

CANADA'S ATTITUDE

NO DISPOSITION TO SERVE AS A DUMPING GROUND.

Invasion of Cut Price Commodities from the United States Illustrates to the Dominion Some of the Practical Disadvantages of Reciprocity.

It is best, to look the situation squarely in the face and to know the truth regarding the prospect of negotiating a reciprocity dicker with Canada. As a matter of fact, there is no prospect whatever of arranging a deal whereby the manufacturers of the United States shall obtain larger privileges in the Canadian market. Even if it were possible to bring about reciprocity in natural products; even supposing that the Republican party should be foolishly enough to still further arouse the resentment of American farmers by opening up free trade in farm products, there is no reason to suppose that American manufacturers would be permitted to monopolize the Canadian market. Every day it becomes more and more apparent that Canada will never consent to become the dumping ground for American surplus production. At this moment Canada's iron industry is suffering sorely from the invasion of cut-price stuff from this side of the border. American brands of iron are being offered at \$2 per ton below the lowest price Canadian iron can be laid down at. The Toronto Mail of Nov. 9 directs attention to the fact that American salesmen in Canada are quoting cut prices on every kind of iron and steel merchandise.

"They sell pig iron to Canadian foundrymen and the Canadian steel maker. Then they sell stoves and

ARTISANS AND THE TARIFF.

Why Wage-Earners Should Support a Protective Policy.

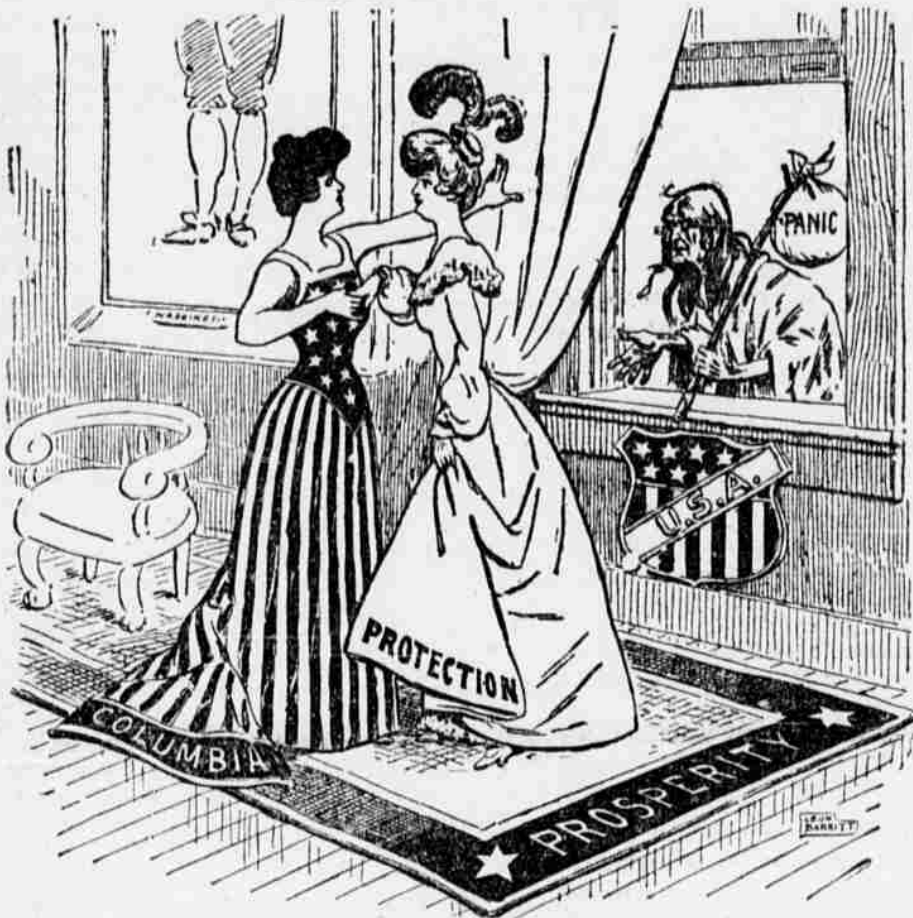
Of all people, those who depend on their handicraft for a livelihood should be the most loyal supporters of the policy of protection. This has always been the contention of protection leaders in the United States, though the success of this policy has been due to the support given it by the American farmers and business men. Now that a tariff campaign is on in England this phase of the question is not being forgotten.

