

Custer Co. Republican

Published every Thursday at the County Seat.
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Notices of church fairs, societies and other amusements where more than one-half rate.
Wedding notices and notices for publishing list of presents.
Death notices free, half price for publishing obituary notices and notices of thanks.
Legal notices at rates provided by a statute of Nebraska.

Thursday, November 6, 1902.

Westerville republicans are entitled to the cake on general results.

Broken Bow maintained her reputation for temperance in giving Mickey 86 majority.

The republicans of Custer county have reason to congratulate themselves over the results, considering that the opposition was combined against us.

This office is now receiving regularly a batch of world's fair news to be held at St. Louis 1904. Last week the contributions were four type written pages containing 1344 words, which is equal to nearly two columns of leaded primer. At local rates it would be worth \$11.20 to publish it in the REPUBLICAN. This matter is evidently sent out by the committee on publicity with the view of having the news papers advertise the world fair at St. Louis. No request for its publication or promise to pay or signature accompanies the matter in question. Just how many chumps will allow themselves to be caught by such methods is hard to tell, no doubt some will. But why should they? It is not a matter of patriotism or duty. If the promoters of the St. Louis exposition gets the use of lumber and nails or any class of merchandise they pay the cash for it. If they employ any other class of labor they pay cash for it. Even the committees that prepares the matter for publication draw full salary for the time they are employed. Yet they expect the publishers who pay high price hands for doing their work to advertise the worlds fair for a year or more and receive as compensation a complimentary ticket for himself to the exposition grounds. But he must put up the cash for his wife and children. It is high time that country publishers call a halt on doing business that way. The news papers are just as much a factor in the success of the fair as are the exhibits. The fair to be a success must be advertised. The venture is a money making scheme for St. Louis. It will make millions out of it. If not directly, indirectly if successful. The government has contributed liberally to the undertaking in a financial way. Most of the states within the Louisiana purchase have or will contribute of the public money to the enterprise as a matter of local pride and with the hope of getting an indirect benefit in advertising their respective resources and advantages. In a general way the country publishers will share in what every advantage comes to the state through its investment. But do not the publishers with all other classes of business or individuals who pay taxes contribute their proportionate share of the donations made from the state funds. Some one may suggest that newspapers depend upon the public for their support and for that reason should advertise all matters realy to the interest of the general public without compensation. As a rule they do that in local affairs but why should they be so much more magnanimous than other people. No body gives the publisher a cent except he has first given value received for it. The mer-

chants depend upon the community for business. The farmer must have a market for his produce. The manufacturer could not exist long unless there was a community to buy his goods. Each of them is a necessity and in a sense a public benefactor but no one of them could succeed alone nor would they exist long unless they received compensation for what they contribute to the others welfare. There is no reason why publishers should contribute their time and money for the success of another except he be compensated therefore. If they do they are themselves to blame. It is because they do not insist upon their rights but allow the public to impose upon them. What publishers should do in the matter of the world fair is to refuse to publish its matter except for a reasonable compensation. It is our right. If we do the work we must pay our help for doing and we are entitled to something for the capital invested as well as our own time. Can not the publishers of Nebraska stand together on this proposition?

THE ELECTION.

The weather was favorable and fully as large a vote was recorded in most of the precincts as were expected. The result as a whole was highly gratifying to the republicans. With the combined opposition of the fusionists assisted by the saloon element, J. H. Mickey, the republican candidate for governor, was elected by a respectable majority, the other state officers figuring even better.

Judge Kinkaid has carried this district by 1,000 to 1,500. The republicans elected 5 of the 6 congressmen and the majority of the legislature. In Custer county they elected the county attorney and gave majorities for each of their candidates on the legislative tickets. M. L. Fries, candidate for the senate, is elected by about 450 in the district, and A. H. Copey is elected to the legislature by about 100 plurality.

J. J. Tooley, the fusion candidate, by having a plurality in Logan county is elected over S. C. Waldron by 15 to 25. Had Wayne township turned out with her usual republican majority Waldron would have easily been elected. Of the four supervisors to be elected, the republicans elected Thorpe, Hiser and McGuire. The fusionists elected Arthur over Morris.

