

Women of the Kafirs.
The Kafirs believe that a woman is a necessary appendage to a household; the women care for their huts and do all the housework, while the men watch the cattle. They do not marry as young as they like, and yet the youngest and most attractive girls often go to the ugly, old men with plenty of money. A man is not worried because he cannot win the favor of the girl he wants. Her likes and dislikes count for little.

Bring Messages from Dead.
There is a curious burial custom among the Mordovinians, who inhabit the middle Volga provinces of Russia and are professedly Christians. They believe that a deceased relative forty days after interment returns to his old home. Failing his visible return the next of kin personates him, dressed in his clothes, and professes to deliver solemn messages from the other side of the grave.

How Carpenter Drives Nail.
How many hammer strokes does a carpenter use in driving a nail? Perhaps not one carpenter in a thousand or one layman in ten thinks that number can tell, or ever thinks of it. The truth of the matter is this: The carpenter takes seven strokes in driving a nail into ordinary wood and twelve regular strokes and two finishing taps in driving nails into hardwood.

What Actuates a Woman.
Tell the average woman that a maximum of mutton means a minimum of morals, and she will probably laugh at you and go on eating mutton (if she likes it). But assure her that a charming complexion will result from vegetarianism and the butcher may justifiably feel forebodings of coming disaster.—Exchange.

That's All.
He: "Well, what have you there?" She: "Two of your old letters, my dear." He: "Umph! What's the first one—that 40-pager?" She: "One you sent me when I had a slight cold before we were married. This half-page is the one you wrote last winter when I was very ill with influenza. That's all, dear."

Courtship.
Much intellect is not an advantage in courtship. General topics interfere with particular attentions. A man to be successfully in love, should think only of himself and his mistress. Rochefoucauld observes: "That lovers are never tired of each other's company, because they are always talking of themselves."—Hazlitt.

"Skunt."
You have had crops, roke and drug, and what's the matter with skunt? A young lady a few days ago visited this part of the country who had never seen turpentine worked before and when she returned to her home told them that the pine trees down here were "skunt" up to the limbs.—Charlotte Observer.

Country for the Rich.
It costs money to live in South Africa. A woman resident in Johannesburg pays \$60 a month for her cook and \$35 a month to a Hindoo servant. In India she would have to pay only \$5 a month for the Hindoo's services.

Fifty Years a Pensioner.
James McCordie of Jamaica Plain, Mass., one hundred years old, has since 1852 been drawing a pension as a British soldier at six-pence a day.

Back at Work Again.
Buffalo, N. Y., May 22nd.—(Special)—Crippled by Kidney Disease till he could not stand on his feet for the hours required at his trade, F. R. McLean, 90 East Ferry St., this city, had to quit work entirely. Now he's back at work again and he does not hesitate to give the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Yes," Mr. McLean says "I was too bad, I had to quit. I could not stand on my feet for the necessary hours. It was Kidney Disease I had, and a friend advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I did so and after using six boxes am completely cured and am working as steadily as before I was sick. I recommend Dodd's Pills to any one afflicted with Kidney trouble."

There is no form of Kidney Disease Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure. They always cure Bright's Disease, the most most advanced and deadly stage of Kidney Disease.

Largest Island.
The largest island in the world is New Guinea, 306,000 square miles; Great Britain is 83,826 square miles.

Insist on Getting It.
Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch because they have a stock in hand of 12 oz. brands, which they know cannot be sold to a customer who has once used the 16 oz. pkg. Defiance Starch for same money.

Japanese "Hello!"
The Japanese "Hello" at the telephone is "Moshi moshi," or "Ano ne," with the accent on the "nay."

Those Who Have Tried It
will use no other. Defiance Cold Water Starch has no equal in Quantity or Quality—16 oz. for 16 cents. Other brands contain only 12 oz.

Profit in Ostrich Farming.
Ostrich farming in South Africa continues a most profitable business.

Superior quality and extra quantity must win. This is why Defiance Starch is taking the place of all others.

