

The Custer County Republican

D. M. AMSBERRY, Editor

BROKEN BOW, NEBRASKA

FROM DAY TO DAY

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES
FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

A WIDE AREA IS COVERED

Embracing a Condensation of Events
In Which Readers Generally Are
Interested.

Foreign

The new press bill designed to suppress dissemination of anarchistic literature in India, and which was foreshadowed in the speech with which Lord Minto opened the imperial council, was introduced at a recent session of the council by Sir Herbert Hope-Risley, secretary of the home department, British government of India. The measure does not create a censorship, but provides for the control of all newspapers and job presses.

Private correspondence now in the possession of the government relates that former President Cipriano Castro has left Malaga, Spain, for Tenerife, Canary Islands, en route to Central America. He aims to be in a position to provoke a revolution against President Gomez when the Venezuelan congress meets in April to elect a constitutional president of the republic.

The German government has issued a decree, which in effect permits American apples packed in barrels, in the head of which excelsior or paper is placed to prevent damage in shipping, to enter that country without the payment of the tariff rate provided.

After various conferences with the political leaders, the king of Greece has consented to the convocation of the national assembly and has charged that dragomiris with the formation of a cabinet.

A Heidelberg (Germany) dispatch says, inquiries in various directions failed to elicit confirmation of the report that Dr. F. A. Cook had been staying at a sanitarium there.

Chicago gave generous help to Paris on the occasion of the recent disastrous floods.

General

The death of Representative Loring of Massachusetts was due to pneumonia.

F. A. Röhders, president of the People's State Bank of Lakota, N. D., which was recently closed by the state bank examiner, was arrested on a charge of forgery. He was released on \$7,500 bond.

First Lieut. Burton J. Mitchell, Twelfth Infantry, aide d'camp on the staff of Brig. General Frederick Funston, forwarded his resignation from the army to President Taft.

At Reno, Nev., suit for divorce on the ground of desertion was filed by James Gayley, second vice president of the United States steel corporation. The charge is desertion.

Secretary MacVeagh has announced the members of the board of ten experts, whose duty it is to establish a standard of purity governing the importations of that article of merchandise during the calendar year 1910.

An honest policeman on his rounds through a dark alley in a West Virginia town stumbled over the half-conscious form of a man with \$3,000 in real money in his pocket. The officer took \$50 of it, but only after protest, as a reward.

Joseph A. Graham, a widely known editor and author, died at his home in Salisbury, Md. He was widely known in the west.

President Taft prevailed upon John Embry to withdraw his resignation as United States attorney for Oklahoma and to remain in the office.

President Taft cabled to Emperor William of Germany a birthday greeting.

National Committeeman Taggart of Indianapolis, Ind., who was accidentally shot by W. H. Morton, while hunting, will lose the sight of the right eye.

Tests of the methods of paper-making are provided for by an appropriation of the house.

The Indianapolis Sun has been sold to Rudolph Leeds of Richmond, Ind., son of the late W. B. Leeds.

More than half of the merchandise imported under the new tariff law enters the United States free of duty.

The education interests of Alaska will soon be in the hands of W. T. Lopp, who has been selected by the commissioner of education as chief of the Alaskan division.

Foodstuff exports last year fell off heavily as compared with the previous year.

General Paulino Goñoy has been appointed director general of the Nicaraguan army.

Little headway has been made in the two months congress has been in session toward the enactment of important legislation demanded by President Taft.

Only twenty-six seats are left to be contested for in the British elections. Ex-Governor Mickey of Nebraska has suffered a relapse and is again very low.

Operators and miners at Toledo are hopeful of reaching a peaceful understanding as to a wage scale.

The house ways and means committee will begin an investigation of the light cost of living.

Thirty-five men are believed to have been killed by a mine explosion near Drakeboro, Ky.

Vice-President Sherman is urging the re-election of Senator Smooth of West Virginia.

Edward Payson Weston left Pasadena, Cal., on a walk across the continent which he expects to complete within ninety days. He will follow the route of the Santa Fe railroad to Chicago.