The majorities was sufficiently small to indicate that a nomination does not mean an election, except the nominee has merit of his own. The campaign was the most quiet in the last twenty years, which doubtless accounts for the small vote recorded. Another factor which had considerable to do with the light vote is that people are unusually busy with their fall work. One fusionist expressed it that they were generally satisfied and felt like letting the republicans have it their own way.

Personally we feel gratified over the results both in the state and county, but had republicans remained true we could have elected both Waldron and Morris. As it is the fusionists are not without consolation of which we have no desire to complain.

A Tropical Home.

The new evening paper at Lincoln, The Daily Star, is out with something entirely new in the way of premium offer to agents who will secure subscribers to that bright, newsy paper. Several tracts of valuable land in a most desirable location in the Republic of Mexico are offered as prizes to agents. It is the most valuable proposition ever made by a daily newspaper and our readers are asked to send for a free sample copy of The Star, which will contain full particulars. There are no complicated conditions or strings to The Star's proposition and competition is open to any one in Nebraska in the various classes. Address Star Pub. Co., Lincoln, 20-22

NEBRASKA IS VERY CLOSE

Republican Ticket is Elected by Reduced Majority.

HEAVY FALLING OFF IN VOTE

Fusionists Lose Four Congressmen, Hitchcock Being Winner in Second District—Legislature is Doubtless Republican.

Omaha, Nov. 5.—Election returns received up to 8 o'clock this morning from precincts all over the state indicate that the result on governor of Nebraska is uncomfortably close, but that the chances favor J. H. Mickey, although W. H. Thompson has a chance to pull through by a narrow margin.

At that hour 394 precincts outside of Douglas and Lancaster counties gave Mickey 35,488 and Thompson 31,143. The same precincts two years ago gave District 37,473 and Poynter 33,793. This net loss of 665 for Thompson would bring him to Douglas county about 1,800 behind Mickey, if the same ratio of change prevails throughout the rest of the state.

Douglas county gives Thompson a majority of over 1,500, which may overcome Mickey's majority on this basis.

In the First district thirty-eight precincts give Burkett 3,090 and Hanks 2,118, showing a loss to the republican of only eight compared with two years ago and a loss to the fusionists of 152.

Complete returns from all of the 179 precincts, excepting seven, one in South Omaha, one in the country and five in Washington county, give Hitchcock a plurality of 1,809.

Fifty-one precincts in the Third district give Robinson 3,795 and McCarthy 3,876, showing a net loss to Robinson (fusion) of ninety-seven.

In the Fourth district thirty-eight precincts gave Stark 3,378 and Hinchshaw 4,099. Same precincts two years ago gave Stark 4,057 and Pope 4,247—not lost to Stark of 530, which was more than his majority two years ago, and conclusively indicating his defeat.

Fifty-seven precincts in the Fifth district give Shallenberger 2,928 and Norris 3,942. This shows a net loss to fusionists of 187 and forecasts Shallenberger's defeat.

In the Big Sixth, sixty-one precincts give Barry 2,855 and Kinkaid 3,835. Same precincts two years ago gave Neville 3,785 and Kinkaid 3,963. Loss to fusionists of 930 and to republicans of 118, indicating Kinkaid's election beyond doubt.

For the state senate, 84 precincts give: Republicans from 8,568 to 8,706; Fusion, 7,717 to 7,839. In nine wards complete, Omaha gave Mickey (Rep.) for governor, 6,473; Thompson, (Fus.) 7,506. The Douglas county Republican ticket was elected with the exception of English for county attorney, who has an apparent majority of 200 over Jeffers.

Hinchshaw (Rep.) for congress carried the fourth district by 2,209; Hitchcock, (Fus.) for congress, in city of Omaha, received 7,791; Mercer, (Rep.) 6,748. Sary county's vote on same candidates was Hitchcock, 895; Mercer, 667; in South Omaha, eight out of twelve precincts gave Hitchcock 1109; Mercer, 917.

Thompson carried Douglas county by about 2,000 plurality over Mickey. The rest of the fusion state ticket carried the county by 700 to 1,000.

Republican and fusion committees both claim the legislature. The vote is so close in various districts at the hour of voting to press it is impossible to give the result.

DEMOCRATS CARRY MISSOURI.

Plurality on State Ticket Will Exceed 20,000.

