

General News

Three fatal cases of cholera are reported at Lodz, Russian Poland.

John C. Sanger, late of New York, has been murdered in Sonora, Mexico. Several conflicts between Czechs and Germans, the result of race hatred, have taken place.

The warrant for the extradition of John E. Gaynor and B. D. Green has been signed by the minister of justice.

The supreme court of Nevada handed down a decision upholding the constitutionality of the state eight-hour law.

At least fifty lives are reported to have been lost in the typhoon in the Philippines, while the property loss is great.

One man was burned to death and two were fatally burned tonight in a fire in a lodging house in West street, New York.

Ambassador Cassus, who expected to leave Mexico City Saturday, for Washington, is confined to his bed with a severe illness.

Robert E. Burke returns to power as head of the Cook county Democrats and as political manager for Mayor Dunne of Chicago.

Secretary Metcalf of the department of commerce and labor, who has been ill with an affection of the stomach, is reported better.

The pest commission reports that on September 29 and September 30 twenty-one new cases of cholera were discovered in Russian Poland.

E. P. Ripley, president of the Santa Fe Road, called to aid the cause of reduced live stock rates, testified that they already are too low.

The members of the Russian Imperial family who have been cruising in Finnish waters on the imperial yacht Polar Star, have returned to Peterhoff.

George W. Beavers, former chief of the salaries and allowance division of the postoffice department will be tried at an early date on all the indictments returned against him.

Japan made peace in fear of a financial breakdown, the expenses of the war proving greater than was expected and the rice crop being threatened with failure, is a report from Tokio.

The laws of Missouri are declared to be a menace to business and moral life by the St. Louis grand jury which has been investigating tax dodging, and the enactment of a new statute is recommended.

The Never Sink Mountain hotel, located on the summit of Never Sink mountain, on the outskirts of Reading, Pa., was destroyed by fire. The building, a large four-story frame structure, was erected twelve years ago at a cost of \$100,000.

The federal grand jury at Washington returned new indictments in the cotton crop leakage cases against Edwin S. Holmes, Jr., a former assistant statistician of the agricultural department; Frederick A. Peckham and Moses Hass of New York.

At a meeting of the directors of the Wabash railroad, a resolution was passed granting President James Ramsey, Jr., an indefinite extension of his leave of absence. Mr. Ramsey attended the meeting and formally protested against what he considered an effort on the part of the board to remove him as president.

The Paris Echo de Paris prints an article signed by Andrew Carnegie in which the writer argues in favor of an alliance of the United States, France and Great Britain for the safeguarding of the peace of the world. The author denominates the countries named as "the three republics; two uncrowned and one crowned."

Congressman Hull of Iowa, predicts that the coming session of congress will be a busy one and that congress would have plenty to do in disposing of legislation that failed last session, appropriation bills and new legislation. He gave as his belief that there would be "a serious effort at railway rate legislation and the probabilities are there will be a law passed."

The Dennison case, in which Tom Dennison is charged with complicity in the Pollock diamond robbery, which was scheduled to come up at this term of the Montgomery county, Iowa district court, may be continued until December, if it is ever tried.

The Shingle Mills' bureau, an association to control the output of Washington red cedar shingles, was organized at Seattle. About 80 per cent of the total output of the state was represented. A resolution was adopted, advocating a closing down of the mills during the months of December and January next.

Completion of the second tube of the New York and New Jersey tunnel under the Hudson River is announced.

Superintendent Pearse of the Milwaukee public schools favors the establishment of neighborhood centers in the school buildings.

Orders for 100,000 tons of shipping have been placed by England with the Clyde builders.

The anniversary of the death of Emile Zola was observed at Paris, crowds of people visiting the Montmartre cemetery, where flowers were laid on his tomb.

THE BUMPER WHEAT CROP OF CANADA.

100,000,000 Bushels of Wheat from 4,000,000 Acres of Land.