Some one says, pay less for amusements, less for fun, and then there'll be more for the slaughter house magnets.

Senator Carter argued in favor of his postal savings bank bill. America is having a touch of the old world land question to which we have hitherto been immune, and do not yet recognize the complaint.

In a pistol duel at Edgewood, Ky., Deputy Sheriff Gordon Givens and Benjamin Gatliff, a miner, were each mortally wounded.

Denial is made in the report of the immigration commission of any great over-crowding in the cities. General John T. Wilder, who became famous as the head of Wilder's brigade during the civil war, celebrated his eightieth birthday.

Special dispatches from Seoul report a serious uprising of insurgents at South Phocgan, Korea. Twenty Japanese settlers are said to have been murdered.

At Pittsburg a dozen foreigners, save one, entered a meat boycott agreement. The twelfth choked to death on his beefsteak.

The senate and house may conduct rival investigations on the high cost of living.

A bill which would do away with the employers' liability law attracts attention in the house.

The bill providing for federal charters for corporations will be introduced in congress.

It has not yet been proved that the high cost of living is a result of cold storage.

Niagara Falls was selected by a young woman of Buffalo as a fit place to end her life.

Newton W. Gilbert of Indiana was nominated by President Taft as vice-governor of the Philippines.

Washington

On the basis of an equal distribution of the money in circulation in the United States on February 1 a person would have 18 cents less than he or she had a year ago. The circulation per capita on February 1 was \$34.82; a year ago it was \$35.

In order to meet expeditiously the needs of the Indian in the handling of the individual account which the government holds in trust for him, the bureau of Indian affairs, in revising its regulations, will incorporate a provision enabling superintendents of Indian schools and reservations to give to the Indians from their individual funds, without reference to Washington, amounts not exceeding a specified sum, which will probably be placed at \$100, in any one month for the purpose of meeting their actual needs.

In a spirited attack on the postal savings bank bill, Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas told the senate that it was a measure in the interest of the national banks, "the high-collared roosters, the money sharks, and money grabbers of Wall street."

An increase in round numbers, in customs receipts of \$33,000,000 and in internal revenue of \$10,000,000, but a deficit in the ordinary receipts of the government of \$25,000,000, against \$64,000,000, show the results of the first seven months' operations of the treasury for the fiscal year 1910, as compared with the corresponding period of 1909.

The house passed the agricultural appropriation bill, carrying nearly \$13,000,000, a net increase of \$400,000 over last year. This increase was chiefly for the forest service, made necessary by the addition to the national forests of 26,528,439 acres.

Personal

The Mississippi legislative caucus came within ten votes of selecting a successor to the late Senator McLaurin.

The president will not insist on early action by congress on the federal incorporation bill.

Seven men in a motor car were blown to atoms by an explosion of dynamite near Phoenix, Ariz.

Wade H. Ellis has resigned as assistant of the attorney general to manage the Ohio republican campaign.

Pittsburg, aKs., officers made a vain search for the bunch of train robbers who held up passengers.

William J. Bryan, accompanied by his wife and daughter, arrived at La Paz, Bolivia. All of them are enjoying good health.

A delicate situation attended the visit of Former Vice-President Fairbanks to Rome.

The conversion of Samuel L. Shank, mayor of Indianapolis, to the model license doctrine from his theories of high license is announced.

The cross-examination of Binger Hermann, on trial for alleged conspiracy to defraud the government of public land, was concluded at Portland, Oregon, after lasting three days.

Congress adjourned promptly on learning the death of Representative Lovering of Massachusetts.

James A. Cook, the American conductor, is to be sentenced to twenty years in a Mexican prison.

Bullinger, Schwartz and Dennett are to be represented by counsel at the Interior department inquiry.

Representative Dwight of New York says congress has made an excellent record thus far this session.

The Irish-Americans of Chicago want President Taft to attend a banquet to be given at that city by the Yellowsip club on St. Patrick's day.

TO JOIN IN CRUSADE

SENATORS AT LAST HAVE HIGH PRICES ON THE BRAIN.