The London Daily Telegraph of August 4, 1903, gave an illustration of the effect of free trade on labor that should receive the careful attention of all American artisans, that they may more fully realize some of the benefits accruing to them from the operation of the American policy. Under the free trade policy of Great Britain there was a decrease in twelve years of over £600,000 in the value of manufactured goods (the produce of British labor) exported from the United Kingdom. Following are the figures:

1890	£229,868,743
1902	229,212,625
Decrease	\$656,118
In the same years there was an increase of over £35,000,000 in the value of manufactured goods imported into the United Kingdom, the produce of foreign labor:	
1890	£63,218,167
1902	90,059,648
Increase	£25,832,481

Had the British laboring man been protected by an adequate tariff on the goods he helped produce it is probable that at least one-half of the increase in the value of the imports would have

WELCOME AND UNWELCOME.



every other kind of castings to the foundrymen's customers, and rails, plates, bars, rods, wire, beams, girders, nails, etc., to the steel makers' customers."

So grave a menace to her industrial welfare is not long to be endured by Canada. Her tariff will go up, not down. She will not commit industrial suicide by opening still wider her gates to the invasion of the American surplus. The Mail says:

"Our neighbors have an enormous manufacturing capacity and a greatly shrunken home demand. Congestion is resulting. To relieve the pressure of accumulating stocks upon prices, they can afford to 'dump' enough on this market to smash many of our industries and turn tens of thousands of our people out of employment. The danger is urgent. If we are to keep back the tidal wave of depression that threatens us from the United States we must have our tariff wall raised. We should have had it raised long ago had there been men of business in the place of the squanderers who are now in charge of the country's affairs."

In strong confirmation of this statement of Canada's growing aversion to any and all schemes of reciprocity in manufactured products, the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe, the recognized mouthpiece of the Canadian government, writes to that paper Nov. 18 as follows:

"Reciprocity with Canada appears to be a live topic in the United States at present, but here nobody is wasting any sleep over the matter. Senator Fairbanks has not, as far as can be learned, communicated with the prime minister since last spring, when he was told that the resumption of the Joint High Commission could not be considered until, after the close of Parliament.

"If negotiations looking toward reciprocity are to be opened it will have to be on the initiative of the United States, when any proposition which our neighbors to the south may make will receive fair and honest consideration. It is well, however, for them to understand that Canada can get along without any favors from the United States."

Herein, we think, the Canadian attitude is accurately expressed. Canada is not going to wreck her industrial future by inviting reciprocity in manufactured products. That much seems to be settled. It is well that reciprocity promoters on this side of the boundary should know the facts and understand the conditions.

NEWS IN NEBRASKA

EXPECTING MANY TEACHERS.

Attendance at State Association May Be a Record Breaker.

LINCOLN—The teachers of the state are becoming more interested in the coming meeting of the State Teachers' association as the time draws near, and from the reports received the attendance will be larger than ever in the history of the association, the attendance probably reaching 2,500. The reports show that all the teachers in many of the towns will be present and in some of them many more will enroll than are now teachers. This will be true of Beatrice, where the reports say the enthusiasm has reached a stage that will leave not a single teacher in the city during the association meeting. Hastings also reports that a delegation will come from there fully as large as sent last year. From Neligh, Valentine, Chadron, Seward, Omaha, Falls City, Humboldt, Pawnee City and Wahoo some reports of the largest enrollment in the history of those cities. Other places are expected to report soon, and it is believed that an increased number will be reported all along the line.

And in the meantime the teachers will have no cause to regret coming to Lincoln. Never before has such an array of talent been secured for their enlightenment and entertainment. The evening lectures of Frank Robertson, Rev. Father Nugent and former Chancellor Canfield will more than repay any who attend. Chancellor Canfield will arrive in Lincoln Thursday afternoon, December 31, and will go at once to the dinner given in his honor by the class of '95. Friday forenoon 1:30 speaks before the general session and in the afternoon a general reception will be tendered him by the Lincoln city teachers and the faculty of the university. In the evening he lectures before the association at St. Paul's church. The reception to Chancellor Canfield on Friday afternoon will be made a rally for all alumni of the university who wish to meet him and who can reach Lincoln at that time. It is expected that fully 500 alumni will attend.