In order to secure the attention of the reader to any special article that is brought before the public, it is often the custom to lead the reader on by the introduction of an interesting story until by one bold jump, he is introduced to the subject that it is desired shall be brought to his notice. This is not fair to the reader, and it is not the intention to do that in this article. It will discuss in the briefest way "Western Canada" and its possibilities for settlement. For the past six or seven years the Government of the Dominion of Canada has talked of the resources of Western Canada to the readers of this and thousands of other papers throughout the United States. The quality of the soil was spoken of, the large area of fertile lands was discussed, the possibilities of the country as a grain-growing district were talked of, and the story of the success of farmers from the United States was told. The story is not yet an old one. The two hundred thousand from the United States, who have made Western Canada their home, who have taken advantage of the 160 acres of land that the Government gives free to actual settlers are telling the story to-day to their friends. They have proven the statements made through these columns and by the Government Agents. They have produced from their lands, twenty, thirty, forty and more bushels of wheat to the acre, and netted profits ranging from three to ten and more dollars on every acre tilled. They have found the climate fully as good as they were told it would be, schools were convenient and easily organized, railways were not far distant, and markets close at hand. The social conditions were such as they chose to make them, and law and order were observed. Many of them bought land, because it was low-priced and good, and hundreds of cases could be cited where the purchase price of the land was paid out of the first crop. The writer knows of cases this year where the farmer, as a result of the yield on his farm, was put in a position that would enable him to increase his holdings three extra acres for every acre cropped and pay cash for it. Is it any wonder that one grows enthusiastic when speaking about Western Canada.

But what may be said of this year. We are now in a position to speak regarding it. The conditions throughout Manitoba and the new provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan have been remarkably favorable. Had conditions been no better than in past years there would have been every cause for congratulation. We find through all previous records broken, and that from a four million acre crop of wheat there will be one hundred million bushels of a yield—25 bushels to the acre. Could anything better be desired? Covering the entire country the same splendid reports are being received. The following dispatch was sent by Mr. F. W. Thompson, Vice President of the Ogilvie Milling Co., one of the most careful grain men in America:

"Have just returned from covering several hundred miles of the crop district. I never saw anything like it in this country before. The average yield and quality far exceeds our earlier expectations. It is an immense crop. The weather is extremely favorable."

Up to three weeks ago it was Mr. Thompson's opinion that the crop would not reach general expectations.

"F. W. Thompson sends another telegram from Winnipeg to-night, saying that his estimate of the wheat crop is now one hundred millions bushels. Before he went west he thought it would fall considerably short of that figure."

The moral of this story is that there should be no hesitation in making a decision if you wish to better your condition; or, if you have a family of boys that you wish to become settled on farms, it is a safe proposition to call upon the nearest authorized Canadian Government Agent, and get particulars as to most suitable districts and railway rates.

Detectives are interested in the "collar" industry.

**NO TONGUE CAN TELL**  
How I Suffered with Itching and Bleeding Eczema Until Cured by Cuticura.

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with a terribly painful, itching, and bleeding eczema, my body and face being covered with sores. Never in my life did I experience such awful suffering, and I longed for death, which I felt was near. I had tried doctors and medicines without success, but my mother insisted that I try Cuticura. I felt better after the first wash with Cuticura Soap and one application of Cuticura Ointment, and was soon entirely well. (Signed) Mrs. A. Etson, Bellevue, Mich."

In this age of substitution somebody should substitute something for the walking delegate.

I do not believe Pils' Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN P. BOYES, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1903

It's surprising what a number of practical things are impracticable when you try them.

**FITS** permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first dose of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE 25.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KILB, Ltd., 611 Area Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

There isn't very much hope for the man who has reached the age of 40 and isn't more or less of a crank.

AGAINST THE PUBLIC INTEREST.

Overzealous Reformers Work for Law Against Proprietary Medicines.

"Schemes to diminish or destroy the sale of proprietary medicines are constantly being devised by interested parties. Every now and then some zealous reformer comes to the front with the demand for a law to require every package of proprietary medicine to be labeled with a printed statement of the 'formula,' showing just how it is manufactured. The millions of people who use proprietary medicines seem to be satisfied; but the man with a mania for regulating the affairs of other people or who has some personal interest to serve is the one who agitates the proposition. To a person who has never taken time to consider it, such a proposition may seem reasonable enough; yet it is in fact nothing more nor less than a scheme to compel the manufacturers to put their trade throughout the entire country at the mercy of every commercial pirate who might choose to flood the market with imitations of their goods.

"Under such conditions the incentive for the original manufacturer to advertise his goods would be practically destroyed, for the money spent on advertising would inure mainly to the benefit of the pirates and imitators. Without advertising, the public would receive little information in regard to the medicine, and all future sales would be greatly impaired if not wholly destroyed. It is mainly by judicious advertising that the knowledge of proprietary medicines is brought to the public. Nothing is more certain than that millions of people have found relief at a comparatively small expense by the use of some remedy first called to their notice through newspaper advertising. Why, then, should the manufacturer of a meritorious proprietary remedy be compelled by law to practically destroy his business as a condition of being allowed to carry it on? Yet that is exactly what these formula bills mean.—Exchange.

Every little fool has a doctrine, and he believes the world will finally accept it.

