CUSTER COUNTY REPUBLICAN.

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LADIES CHARMS

and Watches. An idea of the beauty and variety of these goods can be gained by a visit to the store. A glance at the windows will not do. Only a very small part of the collection is seen there. The quality of these charming goods cannot be judged by the price. Our figures are much lower than the value of these things demand. A few items will prove this statement.

A. E. Anderson
JEWELER & OPTICIAN

The Nebraska Republican Convention of 1907, which gave its unqualified approval of the splendid work of the last Republican legislature, and which nominated that magnificent Nebraska jurist, M. B. Reese, for judge of the Supreme Court, was the first state convention in the United States to declare for William Howard Taft for President. It should be a matter of pride on the part of every Nebraska Republican to see to it that Nebraska approves this endorsement at the polls next November.

Art Exposition for Russia.

An international exposition for art and building industry will be held in St. Petersburg this summer, under the direction of the Society of Civil Engineers of Russia. The exhibition will have sections for the display of building materials, carpentry and metal work, sanitary protection, fireproofing materials, electrical apparatus, artistic furnishings, literature and methods of construction.

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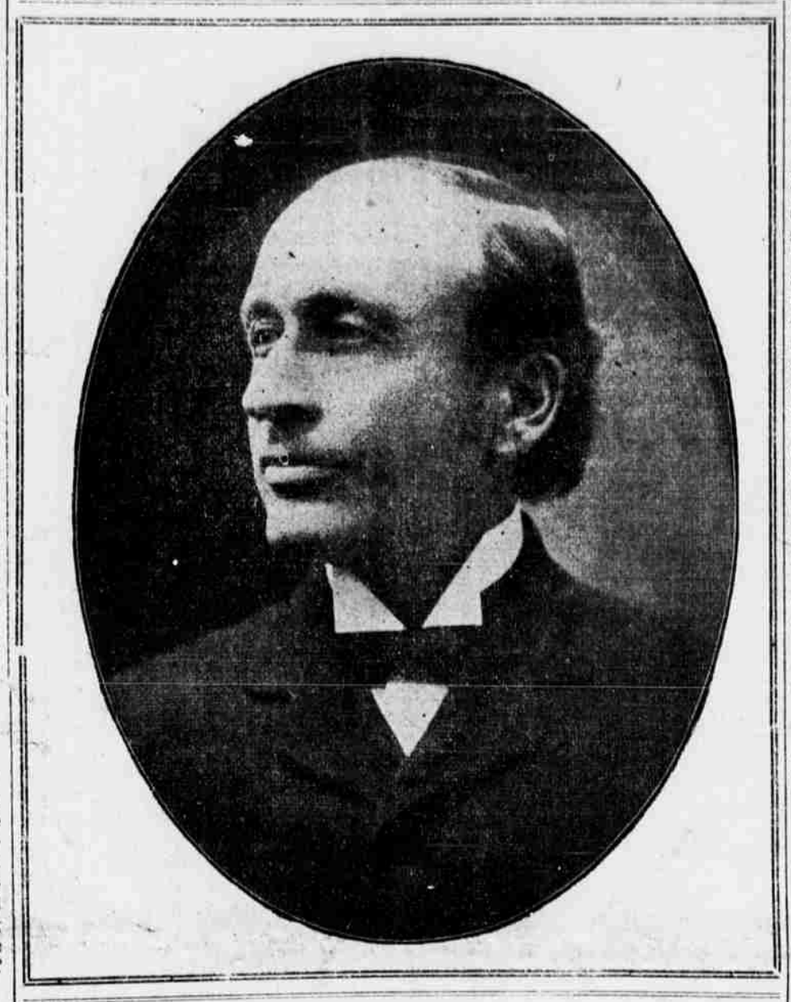
School Supplies
Ed. McCOMAS
Druggist and Jeweler
BROKEN BOW, NEBR.

CONGRESSMAN KINKAID ANNOUNCES

HIS CANDIDACY FOR RENOMINATION.