INQUIRY WILL BE THOROUGH

Investigation Not to Stop With Food Products—House Plans a Present for Emperor William

of Germany.

Washington.—An investigation of the causes of the high prices of the necessities of life was provided on Wednesday by the passage of a resolution for that purpose by the senate. The senate also passed a bill providing that the rank of rear admiral be conferred upon Commander Peary, and retiring him with the highest salary paid to a rear admiral.

This was calendar day in the house, and several bills were passed, including one for the creation of an art commission to pass upon various works of art erected by congress in the District of Columbia. The senate was in session about one hour and the house about one hour longer.

As finally determined on the increase in prices of foods and other necessities of life which the senate is about to enter upon will cover a broad field. The measure providing for such investigation was provided with comparatively little discussion.

It authorized an inquiry by a special committee of seven senators into the general enhancement of values, covering not only food and clothing, but many other articles used in everyday life. The investigation also will cover the questions of salaries, earnings and the tariff. Not only will prices in the market be included, but also those at the farm and the factory.

At the instance of Senator Burton the resolution was made to cover all commodities while Senator Warren procured the insertion of hides, leather and boots and shoes; Senator Johnson obtained the insertion of beef, sheep and pigs, and Senator Bacon the insertion of steel.

The inquiry is expected to begin shortly and will be conducted with the greatest dispatch.

Emperor William of Germany will be presented by the United States with a replica of the statue to be erected by the government in Washington of the revolutionary war hero General von Steuben, if a bill introduced in the house becomes a law. The gift is to be made in return for the statue of Frederick the Great, which the kaiser presented to the people of the United States and which now stands in front of the United States army war college here. Representative Bartholdt of Missouri, author of the measure, expressed confidence that the senate would act promptly upon it so that the statue would be ready by May when it is hoped that the presentation may be made by Former President Roosevelt on the occasion of his visit to Germany.

Diphtheria Now in Cherry, Cherry, Ill.—With not a doctor or a particle of anti-toxine in town, every widow and orphan of the St. Paul mine fire is exposed to diphtheria through the professional nurses that are caring for the sick. Shortly after dealing out free milk to nearly 200 women and children last night, Miss Frances Wheeler of Chicago, one of the four nurses in Cherry was stricken with diphtheria in the nurses' home.

The other nurses made their regular calls Wednesday and measured out the free milk at the railroad station.

It is feared that nearly every one in Cherry has been exposed. The streets are alive with panicky rumors of an epidemic, but the nurses say there is no danger. The nurses' home was disinfected and Miss Wheeler will be quarantined in a cottage.

A stampede was narrowly averted in the St. Paul mine when several tons of brick and concrete, a part of the burned fan house, fell 350 feet down the escape shaft, with a roar, shaking the galleries of the mine like an earth quake. Several men had just left the airshaft in haste to avoid the possibility of such misadventure, and to their instinctive fear they owe their lives, they say.

Governments Make Agreement. Peking.—The governments of China and Japan Wednesday signed a postal working agreement on the basis of the postal union rules. The agreement affects Manchuria chiefly. China, by its terms, recovers its monopoly of mail carrying on its own railroad together with equal rights over the Japanese railroad.

China recognizes all of the Japanese treaty port postoffices and also six exchange offices in the treaty ports of Manchuria. Provision is made for relations with other Japanese post offices in Manchuria in accordance with local conditions. China considers the agreement advantageous. It will become effective April 1.

Pope Considers Incident. Rome.—The pope Wednesday personally considered the recent incident involving Former Vice President Fairbanks who was refused a private audience by the vatican because he insisted upon keeping an earlier engagement to address the Methodist society here. The pope said he regretted he had been unable to receive Mr. Fairbanks, but could not depart from the policy adopted, as to do so would appear to give recognition to the "disloyal interference of certain protestant denominations."

THE WONDERBERRY OR SUNBERRY

Has Proved a Great Success—Thousands Say It's the Best Thing They Ever Grew.

The Wonderberry or Sunberry, the marvelous garden fruit originated by Luther Burbank, and introduced by John Lewis Childs, the well-known Seedsman of Floral Park, N. Y., has proved a great success all over the country. Thousands of people say it is the best thing they ever grew.

