

MAKES AN APPEAL

WITTE ASKS FOR ORDER AND A CHANCE FOR NEW REGIME.

DEPENDS ON HELP OF PRESS

Says Emergency Demands Union of Intellectual Forces of Nation—Tactics of the Opposition Will Be Peaceable.

ST. PETERSBURG — The official Messenger prints another strongly worded appeal for confidence. It bears Count Witte's remarks, hints strongly that the empire is threatened with dismemberment unless the people rally to its support and draws attention to the different character of the representations with which the government is being besieged to quell the exciting disorders in the country, some of them complaining of the seal of the troops and others of their inaction, some asking for military protection and others for the entire removal of the soldiers. "Although it is impossible in every case," the note says, "to diagnose the true cause of the conflicts, it is clear that their origin generally is the hostility aroused among the different classes of the population. Those who are dissatisfied with the manifesto provoke the indignation of those who received it with gratitude, leading to attacks and counterattacks, all of which could be avoided if the people only had confidence that the reforms set forth in the imperial manifesto will be executed. Disorders accomplish nothing and only delay the reforms which are designed to give the people a representative assembly in which to settle their differences. The duty of every subject of the emperor is to aid in the pacification of the country. "In particular," the note concludes, "the government reckons on the support of the press, which must understand that in the present situation a union of the intellectual forces of the whole nation is necessary."

The tactics of the opposition, according to the Russ, will be peaceable. They will take the form of demonstrations to compel the government to redeem its promises and meet the wishes of the people. The paper claims that even Count Witte fails to comprehend the forces with which he is dealing, "which consist of unions and leagues representing organized distrust."

Continuing, the Russ says: "There are no leaders, and Count Witte's efforts to bring individuals into this camp are therefore unavailing. He summons them under the influence of his personality; they listen, but are powerless to reply, and when they take back his words to the organizations they represent the organizations, free from the spell of his magic, always return the same reply that confidence in his words is impossible and that they can trust only deeds. The resolutions of the leagues are in the nature of ultimatums."

WHY A MILLIONAIRE DESIRES A PENSION

WASHINGTON—Pensions for millionaires is one of the new developments under the executive order of last year, making age the only disability necessary for the granting of a service pension. According to Commissioner Warner, the application of a millionaire for a pension has been recently favorably passed upon. He did not want the pension, according to the commissioner on account of the money it carried, but simply to perfect his record of honorable service in the civil war. This view of the age disability is being taken by many well-to-do veterans, who would not otherwise apply for pensions. The fact that they are eligible and performed the service stipulated in behalf of the government and that the government is willing to recognize this service by a pension and the accompanying records of the same will make the service pension a desirable addition to family records.

Hearst Will Contest. NEW YORK—With the granting of an order by Supreme Court Justice William Gaynor in Brooklyn compelling Police Commissioner McAdoo to remove every ballot box from all the precincts in Greater New York to the bureau of elections, William R. Hearst, the defeated municipal ownership league candidate, took his first legal step in a fight to secure a recount of the votes cast on election day.

Anti-Mormon Ticket Wins. SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—The American party, of which former United States Senator Thomas Kearns is a leader, today elected Ezra Thompson mayor after a bitter campaign, to which the opposition to the Mormon church was the sole issue. Mayor Richard P. Morris, Mormon and democrat, ran ahead of Chife of Police William J. Lynch, republican and gentle, for whom United States Senator Reed Smoot made a personal campaign. Except some aldermen, the whole American ticket probably is elected.

Says Missionaries Seized Idols. LONDON—A dispatch to the Daily Express from Hong Kong says that the Lienchow massacre was due to the unhappy action of Mrs. Machie, who on the refusal of some of the members of a native procession to desist from worshipping the idols they carried, seized the idols and declined to restore them to their owners. Thereupon the infuriated processionists surrounded and destroyed the mission and assaulted the inmates. They then murdered them and threw their bodies into the river.

FIGHT WITH TAFT.

American Vessel Owners Take Issue With Him.