Opportunity.
Opportunity is rare, and a wise man will never let it go by him.

WORTH REMEMBERING.

There are three entirely different kinds of ingredients used in making the three different varieties of baking powders on the market, viz:—(1) Mineral-Acid or Alum, (2) Bone-Acid or Phosphate, and (3) Cream of Tartar made from grapes. It is important, from the standpoint of health, to know something about these ingredients, and which kind is used in your baking powder.

(1) Mineral-Acid, or Alum, is made from a kind of clay. This is mixed with diluted oil of vitriol and from this solution a product is obtained which is alum. Alum is cheap; costs about two cents a pound, and baking powder made with this Mineral-Acid sells from 10 to 25c. a pound.

(2) Bone-Acid, or Phosphate, is the basis of phosphate baking powders and the process is fully described in the patents issued to a large manufacturer of a phosphate powder. The U. S. Patent Office Report gives a full and exact description, but the following extract is enough:

"Burned bones, after being ground, are put into freshly diluted oil of vitriol and with continual stirring and in the following proportion," etc.

From this Bone-Acid phosphate baking powders are made; such powders sell from 20 to 30 cents a pound.

(3) Cream of Tartar exists in all ripe grapes, and flows with the juice from the press in the manufacture of wine. After the wine is drawn off the tartar is scraped from the cask, boiled with water, and crystals of Cream of Tartar, white and very pure, separate and are collected. It differs in no respect from the form in which it originally existed in the grape. Cream of Tartar, then, while the most expensive, is the only ingredient that should be used in a baking powder to act upon the soda, as its wholeness is beyond question. Cream of Tartar baking powders sell at about 40 to 50 cents a pound.

Such are the facts, and every one, careful of the health of the family, should remember this rule:—Baking powders selling from 10 to 25 cents a pound are made of Mineral-Acids; those selling from 20 to 30 cents of Bone-Acid; and those from 40 to 50 cents of Cream of Tartar made from grapes.

DEPLORABLE POINTS.

Don't judge cigars and women by their wrappers.

Don't try to kill two birds with one stone. Use a shotgun.

Don't run into debt as long as you can find a stone wall to run into.

Don't judge a man by things his next door neighbors say about him.

Don't sit with your back to a sight draft; it may get too warm for you.

Don't request your grocer to supply you with butter of the first rank.

Don't punish children by striking them on the head. There are other places.

Don't waste your time disputing figures. They seldom lie—except in gas meters.

Don't think because life is short that one set of good resolutions will last a lifetime.

Don't forget that the money you intend to save is not drawing interest at the present writing.

Don't worry about trifles. Remember the hole that lets the water in your shoe will let it out again.

Don't imagine that every sad-eyed woman you meet has loved and lost. It's more than likely she loved and got him.

Don't censure a society woman for entering the theater a little late. She probably had to wash the dinner dishes before she started.

DYSPEPTIC PHILOSOPHY.

Necessity knows a lot of lawyers.

Some men are born cynics and others live in boarding houses.

It is always harder to patch up a quarrel than to make a new one.

Conscience is a still, small voice that tells us when we are found out.

The only spilled milk worth crying over is the milk of human kindness.

We are never too old to learn, but lots of us are too young to realize it.

The trouble with tombstone inscriptions is that they come too late to flatter us.

I know a man who occasionally, in a fit of absent-mindedness, tells the truth, but he always tries to lie out of it afterward.

Sexes in Mutual Distrust.

The sexes just now take up towards each other an attitude of mutual distrust; we women don't trust men further than we can see them, nor they us. It is all very bad and very sad, and no one knows who is to blame.—Exchange.

BABY CAME NEAR DYING.

From an Awful Skin Humor—
—Scatched Till Blood Ran—
Wasted to a Skeleton—
Speedily Cured by
Cuticura.