**BIG PUBLISHER SUED.**

Chicago, Oct. 16.—The Peruna Drug Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of a widely known proprietary medicine, has brought suit in the Superior Court of the City of Chicago against the Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia, alleging that it has been damaged to the extent of \$250,000 by a recent article in the Ladies' Home Journal.

The suit is based on a statement recently made in that journal that a testimonial as to the merit of the remedy manufactured by the plaintiff, alleged to have been given by Congressman George H. White of South Carolina, was fraudulent, denial from Mr. White that he ever gave such a testimonial also being printed.

The Peruna company declares that Congressman White did give the testimonial in good faith, and that it has two original letters from Mr. White. It declares that Mr. White was led to repudiate the testimonial through a misunderstanding.

This is the second large damage suit that has been filed against the Curtis Publishing company since it inaugurated its attacks on "Patent Medicines."

Fifty-two languages and dialects are spoken along the banks of the Danube.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in 3/4-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

The religious fan always thinks he is the whole field.

**Advancing the Farmers' Interests.**

Traveling agents and salesmen are now sent from the home offices of the Chicago packers into all South American and Asiatic countries. They are going into every land, no matter what language may be spoken or what money be used. They will exchange their goods for cowries or elephant tusks—anything to sell the product and get something in return convertible into money. It may seem odd to some folks, but traveling men, carrying cases with samples of American meat products, can be seen in the desert of Sahara, the sands of Zanzibar or in Brazil, "where the nuts come from." Great is the enterprise of the Yankee merchant. The greater the market, the greater the price and stability of the price of the product and all that goes to make it in its various stages.

He cannot know success who does not delight in sacrifice.

**Do Your Clothes Look Yellow?**  
Then use Defiance Starch. It will keep them white—16 oz. for 19 cents.

The average man is to be seen everywhere—except in a mirror.

The old man is never eradicated by becoming an old woman.

THE NEWS IN NEBRASKA.

INCREASE OF SIX MILLIONS.

Nebraska State Banks Have \$50,583,941 in Deposits.

An increase of six million dollars in deposits in Nebraska state banks in the past three months, making a total of \$50,583,941, by far the largest ever known, is reported by Secretary E. Royse of the state banking board. He has completed the consolidated report of state banks at the close of business August 25, the number reporting being 535. The total deposits in state and national banks in Nebraska is now over \$136,000,000.

Commenting on the report, Secretary Royse said: "The deposits in state banks at the date of this report amounted to \$50,583,941.22, an increase of nearly six millions of dollars since the report of May 29, 1905, and an increase of over ten millions since the report of one year ago. The combined deposits of all banks in Nebraska at the date of this report amounted to over one hundred and thirty-six millions. The growth and increase of the business of the state banks of Nebraska is measured by the doubling of their deposits during the past five years. There were 535 banks reporting at the date of this report, with 147,141 depositors; reserve carried 42 7-10 per cent, nearly three times the legal requirements. This is by far the greatest showing the banks of the state have ever made, and the large amount of reserve carried indicates the practice of the strictest conservatism in the management of the affairs of the banks of the state."

The combined resources and liabilities of the banks reporting are as follows:

NEBRASKA LAND SUPERIOR.

Western Part of State Surpasses Any Other Semi-Arid Soil of the West.

OMAHA—George G. Wallace has just returned from a visit to Thomas county, Kansas, and he is more than ever convinced that western Nebraska is a better place to invest in lands than the semi-arid regions of any of the adjoining states.

"We are beginning to get good crops off much of the land that was formerly considered desert, and this even without irrigation," said Mr. Wallace. We are learning how to cultivate so as to conserve our moisture. Down in Thomas county there is a man who paid \$750 for 160 acres of land. This year it cost him \$1,000 to plow it and plant it in wheat. He raised 3,850 bushels of 70-cent wheat. They are doing this sort of thing in western Nebraska, and the land is cheaper than in Kansas or Colorado. There is any amount of land in the state as good as the Kansas, and it can be bought for much less money. It will raise crops just as large. The farmers of western Nebraska are just waking up to the fact that they can profitably cultivate their land. While the land is cheap, it is a much better investment than in the other states."

Road Pays for Cattle.

HUMBOLDT—J. F. Ebnoter, the farmer from near Aspinwall, who lost the twenty-two head of young cattle at Stella by getting his herd in front of a fast freight train settled with the Missouri Pacific company for \$275. All were young cattle.

Transfer of Documents.

LINCOLN—Valuable historical documents will be transferred to the archives of the state historical society under the provision of the act allowing officials who have them in charge to transfer them to J. Amos Barrett, curator of the state historical society.

