

The Custer County Republican

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BROKEN BOW, - - - NEBRASKA

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Foreign.

A special dispatch from Vienna states that the Austrian petroleum refineries and firms selling petroleum in tank cars will be obliged henceforth to procure government licenses. It is understood this is a step in the direction of establishing a monopoly of the oil trade as the Austrian petroleum industry is unable to compete with the Standard Oil company.

The suggestion made by Cardinal Moran that St. Patrick's day be celebrated through the world as Ireland's empire day has met with a hearty response in Dublin, and already steps have been taken to make next year's celebration partake of this character not only in Dublin but wherever Irishmen may be found.

When the Hamburg-American steamer President Grant, arrived at Cherbourg efforts were made to locate Gifford Pinchot, the former chief forester of the United States, who was reported to have sailed as a passenger on the steamer, but the officials of the President Grant stated that Mr. Pinchot landed at Plymouth, with the intention of proceeding to London.

The report of the death of King Menelik of Abyssinia, which was said to have occurred Sunday, is officially denied. A dispatch sent from Addis Ababa, says that Empress Taitou is still nursing the king, but that a regency has been instituted, and is now carrying on the government. The capital, the dispatch says, is overflowing with soldiers, loyal to Ras Tefama, the regent, and 10,000 more are expected to reach the city soon.

General.

Three reports were submitted in the house on the administration railroad bill.

Richard Barah, editor of the socialist organ Vorwarts, at Berlin, was sentenced to a month's imprisonment for having organized the demonstrative "stro" of March 6 when thousands paraded in the interest of suffrage reform.

The announcement that Westminster cathedral is to be consecrated on June 23, has brought further gifts for the building, including altars for three of the chapels, and money for mural decoration, the total value amounting to £12,000. Already £252,523 has been spent on the building.

With ninety-four years behind him and weary of waiting for death because of the infirmities of old age, J. A. Durfee, formerly of Chicago, committed suicide in San Francisco by shooting himself in the head.

The body of Justice Brewer was taken to Leavenworth, Kas., for burial.

Nine hundred coal mines in Illinois closed down until the wage question is settled.

Mr. Roosevelt announced that on account of conditions imposed he will not visit the pope.

Taft, it is declared, is soon to assume the aggressive and turn on the men who criticize him.

The United States and Canada are moving for a reciprocity treaty.

Between three and four hundred perished in a ball room fire in a town of Hungary.

President Lewis of mine workers says a uniform advance will be granted the miners.

Marie Corelli, novelist, is seriously ill of pneumonia at her home, Mason Croft, Stratford-upon-Avon.

The French chamber of deputies voted to lay down two battalions in the present year, designed to equal the latest type added to the navies of Great Britain and Germany.

The refusal of employers to grant an increase in pay from \$4.00 to \$4.50 a day caused a strike of 500 journeymen carpenters at Yonkers, N. Y.

More than 3,000 white and negro women and children employed in the American Tobacco company's stemmeries at Louisville went on a strike.

Members of the supreme court did not make the trip to Leavenworth to attend the funeral of Justice Brewer.

Sixteen thousand union coal miners in Iowa will be idle for an indefinite period as a result of a suspension of work.

Governor Marshall of Indiana will investigate charges against the United States Steel company.

At Houston, Tex., Assistant Chief of Police William Murphy was shot and killed by Earl MacFarlane, a former patrolman, who had been recently discharged from the force.

Henry Lair of San Francisco, after serving thirteen months of a two-year sentence in the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth imposed by Judge Landis of Chicago for engaging in the white slave traffic, was released.

President Taft wants an appropriation to carry out provisions of the tariff act.

The sympathetic strike in Philadelphia is all over and men are returning to work.

Justice Moody is reported improving and will probably return to work on the bench by next fall.

Pittsburg bankers were called before the grand jury which is investigating councilman graft.

Owing to the death of Justice Brewer, the Standard Oil case and others may have to be re-argued.

The Mississippi legislature completed the groundwork for its probe into the alleged bribery case.

Steps were taken to expunge from record a rebuke by the house to Roosevelt while president.

Both houses of congress took an early adjournment out of respect to the memory of Justice Brewer.