St. Louis, Nov. 5.—Partial returns from the state indicate a falling off in the total vote as compared with 1900 of from 15 to 25 per cent. Especially is this so in the central portion. In several districts the fight for congress is very close and definite results will probably not be known for 24 hours. At Democratic headquarters it is claimed the Democratic ticket will come to St. Louis with 15,000 to 18,000 majority.

Indications point to a sweeping Democratic victory in St. Louis, with a plurality of 15,000, the election of two Democratic congressmen out of three and the full Democratic city ticket. Returns from 24 precincts out of 333 up to 11 o'clock show the vote on the city ticket to stand 4,503 Democratic, 804 Republican. Party managers estimate the total county vote at 90,000.

REPUBLICAN GAINS IN OHIO.

With One Exception, Plurality is Highest on Record.

Columbus, Nov. 5.—The Republicans carried Ohio by next to their highest plurality on record. Nothing above 79,000 had been predicted, but partial returns indicate that it will greatly exceed those figures. At the same time the Republicans made no gain in Ohio congressmen and are likely to lose one. The present Ohio delegation in congress consists of 17 Republicans and 4 Democrats, and the returns show 15 Republicans and 4 Democrats elected, with the Twelfth district in doubt.

Chairman Dick said: "Latest returns do not change our estimate of 100,000 Republican plurality. We have carried all districts now represented in congress by Republicans with the possible exception of the Twelfth and in its place we have probably carried the Thirteenth district."

ODELL WINS IN NEW YORK.

Re-elected Governor With 15,000 Lead Over Coler.

New York, Nov. 5.—In spite of a phenomenally large vote in New York and Kings county for Bird S. Coler (Dem.), the returns indicate the re-election of Benjamin J. Odell (Rep.) to the governorship of New York state by about 10,000. Coler's plurality in Greater New York exceeded 115,000, a surplus of 20,000 above the claim made by Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, but even this large vote was not sufficient to overcome the Republican majorities from up the state. Odell's vote in the country districts was lighter than two years ago, but Coler's was also lower than Blatchfield's in the same year. In New York city, Coler's plurality was approximately 117,500, made up as follows: New York city, 83,000; Kings county, 25,000; Queens, 5,500, and Richmond, 2,800.

The town of Oyster Bay, President Roosevelt's township, gave Odell 1,526 and Coler 1,857.

Figures from the congressional districts in the state gave the delegation as 20 Republicans to 17 Democrats. The present state representation is 22 Republicans to 12 Democrats. All returns indicated that Judge Gray, Democratic candidate for judge of the court of appeals, ran somewhat ahead of his ticket.

The Democrats made gains in the state legislature, but the gains were not sufficient to endanger the Republican hold on the seat in the United States senate, now held by Thomas C. Platt.

New York and Kings counties did all that had been expected of them by the Democrats, and even more, for the former gave Coler approximately 87,000 more than Odell and Kings, Coler's home county, went Democratic by 26,500. Queens and Richmond were counted on to raise the total to 120,000. The first returns showed Republican losses in the up-state counties, but as the night wore on estimates made it evident that Odell would come to the Bronx with from 125,000 to 130,000, which would elect him by from 5,000 to 10,000.

REPUBLICANS IN KANSAS.

Their Entire State Ticket and Congressmen Are Elected.

Topeka, Nov. 5.—Kansas has gone Republican by at least 40,000 majority. The entire state ticket and the congressmen are elected. The Republicans will have 100 members of the legislature. The Democrats did not expect to elect their state ticket, but were surprised that W. H. Craddock, their candidate for governor, did not run better than he did. W. J. Bailey, the Republican candidate for governor, runs ahead of his ticket. A great fight was made on T. T. Kelly, Republican candidate for treasurer, but he gained enough from the Democrats to more than offset any disaffection in the Republican ranks. The Democrats had devoted most of their attention to the legislature. There was a factional fight among the Republicans for United States senator, which made it seem that the Democrats had a good chance to carry the legislature. In a few counties they made gains, but the Republican majority in that body will be about the same as last year. Returns from over the state show that the Republican county officers were generally elected. It was the most complete Republican victory since the days before Populism. Morton Albaugh, Republican state chairman, said that practically every member of the state legislature would be Republican. The state Democratic committee conceives the Republican claims in everything except the legislature.

INDIANA GOES REPUBLICAN.

No Change in the Congressional Delegation.

