

CONDENSATIONS

NEWS AND NOTES HERE AND THERE.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL

Other Matters of Interest Condensed From the More Important Telegrams.

Foreign

It is unofficially reported in Nicaragua that Capt. Godfrey Fowler, formerly of the United States army, who commanded General Chamorro's artillery in the engagement at Tisma on Tuesday, has died from his wounds.

The reply of the French government to Secretary Knox's proposal for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways, which was communicated to Washington two weeks ago, follows the lines already indicated in the news dispatches, namely, that France defers to the attitude of Russia and Japan as the parties most interested in the matter.

A Lisbon (Portugal) dispatch, by way of the Spanish frontier, says that the government apparently is greatly perturbed by the discovery of a widespread revolutionary plot. Arrests of suspects are being made daily. Confidential information has reached the authorities that a cargo of arms and ammunition for the revolutionists is being brought from Germany.

Dr. Charles W. Wallace, who is in London on leave of absence from the University of Nebraska, granted last October to permit him to pursue Shakespearean studies, will have the stories of his research published in the March number of one of the American magazines.

The English section of the American Navy League celebrated Washington's birthday by a dinner in London. R. Newton Crane, former president of the American society, presided, having on his right John L. Griffiths, the American consul general, and on his left William Phillips, secretary of the American embassy.

General

The Central Labor Union of Philadelphia voted to go out on sympathetic strike.

The burning of a cotton warehouse caused a loss of \$385,000 at New Bedford, Mass.

A grandson of Ole Bull, the famous Norwegian violinist, is said to be located in Omaha.

Russian officials say that China is arming against Russia and profess to believe that war is possible within a decade.

The annual report of Secretary Roys of the Nebraska banking board shows an average loss of only 16 cents on state and national bank deposits of \$1,000.

A duel with pistols was fought at Vienna by two Austrian government officials, Dr. Oscar Mayer and Baron Hermann Widenhofer. Mayer shot Widenhofer dead.

Secretary MacVeagh was present at a recent meeting of the cabinet, the first time in two weeks on account of illness.

Secretary Nagel says \$100,000 a year in stamping out the white slave traffic will be money well spent.

The Cuban congress adjourned until April 4. No legislation of any importance was accomplished, during the late session.

A fit of sneezing saved Harry R. Sell, a well known Trenton man, from being electrocuted when a live wire fell just above his head.

Massachusetts has been aroused to the fact that greater safeguards are needed for her treasuries.

The Nova Scotia legislature assembled in regular session and was opened with the customary ceremonial.

Count Antea Segra, the Hungarian nobleman, who is to marry Miss Harriet Daly, daughter of Marcus Daly of Montana, reached New York. The wedding will take place after Easter.

The venerable Colonel Gordon of Mississippi made his farewell address to the senate. His successor has been chosen.

The government is preparing to instruct the Indian in farming.

The grand jury at Jersey City returned indictments against men identified with the big packing houses.

Battling Nelson will take on "Cyclone" Thompson for a forty-five round fight at San Francisco.

A representative of the English anti-slavery society states that the slave trade still exists.

D. E. Thompson of Nebraska is pleased with the industrial outlook in Mexico where he is interested in railway development.

Six people were killed in a snow slide in the Bitter Root mountains, Montana.

The new British government successfully overcame the initial attack of opposition forces.

United States Marshall H. K. Love of Alaska arrived in Seattle on his way to Washington to testify before the Ballinger-Pinchot committee.

Albert Nier of San Francisco joined twenty churches in a week and swindled the pastors of each of them on the plea that he had just moved into the city and was destitute.

Senator Lodge said the facts will be brought out in the investigation concerning high prices.

President Taft was the chief guest and speaker at the Board of Trade banquet at Newark, N. J.

Senator Beveridge introduced a bill providing for the permanent retention by the government of the Alaskan coal lands.

Mayor Shank announced that he will make an effort to have women appointed to the police force of Indianapolis.

Senator Brown, chairman of the senate committee on patents, made a favorable report on the bill creating a patent court of appeals.

A decision by the supreme court in the case of the tobacco trust may be delayed and linked with that of the Standard Oil company.

The bill granting right of way to a pipe line across the public lands of Arkansas for oil and gas from the fields of Oklahoma was favorably acted upon by the house committee on public lands.