All teachers of Latin are greatly interested in the association this year, as they have secured Dr. W. G. Hale of the University of Chicago as their special guest. Dr. Hale is without doubt one of the greatest authorities on Latin syntax in this country and his coming will be a great inspiration to all teachers of Latin.

PEOPLE CONTRACT ANTHRAX.

Man and Woman Near Stella Seriously Ill with the Disease.

AUBURN—The disease known as anthrax, or more popularly called "blackleg," has begun its ravages in this section of the country. About six weeks ago Clifford Young, who lives in the vicinity of Stella, contracted the disease in some mysterious manner. Shortly afterward his sister, Miss Minnie Young, became infected. Dr. Montgomery was called and treated the cases, and Clifford, while far from well, is recovering, but Miss Minnie, while considerably improved, is still suffering from abscesses.

Here in this county the disease has broken out in several herds of cattle. It is reported that Fred Schele has lost several head of cattle and that a fine steer and calf have died from its effects on Franz Moerer's place down on the Muddy.

The disease is sporadic and results from a germ which becomes malignant in a temperature of 93 degrees centigrade, about the temperature of the human body. It is treated by vaccination.

Stomachs Burst and Horses Die.

HASTINGS—A number of horses have died recently in and around Hastings from a disease new in this section of the country and which the veterinarians call a form of acute indigestion. The horses afflicted are sick only about an hour before dying, and subsequent examination in every case showed the stomach was distended, until it burst.

Will Build Cannery at Hastings.

HASTINGS—Local capitalists have formed a stock company, the capital stock of which will be \$45,000, \$10,000 of which has already been sold, for the purpose of building and operating a cannery factory.

Favors Young Officers.

OMAHA—An order of more than passing interest to young army officers was received at army headquarters Monday morning. According to its provisions, the chief of staff of the army has decided that: "Graduates of the General Service and Staff college at Fort Leavenworth will hereafter, if they so elect, be permitted to take the second year's course at the officers' schools at posts so that they may graduate this year."

Question for the Court.

LINCOLN—James Robinson, sentenced to imprisonment for life, has just placed a geographical conundrum before the supreme court. He killed Elmer Thayer on a ranch near the boundary between Arthur and McPherson counties several years ago. The two were consolidated soon after the murder under the name of McPherson county, and now attorneys claim that he cannot be convicted in McPherson county because that is not the scene of the crime.

THE STATE IN A NUTSHELL.

Schools all along the line took a holiday vacation.

A branch of the Anti-Saloon league has been organized at Long Pine and a no-license ticket will be put in the field in the spring.

In the apportionment of school money by the state superintendent, Sarpy county is shown to have 3,127 children of school age, and the apportionment is \$2,123.01.

A \$3,000 barn belonging to Mrs. W. P. Cody in North Platte was burned and her splendid residence narrowly escaped. The fire is supposed to have started from a cigarette smoker.

The mutilated body of Charles Woodward, a farmer living near Greeley, was found about 9 o'clock at night lying in the street near a saloon, and young Ed Hurlie has been arrested, charged with killing him.

A company has been organized for the purpose of putting in a second lumber yard in Clatonia. The company is composed of local men and has strong financial backing, and will carry a heavy line of all kinds of building material.

Paul Boob, a farmer living in the southwestern part of Sarpy county, has finished husking his field of 180 acres of corn. He was in the hall-stricken part of Sarpy county, and his whole field only brought him 180 bushels, or one bushel per acre.

Charles W. Baker, a representative of the Nebraska Central Electric Railroad company, has been in Hastings negotiating for the right of way for the proposed electric line to connect that city with Omaha. The proposed route from there is through Aurora, thence to Omaha by way of Wahoo.