Indianapolis, Nov. 5.—Indiana went Republican yesterday by about 30,000. The congressional delegation remains the same, with 9 Republicans and 4 Democrats. The legislature will be Republican by about 25 on joint ballot, and Senator Charles W. Fairbanks will be re-elected.

State Chairman Goodrich of the Republican committee said: "Latest advices indicate that our plurality in the state will not fall below 30,000, and may reach 40,000. The result on the legislative ticket is unusually gratifying. We have not less than 33 majority on joint ballot, controlling both houses."

Marion county will be Republican by between 4,000 and 5,000 on the state, congressional and legislative ticket. This will re-elect Congressman Overstreet by that figure.

Wisconsin Goes Republican.

Milwaukee, Nov. 5.—Wisconsin has gone Republican by at least 35,000 plurality and Governor Robert M. La Follette and the complete state ticket is elected. The Republicans will also control the next legislature, which will elect a United States senator to succeed Senator Spooner. In addition, the election of eight Republican congressmen is certain with probably two more, if no the entire delegation. The candidates in the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth districts are having a close run.

Idaho.

Boise, Nov. 5.—Scattered returns, mostly from the southern part of the state, show Morrison (Rep.) for governor, running ahead of Hunt (Dem.). The vote in the Gentile precincts was heavily Republican. Definite figures will be very late.

Wyoming.

Cheyenne, Nov. 5.—Returns from the state indicate that the entire Republican ticket is elected. Mondell (Rep.) for congress, will have 4,000 majority.

BUSINESS COLLEGE IN WA.

Ten new students this week.

C. G. Boots of Broken Bow was a visitor this week.

Alfred Sloggett of Green called at college, Tuesday.

Several of the young men students went home to vote.

There are seventeen students rooming in the old college building.

Prof. Macy reports increasing interest in the Normal Department.

It requires two stoves to take the chill out of the big room these frosty mornings.

The Music Department reports three new students, Lyle Young, Fay Thorpe and Herbert Watts, all of Broken Bow.

Walter Herrick, Ben Richards, Chester Huff and Arthur Swick were employed in office work by one of the election committees.

Cora Beckwith has gone from the Shorthand Dept. to take a position of stenographer in the office of Sen. Currie at Sargent.

The following students have entered the Business Dept. during the last week: Flora Beckwith Lizzie, Mary, Maggy and Alice Mytton, Broken Bow, and Roy and Harry Leach, of Lee Park.

A. Farritor and F. Cozad from New Helena, called Saturday. Their sons Frank Farritor and Bert Cozad accompanied them home and will stay some time helping to care for the abundant corn harvest.

A letter received from Chicago by one of the faculty contains the interesting statement that the court reporters alone of Chicago divide between them as salary, more than one million dollars yearly.

Bertha Sherback of Westerville

who first honors in a spelling match last Friday. Ray Anderson and Earl Boots both of Broken Bow won second and third places respectively. All most all the students participated.

Prof. Blue has during the past week written cards for persons in North Platte, Gandy and Rushville, this state. The Business Educator published at Columbus, Ohio, contains this month a half page of pen work by Prof. Blue.

Miss Nellie Read, teacher of Shorthand and Typewriting has suffered very poor health for the past few weeks. She resigned her position last week and will return to her home in Omaha soon. Miss Read has spent more than a year as teacher in the college and has made many friends both among students and townspeople, who will regret her departure. John Caywood who has been assistant teacher of book-keeping will take Miss Read's place as principal of the Shorthand Dept. Miss Ruby Pinkley, a graduate of the College, who won high honors in last year's class, takes up work this week as assistant teacher of Booking and Principal of the Typewriting Dept.

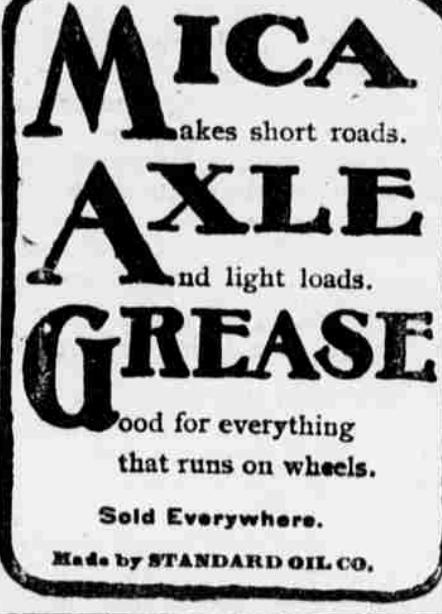
Woman Suffrage Programme.

