

## T

 anan ouleation horeover, tho respoonsibilithrest equally heavy upon the
ous forelig rest equally heavy upon the
ous forelgn powery and ministers-and upon the secretaries, counaffs of these digntartes. Even the
ane wives and daughters of the diplomats
of high and low degree-share in the
feverith actlyity of Indeed, thotr parttctpation begins
weeks in advance with frequent visits hese fair foritgers must have stri-
king new gowns for the momentous
$\begin{aligned} & \text { nergy on the part of a class of people } \\ & \text { who ordinarity lead the most lelsurely } \\ & \text { xistence fmaginad }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { existence imgninable ts found in the the } \\ & \text { fact that New Year's day of }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { marks the opening of the oflclial social } \\ & \text { season at Washington. It is a day of }\end{aligned}$
recelving and calling and dining (all
$\begin{aligned} & \text { the most formnl way), for every- } \\ & \text { body in national offictal circles from }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Che prestident down tol to the crelest from } \\ & \text { tant pubsic ofliclal, but the soctal }\end{aligned}$
y.go'round, splns at a more theely
$\begin{aligned} & \text { hreather particlpants in Uncle drai dress parade. Not } \\ & \text { gnly }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { only do they have to go more differ- } \\ & \text { ent places in carrying out the day's } \\ & \text { program, but tater }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { program, but they have to do more } \\ & \text { dressing than any of the other celebri- } \\ & \text { tes, not }\end{aligned}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { cers of the Unsted Stang the high oft- } \\ & \text { navy, who army and }\end{aligned}$
Indeed, it is the
hat compels the gaudiest raiment
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Onewhat eariller than usuan on on New } \\ & \text { Year morning. Official etiquette pre- }\end{aligned}$
no silght undertaklng to
able a job as the average American
or farmer regards the donning of a drerkman The diplomat's vewpolnt will be the
preclated when it is explained that prectated when it is explained that n
of these costly broadcloth uniforms
heavily encrusted with ceavily encrusted with gold lace and are orer
naments that they are well nigh stif enoug
armor, so to speak. In many instances high
boots are an item of the cout in y a heavy helmet or fur turban and a long long
cloak that reaches to the feet are tncluded in the costume. Finally, the diplomat, of a with the gilttering insignta of royal orders and large as the ordinary badge and adding in the aggregate, considerable weight to the trapplings
of state. ut of the garbed than any the first formal function of the day. This ta The forelgners, all of whom have carrlages or do not already possess them), must leave home $0^{\prime}$ 'tock, for they are to have the honor of be after he has greeted his cabinet, and they must be in their duly assigned places in the wating
ine ere the presidential party nt 11 o'clock hharp, descends the grand stairway and takes
hat oclo
station in the Blue parlor for the recent Hard and fast rules must be observed as to president. There are two divisions. members of his starn and thetr wives, and the
the ministers, each simillarly attended In each division are assigned in accordance With the length of tme each envoy has repre-
sented hts government at Washington. That is, statesmen who have been here fo
precedence over the newcomers.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { At the head of the une walks the ambassa- } \\
& \text { oor who by virtue of the most lengthy service } \\
& \text { in Washington ts the dean of the diplomatic }
\end{aligned}
$$ corps. This post of prestige ts now diplomatic Maron Mayor des Planches of Italy. The for

eigners are introduced to the president by the net collioagues i


## $\nabla$ 8 8 8

Tix
 drilled and the utmost care exerclised lest some his due. whifle some greater luminary is cor
The entire afternoon of New Year's day the
diplomats devote to maling ceremontal calle Alplomats devote to making ceremonial calls.
ingtont, except prominent the wifte of the president, hosh receptions on this ezentful atternoon. Most o
the dipiomatis go first to the home ot the vice president, then "down the line" of cablinet
homes in the order of their offictal standing; after which they pay their respects at the rest.
dence of the speaker of the house of repre-
sentatives, and then follows indiscriminate calling upon the wives of senators, represen
atives, army and navy offeers and other oft claal hostesses who are keeptng open house
Everywhere they meet other diplomats and Everywhere they meet other diplomats and
public officlals of all grades, for calling is general at the seat of govermment on the first day of the year. In accordance with the Yanke
Iden, only the men or the American household go calling on New Year's afternoon, but the diplomats are in almost every instane accom-
panied by the lades of their households. is past sundown when this round of calling is
concluded, but that does not end the day for concluaed but that does not end the day for
the tiplomats. Most of them have been Invited to the ceromonial dinners that, In great
numbers, close to day in Washingiton, hence
they muat they must hurry home and change to evening
attire in order to greet yet another hostess ber
tore 8 oclock