The school board of Tecumseh district has decided to divide the membership of the grammar school and establish another school in the council chamber at the city hall after the holiday vacation. The grammar school is so crowded this action became necessary. Of the school's membership of 125 it is proposed to take about fifty of the children to the new school.

William A. Wolfe and wife have placed the deeds in escrow for the property which they propose to donate to the Young Men's Christian association of Beatrice. The property is valued, together with the building thereon, at \$20,000. The deed is to be turned over to the association when a like sum is raised from other sources.

Many farmers in the vicinity of Valley, Douglas county, raised large quantities of vegetables and garden seeds on contract for seedsmen. Last spring they contracted to raise seed sweet corn for \$1.25 per 100 pounds. Owing to short crops elsewhere the price has gone up and dealers are offering as high as \$1.90 per 100 pounds for the seed.

A bold thief attempted to get away with a team of horses and a buggy belonging to Fred Harrison at Niobrara. The fellow jumped into the carriage and whipped up the horses in his effort to escape. One of the animals stumbled and the driver was forced to jump out. He was nabbed, but slipped away, leaving his cap in the team owner's hands.

Food Commissioner Thompson announced that he had discovered that out of a thousand barrels of vinegar labeled pure cider 70 per cent was distilled. He declares he will begin prosecutions and enforce the law. Distilled vinegar must be so labeled. He will also prosecute alleged offenders in Omaha who are supposed to be using coloring matter in oleomargarine.

Retail grocers met with jobbers and dry goods merchants at Lincoln for a mutual heart-to-heart talk concerning the little green trading stamps. The matter was debated pro and con, and nothing decisive was done in regard to the matter. Jacob Yungblut, who attended the meeting recently held at Omaha, discussed the effects and influences of the trading stamp system.

Driven frantic by harsh words used during a family quarrel, Joseph Kalal, Jr., left the dinner table, walked into the back yard of his father's farm house and blew off the top of his head with a shotgun. The tragedy occurred one mile northwest of Lynch, and accounts assign no other cause than the lad's sensitiveness to severe criticism. He was 20 years of age and had always been considered a healthy boy of normal mentality.

Michael Melina sues the Union Pacific for \$1,995 for three broken ribs. He was employed in the railroad yards to oil some switch boxes, and alleges that while busy at that work on August 21, a switch engine came along and took undue liberties with him. He avers that the foreman was drunk and did not instruct him about the dangerous nature of the work, and he also alleges that the engine crew was running the engine at a reckless rate of speed.

Fifty-four men on horseback, representing three lodges of the Anti-Horse Thief association of Richardson county, paraded the streets of Falls City, one of the objects being to give the prospective horse thief a chance to see the men who propose to make life a burden to him. Another purpose was to induce more farmers to join the organization. No member of the organization has had a horse stolen during the year, and as the sheriff is a member little fear is entertained that this record will be broken the coming year.

THE WEEKLY PANORAMA

ITALIAN COURT IS SHOCKED.

Queen Margherita Said to Have Made Morganatic Marriage.

Another royal sensation has shocked the courts of Europe, and more especially that of Italy.

It is nothing less than the astonishing report that Dowager Queen Margherita, the widow of the assassinated Humbert, has morganatically married her chauffeur.

The engineer to whom the queen mother is alleged to have been married is named Tenerani. He is over fifty years of age and is employed as caretaker of the numerous charitable institutions which are supported by the queen.

The courtship must have been swift and secret, for the news of the marriage has come quite as suddenly as did the startling report of the assassination of the king.

The marriage, it is said, took place during the queen's recent journey to Norway, and so successfully has the royal bride concealed her romance that even now the name of the bridegroom is not known, nor the exact place where the wedding took place.

What is known is that the queen went to Denmark on the 20th of last September; that after a brief stay in Copenhagen she went on a visit to the King of Norway and Sweden, and that for some weeks prior to her trip



Queen Margherita.
to the north Queen Margherita had appeared to her intimates to be strangely excited and uneasy.

It is pretty accurately known that the wedding took place outside the Italian domain and while the queen was on her way to Copenhagen. So that King Charles entertained a royal bride unwares when he welcomed Queen Margherita.

