

The Custer County Republican

D. M. AMSBERRY, Editor

BROKEN BOW, - - - NEBRASKA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES
FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events
In Which Readers Generally Are
Interested.

Washington.

Representative McLachlan of California, made a speech in the house on his resolution calling on the secretary of war for detailed information regarding the military readiness of the country.

Dominic de Gama, at present minister of Brazil to the Argentine Republic will be appointed ambassador to the United States. No official announcement on the subject has been made but there is little doubt such is the fact.

A study of industrial education in the United States has been begun by the bureau of labor. The scope of the inquiry has not yet been definitely determined by Commissioner Neill. A special agent of the bureau is studying in a general way the various forms of industrial training.

Members of the Ballinger-Pinchot committee are discussing the probability of a report during the present session of congress. Several members expressed the opinion that the hearings could not be concluded and the mass of testimony reviewed and passed on before congress adjourned.

Battling Nelson called on Speaker Cannon at the capitol and after carefully looking over the latter's spare frame from a respectful distance averred "that the speaker would have made a great feather weight."

After weeks of inactive deadlock, followed by other weeks of careful work of consideration, conference and the house postal saving bill, as favored by the republican members of the committee on postoffice and post roads, was introduced to the house by Representative Gardner of New Jersey.

General.

The Standard Oil company has increased the wages of its workmen from 6 to 10 per cent. The order is retroactive and became effective May 1. It is estimated that the company will add from \$6,000,000 to \$10,000,000 to its annual pay roll expense. The new scale affects employees engaged in the company's works and factories, but the office men will not be benefited by this increase. Most of the employees who will get the increase are laborers, and the advance applies to all the subsidiary companies in the United States. The company has approximately 70,000 employees. The Standard is one of the very few big concerns of this country which has never had a strike among its employees.

Two towns were wrecked and several people killed by a tornado in Oklahoma.

Seventy-five thousand mines with \$750,000 fund behind them are on a strike in Illinois.

Liliuokalani, former Queen of Hawaii, has again met defeat in her effort to obtain \$450,000 for the rentals from the crown lands in Hawaii.

Theodore H. Price of New York, the cotton king, indicted in Washington for connection with the cotton leak scandal of 1908, cannot be prosecuted in the District of Columbia.

The senate committee has agreed to appropriate \$425,000 for an addition to the Lincoln (Neb.) public building.

The Hyde jury found the defendant guilty, fixing punishment at life imprisonment.

Augustus L. Revers, the great grandson of Paul Revere, and said to have been the last direct descendant of the revolutionary hero, died at Morristown, N. J.

It was announced at Houston, that Edwin Hawley had purchased the Texas & Central railway and that the line would become part of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas system.

Rev. William A. Wasson, rector of the Grace Episcopal church at Riverhead, N. Y., a fashionable summer resort, is going to give up the pulpit to defend the liquor cause in the United States.

Sir Walter Gilbey, the author of numerous books on agriculture, horse breeding and sporting subjects, is seriously ill in London.

King George ordered that military sentries be posted at Dorchester house in honor of Mr. Roosevelt, special envoy of the United States.

After eluding arrest for thirteen years, William Allen, wanted in Barry county, Missouri, for the murder of Samuel Gibbs, is under arrest at Marshfield, Ore.

One hundred men were killed by a dynamite explosion in Cuba.

There was evidence of bad humor in the senate debate on the railroad bill.

Reports from Nanking, the capital of the province of Kiang Su, tell of serious evidences of unrest among the Chinese.

President Taft takes full responsibility for the Lawler letter.

Astronomers obtained valuable observations during the passage of the earth through the comet's tail.

Richard Price Morgan who is credited with drawing the plans for the first elevated railroad in the United States and a former roommate of Abraham Lincoln, is dead, aged 82 years.

The interior department is preparing for the establishment of the bureau of mines, in accordance with the recent enactment of congress, creating it as a co-ordinate division in that department.

The Democrats in the senate refused to make an agreement to aid the "regulars."

John H. Converse, late head of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, of Philadelphia, has created a fund of \$200,000 to carry on evangelical work.

The claim that American people have gone navy mad was made in the senate by Hale and Clay.

Two almost simultaneous explosions of dynamite, supposed to consist of 3,000 pounds, completely demolished the rural guard barracks in the city of Pinar del Rio. One hundred were killed.