Mr. John Burroughs, the well-known author, Naturalist and bosom-friend of Theodore Roosevelt, says it is the most delicious pie berry he ever tasted, and a marvelous cropper.

A Director of the New York Agricultural Experiment Station says it fruits abundantly even in pure sand. In the short season of North-western Canada it is a godsend, and fruits long after frost has killed most garden truck.

D. S. Hall, Wichita, Kan., says thirty people grew it there last season with perfect satisfaction.

K. S. Enochs, Hammond, La., says it yields \$250 worth of fruit per acre with him. Mrs. J. H. Powers, 4732 Kenwood avenue, Chicago, raised enough berries on a space 4x10 feet to supply herself and friends.

J. P. Swallow, Kenton, Ohio, says its equal for all purposes does not exist.

Rev. H. B. Sheldon, Pacific Grove, Cal., says he likes the berries served in any and every way.

W. T. Davis, Enon, Va., says it is true to description in every way, and fruits in three months from seed.

Judge Morrow, of U. S. Circuit Court, says the Wonderberry is simply delicious raw or cooked.

Mr. Childs exhibited one plant five months old bearing 10,375 berries which measured about eight quarts.

Mrs. Hattie Vincent, Hayden, New Mexico, says it stands the long, hard droughts of that climate and fruits abundantly all summer.

It is certainly the most satisfactory garden fruit and the greatest Novalty ever introduced.

Asking Too Much.

The mother of little six-year-old Mary had told her a number of times not to feel her sled to passing sleighs, feeling that it was a dangerous practice. It was such a fascinating sport, however, that Mary could not resist it and one day her mother saw her go skimming past the house behind a farmer's "bobbs."

When she came in from play she was taken to task, her mother saying severely: "Mary, haven't I told you that you must not hitch onto bobbs? Besides, you know, it is against the law."

Mary tossed her head. "Oh," she said, "don't talk to me about the law. It's all I can do to keep the ten commandments!"—Woman's Home Companion.

An Exploded Theory.

"Do you believe there is anything in mental suggestion?"

"Not a thing."

"Don't you think it is possible if one person keeps his mind steadily fixed on a certain thing which he wishes another to do that the other will be influenced so that he will eventually do it?"

"No, I don't believe in the theory at all. I've been wishing for a week that you'd pay me what you owe me without making it necessary for me to ask you for it."—Sunday Magazine of the Cleveland Leader.

Loved to Death.

"Did you ever know a girl to die for love?"

"Yes."

"Did she just fade away and die because some man deserted her?"

"No; she just took in washing and worked herself to death because the man she loved married her."

When the Trouble Started.

"John, I have decided to have Mrs. Sewswell cut out by dresses after this."

"I have decided to cut out about half of them myself, dear."

GET POWER.

The Supply Comes From Food.

If we get power from food, why not strive to get all the power we can. That is, only possible by use of skillfully selected food that exactly fits the requirements of the body.

Poor fuel makes a poor fire, and a poor fire is not a good steam producer.

"From not knowing how to select the right food to fit my needs, I suffered grievously for a long time from stomach troubles," writes a lady from a little town in Missouri.

"It seemed as if I would never be able to find out the sort of food that was best for me. Hardly anything that I could eat would stay on my stomach. Every attempt gave me heartburn and filled my stomach with gas. I got thinner and thinner until I literally became a living skeleton and in time was compelled to keep to my bed."

"A few months ago I was persuaded to try Grape-Nuts food, and it had such good effect from the very beginning that I have kept up its use ever since. I was surprised at the ease with which I digested it. It proved to be just what I needed."

"All my unpleasant symptoms, the heart-burn, the inflated feeling which gave me such pain disappeared. My weight gradually increased from 98 to 116 lbs., my figure rounded out, my strength came back, and I am now able to do my housework and enjoy it. Grape-Nuts did it."

A ten days' trial will show anyone some facts about food.