Denial was made by Attorney General Wickersham that he had ever acted as counsel for the sugar trust.

The academy of science of the University of Nebraska will be divided into sections this year for the first time.

Captain Lorenz Paterson, a sea adventurer who had taken part in many perilous exploits, is dead in Yokohama, according to mail advices.

In an address to railroad men at Worcester, Mass., the president declared his friendliness to unions.

More than 2,000,000 packages of matches went up in smoke during a spectacular fire at St. Louis.

It is said President Taft will not name a successor to Justice Brewer for some time to come.

Philadelphia street car men, who have been on strike six weeks, voted to remain out.

Washington.

President Taft recently sustained his reputation as a dancer. He was a guest at the charity ball of the navy relief society given at the navy yard. Secretary of the Navy Meyer received the president upon his arrival. A feature of the occasion was an exhibition drill by sailors of the Mayflower, of the Dolphin and the navy yard. President Taft danced but once and then but for a few moments, his sister-in-law, Mrs. Louis Moore, being his partner.

After three days of sharp controversy, the senate passed the house bill so amending the employer's liability law as to give the state courts concurrent jurisdiction with the federal courts in dealing with suits for damages growing out of accidents. The measure was reported from the committee on the Judiciary and was in charge of Senator Borah who finally steered it to a successful termination notwithstanding many sharp assaults from both sides of the chamber.

The trustees and alumni of the Stevens Institute and alumni of the Institute of Technology, Hoboken, N. J., have undertaken active measures to recover a sum of money—\$45,000 and interest—which was paid to the United States government as an inheritance tax in 1870. Promptness in payment is now declared to have been the real cause of the institute's loss for other charitable and educational institutions which delayed, were exempted by special laws.

President Taft will attend the launching of the big battleship Florida, at the New York navy yard on May 12. The Florida is one of the super-dreadnaughts of the navy and will have a displacement of 21,000 tons. She is the first big ship built at the New York yard since the 16,000 ton Connecticut was turned out there. Secretary of the Navy Meyer personally conveyed an invitation to the president today to attend the launching and Mr. Taft accepted.

Personal.

People from all over the world will see the Johnson-Jeffries fight.

President Lewis of the mine workers is optimistic, declaring, the suspension will not last long.

President Taft and his cabinet are pleased over financial conditions.

Robert E. Peary, who arrived in Chicago, declared he was positively through with polar explorations for all time.

Joseph Sears, Dodham, Mass., is the father of thirty-four children.

Mr. Roosevelt addressed the students of the University of Egypt.

Death of Justice Brewer caused profound regret in Washington.

An expert from Washington has arrived in Omaha to study the water supply trouble.

Justice David J. Brewer of the United States supreme court died suddenly at Washington.

The members of Vice Admiral Fournier, commander of the Mediterranean squadron of the French navy, have been issued.

The coal miners' strike, now so general, it is thought will soon be adjusted.

Weston, the walkist, is eleven days ahead of his schedule.

Two Japanese engaged in an effort to secure plans of the fortifications at Corrigidor, P. I., have been arrested.

King Frederick of Denmark declared that the United States was the model for all nations.

James J. Hill believes the railroads will experience next fall and winter the greatest traffic congestion in their history.

Clayton Re-Elected.

St. Joseph, Mo.—Alvah P. Clayton, Democrat, was re-elected mayor of St. Joseph by 2,504 votes. His opponent was Frank B. Fulkerson, republican police commissioner, who was running on a strict law enforcement platform.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL

MATTER TO BE SETTLED IN THE SUPREME COURT.

SUIT TO PREVENT LOCATION

Damage to Forest Reserve Near Dunning.—Matters Generally From the State Capital.

The importance of a decision on the injunction asked to block the location of the new normal school at Chadron was diminished by an agreement between the attorneys that the case should be submitted at once to the supreme court for final adjudication.

N. K. Griggs, attorney for the Burlington, and C. C. Flansburg argued the case of the Alliance men who sought the injunction. Grant Martin, deputy attorney general, F. M. Hall and A. W. Crites represented the Chadron interests and those of the normal board.