TAFT HAS GOOD WORDS FOR PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

WASHINGTON—There was a public reception at the De Lesseps house at Cristobal in honor of Secretary Taft, who made a speech praising President Roosevelt's administration of canal matters and the methods taken to obtain the best engineering advice in the choice of the plan for building the canal. He emphasized his predictions that the canal would soon be built and made a laudatory reference to Governor Magoon, Chief Engineer Stevens and Chief Health Officer Gorgas. A private ball followed the reception.

WASHINGTON—A lively fight between Secretary Taft and the American shipping interests is in prospect for the coming session of congress. After years of struggle for recognition, the American shipowners finally secured from congress an act extending the coastwise shipping laws to the Philippines. This was bitterly contested by a combination of cordage manufacturers, who, not content with a rebate of \$7.50 per ton on hemp, which is charged as an export duty on all hemp exported from the Philippines to other countries the United States alone being excepted, maintained they could not compete with foreign manufacturers unless they were able to import their hemp in tramp steamers operated under a foreign flag. Secretary Taft adopted their view of the case and finally obtained a postponement of the date on which the law should take effect from July 1, 1905, until July 1, 1906. Now the plea is advanced that American shipping will not be available in sufficient tonnage to handle the Philippine export trade on July 1 of next year, and therefore the time should be extended from July 1, 1906 to July 1, 1909. Alexander R. Smith, of New York, formerly superintendent of the maritime exchange of that city and now commissioner of the merchant marine league of the United States, with headquarters in Cleveland is in Washington, and takes issue with Secretary Taft and predicts that his efforts to have the time extended will be bitterly opposed by the maritime interests of this country. Mr. Smith has just returned from an extended trip through the New England states and will make a tour of the south before congress opens in the interest of his organization.

CONSUL GIVES WARNING TO OTHER MISSIONARIES

HONG KONG—As a result of the recent massacre of American missionaries at Lienchow an imperial edict has been issued directing the viceroy of Canton to furnish efficient protection to the missions, to punish all the guilty persons and to promise the fullest redress, and warning him that he would be held responsible for further outrages and for the protection of the missions.

The American consul at Canton, Julius S. Lay, declares that the dissemination of inflammatory boycott literature is indirectly responsible for the massacre and he has warned the isolated stations in Kwang-Tung and Kwang-Si of their danger in view of the fact that the anti-American feeling is growing stronger and advising the departure of the missionaries for their head stations.

GREAT CAREER FOR ROOSEVELT.

Watterson Says End of Term Will Not Conclude His Activities. CHICAGO—A glorious career for President Roosevelt as president of Harvard university after he leaves the White House was predicted by Henry Watterson, the star-eyed apostle from Louisville.

Mr. Watterson came in during the afternoon from Wisconsin, where he has been lecturing, and went to the Auditorium Annex—to rest, he said. He would not talk politics. "President Roosevelt," said he, "whn urged, "will round out his career, after leaving the White House, as president of Harvard university. It will be a fitting and glorious termination of his useful life. He will be the greatest figure in the country as the head of the university."

TWO LIVES LOST IN CRASH.

Laborers Killed at New Hayden Building from Tie Rod Breaking.

OMAHA — Albert Lumpkin and James McNamara, laborers, working on the fireproofing at the New Hayden Bros' building on Douglass street between Sixteenth, and Seventeenth, were buried in nearly 100 tons of concrete and brick Monday morning, when a tie rod in one of the sections of the fireproofing broke on the fourth floor, where the men were working, and were killed instantly. The section that gave way carried the next one below with it and each succeeding section gave way under the increasing weight until the sub-basement was reached.

NORWAY'S RECOGNITION BY UNCLE SAM

WASHINGTON—It is learned at the state department that this government has practically recognized the new government of Norway, though all the formalities have not been carried out. This was done by the recognition by Secretary Root of Mr. Hauge as charge d'affaires for Norway and the way is now open for diplomatic exchanges between the two countries whenever there is any necessity for them.

No Charges for Notary Work.

WASHINGTON — Postmaster General Cortelyou issued an order exempting all fourth class postmasters from the operation of the order prohibiting notarial charges by notary publics who are officers or employees of the executive services of the government.