The following programme of the Fourth Annual Convention of Custer County Neb. Woman Suffrage Association to be held at Broken Bow, Neb., Nov. 12, 1902:

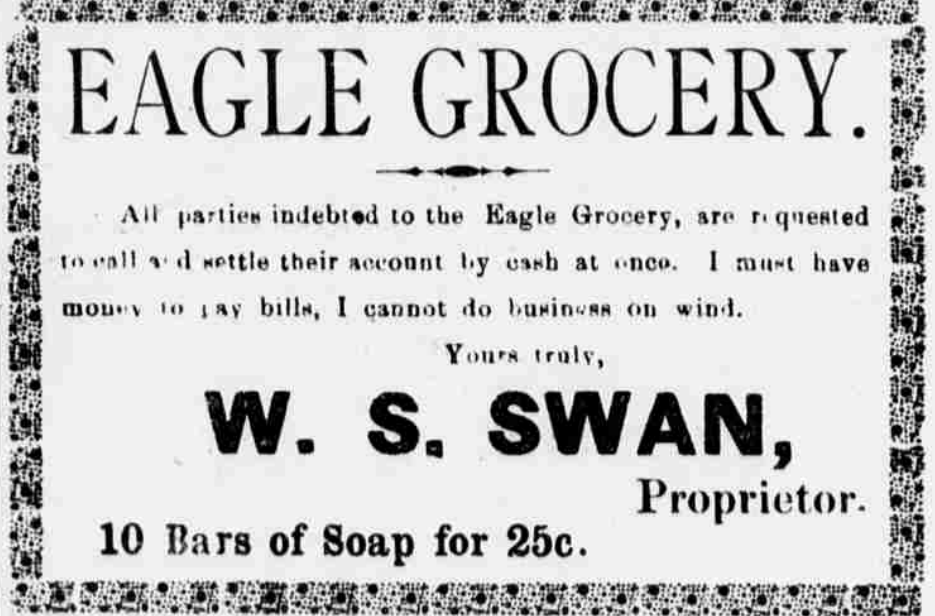
- 10:30—Meeting of Executive Board. Appointment of Committees. Election of Officers. recess for Dinner.
 - 1:30—Opening of Convention. Music—Song Leaflets. Prayer. Report of Committees. President's Address. Report of Vice-President. Report of Recording Secretary. Report of Treasurer. Report of Auditors. Report of Press Correspondent.
 - 2:30—Paper by Mrs. Delano. Discussion. Address by Mrs. Clara A. Young, the State President. Report from Delegates.
 - 3:00—Music—Song Leaflets. Memorial Exercises of Mrs. Elizabeth Kate Stanton, Conducted by Laura A. Gregg. Parliamentary Drill by C. W. Beal.
 - 7:30—Music—Special. Prayer by Rev. Trites. Address of Welcome by Mayor, Hon. E. R. Purcell. Response by Mrs. Carrie Carlos.
- A question box, conducted by Miss Laura A. Greggs, the state organizer and manager of the state headquarters will conclude the program.



E. H. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day



MICA AXLE GREASE
Makes short roads.
And light loads.
Good for everything that runs on wheels.
Sold Everywhere.
Made by STANDARD OIL CO.



EAGLE GROCERY.
All parties indebted to the Eagle Grocery, are requested to call and settle their account by cash at once. I must have money to pay bills, I cannot do business on wind.
Yours truly,
W. S. SWAN,
Proprietor.
10 Bars of Soap for 25c.



THE FAIR STORE
LIVE AND LET LIVE
is my motto. I will sell goods to the public cheaper than any other house west of Lincoln, and if you will spare a few minutes, I will gladly show you my goods and tell you my prices.

100 lbs granulated sugar.....	\$5.40
18 lbs best granulated sugar.....	1.00
1 sack of Best High Patent Callaway Flour.....	1.10
1 sack of Fancy Bakers Flour.....	1.00
6 bars White Russian Soap.....	25

All Other Goods as Cheap in Proportion.
J. W. COOK, and MRS. L. L. SHARP.