Judge Crites insisted that the people of Chadron might be seriously damaged by further delay, as about 2,000 feet of sewer must be laid to the contemplated school, and this will, he stated, cost about three times as much later in the summer as it will now. Upon this showing Judge Frost ordered an order drawn to indemnify Chadron for such loss. This was withdrawn afterwards, however, on the suggestion of the Chadron attorneys. The temporary injunction was secured on representations that the present normal board had no power to let the contract, that there were no such officers as are named in the normal school bill and that the Chadron people were unable to furnish proper title to the land on which the school is to be built.

The appropriation was \$25,000. Applications were filed only by Alliance within the original time limit of the bill. Later applications were filed after the supreme court had settled upon the board that should continue in existence and Attorney General Thompson gave the board an opinion that these later applications met the spirit of the law and should be considered as if there had been no interruption in the activities of the board.

Damage to Forest Reserve.

D. Clem Deaver, who was in the city for the conservation congress, received word from the government forest reserve near Dunning, this state, that great damage was done to the reserve in the recent prairie fire that swept a tract of country ninety miles long in the valleys of the Loup and Dismal rivers. While the forest was protected by guards the fire jumped these and got into the young trees. In many places on the reserve the grass was heavy and great damage resulted. The fire jumped the Loup river in three different places, having been carried across by the high wind that blew. Concerning this matter Mr. Deaver said:

"Fire can never destroy the good work done by the forest service along the Dismal and Loup rivers in Nebraska. The fact that pine trees can be grown in the sand hills of northwestern Nebraska is so firmly planted in the minds of the farmers of that section of the state that even though every tree on the forest reserve should be destroyed by fire, the farmers will go on planting trees from year to year until that part of the state will look like a wooded country. In the early days of Nebraska, people were just as skeptical about growing trees in central and eastern Nebraska as they are now in northwestern Nebraska, if not more so. The growing of trees and the cultivation of the soil changes the nature of the soil, causing it to retain more of the moisture that falls and each ten-year period advances the line of the movement of farmers westward. The time will come yet when the sons of the men now settling in the west will go back east to redeem the worn out eastern farms."

Testing Seed Corn.

It is probable that few campaigns of any character have been conducted more thoroughly than has the recent campaign to get farmers to test their seed corn. The Commercial clubs of both Omaha and Lincoln attempted to impress the importance of this work on the farmers, the universities lent a helping hand and the most recent bulletin is that of State Superintendent Bishop in which he attempted to interest county superintendents and school teachers in the work.

Railroad Reports Slow.

Reports of the railroads of the value of their property to be made to the State Board of Assessment are coming in very slowly. County assessors have reported the valuation of railroad property under the provisions of the terminal tax law in only a few instances.

Fish Car to Northwest.

Fish Commissioner O'Brien and Game Warden Gullis left with the state fish car for the northwestern part of the state to plant fish.

SHY ON FARM HELP.

Demand This Spring Greatest Ever Experienced.

"The demand for farm help this spring is the greatest in the experience of this department," said Deputy Labor Commissioner Maupin. "We have scores of applications from farmers, and we haven't a single eligible applicant for work on our list. We could find good places for a great number of men if they are experienced in farm work. Five letters from farmers this morning, every one offering at least \$30 a month and board for single men, and two or three promise an increase if the man secured proves all right. That's better than \$2 or \$2.25 a day in the city. So far this season the bureau has received applications for farm hands from over 400 farmers. Applicants for work have numbered less than 300. The bureau has found places for upwards of sixty married men on farms at wages varying from \$30 to \$35 a month, with house, garden patch, and fuel thrown in. It is believed that about 150 single men have been supplied to applicants for help. These job seekers are given the names of farmers seeking help and invited to write to them. They are also invited to apply to the bureau again in case they do not secure a position. We have had only two or three return calls from job seekers, which indicates that they have found places in nearly every instance.

I believe that the bureau could find farm jobs for a hundred or more experienced farm hands inside of the next two weeks. But the lure of the city seems to be too great. Perhaps the promise of an automobile to come to town in every evening might be a great temptation."

Mrs. Jordan Holds the Job.