Heavy Deal in Coal Land.

UNIONTOWN, Pa.—The sale of 25,000 acres of coal land, one of the largest coal deals ever consummated by local men, was closed here.

TAKES THE BOXES

BALLOTS NOW IN CARE OF ELECTION COMMISSIONERS.

HEARST CLAIMS MAYORALTY

His Helpers Get an Order from Justice Dickey of Supreme Court—McClellan, the Alleged Mayor-Elect, Makes a Statement.

NEW YORK—The contest over the mayoralty election inaugurated by William Randolph Hearst, the municipal ownership candidate, developed interestingly spectacular features. For twelve hours the boxes containing nearly 600,000 ballots cast in last Tuesday's election choked the streets in the vicinity of the headquarters of the board of elections in Sixth avenue between Forty-first and Forty-second streets. The ballot boxes had been gathered during the night by the police and conveyed in patrol wagons to the election board's headquarters. There the officials refused to receive the ballot boxes and the police, acting under a court order, signed by Justice Gaynor, compelling the police authorities to turn the ballots over to the election board, had nothing to do but remain outside and await the pleasure of the election officials. Apprised of the situation, the attorneys for Mr. Hearst appeared before Justice Dickey of the state supreme court and secured from him an order compelling John R. Voorhies, president of the board of elections, to accept the ballots. The order was served promptly and the ballots were received for by the election board. Under strong guard the patrol wagons containing the boxes were driven to various ware houses in the city and Brooklyn, where the ballots were stored subject to the orders of the election board.

State Attorney General Julius Mayer had an important conference with District Attorney Jerome Thursday afternoon, after which it was announced that the attorney general's office would remain open until midnight. Superintendent of Elections Morgan appeared before Messrs. Mayer and Jerome, with six of his deputies, and placed evidence before the prosecuting officials. Mayor McClellan engaged counsel, among them being Alton B. Parker, ex-judge of the court of appeals and democratic candidate for president last year, to represent him during the mayoralty contest. He made public the following statement: "The election returns show my election by a plurality of 4,180 votes. These returns are the results of procedure prescribed by the law and they are expressly declared by the law to be presumptively correct. I believe they are correct. Therefore I will take all legitimate means to protect my rights, as well as those of the voters. If my adversary appeals to the law to overthrow what are now the legal returns of the results of the election I will meet him fully prepared to vindicate these results. To the courts, where these differences must be passed upon, every candidate and every citizen should readily submit."

They Join the Insurgents. ST. PETERSBURG—A force of Uhlan cavalry sent to Cronstadt from Peterhof is reported to have joined the insurgents. It is also reported that the artillerymen of the fortress have joined the insurgents.

They Join the Insurgents. ST. PETERSBURG—A force of Uhlan cavalry sent to Cronstadt from Peterhof is reported to have joined the insurgents. It is also reported that the artillerymen of the fortress have joined the insurgents.

A FORMER NEBRASKAN GETS A GOOD JOB

CHICAGO—Joseph C. Mason political writer on the Record-Herald, was appointed secretary of the newly created civil service commission of Illinois, the purpose of which is to put the thousands of employes in state institutions under civil service rules. All employes not reappointed by Governor Deneen in his recent lists are subject to the civil service rules, but the recent appointees are exempt and have practically a life tenure. Mr. Mason will receive approximately \$4,000 a year for his services. He came to Chicago from Lincoln, Neb., a few years ago, and began the study of Illinois politics.

Election Officers Attached. PHILADELPHIA — Attachments were served upon the officers of sixteen election precincts for failure to make returns of the election to the prothonotary's office as provided by law. Two magistrates will alternate on the bench in the disposal of the election cases. There are 288 defendants charged with fraud at the polls and beginning Thursday a full investigation will be made of every case.

Call Money at 15 Per Cent.

NEW YORK—Money on call went to 15 per cent Thursday, the highest rate for several years. Last Saturday's bank statement showed the surplus reserve to be almost exhausted, and since then large sums have been sent from New York to the interior, leaving practically nothing to be lent in this market. Secretary of the Treasury Shaw was in New York and he reported that he intended to deposit several million dollars of government funds with the banks to relieve the situation.

