third-class, irrespective of value. The commission did not grant the request but it ordered a change by requiring the railroads to accept the cheaper candy at a less rate.

Knights Dedicate Temple.

The handsome new temple of Lincoln lodge No. 16, Knights of Pythias, was dedicated by the grand lodge officers in the presence of several hundred Pythians and their friends. Visitors from Omaha, South Omaha, Norfolk, Fremont, Wahoo and Hickman were present.

Health Matters.

State Health Inspector W. H. Wilson was called to North Platte to investigate reports of a scarlet fever epidemic. The inspector has twice visited Cortland, where diphtheria exists, and has established a quarantine there.

Motion Overruled.

Judge Munger overruled a motion of the plaintiff to remand in the case of State of Nebraska ex. rel. Joel Hull against the Kansas City and Omaha Railroad company. This road is now owned by the Burlington. The case was brought under quo warranto proceedings praying for forfeiture of part of the defendant's right of way.

Petitioners Not Limited.

Candidates for the legislature who desire to get positions on the ticket by petition need not file petitions with the secretary of state. Secretary of State Junkin says the law plainly provides that where a candidate for either branch of the legislature desires to go on a ballot by petition he shall file his petition with the county clerk. If the district in which he desires to be a candidate comprises more than one county, the candidate shall file by petition with each county clerk in the district.

RHEUMATISM



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Nebraska Directory

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LEFT TO A WORSE FATE

Dynamiter, Himself a Married Man, Knew What Awaited Forgetful Husband.

The business man was sitting in his office, thinking of starting for home, when a suspicious looking person came in with a leather bag in his hand.

"If you don't give me \$25," said the visitor, coming at once to the point, "I will drop this on the floor."
The business man was cool. "What is in it?" he asked.

"Dynamite," was the brief reply.
"What will it do if you drop it?"
"Blow you up."

"Drop it!" was the instant command. "My wife told me when I left home this morning to be sure and send up a bag of flour, and I forgot it. I guess it will take just about as much dynamite as you have there to prepare me for the blowing up I'll get when she sees me!"
He threw himself back in his chair and waited for the explosion, but it did not come.

"I'm a married man myself," said the dynamiter, and quietly slipped out.
—Illustrated Bits.

History of Red Cross Seal.

"Charity stamps," first used in Boston in 1862 for the soldiers' relief funds during the Civil war, were the original forerunners of the Red Cross Christmas seal, which will be used this year to bring happiness and cheer to millions. The Delaware Anti-Tuberculosis society in 1907 for the first time in America made use of a stamp for the purpose of getting revenue to fight consumption. In a hastily organized campaign of only three weeks they realized \$3,000. The next year, 1908, the American Red Cross conducted the first national tuberculosis stamp campaign. From this sale \$135,000 was realized for the anti-tuberculosis movement. In 1909, under many adverse conditions, \$250,000 was realized from these stamps. This year the slogan of the tuberculosis fighters and the Red Cross is "A Million for Tuberculosis From Red Cross Seals in 1910."

Toothsome Tid-Bits

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