"When three months old my boy broke out with an itching, watery rash all over his body, and he would scratch till the blood ran. We tried nearly everything, but he grew worse, wasting to a skeleton, and we feared he would die. He slept only when in our arms. The first application of Cuticura soothed him so that he slept in his cradle for the first time in many weeks. One set of Cuticura made a complete and permanent cure. (Signed) Mrs. M. C. Matland, Jasper, Ontario.

Cleanliness is said to be next to godliness, yet one seldom sees a laundry next door to a church.

A HUNT FOR TOGO

THAT IS WHAT ROJESTVENSKY IS SAID TO BE DOING.

HIS SHIPS STEAMING NORTH

An Engagement With the Enemy Seems to Be Near at Hand—Head of the Admiralty Gives His Views.

ST. PETERSBURG—Admiral Avellan, head of the Russian Admiralty department, confirms the Associated Press dispatches saying Vice Admiral Rojostvensky is steaming north to give battle to Admiral Togo. He considers it possible that news of the two fleets having met may be received any day.

In an interview Admiral Avellan affirms the official denial of the reports that Rojostvensky has broken down and asked to be relieved. Avellan says Rojostvensky sent detailed reports of the condition of his own health and of the health of the crews of his ships. The constant tension and hard work of the past months have been a great strain on the admiral's health.

"Even before he left," said Avellan, "Rojostvensky was a sufferer from kidney trouble, but his health is no worse. His reports breathe a spirit of strength and confidence, and other reports show he has inspired his crews with the confidence of their commander. As a matter of fact, it is not Rojostvensky, but Vice Admiral Woelkersam who has suffered from the long stay in the tropics. The appointment of Vice Admiral Birloff as successor to Vice Admiral Skrydloff at Vladivostok will in no wise affect Rojostvensky's status. The latter's mission as chief of the fleet is to take it to Vladivostok. There will be no antagonism when he gets there. The two admirals are on excellent terms, which began long ago, when Rojostvensky served under Birloff. Both are iron disciplinarians and Rojostvensky will give his superior the same loyal obedience that he demands of his subordinates."

"Do you anticipate a sea fight soon?" the admiral was asked. He replied: "Certainly. The Japanese cannot afford to allow Rojostvensky to reach Vladivostok without an engagement. I personally expect it to take place in the near future, though I admit that the admiralty knows nothing of Rojostvensky's strategy or plans, the emperor having accorded him complete freedom of action. Possibly it is his present purpose to seek Admiral Togo and force a fight, but it is more probable that Rojostvensky is bound for his base at Vladivostok. However, I can say nothing definite on this point."

An admiral of high rank said to the Associated Press this afternoon: "We have known for some time that Rojostvensky would not attempt to pass through the straits of Formosa, where the waters are shallow and could easily be mined ahead of his ships. Rojostvensky will undoubtedly keep far out to sea in order to avoid torpedo attacks. A side detour will also make it harder for the Japanese scouts to communicate with Togo. However, I expect news of a battle within ten days."

HILL AND HARRIMAN REACH AN AGREEMENT

NEW YORK—Announcement was made from an official source that a final settlement of all of the difficulties growing out of the old corner in Northern Pacific stock had been reached and that henceforth there would be harmony between the Hill and Harriman forces. It is said the details of the harmony agreement were worked out at a conference between representatives of the various interests involved and which also some of the principals, including E. H. Harriman, were present.

The deal is said to be in the form of a joint agreement between the Union Pacific and Northern Pacific for the joint construction of a connection between the roads in the Clearwater district to be opened jointly by the two companies.

MAY CORN PRICE ADVANCES.

Stampede Sends Option Up Six Cents and Wheat Advances Also.

CHICAGO—A stampede of shorts advanced the price of corn for May delivery precisely 6 cents a bushel. It was current gossip that the May option is practically cornered by a few prominent traders. A desire to avoid possibly greater loss than already incurred was the cause of the urgent demand today from those who were on the wrong side of the market. The May delivery opened at 53 cents. The price quickly jumped up to 59 cents a bushel.