May Reach to Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON—The navy department has been informed that the wireless telegraph operator at San Juan, Porto Rico, reads signals which were being sent from a wireless station in the vicinity of New York. The distance as computed at the navy department is approximately 1,400 miles. This encourages the belief of the department that it will be possible to establish wireless telegraph communication between San Juan and the Washington navy yard in the near future.

BALLOT BOXES IN THE RIVER.

Another Incident in the New York Election.

THE DEMOCRATS SUCCESSFUL IN OHIO BY 40,000.

A Political Revolution in Philadelphia—McClellan, Democrat, for Mayor of New York, Elected—Returns From Elsewhere.

NEW YORK—Attorney General Mayer stated that he had received information of the recovery from the North river of certain ballot boxes used in the election of Tuesday last. He said the matter was under investigation. Attorney General Mayer left his office at midnight Thursday, saying expected developments had not taken place and that nothing could be gained by his remaining down town longer. He refused to discuss the reported finding of the ballot boxes in the river further than to say that such reports had come to him, it being said the boxes were picked up by a tug. A ballot box alleged to have been stolen and discovered by accident was taken to District Attorney Jerome's office and closely examined.

NEBRASKA'S SENATOR IS NON-COMMITTAL

OMAHA — Senator Millard was shown a telegram from Sioux City, in a St. Paul paper, which draws the conclusion that he is opposed to the president's plans for railway rate legislation, because, he said, when he was asked if he would favor a bill embracing the president's views: "I do not want to be interviewed on the matter at this time. I am a member of the interstate commerce committee of the senate, which is called to meet November 21 to consider the question of railway rates as suggested by the president, and to try to prepare a bill which we hope will meet the approval of President Roosevelt and of congress. It is entirely out of place for me to say now what I would do regarding a bill that has not been prepared nor considered by the committee."

RUSSIAN TROOPS MUTINY.

City of Cronstadt in Flames and Massacre is Reported.

ST. PETERSBURG—Intense excitement prevails here owing to the alarming news from Cronstadt. According to the reports a mutiny of the sailors occurred during the night and was followed by a regular battle with the troops, during which machine guns were used. Later the torch was used and the town is now in flames. It is reported that the glare of the fire can be seen from the windows of the emperor's palace at Peterhof.

The inhabitants of Cronstadt are in a panic. The boats to St. Petersburg have stopped running and telephone and telegraph communications have been severed. It is impossible now to verify the reports or secure details of the happenings.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT FOR SEPARATE STATEHOOD

WASHINGTON—President Roosevelt informed a delegation from Oklahoma that he would recommend in his forthcoming message single statehood for Oklahoma and Indian Territory. The delegation told the president they hoped congress would pass a single statehood resolution according to his recommendation.

They suggested a provision regulating the liquor traffic be left to the people, as with their personal knowledge of the Indians in the territory they would settle the question properly.

RETURNS COME IN SLOWLY.

Only Fifty-Two Counties Send in Figures Up to Date.

OMAHA—Complete returns from fifty-two of the ninety counties of the state, casting over half the vote, give Letton a plurality of 17,420. These same counties two years ago gave Barnes a plurality of 7,539, a net gain for Letton of 9,881. These additional returns bear out the estimate of Thursday that Letton's plurality will be in excess of 20,000. The plurality of the republican candidates for regent in these same counties is about 4,000 less than for the head of the ticket.

Mormons Lose in Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.—The American party, favored for the express purpose of overthrowing the influence of the Mormon church in municipal affairs, gained a complete victory in the recent city election.

Defeat Makes Him Crazy.

ZANESVILLE, O.—J. E. Crotzer, candidate for member of the board of public service, who was defeated at the recent election, was adjudged insane and committed to the Columbus state hospital.

Land Frauds in Idaho.

MOSCOW, Idaho.—The federal grand jury engaged in ferreting out land frauds, completed its work and was discharged. Eight indictments were returned, but United States Attorney Ruck declines to give out the names of the indicted.