Look in pkgs. for the little book, "The Road to Wellvile." "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL CITY

Items of Interest Around the State House

Favors Local Inspection.

State Veterinarian Juckness, on account of a recent experience, is in favor of local inspection of meat. He does not care for the much praised home killed pork since he stopped in a little town in Nebraska and visited a butcher shop where home killed meat was sold. He found two carcasses of hogs hanging up back of the shop. Both carcasses showed the effect of tuberculosis generalized. The disease was apparent throughout the carcasses, it not being confined to a few of the organs. He went into the shop and there found another tuberculosis carcass on the block. He does not believe butchers kill tuberculosis animals purposely but it is of the opinion that they do not always know an affected animal. He thinks local inspection by trained veterinarians ought to be established. The state food commissioner's employes are not supposed to be experts in testing carcasses for disease, but are supposed to know merely whether or not food is decomposed.

Attorney General Refuses.

Attorney General W. T. Thompson has refused to approve a bond given by the American Surety company of New York. The bond was given by the company to guarantee the safe keeping of public funds. The attorney is one of three state officers whose duty it is to approve the bonds of state depositories. He has refused in the case of the American Surety company on the ground that the company has no license to do business in this state. This is the result of a dispute which originated when the attorney general sued the surety company for the purpose of ousting it from business in this state. He lost his case in the district court of Lancaster county and has appealed to the supreme court of the state. The company in the meantime began suit in the federal court to restrain the attorney general from ousting it from the state.

Right of Women to Vote.

In the supreme court Monday there was argued the case of Olive against school district No. 1, Dawson county, a suit involving the right of women to vote at a school bond election. W. D. Oldham argued that the constitution fixed the right of electors and that the legislature had no power to change or alter the qualification of voters. He admitted that women who pay real estate or personal tax or have children of school age can now vote at school meetings and school elections, but he denied the right of anyone but males to add to the constitutional taxes upon property. E. A. Clark argued that women have a right to vote not only at school meetings but at school bond elections. Mr. Oldham said the supreme court had never decided the question.

Flour Rate an Issue.

The complaint of Kendall & Smith of Woodlawn against the Burlington was heard Tuesday by the railway commission. The complainants operate a flouring mill at Woodlawn, near Lincoln, and the complaint alleges that a rate of \$5 a car on flour and grain products, which was cancelled before the commission came into existence, should be restored or some other reasonable rate established. The railroad company alleges that the grain rate to Lincoln was 5 cents a hundred and is now 4 3/4 cents a hundred, which would enable Kendall & Smith to ship a finished product cheaper than Lincoln millers could get raw material. It was alleged that the mill was not built on the strength of the per car load rate, but was built in 1872, many years before the car rate was established.

Railway Commission Appointees.

Manager J. H. Humpe of the Lincoln Traction company has been summoned by the state railway commission to appear before it on Wednesday for a consultation on miscellaneous complaints received from patrons of the street railway regarding the regulations lately put into effect as to transfers. The railway commission has appointed William Arthur of Omaha, a valuator of railroad buildings, his salary to be \$200 per month and his duties to begin March 1. W. F. Hester of Lincoln will be assistant to Arthur at a salary of \$150 per month, beginning February 15.

New Bank at Peru.

The state banking board Monday approved a charter for the Peru State bank at the town of Peru. The institution has a capital stock of \$15,000 paid up. Another bank exists in the town. The incorporators are William Tynon, E. C. Redd Graves, David Jack, W. N. Delzell, Mattie Cook, Ellis, Fay Watfield, Grace D. Culbertson, Katherine L. Woods, C. R. Welton and W. W. Wilson.

The Railway Commission.

William C. Brooks of Beatrice, a traveling man, has filed nomination papers with the secretary of state as a democratic candidate for state railway commissioner. He was formerly a republican in politics.

State Experiment Stations.

Director E. A. Burnett of the state experiment station has filed a report with Governor Shallenberger in which he states that the sub-experiment station provided for in northwest Nebraska has been located at a point five miles from Mitchell and seven and one-half miles from Scotts Bluff. The regents favor Valentine for the other station, but this has not yet been determined. The work of the state experiment station has been published from time to time in bulletin form.