A somewhat similar situation developed in the wheat pit. On an active demand from shorts the price of wheat for May delivery was forced up 4 cents a bushel. Much of the gain was subsequently lost on profit taking. May wheat opened at 99 cents.

To Entertain Nebraskans.

TACOMA, Wash.—Washington lumbermen are making elaborate plans for the entertainment of 200 members of the Nebraska Retail Lumber Dealers' association, who leave Omaha June 6 for a trip throughout the northwest. Every courtesy which representative mill men of Washington can offer will be extended to make the Nebraskans' visit pleasant and profitable. They will be entertained at Sand Point, Spokane, Bellingham, Everett, Ballard, Seattle and other places.

WOOD'S REPORT TO CORBIN.

Additional List of Killed in Fight with Moros.
WASHINGTON—The war department has received the following cablegram from General Corbin, transmitting a report from General Wood regarding the engagements in the island of Jolo:

"Following just received from General Wood, via Dumaguete: "May 14—Returned to Zamboanga yesterday. Troops sent to Jolo are being returned to stations as rapidly as possible. Moro outlaws, who have been raiding and killing in Sorneo, were killed in action, together with all their personal supporters and followers of the sultan, with all large chiefs; but the island in no way involved; purely an organization of practical outlaws, disorderly characters, from Sulu and the other islands stretching down to Sorneo. Positions selected by outlaws for defense were situated in almost impenetrable jungles and were exceedingly strong, necessitating close contact and assault in two instances. Casualties, nine enlisted killed and twenty-one enlisted wounded; two constabulary killed and three wounded during the ten days' operations. All wounded doing well and all expected to recover; bulk of wounds not serious. Troops behaved splendidly and performed this most difficult service in a highly creditable manner. Full report will be forwarded. General breakdown of the cable, combined with use of water transportation at Jolo, and in aiding Buford, prevented sending dispatch earlier."

Following list of killed reported by General Wood in addition to those reported May 17:

"Samuel Weaver, Company G, Twenty-second infantry; Elick Howell, Company B, Twenty-second infantry; Daniel Newport, Company F, Twenty-second infantry; Eary E. Sansoucie, Company A, Twenty-second infantry."

PRESIDENT ASKED TO INVESTIGATE EQUITABLE

WASHINGTON—An effort was made to induce the president to take an active interest in the complications which have arisen in the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance society. Clarence Whitman, president of the Merchants' association of New York, had a conference with the president on the subject. Details of the conference were not to be obtained, but it is believed that Mr. Whitman urged the president to take up the subject with a view either to ordering a government investigation or to making recommendations to congress on the subject of insurance legislation.

WORK ON PANAMA CANAL.

Bristow Makes Statement Regarding Progress.

WASHINGTON—It is estimated by the engineers that it will take sixty work trains a day six years to remove the earth and rock that must be taken out of Culebra cut. This statement, made by Joseph L. Bristow, gives some idea of the vast amount of work to be done yet on the Panama canal. Continuing he said:

"I am most interested now in the Panama canal. The task the government has there is immense. The engineers estimate the work can be done in ten years, and that means fast and hard work. They are putting in an additional steam shovel outfit at the rate of one each month, and using three of the old digging machines that the French had there. The soil is loose, and when there is a heavy rain at night part of the bank comes down and often buries part of the machinery as well as cars.

"There are about 5,000 men working there now and there will be more as the work progresses. There is a general misapprehension in this country as to the extent of yellow fever in that country. There is something sensational about dying with yellow fever that makes many people afraid of the Panama country. We don't think anything about pneumonia. Yet a man going from Panama to New York in winter time is much more likely to contract pneumonia and die of it than a New York man is to catch yellow fever going to Panama. The death rate from yellow fever in Panama is much lower than the death rate from pneumonia in New York.

"One man who came there to live was married on Saturday, contracted yellow fever on Monday and died on Wednesday. The conditions attracted special attention to his case and frightened a great many people about that country. But really the health conditions there are not bad and the most serious trouble is that people get homesick. Most of the laborers there are Jamaica negroes, but the men who direct the work are mostly Americans. The change in conditions of living makes them uneasy."