Another Victim of Foot Ball.

ALTON, Ill.—James Squires, aged 18 years, a member of the Alton High school foot ball team, died Monday from injuries received October 21 in a game.

VOTE OF TUESDAY

THE DEMOCRATS SUCCESSFUL IN OHIO BY 40,000.

THE OUTCOME IN NEBRASKA

A Political Revolution in Philadelphia—McClellan, Democrat, for Mayor of New York, Elected—Returns From Elsewhere.

COLUMBUS, O.—That John M. Pattison has been elected governor for the next three years by a plurality running well above 40,000 is settled tonight, as in also the working majority of the democrats in both houses in the legislature, but there is some uncertainty as to the remainder of the state ticket. The earlier returns were apparently from sections favorable to the governor, for he held a lead over the rest of his ticket until today, when fuller returns from the country districts cut into his vote severely, and by the middle of the afternoon he seemed to be over 40,000 votes behind his ticket.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA — The political revolution in this city and state yesterday was the greatest that has occurred in Pennsylvania in nearly a generation. There have been previous upheavals, but this is the first time in years that the office for which there was any semblance of a contest has been lost to the regular republicans. It is also the first time in a quarter of a century that the regular republicans have been defeated for control of the state treasury. Memorable contests have been waged against the republicans for the office, but without success, and it is worthy of note that yesterday's election is the first that has been held for the place since the death of Former United States Senator Quay.

The plurality of William H. Berry, who was nominated by the democrats, independent party, Lincoln party and prohibitionists for state treasurer, will be nearly 100,000 and may go above these figures. J. Lee Plummer, republican candidate, ran far behind his ticket in nearly every county in the state. The remainder of the republican ticket was elected by the usual republican pluralities.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK—Although McClellan on the face of the complete, but unofficial returns, was elected by a plurality of 3,485, the democrats lost heavily in yesterday's contest.

The election of Jerome as district attorney, is a severe blow to the Tammany organization, which exerted all the force at its command to defeat him. His victory is remarkable when it is considered that he was the candidate of no party and made his appeal for votes solely on his record in office for the last four years and that every man who voted for him voted a split ticket.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA—Twenty-five counties complete give Letton a plurality of 8,882, as compared with a plurality for Barnes two years ago in the same counties of 1,934, a net gain of 6,948. These twenty-five counties represent less than one-third of the total vote of the state and do not include Lancaster and Gage with two large republican majorities. A fair estimate would certainly put Letton's plurality above the 20,000 mark, against a plurality for Barnes two years ago of 9,127.

The plurality of the republican candidates for regent is slightly smaller than that of Letton for judge, while the total vote on regent is slightly greater than on the head of the ticket.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON — Revised figures are: Governor: Guild (rep.), 197,512; Bartlett (dem.), 174,396; Guild's plurality, 23,116. Lieutenant governor: Draper (rep.), 182,137; Whitney (dem.), 180,201; Draper's plurality, .936.

NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, N. J.—Late returns from Hudson county indicate that the republicans have elected their entire twelve assemblymen. By reason of this the democrats will probably not have more than three members of the assembly.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE—Late returns dissipate much of the doubt as to the result of the election. In all except a few precincts of usually democratic counties to hear from the defeat of the proposed suffrage restriction amendment to the state constitution, 28,000 to 29,000 is indicated.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO—The republicans swept Chicago and Cook county, electing every candidate on their ticket.

Move in Meat Cases.

CHICAGO—Attorney General Moody has sent for United States District Attorney C. B. Morrison and Assistant Attorney General Oliver E. Pugin to go to Washington in regard to the "beef trust" prosecution. The plea of the packers declaring that Commissioner Garfield of the bureau of corporations had promised the packers immunity from prosecution, has taken such an aspect that the attorney general is said to wish a joint interview with the commissioner and with Messrs. Morrison and Pugin.