I beg to announce to the voters of the Sixth Congressional District my candidacy for a renomination by the primary election to be held Tuesday, September 1, 1908. Successful in a reelection, it will be regarded a pleasure and a duty to continue my efforts in behalf of the development of the agricultural resources of the Sixth District to the highest degree practicable by scientific methods as inculcated by the Department of Agriculture. Already great progress has been made in this respect, for which I feel entitled to a portion of the credit.



In the revision of the tariff, I shall strive for provisions calculated to promote the best prices for farm products including live stock. Secretary of State Root will certify to my efforts with the State Department commencing more than two years ago in behalf of the extension of the sale of American meats in foreign countries, especially in Germany.

The provisions of a bill I introduced during the recent session to place lumber and barbed wire upon the free list, if not previously enacted into law, I shall urge for adoption with the general revision to be made at the commencement of the next Congress. In revising the tariff, care must be taken that the higher standard of wages and living of labor in this than in foreign countries be fully preserved.

No interest appeals to me more strongly that that of Nebraska homesteaders and it is my purpose to do the most practicable for them during the remaining session of my present term, which commences the first Monday in December next, and if re-elected, to continue vigilant in their behalf.

For years I have advocated the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

Some proper mode for safely securing the payment of deposits made in National, as well as State banks, in my judgment, would solve in a large measure the causes giving rise to the money panic last fall, and as Congressman, I have since this experience stood ready to vote for such a measure.

My constituents know I have supported the progressive legislation passed, and by the President recommended, during my service, and if reelected the principles of our National platform with the additions made thereto by Secretary Taft, intended to be a continuation of the present administration, shall also receive my loyal support.

With the training I have already enjoyed by actual experience, I feel confident I shall be able to work to greater advantage in behalf of the interests of the District in the future besides being entitled to promotion upon committees by reason of previous service, and such promotion increases the efficiency of a Congressman.

If the services I have rendered and what I stand for commend it, your further support will be appreciated.

RECORD OF CONGRESSMAN KINKAID.

(From the Valentine Republican.)

It is with pleasure we briefly review the record of Congressman Kinkaid as with the approval of thousands of his appreciative constituents, he is a candidate for a renomination. Most of the people of the Sixth District will remember that Congressman Kinkaid made his political start as a member of the Nebraska State Senate and that he became one of the foremost and most influential, though one of the youngest, members of that body. Several years after his legislative service Mr. Kinkaid became District Judge and it has been ascertained by a distinguished jurist that his decisions carried to the Supreme Court upon appeal, contained as few errors as those of any judge of the state in proportion to the time of service of each.

It should not be forgotton it was Candidate Kinkaid who reclaimed the Sixth District from fusionism after it had been continuously represented by Fusionists Kem, Greene and Neville for twelve years. The nominees of the republican party, excellent men too, having experienced successive defeats until the election of Mr. Kinkaid, likewise having in his first two efforts failed of election to Congress.

Homesteading.

The Congressman's greatest legislative achievement is his One Section Homestead act, generally known as the "Kinkaid Act." Well may he and his constituents be proud of this homestead law because it is generally estimated to be the most popular of any act ever passed by Congress affecting Nebraska interests. That it was a great victory to secure so great a change in the homestead law is emphasized by the fact that the bill met with the determined and powerful opposition of the then Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Hitchcock. The bill, according to custom, having been referred to the Secretary for remarks, he briefly expressed in a written report his unqualified opposition to its passage. The belief of our Congressman that this high official, representing an executive branch of the government, was unjustly encroaching upon the legislative branch, determined him more than ever to succeed, and within two weeks after the adverse report, with the favor of President Roosevelt, the bill became a law.