The supreme court has decided that a woman may hold the office of county treasurer. Judge Rose wrote this opinion, but he did not do it without opposition on the bench, Judge Fawcett dissenting.

The decision arose in the mandamus suit of Gertrude Jordan of Cherry county, to compel E. B. Quibble, former county treasurer, to turn the office over to her. She was elected at the last election by a large majority, after having been deputy in the office for seven years. Judge Rose says there is nothing in the law to prevent a woman holding a ministerial office of this nature.

Judge Letton agrees, but for a different reason. He states that Nebraska has seen the transformation of a wilderness into a prosperous country in the last fifty years, and that women in the development of the state have, by custom, been given usual duties. He says that it would be to "turn back the clock" to say that a woman could not hold such a position.

Judge Fawcett opines that there are many women who might make better governors than some that Nebraska has had, but he insists that if a woman may be elected county treasurer and obtain the office that she can also be elected governor. He very gallantly says that he would do anything he could for the aid of the office-holding proclivities of the sex, but that he thinks the law is plainly against the woman in the present case.

Object to Moving Express Office.

Express companies cannot change their locations without considering the convenience of the public. The Commercial club of York has filed a complaint with the railway commission against the Adams Express company in a case of this kind.

Letter from Sculptor.

F. M. Hall has received a letter from Daniel Chester French, who is to construct the Lincoln monument, to the effect that he will have his model ready by May. The committee so far has raised \$8,000 of the necessary \$10,000 to make the \$20,000 appropriation available.

Miner Raises Lumber.

Jess Miner of Friend called on the governor to show him pictures of a forest which he planted thirty years ago and from an acre of which he recently cut 16,000 feet of lumber.

Treasurer Must Pay.

When the regents of the state university present a warrant to the state treasurer for the construction of two experimental stations in western Nebraska, the supreme court held that officer must cash that warrant out of the temporary university fund.

Selling Misbranded Goods.

Last week L. C. Thompson, who is agent for a Chicago grocery house, was arrested and fined for selling misbranded goods to farmers in the northern part of the state. Food Commissioner Mains tipped it off that the same thing would happen again when Thompson attempted to deliver some of the goods ordered by mail. Attorneys for the Chicago house have advised the food commissioner that such shipments are interstate and are not amenable to the control of the Nebraska law.

Governor's Auto Tax Plan.

Governor Shallenberger's plan for good roads provided for a tax on automobiles, based on the horse-power of the machine. This plan he will recommend in his message to the next legislature, though up to the present he has not worked out all of the details of the scheme. He will submit to the legislature his knowledge of the plan as worked out in the east and leave the details to that body to pay a tax amounting to \$1 a horse-power the first year, gradually reducing in the following years.

NO NEED FOR FEAR

MAYOR-ELECT OF MILWAUKEE MAKES A STATEMENT.

WILL BE NO PARTY BOSSES

Declares Socialist Victory Does Not Mean Entire Overturning of Business—To Do Nothing Revolutionary.

Milwaukee.—"The first step of the socialist-democratic party will be to reassure the people and relieve their minds of apparent fear that our victory means the entire overturning of business in this city," said Emil Seidel, Milwaukee's newly elected socialist mayor.

"There will be no Utopia, none of the wild antics that our opponents have charged to us. There will be no party bosses, no one-man policy. When we decide on a course to pursue there will be conferences with the other socialists elected and the best line will be followed.

"We shall give everyone in the party a chance to be heard and to voice his sentiment. Our plans are now in an embryonic condition, so I cannot discuss them at length.

"As to corporations, we shall make them pay their share of the taxes, and improve the lot of the workingman. We will do nothing revolutionary, nothing that would turn the tide of sentiment against us. If any question arises which the administration cannot handle, we will refer it to the electorate as a whole.

"After all they are the only bosses. The socialist party has been given a chance to show its merit. We can do this by insistent and consistent conservatism. In a way we are on trial, and will show the people of what metal we are made.

"This election was not the result of one campaign. It is the victory that comes to a cause after twenty-six years of the hardest kind of work. We have flooded this town with literature and have had men on the stump in and out of campaign times, educating the workmen to the opportunities that lay before them.