The movement for a Masonic memorial to George Washington has taken definite form at Alexandria, Va. Senator Brown of Nebraska, in a speech delivered in the senate, differed with Governor Hughes on the income tax amendment.

Secretary Ballinger has made a temporary withdrawal of lands from the public domain pending an investigation.

Anthracite coal-carrying roads were declared to be in a conspiracy to stifle trade.

The French steamer General Chanzy was wrecked off the coast of Minorca and one hundred and fifty-five lives were lost.

The house concluded consideration of the Indian appropriation bill, which it passed practically in the form recommended by the committee on Indian affairs.

In the German reichstag Dr. Stresemann, a member of the national liberal party, referred with solicitude to the American exhibition of machinery to be made in Berlin the coming summer.

Prophecies that the late meat boycott would bring higher and not lower prices were realized in New York, when beef sold at \$11 a hundred weight, wholesale; mutton at 17 cents a pound retail, pork loins at 16 cents and upwards and lambs at 22 cents.

The McComber bill to provide for second homestead entries was ordered favorably reported by the senate committee on public lands. If enacted it would allow second entries under the homestead laws to be made by any person whose first entry had been forfeited or abandoned.

Washington

William J. Bryan arrived at Buenos Ayres and was greeted by representatives of the government. Mr. Bryan traveled in a special car from the Chilean frontier.

Nicholas Longworth, representative from Ohio and son-in-law of ex-President Roosevelt denied that he had any knowledge of the "hellish plot," as he called it, between ex-President Roosevelt, former Senator Foraker and himself to carry Ohio for the republican ticket, naming himself for governor, and Foraker for senator.

Senators Brown and Burkett introduced resolutions from the Knights of Columbus of Greeley and Lincoln demanding proper postal facilities for the official organs of fraternal societies. The Knights of Columbus print a fraternal paper and they fear that under the postal regulations they will not be allowed to carry advertising in their columns.

Charles B. Brooker, republican national committeeman from Connecticut and millionaire brass manufacturer, it was reported here offered, on behalf of great corporation of the country, to take up the government treasury deficit if the publicity feature of the corporation tax law was eradicated.

A dinner in honor of President Taft by Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture was described by the attendant guests as 'one of the most beautiful dinners ever given in Washington.'

The Omaha Commercial club is anxious that the date on which certain features of the corporation tax law take effect be extended until such time as the supreme court passes on the several cases now pending as to the validity of the law. Resolutions setting forth the appeal of the Omaha organizations were introduced by Senator Burkett.

With the strict injunction that he was not to be represented as favoring votes for women, President Taft accepted an invitation to address the opening session of the annual convention of the national American women's suffrage association, to be held in this city April 14.

A warrant was issued for the arrest of Labor Leader Murphy of Philadelphia, charging inciting to riot. Representatives of grain exchanges made their plea before a house committee.

Personal

The Johnson-Jennies prize fight will take place in San Francisco July 4.

Colonel Roosevelt, during his hunt along the Nile, killed two bulls, and one cow of the giant kind.

Dr. L. F. Cain, formerly member of the Ohio legislature, but now secretary to Representative Creager of Oklahoma, will probably be appointed deputy auditor of the navy department.

Leslie M. Shaw's war spectre is intended as an argument for the creation of a merchant marine.

IS ALL ABOUT OATS

RESULTS OF TESTS AND THE RATES OF SOWING.

BY THE EXPERIMENT STATION

What is Shown by an Investigation of Six Years—Other Matters at the State Capital.

The Nebraska Experiment Station has just issued Bulletin No. 113, entitled "Oats." It discusses results of variety tests, different rates of sowing and the cultivation of oats.

During the past six years some twenty varieties have been tested, and about twelve of these varieties have been tested for a period of five years. The varieties can be summarized into early types and late types. The early varieties, which have ripened on an average July 11th, have averaged 53.9 bushels per acre, while the late varieties have ripened on an average July 29th, and have given an average yield of about 40.1 bushels, a difference of about 14 bushels per acre as an average for five years, in favor of the early varieties of oats. Sixty Day, Kherson and Texas Red, among the early varieties, are the ones most highly recommended. Among the late varieties, Lincoln Oats have given best results.