Big Sum for Child's Injuries.

Conrad Rohn has filed suit at Lincoln for \$25,000 damages against the Union Pacific railway for alleged negligence in crippling his 4-year-old on September 14. The boy was crossing the track in West Lincoln when a passenger engine struck him.

Great Northern Busy.

ASHLAND—Preparations are being made at this point for steel-laying on the Great Northern next week. The bridge across salt creek just out of the Burlington yards is progressing rapidly and will soon be in shape for steel. Rails are already being laid out of Sioux City.

Father and Child Die Together.

SEWARD—Henry Schenmann of C precinct of this county and his 18-month-old child, both died Monday, the father of consumption and the child of summer complaint.

Depot at Bartley Burns.

BARTLEY—The B. & M. railroad depot was burned. This is the second time Bartley has lost its depot.

Election Proclamation.

Gov. Mickey has issued a proclamation announcing that a general state election will be held Nov. 7 for the purpose of electing one judge of the supreme court, two regents of the State university, one representative from the Twenty-first district, and a senator from the First district. In the two latter offices there are vacancies due to resignations. Representative N. D. Jackson resigned to go on the supreme court commission and Senator E. A. Tucker is now a member of the Arizona territorial court.

NEBRASKA BRIEFS.

A three day's street carnival was held at Table Rock.

St. Edwards' school building will have an addition costing \$8,379.

The statue of J. Sterling Morton will be unveiled at Nebraska City October 14.

The potato crop in the vicinity of Gordon is good, and at least 300 carloads will be shipped from that town.

Thomas Whitehead of Mason City, a brick mason, fell into a cistern and dislocated his shoulder and broke his arm.

A jail delivery occurred at Nelson. Only one escaped, however. Why others who might have gone did not go is not accounted for.

The 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Zach Carter, residing a few miles southeast of Calloway, was scalded quite badly by tipping a pot of boiling coffee over herself.

The mortgage record for Cass county for September is as follows: Farm mortgages filed, 15, amount \$19,082; released, 17, \$24,999. City mortgages filed, 8, \$6,250; released, 10, \$3,571.

Charles Marsh of Fillmore county was killed by a horse that he was riding. His neck was broken and his skull fractured. He was riding the horse which became unmanageable.

Claus Haimson, a young farmer, aged 25 years, living with his parents one mile east of Papillion, was struck by a Union Pacific westbound train, and will die from the injuries received.

Anna Louisa Olson, the wife of Rev. J. M. Olson of the Free church, Oakland, died last week while sitting in a chair at her home. Deceased had been ailing for some time with consumption.

One daughter dead, the father unconscious and not expected to recover, and a second daughter critically ill, is the sad plight of the family of William Phillips, old residents of Dodge county. They are afflicted with typhoid fever.

One of the finest elevators in Southwestern Nebraska is completed at Arapahoe. The Farmers' Co-Operative Grain association of Arapahoe will now operate its own elevator. It is the largest and most complete, with all modern machinery and conveniences, ever erected in that locality.

Chancellor Andrews, in his talk to the university students at convocation, earnestly warned the freshmen against being too hasty in entering fraternities and sororities. He pleaded for time and better acquaintance before plunging into a Greek letter organization.

Governor Mickey has received a postal card from Glynn Cuck of Johnson county, Kansas, asking for the payment of a reward alleged to have been earned through the capture of a train robber at Omaha in 1885. Nothing in the executive records shows that any such reward was offered by the state.

The yield of corn throughout Nebraskas county is enormous and many farmers are preparing to feed cattle from the proceeds. The Superior Cattle company has already on feed 400 head of very fine heavy cattle and intend to follow the business up with other heavy installations during the season.

The footing of the Cass county's tax list for 1905, which has just been compiled, places the assessment of all property, real and personal at \$246,697.29. Of this amount the railroads will pay \$42,416.61. The general fund of the state will receive \$32,527.30; university fund, \$7,288; school fund, \$3,614.14.

Last Sunday for the first time in over twenty years, the "lid" was on in West Point. The saloons, business houses, barber shops and butcher shops were kept tightly closed all day. A petition to the city authorities was circulated and signed, with the result that all business in buying and selling will be discontinued hereafter on Sundays.

On request of Chief of Detectives Dunn of Omaha, Sheriff Mencke of Washington county arrested J. Will Bradley, aged 19, and Cloe Campbell, aged 15, at the court house in Blair just as they were about to apply for a license to be married. They arrived at Blair last evening from Omaha and registered at the Clifton hotel as man and wife.