STICKNEY ON RATE QUESTION

Says Congress Will Pass the Esch-Townsend Bill.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—A. B. Stickney,

president of the Chicago Great Western railway, who was in Kansas City on his way to Galveston is quoted as saying that President Roosevelt's proposed rate bill will pass congress. "I believe that the Esch-Townsend bill will be adopted by congress," said Mr. Stickney. "But I do not believe it will make any immediate appreciable difference to shippers. Yet, as a national declaration of principle, it means everything. The president's recommendation means, in effect, that when the shipper disputes the fairness of a railroad rate the two parties shall go before an arbitration tribunal whose decision shall become a common rule for the kind of freight in question. The other method, that of going to law, is hopeless. "The real objection of railroad men to the appointment of any tribunal is a wholesome distrust of the sort of men who may be appointed. The position should be one of dignity with a life appointment similar in its terms to that of the United States supreme court. If appointments of that sort could be guaranteed, I believe that the manager of every important railroad in the country would endorse the measure."

FINANCES A NEW RAILROAD. It Will Be Built From Idaho to Nevada. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. — William Peyton Mason, president of the San Francisco, Idaho & Montana Railroad company, announces the financing in New York of the first division of the first 210 miles of the road. The work will be done by the San Francisco, Idaho & Montana Railroad Construction company, formed for the purpose. Construction will be begun at once, and will be finished by January 1, 1907. Estimate of the cost is \$2,500,000.

TAFT HAS GOOD WORDS FOR PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

There was a public reception at the De Lesseps house at Cristobal in honor of Secretary Taft, who made a speech praising President Roosevelt's administration of canal matters and the methods taken to obtain the best engineering advice in the choice of the plan for building the canal. He emphasized his predictions that the canal would soon be built and made a laudatory reference to Governor Magoon, Chief Engineer Stevens and Chief Health Officer Gorgas. A private ball followed the reception.

FINANCES A NEW RAILROAD.

It Will Be Built From Idaho to Nevada.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. — William Peyton Mason, president of the San Francisco, Idaho & Montana Railroad company, announces the financing in New York of the first division of the first 210 miles of the road. The work will be done by the San Francisco, Idaho & Montana Railroad Construction company, formed for the purpose. Construction will be begun at once, and will be finished by January 1, 1907. Estimate of the cost is \$2,500,000.

The first section of the new line to be built will extend from the Snake river valley in Idaho, southwest to Winnemucca, Nev., where connection will be made with the Southern Pacific thus bringing the valley 600 miles nearer than San Francisco.

The route is laid out through a district on which about \$15,000,000 is being spent by the government and corporations on irrigation.

Third Union Labor Victory.

SAN FRANCISCO — The union labor party achieved an astonishing triumph in yesterday's battle at the polls. From the head of the ticket down to the eighteenth nominee for supervisor every union labor candidate was elected. Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz being returned for a third term by a majority of 11,500 over John S. Partridge, the joint nominee of the republican and democratic parties. The remainder of the candidates of the Schmitz ticket were elected by majorities ranging from 4,000 to 7,000.

MONARCHICAL GOVERNMENT WANTED BY ONE CLASS

CHRISTIANIA, Norway.—The government issued a proclamation recommending the people to vote at the forthcoming referendum for a monarchical form of government based on the British and Italian constitutions. The proclamation further points out that the best friends of Norway in Europe declare that the country's relations with the foreign powers can be better secured by the retention of the monarchy. The radicals and socialists also issued a proclamation recommending a republic.

Winter Drift in Prospect.

WASHINGTON—After the departure of the British squadron, commanded by Prince Louis of Battenberg, Rear Admiral Evans will send will send the battleships of his fleet to different yards for their annual fall repairs, and later will start the North Atlantic fleet south for the winter maneuvers. It is expected it will be ready to rendezvous in Hampton Roads by the first week in January, going from there to Guantanamo. The general board of the navy is now preparing a program for the winter drills.

Revolution is Threatened.

WASHINGTON — A revolutionary movement has developed in Santo Domingo and an uprising is threatened. News to this effect has reached the government here and the proper steps are being taken by the Navy department at the instance of the state department to maintain the peace.

LOS ANGELES—The national executive committee of the Woman's Christian Temperance union voted to hold the next convention in 1906 at Hartford, Conn.