"We have not promised the workmen or the city at large an immediate panacea for ills. We have promised the best government that we can give, and we are going to live up to that promise."

Victor L. Berger, whose reputation as a socialist leader extends throughout the country, had this to say about the election:

"This victory marks a new epoch in American history, and any man or woman who has helped to bring it about will naturally feel proud.

"This is nobody's personal victory. It is not Seidel's; it is not Berger's; it is a victory for a principle; a victory for progress—a little step toward a new phase of civilization. It is the result of many years of hard work for the education and enlightenment of the working class of Milwaukee."

The social democratic party, which swept Milwaukee city and county in Tuesday's election, gave Emil Seidel, its candidate for mayor, 7,169 plurality, according to complete returns, or about 1,000 fewer than approximated late Tuesday night from the incomplete returns. Seidel's plurality is the largest in the history of Milwaukee's municipal elections, with the exception of the election of 1898, when David S. Rose, democrat, had 7,849.

No Mention of His Honors.

Princeton, N. J.—With no mention in the inscription of the fact that he was at one time president of the United States, but reading merely: "Grover Cleveland, born Caldwell, N. J., March 18, 1839, died Princeton, N. J., June 24, 1908," a monument to the memory of ex-President Grover Cleveland was completed Wednesday on his grave in the Princeton cemetery.

Beside it, at the same time, was placed a marble slab, to mark the grave of Ruth Cleveland, his daughter. It, too, bears a simple inscription.

Is in Serious Condition.

Atchison, Kas.—Word was received here Wednesday that ex-Governor George W. Glick, who was injured last week in Lakeland, Fla., is in a serious condition. He not only is suffering intensely from a broken hip, but his heart action is becoming weak. Mr. Glick, who was elected governor of Kansas in 1882, is the only democrat ever chosen chief executive of the state. He is eighty-two years old.

Judge Brewer's Will Filed.

Washington.—No estimate of the value of the estate of the late Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court is given in his will, which was filed for probate Wednesday.

Honors Are About Even.

Lincoln, Neb.—Second day returns on the municipal elections in Nebraska show the wets and dries to be running neck and neck, with a slight advantage for the wets in number of towns captured. Of the 17 towns reporting 84 are registered in the dry column and 92 in the wet. Towns reporting Tuesday were the smaller places and no very important or significant changes are shown. It is claimed for Kearney county that every incorporated town is now dry.

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her

Knoxville, Iowa.—"I suffered with pains low down in my right side for a year or more and was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work. I

wrote to Mrs. Pinkham and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, and am glad to say that your medicines and kind letters of directions have done more for me than anything else and I had the best physicians here. I can do my work and rest well at night. I believe there is nothing like the Pinkham remedies."

Mrs. CLARA FRANKS, R. F. D., No. 2, Knoxville, Iowa.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

A Terrible Risk.

Typhoid had broken out in their neighborhood and the family resorted to travel as the best means of precaution until the trouble should subside.

They arrived at Quebec by the morning boat, intending to take it to Montreal in the evening, but the sight-seers got tired and returned early in the afternoon to find the top of the smoke stack on a level with the deck, the tide having dropped 18 feet.

"Mamma," cried the little girl, "did God drink up all that water?"

"Yes, my child."

"Then hadn't we better tell him it wasn't boiled?"

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When the tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; zinc cure out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

Dr. J. C. HENNEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Vindictive Cuss.

"Ugh!" spluttered Mr. Jones. "That out had a worm in it."

"Here," urged a friend, offering him a glass of water, "drink this and wash it down."

"Wash it down!" growled Jones. "Why should I? Let him walk!"

Everybody's.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.* In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Another Investigation.

Robie Maiden—Is kissing proper? Encina Youth—We might investigate. Two heads are better than one.—Stanford Chaparral.

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FOR RHEUMATISM, BRIGIT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, BACKACHE

Guaranteed to Cure

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Cured Right at Home

by ELECTROPODES. New Electric Treatment. Guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Migraine, Headache, Backache, Stiffness, etc. Price only \$1.00. Your money returned if not satisfactory. Guarantee signed with each sale. Electrodes are available. If not at your Druggist's, send us \$1.00. State whether for man or woman.

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