At a special meeting of the board of regents of the University of Nebraska the following resignations of members of the faculty were presented by Chancellor Andrews and accepted by the board, taking effect September 1: Frank W. Smith, adjunct professor of education; Edwin F. Piper, instructor in rhetoric; Herbert S. Evans, adjunct professor of electrical engineering, and J. B. Davidson, adjunct professor of farm mechanics.

State Superintendent McBrien announces that he has appointed Superintendent E. B. Sherman of the Columbus schools a member of the State Board of Examiners for state certificates to succeed Superintendent Kern who has recently resigned.

All rain records for any one year ever known in northern Nebraska have been smashed by the nine months of 1905. The greatest rain record ever known in this country, where the records have been kept for thirty-three years, was 34.2" in 1903. This year, thus far, has brought 34.38 inches and there are three months yet to go.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—It makes pure food.

**How Vanity Was Punished.**  
They tell of a Coollidge girl who got in front of a mirror and practiced and practiced until she had acquired a sweet, pathetic look in her eyes. Then one day her mother saw the look and took her to a doctor and he gave her calomet.—Atchison, Kans., Globe.

**Louisiana Salt Deposits.**  
The famous salt deposits of Petite Anse, La., are known to have been mined by the aboriginal Americans, as is testified by the stone hammers and other tools found when the deposits were rediscovered in 1814 by John Marsh.

AWFUL NEURALGIA

Mr. Porter Thought He Should Go Mad But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Him.

"It seems like a miracle that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should have cured my neuralgia," said Mr. Porter. "They are certainly a marvelous medicine and I am always glad to recommend them. "For two years," he continued, "I had suffered almost unendurable pains in my head. They would start over my eyes and shoot upward most frequently, but they often spread over my face, and at times every part of my head and face would be full of agony. Sometimes the pains were so intense that I actually feared they would drive me mad.

"My eyes ached constantly and there was always a burning sensation over my forehead, but the other pains varied, sometimes they were acute, and again they were dull and lingering. I could not sleep. My temper was irritable and I got no pleasure out of life.

"I tried remedy after remedy, but finding no help in any of them, I became a despairing man. Even when I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I had no great hope of a cure.

"That was in December of 1903. To my surprise, a change in my condition took place right away. The pains grew less intense and the acute attacks were further apart, as I kept on using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The improvement began with the first box, and when I had used six boxes I stopped. My cure was complete and has lasted ever since."

Mr. Charles H. Porter lives at Raymond, N. H. He is one of many grateful people who have found that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure diseases of the nerves that have stubbornly resisted every other remedy tried. Not only neuralgia, but sciatica, partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia yield to them. They are sold by all druggists, or may be obtained directly from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schuectady, N. Y.

Photographing Lightning.

Lightning can only be photographed at night. It is also impossible to use any cap or shutter for this work, inasmuch as the eyes do not observe a flash of lightning till at least a tenth of a second after it has passed.

So that, having focused your camera before hand, draw the shutter and hold the camera in the direction you think the flash will take; and you must trust to the courtesy of the lightning to be there on time.—London Magazine.

Flower Takes Place of Ring.

A wedding without a ring seems incongruous, but in Cadiz, Spain, no ring is used. After the ceremony the bridegroom moves the flower in his bride's hair from left to right, for in various parts of Spain to wear a rose above your right ear is to proclaim yourself a wife.

Fun in Figures.

For the benefit of readers who are fond of curiosities in figures, it may be mentioned that 142,857 multiplied by either 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, gives the same figures in the same order, beginning at a different point; but if multiplied by 7, gives all nines.

Best in the World.

Cream, Ark., Oct. 9th.—(Special).—After eighteen months suffering from Epilepsy, Backache and Kidney Complaint, Mr. W. H. Smith of this place is a well man again and those who have watched his return to health unhesitatingly give all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills. In an interview regarding his cure, Mr. Smith says:

"I had been low for eighteen months with my back and kidneys and also Epilepsy. I had taken everything I knew of and nothing seemed to do me any good till a friend of mine got me to send for Dodd's Kidney Pills. I find that they are the greatest medicine in the world, for I am able to work and am in fact as stout and strong as before I took sick."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure the Kidneys. Cured Kidneys cleanse the blood of all impurities. Pure blood means good health.

When a rich old duffer tells a girl he will die for her, she should bear in mind that he may be stronger than he looks.

**The Best Results in Starching**  
can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz. more for same money—no cooking required.

You may go off by yourself and declare you are as good as anybody, but the lie will do you no good.