Speaker Cannon was quoted as predicting that congress will not adjourn until July 15th, at the earliest, and possibly remain in session until August 1.

Five carloads of macaroni shipped from St. Louis to Chicago and alleged to contain poisonous coloring substance, was ordered destroyed by Judge Landis.

The house postal savings bank bill, as favored by the republican members of the committee on postoffice and post roads, was introduced to the house by Representative Gardner of New Jersey.

Mrs. George M. Pullman, widow of the late palace car magnate, was successfully operated on in Chicago Tuesday. Her speedy recovery is predicted.

House insurgents are very angry over the speech of Speaker Cannon at New York.

Racing will not be re-established in Louisiana at this session of the legislature. Governor Sanders announced recently that he would vote any measure repealing the Locke law.

The United States has suggested to Mexico that the boundary question involved in the celebrated Chamizal zone case be submitted to some well known jurist of a mutually friendly power for arbitration.

Advices received at Guayaquil state that the Peruvian government has stationed 100,000 men along the frontier to resist invasion.

Plans for King Edward's funeral ceremonies include a great military pageant.

The first survivors of the recent earthquake in Costa Rica, in which more than 1,500 lives were lost in the destruction of Cartago, arrived at New York.

Colonel W. T. Sullivan, a former postoffice inspector, for several years in charge at Denver, Colo., died at Gallatin, Mo., from paralysis. He retired from the government service about three months ago.

An excursion steamer capsized in the Missouri river but no lives were lost.

Personal.

Hon. W. J. Bryan publicly discussed the liquor traffic in Chicago. Memorial services for King Edward were held in Washington.

Census returns show that comparatively few people attain the age of 100 years.

Bishop and Lady Van Scheele of Sweden will make a tour of the United States.

Clara Morris, the famous actress, is seriously ill with fear of entirely losing her sight.

Representative Kendall has asked that the eight-hour bill be reported to the house immediately.

Attorneys of Dr. Hyde of Kansas City have filed a motion for a new trial. It will be heard June 4th.

President Taft's action in sending a letter to Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, commending Representative Smith for reelection has stirred up considerable interest in Washington.

More than twenty men were killed by an explosion at Canton, O.

Regulars in congress were generally successful in the statewide primary in Ohio.

W. J. Bryan, in a hall hired by himself, told Omaha voters what he thought of democracy of that county.

Henry Watterson addressed the Canadian press association on the changing conditions in the newspaper profession.

Congressman Walter I. Smith of Iowa opened his campaign for re-nomination as a standpat republican.

Congressman Hinshaw has decided not to enter the race for the governorship of Nebraska.

Tex Rickard has been selected as referee in the Jeffries-Johnson fight.

Prospects are for a month's debate in the house on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Clara Morris, the famous actress of a generation ago, is said to be threatened with blindness at her home in Yonkers.

Be Paymaster General.

Washington.—It was announced at the navy department that Captain T. J. Cowles, of the pay corps, will be appointed paymaster general in place of Rear Admiral E. B. Rogers, upon the retirement of that official.

Chicago.—Albert J. Snell, son of the millionaire, Amos J. Snell, whose murder here in 1888 created a widespread sensation, was found dead in bed at a rooming house here Tuesday.

STORING THE WATER

WORK DONE AT THE NORTH PLATTE SUB-STATION.

BULLETIN 114 GIVES THE DATA

It is issued by the Nebraska Experimental Station.—Other Matters at the State Capital.

The Nebraska Experiment Station has issued Bulletin No. 114, on Storing Moisture in the Soil. This bulletin is a report of work done at the Experimental Substation located at North Platte.

This bulletin takes up the necessity of storing water in the soil during periods of wet weather to be used during periods of drouth. A short description is given of the type of soil found on the Substation farm, the manner of sampling, and the depth of sampling. Some samples were taken to a depth of 15 feet in order to reach a point below which the crops could not obtain water.

A map is given showing the division of the farm into fields and also one showing the soil areas of the state. A brief discussion of the movements of the water found in the soil is also given.