No Congressman could feel more solicitous than Mr. Kinkaid for the interests of the homesteaders of his state, a natural consequence of his being the father of the one-section act. All the numerous letters, questions, and requests of entrymen receive his prompt, courteous, capable and painstaking attention. Besides securing to deserving old homesteaders yet holding their original homesteads in western Nebraska, the right to add three quarters to their original entry, the act has invited thousands of other progressive homesteaders and home builders from other states who have come here and availed themselves of the privileges of the act and who will help to accelerate the development of the state. Under the old one-quarter section regime many of our towns in the public land localities had for several years been growing smaller, but the operation of this beneficent law has reversed this order of things and since the day it took effect business in all such towns has enjoyed a new and continuous impetus, every branch feeling the beneficial effects of increased trade, and the towns have been growing, as the population in the country has been growing, and country and towns are on the best business basis ever enjoyed. A Nebraskan, who on account of his business position ought to know, recently stated that Nebraska, if not now first as a dairy state in the Union, was a close second, and that the Kinkaid Act had been the greatest factor in bringing this about. He predicted that the operation of this law together with the progressive farming already inaugurated, which our Congressman has done so much to stimulate, ere long would promote an increase of the population of the Sixth District fourfold. Right here it is pertinent to note that Mr. Kinkaid during his service has been indefatigable in his efforts to promote the improvement of agriculture in western Nebraska upon scientific methods by experiments by progressive farmers with grain, grass and forage plant seeds, brought from other regions, found to be better adapted to this climate than such as have been in use.

Legislation.

During his service, Mr. Kinkaid has helped to pass the most important laws of any in the history of the United States. The acts thus passed are more directly in the interests of the people than all the laws previously passed. Conspicuous among such acts are the railway rate bill, pure food and meat inspection bills, employers' liability bill, age pension bill, widows pension bill, bill limiting the hours of labor of government employes, bill limiting the hours of labor of railway trainmen, bill limiting the hours of labor of telegraph operators, bill to promote the safety of employees running trains, popularly known as the "Ash Pan Act" and a bill providing for the payment, without suit, or the employment of counsel, of damages for personal injuries sustained by employees of the government engaged in certain dangerous occupations. These and many other bills in the interest of the people received his hearty support.

Pensions.

Due to his loyalty to their interests in promoting the granting of their claims for the allowance and increase of their pensions and the passing of private bills in Congress for their relief, soldiers of the Civil and Spanish-American Wars have come to regard their Congressman as their true friend. He has been exceptionally successful in promoting relief in the thousands of cases in behalf of which he has labored.

Mails.

Greater improvement has been made in the mail service of the Sixth District during the incumbency of Mr. Kinkaid than in the twenty-five years preceding his election. Through his efforts numerous new star mail routes have been established and old ones have been extended; railway mail service on both passenger and freight trains has been inaugurated and extended; and free rural delivery routes have been promoted where the population would justify it.

Reared on a Farm.

Mr. Kinkaid was born and raised on a farm, and that he has been "up against the real thing" in farming is evidenced by the fact that in the harvest field he raked and bound grain and kept up with the cradler when but 16 years of age. A lawyer by profession, he has yet been directly interested in farming during the most of his business career. He was a pioneer in the raising of pure breed Angora goats in Nebraska and has introduced other pure breed live stock.

Nebraska, we believe, has commenced to emulate the example of old settled states by continuing its Representatives rendering good service for more than two or three two-year terms. Influential Congressmen are those of the longer, or longest, service and the longer the service the more successful are they in behalf of their districts. If ability, aptitude, experience, and fidelity to the interests of his constituents are to govern, Mr. Kinkaid should be renominated.

A SOLEMN WARNING BY W. J. BRYAN

JUST EIGHT YEARS AGO

"THE FIGHT THIS YEAR WILL BE TO CARRY OUT THE SENTIMENT OF THAT SONG WE HAVE SO OFTEN REPEATED, 'MY COUNTRY 'TIS OF THEE;' IF WE LOSE, OUR CHILDREN AND OUR CHILDREN'S CHILDREN WILL NOT SUCCEED TO THE SPIRIT OF THAT SONG, AND CELEBRATIONS OF THE FOURTH OF JULY WILL PASS AWAY, FOR THE SPIRIT OF EMPIRE WILL BE UPON US."—(W. J. Bryan, in Welcoming the Bryan Home Guards and Traveling Men's Club on their return from the National Convention, Saturday, July 7, 1900.)