COOPER'S SALES ARE ENORMOUS

HIS PREPARATIONS LEADING TOPIC IN OMAHA—CALLERS AT YOUNG MAN'S HEADQUARTERS INTERVIEWED.

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 9.—The most interesting feature of the enormous sale of the Cooper preparations, now going on in this city, is what the medicines are actually accomplishing among the people of Omaha.

At the commencement of his visit here Mr. Cooper prophesied that during the later part of his stay he would receive hundreds of callers daily who came simply to thank him for what the preparations had done. He also stated that stomach trouble is the foundation for a great many diseases and that his New Discovery, as it is called, would prove very effective in all cases of rheumatism simply by getting the stomach in working order.

That this prophecy has been fulfilled cannot be doubted after a half-hour spent at the young man's headquarters listening to what his callers have to say.

A reporter, who watched to ascertain, if possible, some light on the reasons for the immensity of Cooper's success, interviewed about twenty of his callers yesterday afternoon. The statements made by those seen indicate that physicians who claim that Cooper is merely a passing fad, have not looked into the facts.

Some of these statements were as follows:

W. J. Grant, a popular cigar dealer at 508 South Sixteenth street, upon being questioned, said: "After a most remarkable experience with the Cooper remedies, I cannot refrain from saying that anyone who is suffering in any way from stomach trouble, and who does not give this Cooper medicine a trial, is passing up a golden opportunity for restoration to good health."

"For three years I was troubled with my stomach, and what little I did eat gave me distress. Nothing tasted right. I felt weak and had nearly all the time. I was nervous and allowed matters of small importance to worry me. I treated with two different physicians, but received no benefit. I had about reached the conclusion that medical science had not yet produced anything that would help me."

"However, a number of friends urged me to try Cooper's New Discovery, and they were so persistent that I finally took new hope and got a bottle of the Cooper medicine. After I had begun to take it I wondered why I had not taken it long ago. Its effect was marvelous—brought me right out. I regained my appetite, took on new strength—in fact, began to feel like a different man altogether. I would not have believed there was a medicine on earth that could do so much in so short a time. I have good reason to be grateful for what Cooper's New Discovery has done for me, and cannot praise it too highly."

The statement of Mr. William Kennedy, advertising manager of the Bennett Company, at Sixteenth and Harney streets, was as follows:

"Long and tedious hours of hard work, and continuous confinement in a stuffy office tended to put my stomach in a condition that has for many months made my life miserable. There is no need of my going into detail, for anyone who has ever had stomach trouble knows the suffering to be endured. I became weakened and run down, and life began to be a drag."

"A personal friend persuaded me to give the Cooper medicine a trial. I procured a bottle of the New Discovery preparation and began taking it. Relief came quickly, and in a short time I was feeling like a new man. I developed a splendid appetite, could eat anything I wanted with no ill effects, and it all tasted good. My strength returned and once more work became a pleasure."

"I have taken four bottles, and shall continue its use until I am fully recovered, which I am confident will not take long. This is a remarkable preparation for anyone who is 'all in' as a result of close confinement and overwork. I earnestly recommend it to anyone in this condition."

Other statements taken from those who had previously used the medicines seem to prove that Cooper's success throughout the country is genuine.

Owns Up.

"Young man, I began life on a salary of four dollars a week."

"And lived with your father a while. Um—well, yes, I did."

Dr. Pierce's Peppermint, small, sugar-coated, easy to take, and easy to regulate and invigorates stomach, liver and bowels. Do not grumble.

The face that lights up in conversation is not necessarily lantern-jawed.

WANTED

Agents to sell land in central South Dakota. Write us for information.

MCKINNON, CLARK & CO. Gettysburg, Pa. Dak.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

OR RHEUMATISM, BRONCHITIS, DIABETES, BACKACHE

375 "Guaranteed"

WANTED

Agents to sell land in central South Dakota. Write us for information.

MCKINNON, CLARK & CO. Gettysburg, Pa. Dak.