The charts show that water is conserved in the soil through cultivation and that it is necessary to keep the surface of the soil loose and in a receptive condition to get the water into the soil. Almost as much water is gotten into the soil during the early part of the season where a cultivated crop is being grown as is conserved by summer tillage. This is due to the fact that the surface soil is kept loose enough to hold the water that falls until it can get down into the soil, and the loose soil on the surface prevents evaporation; it is also due to the fact that comparatively few plants are being grown in a cultivated field and these do not draw very heavily on the water supply during the early part of their growth.

In a small grain field more plants are grown, with the result that the water is used more rapidly and less water is gotten into the soil. In fields growing alfalfa or brome grass where the number of growing plants are large and the surface of the soil is smooth and hard, it is seldom that enough water gets into the soil to moisten the soil below two or three feet. By the method of summer tilling practiced, from 40 to 50 per cent of the season's rainfall has been stored for the use of the subsequent crop. On this type of soil the water is available for the crop.

Several charts and tables are given in the bulletin, to show the amount of precipitation at North Platte. One table given shows the daily precipitation during the period that this work was being done. Charts showing the annual precipitation and the average precipitation by months are also given.

This bulletin may be had free of cost by residents of Nebraska upon application to the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station, Lincoln, Neb.

Petition Being Circulated.

Petitions are being circulated among buttermakers and dairymen in Nebraska protesting against the passage of the proposed federal law to lay a tax of two cents on colored and uncolored oleomargarine. At present uncolored oleomargarine, which is easily detected and which does not compete seriously with the butter trade, pays a tax of a quarter of one cent per pound. Colored oleomargarine, which is readily mistaken for butter, if its appearance alone is judged, pays an almost prohibitive tax of ten cents a pound.

No Reduced Rates.

Walter Whitten, secretary of the Lincoln Commercial club, has received notice from the Western Passenger association that the railroads will make no reduction in fares next October to the Farmers' National congress, which meets in Lincoln at that time.

Two Years for Johnson.

Dr. William H. Johnson, convicted of performing a criminal operation which caused the death of a 17-year-old girl here, was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. Sentence was suspended pending appeal to the supreme court.

Charter for Bank.

The Bostwick State bank of the town of Bostwick, Nuckolls county, has obtained a charter from the state banking board. The new bank will have a paid up capital stock of \$10,000. The incorporators are J. B. McGrew, C. H. Waldo and J. W. Kirkbride.

School Money Distribution.

W. D. Redmon, statistician in the office of the state superintendent, will be able in a day or two to certify to the auditor the amount of money each county in the state is entitled under the semi-annual distribution of the temporary school fund. The amount to be apportioned this May is \$324,265.89. This will be 87 cents for each pupil, there being 371,452 children of school age in the state at this time. Douglas county will receive of the fund \$34,484.93. A year ago the amount was \$293,182.49.

CHEAPER ADMISSION.

The State Fair Managers Offer Lower Rates.

The board of managers of the state fair met and approved the contract made by Chairman C. H. Rudge and President O. P. Hendershot for the appearance of the Wright Brothers aeroplane at the state fair which is to be held at Lincoln the first week in September. The board members present were President Hendershot of Hoboken; Chairman Rudge of Lincoln; G. W. Hervey of Omaha; Peter Youngers of Geneva; L. W. Leonard of Pawnee City and E. Z. Russell of Blair.

The air ship flights promise to be one of the best attractions the board has ever engaged. Flights will be made both in the forenoon and afternoon of each day of the fair. Vaudeville acts will be given at the grand stand on the race course each forenoon, afternoon and evening.

Night races will be a feature of the fair this year for the first time in addition to fireworks. To light the track at night for racing electric or gasoline lamps will be used.

The trouble over securing Lombardo's band and grand opera company has been settled and the band and singers will appear at a Sunday afternoon concert in the auditorium at the fair grounds. The manager of the organization desired to give a Sunday concert at another city, but the board proved that the original arrangements called for a Sunday concert in Lincoln and he agreed to come and sign the contract. The organization comprises 44 instrumentalists, 8 grand opera singers and sixteen chorus singers. Four concerts daily will be given.

Monday, September 1, will be labor day, and the fair board has decided to give special inducements for laboring men and old soldiers to attend on that day. The admission will be only 25 cents, half the usual price. For 25 cents one can stay all day and remain on the grounds during the evening on Monday. On Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday an admission fee of 25 cents will be charged after 5 p. m. This fee is made low for the benefit of those who desire to attend the evening entertainments only. The board has decided to change the form of its tickets this year. In addition a season ticket will be sold for \$2. The board also contemplates putting in cash turnstiles at all of the outer gates so that the ticket sellers and gate keepers may be abolished. The kind of apparatus in view will turn only when a patron drops half a dollar in a slot.