Various rates of seeding Kherson oats have been tested since 1903. Results have shown in general that about eight pecks per acre gives best results when the Kherson oats are drilled and about ten pecks per acre when they are sown broadcast. However, the rate of seeding depends somewhat upon the variety of oats used. There is a table showing the relative size of grain in different varieties of oats, which demonstrates that with a small-grained variety of oats, like Kherson, eight pecks will furnish about as many plants per acre as fourteen or nineteen pecks of larger-grained varieties. Hence, the rate of seeding depends a great deal upon the size of the grain. Counts have been made upon the different rates of seeding for two years to determine the number of plants and number of suckers or tillers produced per acre. Where the planting is thin the plants tiller freely, and almost as many heads per acre are produced where four pecks is used as where eight pecks is used, due to the stooling of the oats under thin planting.

Cultivation of oats has been practiced since 1898, experiments being conducted with plants sown in wide rows, 12 to 24 inches apart, also experiments where the oats have been sown with the regular drill and broadcast and afterwards harrowed with an ordinary smoothing harrow or weeder. It has not been found advisable to plant oats in drills wide apart except in a very dry season, when drilling twelve inches apart gave fair results. Where oats have been sown the ordinary way with a drill and harrowed from one to three times soon after the oats came up, an average increase in yield of 4.8 bushels for a period of seven years has resulted. However, where the oats were sown broadcast, harrowing has given a slight decrease in yield, due to the fact that many plants were destroyed in harrowing. It is recommended that oats be drilled and harrowed.

Residents of Nebraska whose names are not on the Station mailing list may obtain this bulletin free of cost by applying to E. A. BURNETT, Director, Agricultural Experiment Station, Lincoln, Neb.

Buffalo County Must Pay

Buffalo county must pay the \$370 premium on the bond of County Treasurer Gilbert E. Haase. The supreme court holds that after the county board approved a bond that its discretion as to paying the premium terminates and that it is up to the board to pay. In this case the bond was written and was afterwards approved by the county board. The board thought that the statute relating to the payment of bonds was not mandatory and that the board could refuse to pay all or part or none of the premium.

A further indication that the university authorities are tightening up the strings on scholarship was indicated by a meeting of the delinquency committee. Three students in the university were dismissed on account of failure in their studies, which makes a total of thirty-one since last September. There is no doubt but that the requirements are much more rigid than they have been, and the university authorities on the whole are taking more direct interest in the welfare of the students.

Adjutant General Hartigan desires very much that both regiments of the Nebraska National Guard go to Fort Riley for the encampment, which has been changed from September to August 15. He has written the war department to see just how many men he will be permitted to bring along, but as yet has received no reply. No company whose men and officers number less than forty-three will be permitted to go, so companies with a less number will be forced to recruit up to past that number or be left at home.

SEED TIME IS NEAR.

All Corn for Planting Should Be Properly Tested.

The best way to test seed corn is in a germination box. This is a simple affair and can be made by anyone in an hour's time.

Take a box six inches deep and about two by three feet in size. Fill the box about half full of moist dirt, sand or sawdust. Press it well down, so it will have a smooth, even surface. Now take a white cloth about the size of the box, rule it off checker-board fashion, making squares one and a half inches each way. Number the checks 1, 2, 3, and so on. Place this over the sand, dirt or sawdust.

Take the ears to be tested and either lay them out on the floor and mark a number in front of each or attach a numbered tag. Now take off about six kernels from each ear (not all from the same place, but at several points on all sides.) Put these kernels on the squares corresponding in number to those placed on the ears of corn. Be careful not to get them mixed. Keep the ears numbered to correspond EXACTLY with the numbers on the squares of cloth.

After the kernels have been placed carefully on the cloth which covers the moist sand, dirt or sawdust, cover them with another cloth, considerably larger than the box; cover this cloth with about two inches of the same moist sand and keep the box in a warm place. It must not get cold.

The kernels will germinate in four to six days. Remove the cover carefully to avoid displacing the kernels. Examine them carefully. Some will have long sprouts, but almost no roots; others will not have grown at all, but the kernels from ears which will produce corn if planted will have both sprouts and good root systems.

Compare the numbers on the squares with those on the ears. Put back into the feeding corn bin the ears which correspond in number to the numbers on the squares where the kernels did not grow or where they showed only weak roots.

The ears numbered corresponding to those on the cloth which showed strong signs of life are the ones to preserve for seed. Every kernel from these ears should produce a stalk, every stalk an ear.