Cody Refused New Trial.

CHEYENNE, Wyo.—Judge Scott overruled the motion for a new trial of Colonel W. F. Cody's divorce suit case. The case will go to the supreme court on appeal.

Motor Car Reaches Oregon.

OMAHA—Motor car No. 1, which the Union Pacific started a few days ago, for Portland, Ore., reached the line in Oregon Wednesday after a splendid and highly successful run. The trip will be completed in a day or two. The run over the mountains was delightful, and no trouble at all was had. The car experienced no difficulty in making the schedule, with all stops included. It was speeded for thirty miles an hour on a 4 per cent grade, or 200 feet to the mile.

THE WAR GOES ON

NO NEW MOVE FOR PEACE IN LABOR TROUBLES.

EXPRESS COMPANIES ARE FIRM

Refusal to Take Back Any of the Strikers Officially Announced.—The Strike in the Lumber Yard Districts Spreads Rapidly.

CHICAGO—Final rejection of union demands, especially those of the express drivers, was officially announced Wednesday by the employers. They demand practically unconditional surrender. Neither side in the strike made a direct step towards peace and each was apparently waiting the next move of its opponent. The employers sent their goods all over the city under police protection without encountering violence. There was one peace effort and it was enveloped in mystery. It was said that "a prominent business man" was making efforts to induce the managers of the express companies to make terms satisfactory to striking drivers, and that he had promised them "good news." Nothing came of the attempt, however, and there was no good news for either side.

The strike in the lumber district spread Wednesday with great rapidity and practically all business of that kind is at a standstill. Some few lumber yards are still in operation, but their volume of business is so small as to amount to practically nothing. A number of planing mills and sash and door factories were compelled to shorten operations, and by Friday, at least, will be compelled to close entirely if the supply of lumber is not large increased. The lumber yards made little effort to transact business today and were waiting for drivers to be sent them by the Employers' Teaming company. A number of these, it is expected, will be at work tomorrow, and it is expected business will be resumed in a small degree at least.

One cause for the lack of energy on the part of the employers in the lumber district was that the city was not able to afford the police protection. Mayor Dunne provided against this contingency by issuing a call for 1,000 extra policemen, who will be sworn in as rapidly as applications are filed by suitable men. This will be the second 1,000 extra policemen sworn in since the commencement of the strike. Sheriff Barrett swore in several hundred deputies, the largest number at any time since the beginning of the trouble.

United States deputy marshals commenced serving notices on the sixty teamsters who have been cited for contempt of court in violation of the injunctions of Judge Kohlsaat, prohibiting them from interfering with the wagons of the seven express companies and of the the Employers' Teaming company. The men are cited to show cause on May 31 at 10 o'clock why they should not be punished for contempt.

LONDON—The Board of Trade issued an exhaustive report made by Special Commissioner H. Cooke on the trade of Siberia, in which British traders are again taken to task for allowing other nationalities to elbow them out of a promising market.

"The American, Dane and German," writes Mr. Cooke, "are already there and have captured some of the most fruitful fields of enterprise. These rich regions will be to Russia's increasing millions what the colonies are to the British isles. Even now Russian immigrants in Siberia, peasants though they be, are supplying the London market with butter, and as they reap their crops with American harvesters discuss with intelligence their preferences for machinery from Milwaukee or Chicago."

THE BRITISH ARE LOSING GROUND

LONDON—The Board of Trade issued an exhaustive report made by Special Commissioner H. Cooke on the trade of Siberia, in which British traders are again taken to task for allowing other nationalities to elbow them out of a promising market.

DOWIE BUYING LAND IN MEXICO

Arrangements Being Made to Establish Colony.