The Democrats prate loudly about campaign publicity. Republican Nebraska has a publicity law which the Republican State Committee observes to the letter, while the Bryan democracy, through "Brother-in-Law Tom" and "Cowboy Jim," ignores the law. Treasurer Sheldon of the Republican National Committee declares that he will publish all campaign contributions received by him; thus complying with the New York law. With the Republicans, campaign publicity is now a fact; with the Democrats, it is a promise supported by a failure to perform.

This year the Republican state ticket will be supported in the campaign by the best record made by any administration in the state's history. The Democratic ticket will be supported by the political agents of the great railway corporations doing business in the state. The voter must decide whether he will face forward under the banner borne by Governor Sheldon and his Republican associates, or face to the rear beneath the banner of the allies—democracy and the railroads.

"Mr. Taft is broad in mind, with a big heart and well equipped to be the chief magistrate of this country. As a lawyer, he has no superior. As an administrator, he has won world-wide renown, and his work in that particular will be historic. He is pure, brave, firm and kind, and will make one of the greatest American presidents."—(Senator Beveridge.)

"I shall do all in my power to insure your election."—(LaFollette to Taft.)

"The Republican party is never in want of a man able and equipped for his task, for the great task of governing a free people in constitutional method. But there never has been a man called to that task with the equipment of William Howard Taft. That is the plain fact."—(Governor Hughes, of New York, addressing the Republican Club of New York City.)

The speech of Permanent Chairman Clayton of the National Democratic convention was an assault upon the integrity of President Roosevelt. Clayton was chosen because he was the personal choice of Candidate Bryan for the place. If the Democrats approve of the Roosevelt policies, why do they, in speaking officially to the American people, denounce him and his policies?

"When I was nominated for Governor in 1906, Mr. Bryan said that I was a good fellow, but that the other man would make a much better Governor. I can now truthfully say that Mr. Bryan is a good fellow, but that the other man would make a much better President."—(Governor Sheldon addressing the Taft Club at Lincoln, Neb., July 2nd.)

"Mr. Bryan was a professed bimetalist, but he has proven himself a tri-metalist. He coined American gold out of political brass while talking on free silver."—(Chas. H. Sloan, of Geneva, Neb., addressing the Taft Ratification Meeting at Beatrice on Friday, June 26.)

"I feel that the country is indeed to be congratulated upon the nomination of Mr. Taft. I do not believe there could be found in all the country a man so well fitted to be President."—(President Roosevelt on learning of Secretary Taft's nomination.)

On March 14, 1907, the state debt in round numbers was $1,483,950. July 1st, 1908, it had been reduced to $542,100, or a net reduction, under the present state administration, of $942,000. By the first of July, 1909, the state will be out of debt, provided the present Republican gait is maintained.

Delicious
Drinks

Our Soda Drinks are goods drinks for you to drink during these sweltering days.
They cool and refresh.

Ice Cream Soda 10c
Worth It

J.S. & J.F. Baisch
DRUGGISTS.
The Quality Store

We Buy Test-and Pay Cash For Cream

We Buy--Test-and Pay Cash For Cream

BIG REDUCTION IN DRY FRUITS
Now is the time to buy. All Quality;
Fine Meated Fruit Prunes 8½ to and 12½c per lb.
Seeded Raisins Clean per package.....10c
New Raspberries per pound.....40c
New Crop Peaches the best per pound.....15c
New Crop Apricots the best per pound.....20c
Evap Apples per pound.....15c
Fancy Cleaned Currants per pound.....13c

EXTRACTS.

Kamo Extract	Lemo ,	the best made	20c
" "	Vanilla	" " "	20c
" "	Pineapple	" " "	15c
" "	Strawberry	the best made	15c
" "	Raspberry	" " "	15c
" "	Banana	" " "	15c
" "	Orange	" " "	15c
" "	Clove	" " "	15c
" "	Wintergreen	" " "	15c
" "	Peppermint	" " "	15c
" "	Fruit Color	" " "	15c

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