State to Refund Money.

It is probable the next legislature will be called upon to pay in the neighborhood of \$12,000 or \$15,000 to corporations which have paid to the secretary of state an occupation tax based on the authorized capital stock instead of the subscribed and paid up stock.

Cannot Cancel Stock.

Attorney General Thompson, in reply to a question, has informed the Nebraska state railway commission that it has no power to order the cancellation of stock, or any portion thereof, of any consolidated company organized under and complying with the provisions of section 10671, Cobbe's Annotated Statutes for 1909, where such company has issued its stock to an amount in excess of the actual value of its properties. The commission has this question before it in the complaint of County Attorney E. M. Tyrrell against the Lincoln Traction company.

Reduction of Fails Allowed.

The Nebraska Telephone company has been permitted to reduce its toll rates at Elk Creek, Johnson county, owing to the recent installation of an independent exchange at that point. The Nebraska company was also authorized to cut its toll rate between Wayne and Wakefield from 15 cents to 5 cents.

Invitation to Roosevelt.

An invitation will be extended to Theodore Roosevelt to make an address before the Epworth assembly this summer, according to an announcement yesterday through the Lincoln Commercial club. A committee of club members who are also boosters of the assembly will send a letter asking him to come. As Mr. Roosevelt is to speak before the national conservation congress at Kansas City and fill some other western dates, it is hoped that he can be booked for a Lincoln engagement.

Nebraska Wheat Production.

Grain dealers estimate the probable wheat production in Nebraska this year at upwards of twenty million bushels, which is about half the state's crop in 1909. The normal amount produced in this state in past years has been 40,000,000, and about half a crop is what the grain men expect, taking the state altogether. The southeastern counties are worse hit than the region farther west, but some of the North Platte territory has also suffered, notably a part of Platte county north of Columbus.

Sherman Cannot Come.

Vice President Sherman has written to A. H. Talbot saying he cannot come to Lincoln to deliver the address at the laying of the Young Men's Christian association cornerstone. An invitation was extended to the vice president by Mr. Talbot when the latter was in Washington several weeks ago, and the vice president thought at that time he might arrange to be here. Since going over his engagements elsewhere, however, he finds it will be impossible for him to visit Lincoln.

LAKE STEAMER LOST

FRANK H. GOODYEAR SUNK IN A COLLISION ON HURON.

SEVENTEEN SUPPOSED PERISH

Colliding Steamer, the James B. Wood, Arrives at Port Huron With Some Survivors of Wrecked Boat.

Port Huron, Mich.—Families and friends of the missing eighteen members of the crew of the steamer Frank H. Goodyear, which sank Monday off Pointe Aux Barques, Lake Huron, after being rammed amidships by the steamer James B. Wood, practically gave up all hope of any of the missing party having been rescued. The steamer Sir William Siemens, said to have been picked up some of the missing crew, passed Detroit Tuesday and made no report of having any of the survivors aboard. That the Siemens would have reported otherwise is regarded as certain.

Four of the rescued members of the crew have gone to the Goodyear headquarters in Cleveland. Mrs. Emma Bassett, the only other survivor, is still in Port Huron. The Goodyear, operated by Mitchell & Co., of Cleveland, was coming down from Lake Superior laden with ore. The Wood, owned by the Gilchrist Transportation company of Cleveland, was going up light. There was little sea at the time and the fog is held largely responsible for the accident.

Dips Into Politics.

Atlantic City, N. J.—The Presbyterian general assembly Tuesday made a formal protest against the holding of the Johnson-Jeffries fight for the heavyweight championship of the world. The protest will be sent to Governor Gillette of California.

The college board of the assembly asked for a movement to raise a fund of \$15,000,000 for college work to be divided among the fifty-seven colleges of the faith.

During discussion of the college board's request, Dr. John Willis Baer, president of Occidental college of California, created a stir by taking as his text for an address the quotation from Former President Theodore Roosevelt as follows: "The one thing supremely worth having is opportunity coupled with capacity to do a thing worthily and well."