Suppose one dead ear is planted. The planter fails to get one thousand stalks of corn—almost twelve bushels of corn lost.

A number of seed corn testers are manufactured for sale. They are all good—any implement dealer or seed house will know where to get them.

Word was received at Gothenburg of the death of O. Bergstrom in Tennessee. Mr. Bergstrom was the founder of Gothenburg and took an active interest in its growth. It has been my opinion that corn which remained in the field would be in the best condition, but I may be mistaken in this and we are going to test every ear of corn before we plant it.

Chancellor Cancels Dates

A severe attack of throat trouble has forced Chancellor Samuel Avery of the State university to cancel a large number of engagements for addresses over the state. He was booked to deliver fifteen speeches during the next two weeks, but will not be able to deliver any of these. During the last three months the chancellor has been on several speaking tours and the strain of speaking every day has proved too great a strain on his endurance. His physician has advised him to cancel all speaking engagements.

Boy "Flunkers" Predominate

A list of failures in the various departments of the state university for the last semester shows that of the total number of "flunkers" 80 per cent are boys and only 20 per cent girls. Five boys failed to pass in one or more studies during the semester for every co-ed that could make a per cent of 60—the passing grade—in her classes. In other years the failures among the boys have always outnumbered those of the co-eds, but the variance has never been so startling as that revealed by figures for the first semester of the present school year.

State Oil Inspector Mullen turned into the state treasury \$2,004.02, the receipts of his office for the month of January above the expenditures. Collections that month topped that of any previous month of this administration.

Jenks for Commencement Orator. Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks of Cornell university will be the commencement orator at the University of Nebraska next spring. Prof. Jenks has already accepted the invitation of the university authorities to deliver the address.

Hill to Be at Lincoln

James J. Hill, empire builder, will address the Commercial club at its annual banquet this spring. A telegram to this effect was received by Secretary Whitten.

Claims of Foreigners

From the assistant secretary of state Governor Shallenberger a few days ago received a copy of the claims filed by the foreign citizens of South Omaha for damages sustained by the riot there in 1909. The government official asked the governor what he believed would be the attitude of the state in the matter. The claims are as follows: Austria-Hungary, \$3,134; Turkey, \$454; Greece, \$6,900; personal injuries; \$11,368.20 personal property and \$226,562.04 business property, a total of \$248,418.84.

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HE WOULD DO BETTER.



Chaplain—Tommy, I was very sorry to see you in a state of inebriety last night. Tommy—Sorry, sir. In future I won't go out when I'm drunk.

TACK THIS UP

Prescription That Breaks Up the Worst Cold in a Day.

Every winter this prescription is published here and thousands have been benefited by it. "Get two ounces of Glycerine and half an ounce of Concentrated Pine compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful of this mixture after each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle well each time." But be sure to get only the genuine Concentrated Pine. Each half ounce bottle comes in a tin screw-top case. Any druggist has it on hand or will quickly get it from the wholesale house. Many other pine extracts are impure and cause nausea.

Talkative Woman.

Hewitt—Some men talk and don't say anything. Jewett—Yes, my wife is just that kind of a man.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. Zinc bottle.

Two-thirds of all a man's troubles wear petticoats.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 2c.

Many people want assistance—and a few really need it.

The more you eat

Quaker Oats

the better your health will be.

Practical experiments with athletes show Quaker Oats to be the greatest strength maker.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief--Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. GENUINE must bear signature: Scott's Emulsion.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

An absolutely harmless remedy for Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Coughs. Give immediate relief in Bronchial and Lung Affections. Fifty years' reputation. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00 per box. Sample sent on request. JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

DEFIANCE STARCH—15 ounces to the package

Book and Advice FREE. Names, Frazier & Lawrence, Washington, D.C. Est. 49 yrs. Best References.

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Advertisement for PISO'S CURE. Baby Smiles—When He Takes PISO'S CURE THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. So pleasant that he likes it—and contains no opiates. There is nothing like it for Bronchitis, Asthma and all troubles of the throat and lungs. A Standard Remedy for half a century. All Druggists, 25 Cents.

Advertisement for Constipation. Constipation—Nearly Every One Gets It. The bowels show first sign of things going wrong. A Cascarel taken every night as needed keeps the bowels working naturally without grip, gripe and that upset sick feeling. Ten cent box, week's treatment. All drug stores. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.