## A RUSKIN STORY

[^0]CITY OF 4000 B. C. FOUND

The vestiges of a city 6,000 years old have



Explorations show that the chiet
feature of the anclent city, as of all
woman of 19 years. They resumed their old ac.
quantanance, but to a very different way. Though
Ruskin was nearly 50 , he gave to Rose La Ruskin was nearly 50, he gave to Rose La
Touche an adoration and a passion such had never felt before. "On her side she no long.
er thought of him as "very ugly," but was sin. in thetr years.
The two met otten. They took long strolls
together in the pleasant fields of Surrey together in the pleasant fields of Surrey, and
at last Ruskin begged her to make him happy
and to be his wffe. Oddly enough, however, she hesitated, not because he was so much old-
er than herseeur, but because he had ceased to
be what she Some of the things that he had written shocked her as betng almost athetstlc. She was her-
solf, underneath all her gayety of manner, a rigid and uncompromising Protestant. She
used phrases from the Bble in her ordinary
talk and when she spoke of marriage with Joh talk and when she spoke of marrtage with John
Ruskin she sald that she could not endure to be
"yoked with an Yet her heart was torn at the thought o
sending hlm away; and so for several year their intimacy continued, he pleading with her
and striving hard to make her see that was striving hard to make her see that love
wher on the other hand, read
over those passages of the old Testament which seemed to bar all compromise.
At last, In 1872, when she was 24 and he
was 53, she gave him her that answer. She
would not marry him unless he could belleve Would not marry him unless he could belleve
as she did. His honesty forbid
celd as she di. HIs honesty forbade him to de-
celve her by a pretended converslon, and so
they parted, never to ene each orer How deeply she was affected is shown by the
fact that she soon fell il. She grew worse
and worse unil at last it was gite and worse, untif at last It was quite certain
that she could not live. Then Ruskin wrote
to her and begged that he might see her. She to her and begged that he might see her. She
answered with a note in which she teebly "You may come if you can tell me that you When Ruskin read this his very soul wa racked with agony and he cried out:
"No, no-then I cannot come to her; When she died, as she did soon after. the
Hight of his Hife went out for Ruskin.-Mun

## 

 Gudea, king of Chaldea, B. C. 2800. Fortunate-
ly, considerable information as to the nature
of the sacred edifice and its preclncts is preof the sacred edifice and its precincts is pre-
served by an interesting monument, which was discovered in the rumse
In the center of the model are the figures of
two nude men, one holding a water jar. These, no doubt, are the king and priest performing
the ceremonies of lustration, or ceremonial pu rification, which are a great feature of the ort
ental temples and frequently mentioned ti the rellgious inscriptions.

## Primitive Mills in Brazil. Vice-Consul De Young, writing from Santos, calls attention to the small corn grinding ma

 calls attention to the small corn grinding machines in Brazil:
"In the interior of Brazil a primittive method of producing cornmeat by pounding instead oo as a 'mojollo' works automatically, and consist of a tree trunk balanced on the bank of a
stream, one end of the trunk betng hollowed out to form a large cup, while the other end i
in the form of a pestie. Water filling the cu depresses that end of the log, whereupon th its original position, the pestle striking th
corn. Some modern corn grinders have recen ly been introduced, but there is a good fiet
a very small and inexpensive grinder to
take the place of the 'mojollo' in the interio where flour mills are rare and each family
grinds its own corn."

## Onion as Tale-Teller

An onion is at the botto of tt
He ate, and ate, and wifey stood
Then he fell in love with a festive malden.
No more onions for him, much to his wife
The more she thought of $l$, whe more sin
Not only did he desert the
Notice

The Oiplomats' busiest Day

## OMINOUS GESTURE <br> 8

SORE EYES CURED.
ye-Ealls and Lids Became Terribly
Inflamed-Was Unable to Go About -All Other Treatments Failed, But

Oved succe such a conditton that I was unable
go about. They were terrlbly go about. They were terribly in-
flamed, both the balls and uds. I Then I decided to go to our family physiclan, but he didn't holp family.
Then I tried two more of our most
prominent physiclans but my prominent physiclans, but my eyes
grew continually worse. At this time
a friend of mine advised me to try a friend of mine advised me to try
Cuticura Ointment, and after using it
about one week , about one week my eyes were con-
slderably improved, and in two weeks
they were almost well. They have
 always praise Cuticura. G. B. Halsey,
Mouth of Wilson, Va., Apr. 4, 1908." Good Work Going Forward.
Following a whirlwind campaign
a Against consumption in Charleston, the
American tuberculosis exhibbtion of
the National Assoclation for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosts re-
$\begin{aligned} & \text { and } \\ & \text { cently opened } \\ & \text { another exhibition }\end{aligned}$ movement in Greenville, S. C. Atter
January 1 the work will be continued the session of the state legislature.
Efforts will be made eto secure an ap
propriaton to fight tuberculosis. Anin Colorado, and is now touring Okla-
homa. A state-wide flght will be
waged in this state. Later, this ex.
hiblion will sho should be made up largely of vegea little meat and simple cereals, if
there is no inclination toward obesity Drinking with one's meals is is not
vore
considered advisable, especially considered advisable, especially as it.
quids are apt to wash down the food
before it is properly masticated. Two quarts of water, or masticated. Thould be he day. Hot water is especially good
for one who does not exercise much s it flushes out the entire system.
Stimulants, such as tea and coffee, Bazar





"You may be sharp," said the thread
the needle, "but i notice you are aways getting it in the eye."
"Oh, I don't know," answered the get in a hole 1 have to pull you "Hush up, you two." cried the thim-
ble. "It it wasn't for my mush you
would nelter of Important to Morn Examine carctully every bottle of
ASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for $==0$ ,wimann xornamamy ghost in that dark closet guarding the
jam" No. 2 (two hours later)-"Oh, mam-
mat:" cried Johnny. "That ghost in the dark
the jam!

## The Strategic Point.

"General, we are outgeneraled
"Caramba! But how is that?"
he cable office."
 You can't blame the man who has
got his winter's coal in for feellng
 ま눌․․․․
There is a place for eve thing, and
the place for slippers ts v/ry often on $=2$



[^0]:    In 1858, when Rusktn was in his fortie
    year, he was asked by a friend to give sol year, he was asked by a friend to give some
    lessons in drawing to a chlld named Rose La
    Touche-whose name indeed was French but whose family were Itish. There sprang up be
    tween Ruskla and this young girl a very cher ing frlendship, which, of course, at the tme
    could be nothtug but a friendship. They wrote each other letters and exchanged drawings and Ten years passed by betore they saw each
    other. Meanwhille the child whom he had remembered as a blue eyed, saucy, clever uttle
    blondee with ripe, red ips and bair ulie fine
    spun gold, had become a very lovely young