Dr. Baer was cheered when he referred to Mr. Roosevelt as "an American citizen temporarily absent from the white house."

The committee on temperance presented its report to the assembly. It stated that solid progress has been made during the past year, though not so much territory was gained for prohibition as in the previous year.

Peru Accepts Mediation.

Washington.—The government of Peru has formally accepted, without reserve, the mediation of the United States, Brazil and Argentina in the boundary dispute between Peru and Ecuador.

United States Minister Coombs telegraphed the state department from Lima to the effect that formal copies of the joint note in English, Spanish and Portuguese were delivered to the president of Peru, and that he had been officially advised by that government to accept the mediation without reserve.

The first condition upon which the offer of mediation was made was that the government should suspend the mobilization of their troops and withdraw them from the border line.

To accept the mediation must mean the acceptance of the conditions imposed and therefore no further steps will be taken by this government or Brazil and Argentina until the armies now on the frontier have been withdrawn.

Out for Office at Eighty-five.

Durham, N. C.—After having served in office continuously for fifty-two years, John Laws of Orange county, at the age of eighty-five is in the field as a candidate for re-election for register of deeds. He is declared to be the oldest officeholder in point of service in the United States and during his long term has weathered many political upheavals. It is not doubted that he will come out victorious at this, the latest battle at the polls.

But Laws' claim to distinction does not rest alone with his political success. His matrimonial experience has given him fame as well. At the age of eighty he took to himself a wife barely entered on her teens and only recently became the proud father of the third child by this union.

The veteran was an old friend of Andrew Jackson and President Polk.

Lieut. Alexander Killed.

London.—Lieut. Boyd, the noted traveler, has been murdered by natives near Wadal, in the French Congo. This bare fact reached the foreign office Tuesday. No details are obtainable yet.

Lieut. Boyd Alexander, late of the seventh battalion, British rifle brigade, retired from the army in 1907. He has led several notable scientific expeditions.

He was the author of several volumes descriptive of his travels.

Libby's Food Products

Never Vary in Quality or Taste

Because the utmost care is taken by Libby's Chefs to select only the choicest materials and prepare them in the same careful manner every time. You are thus assured of uniform goodness, and this is the reason that the use of Libby's gives such general satisfaction to every housewife.

Try Libby's

Dried Beef Mexican Tamales
Ham Loaf Chili con Carne
Vienna Sausage
Evaporated Milk

For luncheon, spreads or everyday meals they are just the thing.

Keep a supply in the house. You never can tell when they will come in handy. Ask for Libby's and be sure you get Libby's.



Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago



NOT INTERESTED IN TOADS

But Exasperated Suburbanites Were Forced to Listen to Statistics Until Patience Gave Way.

"Toads—" began the man who is always looking up queer statistics. "Blast the toads!" snapped the suburbanite with the ham, the bag of flour and the lawn mower. "I am not interested in toads."

"But you should be, sir. The toad lays 81,000 eggs annually."

"Very extraordinary, but—"

"The female toad also lives to be a thousand years old. Now if a hen could live to be a thousand years old and lay 81,000 eggs annually it would take a cold-storage warehouse as big as Maine, California and Texas, to hold them."

"Wonderful, but my train—"

"Stood on end the eggs would reach from here to the moon and back and leave enough to fill the Pacific ocean."

"Let go of my buttonhole, sir. I want to make the train—"

"Useless job. The train is already made. Listen to sense. After those eggs filled the Pacific ocean it would cause a tidal wave that would sweep—"

But just then the exasperated suburbanite brought his bag of flour down on the garrulous stranger. Then he escaped to his train.

What He Knew.

"You can tell me the names of the twelve apostles, Sam?" said the pretty Sunday school teacher one morning. Sam's face fell, and he shifted his weight from one foot to the other. "Can't do it, ma'am," he said, sorrowfully; and then his eyes brightened; "but I can call off all of the pitchers in the league teams," he volunteered.—Harper's Magazine.

In 1950.

"Did he object to his wife's getting into prison?" "No; he only said it wasn't the jail where his mother used to go."—Harper's Bazar.

A Breakfast Joy— Sweet, Crisp, Golden-Brown Post Toasties

Ready to serve from the package with cream—no cooking necessary.

"The Memory Lingers"

Pkgs. 10c and 15c.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.