It had been known that the Dowager Queen was mystic and democratic, but no one supposed that she would develop a romanticism in her middle age. A daughter of the royal house of Savoy and the widow of a king, it was at least supposed that if the mother queen married again she would select a partner from among the princely families of Europe. But no one conceived the possibility of the mature widow marrying a plebeian.

The fact of the marriage is denied at Rome. The report was originally telegraphed from Bologna. In spite of denials, the fullest credence is given the story.

DR. HALE WILL BE CHAPLAIN.

Venerable Clergyman and Author Honored by United States Senate.

The Republican Senators in caucus decided upon Rev. Edward Everett Hale of Boston for chaplain of the



Edward Everett Hale.
senate, beginning Jan. 1. He is a Congregationalist and is now 73 years old.

Dr. Hale has wired his willingness to accept the appointment. He has made arrangements to spend the winter in Washington with his family.

Hard at Work at 90.

Prof. Marcus Willson of Vineland, N. J., author of a successful school series and many other works, was 90 years old last week, and is believed to be the oldest American author still able to do literary work. He was unable to attend a birthday reception in his honor tendered by an historical society, excusing himself on the ground that he was hard at work on a new book, and was also perfecting a patent which would surprise his friends.

OF PUBLIC INTEREST

NEW MINISTER TO PANAMA.

William Insko Buchanan to Be First American Representative.

William Insko Buchanan, who has been appointed minister to the new Republic of Panama, is a man of wide diplomatic experience, having been minister to Argentina from 1894 to



WILLIAM INSKO BUCHANAN
1900. He was director general of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo and was one of the Iowa commissioners to the Columbian world's fair. Mr. Buchanan was born near Covington, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1853, and received his education in the country schools. He lived in Indiana for a time, and in 1874-5 was engrossing clerk of the lower house of the legislature. Recently Mr. Buchanan was arbitrator to fix the boundary line between Argentina and Chile. He has lived at Sioux City, Iowa, since 1882.

OLD SOLDIERS WANT MONEY.

Will Demand Accounting for Sum Held in Trust by Pope.

Duke Francis V. of Austria-Este, who ruled the provinces of Modena and Massa Carrara before the unification of Italy, and was dispossessed by Victor Emmanuel II, in 1860, bequeathed, in 1875, when he died a legacy amounting to \$4,000,000, in favor of his old destitute soldiers. This sum was intrusted to Pope Pius IX. for distribution. Some years ago the surviving soldiers of Duke Francis brought a suit against the Pope for the payment of the legacy. The Pope, however, only disbursed a few francs to some utterly needy families, and the suit remained still undecided. Now about 300 of Duke Francis' former soldiers have decided to ask the vatican to give an account of the huge sum intrusted to Pius IX., and, in view of the mutual position of Italy and the vatican, some curious developments are expected.

WANTS RICH AMERICAN WIFE.

Winston Churchill Thinks He Must Marry a Fortune.

A London cablegram says it is reported Winston Churchill, the writer,



WINSTON SPENCER CHURCHILL
war correspondent, soldier, and member of parliament, is contemplating a visit to the United States, and that the object of the trip will be to find a rich wife. Young Churchill has been credited with a prejudice against Americans, which, it is said, has mother has overcome by pointing out to the young man, for whom the premiership of Great Britain has been predicted, the advantages to be obtained by marrying an American girl with a big fortune.

ENGLAND AMAZES RED MAN.

Returning Indian Tells of Ignorance Existing Abroad.

An Indian stopped in Philadelphia on his way to Omaha. He had been to London, participating in a wild west melodrama there, and it was amusing to hear him describe the ignorance regarding his race that exists abroad.

"An Englishman," he said, "thinks that a red man can run from 200 to 225 miles a day without effort. He thinks an Apache can overtake a deer. In fact, I read in London a short story describing how, in a fifteen-mile run, an Apache caught a deer, choked it to death, and ate its heart raw.

"The English believe that an Indian is so generous he would give away the clothes on his back. I was accosted by hosts of beggars in London, and they couldn't understand why I didn't hand out a half-crown to each of them. They also think an Indian will endure the severest pain without flinching, out of pride. A young English girl stuck a pin in my leg at a restaurant one night, and was surprised when I said 'Ouch' and swore."