CITY OF MEXICO—Gladstone Dowie, son of the Zion prophet, John Alexander Dowie, and Judge Barnes, a legal adviser, are in the city completing details for the taking over of a large tract of land for the purpose of establishing a colony in Mexico similar to that at Zion City, Ill. In an interview today Mr. Dowie said:

"We have secured an option on one of the Gonzales haciendas, embracing 700,000 acres of territory in the state of Tamaulipas. We are also negotiating for farming lands, totaling 1,000,000 acres. The papers closing the deal have been signed by the Zion agents and Lieutenant Colonel Manuel Gonzales, owner of the hacienda, and in a few weeks we will begin the work of establishing our colony."

Hunger Riots in Spain.

MADRID—A hunger riot broke out at Alcazar de Juan, in the province of Ciudad Real, Sunday, workmen attacking several flour mills.

Russian Colliers Under French Guns.

SAIGON, French Cochinchina—Forty-three colliers, mostly Russian and German, are anchored off Nha Be under the supervision of the French gunboat Carondelet. Twenty similar ships are off Cape St. James, under the supervision of the French cruiser Pallas. The Russian transport Kioff is still in the commercial port of Saigon. No more direct news of the Russian fleet is expected beyond what might be received from refugees, should fighting occur in the neighborhood of the Pescadore islands.

ANOTHER LIFE SAVED.

Mrs. G. W. Fooks, of Salisbury, Md., wife of G. W. Fooks, Sheriff of Wicomico County, says: "I suffered with kidney complaint for eight years. It came on me gradually. I felt tired and weak, was short of breath and was troubled with bloating after eating, and my limbs were badly swollen. One doctor told me it would finally turn to Bright's disease. I was laid up at one time for three weeks. I had not taken Doan's Kidney Pills more than three days when the distressing aching across my back disappeared, and I was soon entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Umbrellas and self-respect when lost are seldom regained.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LEONAS COUNTY.
FRANK J. CHESEBURY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHESEBURY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHESEBURY, sworn to before me and subscribed to my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1900.
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHESEBURY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

High price of eggs doesn't seem to worry the one-night barnstormer.

FITS permanently cured. No fitful nervousness after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FULL BOTTLE, 50c. Trial bottle and treatment, 10c. Dr. R. B. King, 110 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A woman's tongue is mightier than a man's strong right arm.

I do not believe Plino's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN E. BOYAN, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Don't forget that the wisest owl occasionally boots at the wrong time.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Love is life's rainbow gold.

"Dyspepsia Tormented Me for Years. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me." Mrs. C. H. Dougherty, Millville, N. J. Used over 30 years. \$1.00.

Too many bills are apt to make a man feel bilious.

LIVING TOO HASTILY

AMERICAN WOMEN BREAKDOWN

Irregularities and Female Derangements Result—Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Owing to our mode and manner of living, and the nervous haste of every woman to accomplish just so much each day, it is said that there is not

one woman in twenty-five but what suffers with some derangement of the female organism, and this is the secret of so many unhappy homes.

No woman can be amiable, light-hearted and happy, a joy to her husband and children, and perform the duties incumbent upon her, when she is suffering with backache, headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, bearing-down pains, displacement of the womb, spinal weakness or ovarian troubles. Irritability and snappy retorts take the place of pleasantness, and all sunshine is driven out of the home, and lives are wrecked by woman's great enemy—womb trouble.

Read this letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—
"I was troubled for eight years with irregularities which broke down my health and brought on extreme nervousness and despondency. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound proved to be the only medicine which helped me. Day by day I improved in health while taking it until I was entirely cured. I can attest to my social and household duties and thoroughly enjoy life once more, as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman, without an ache or a pain."
—Mrs. Chester Curry, 42 Saratoga Street, East Boston, Mass.

At the first indication of ill health, painful or irregular menstruation, pain in the side, headache, backache, bearing-down pains, nervousness or "the blues," secure at once a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is pleasant to take. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lanane's Tea" or "LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE"

All druggists or by mail 25c. and 50c. bottles. Buy it daily. LANE'S Family Medicine. It keeps the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. A. S. Cross, C. F. Woodward, La Hay, N. Y.