

We Want Your Holiday Orders.

Santa Claus Headquarters!

Fourteenth Visit of Saint Nick to Us in Broken Bow

GROCERIES

New Citron
New Raisins
New Currants
New Mince Meat
New Apple Butter
New Peach Butter
New Cider

QUEENSWARE

New Plates
New Dishes
New Apples
New Grapes
New Lemons
New Oranges
They are Fine.

TOILET SETS

Wall Lamps
Glass Lamps
Stand Lamps
Student Lamps
Hanging Lamps
All Kinds of Lamps.

Send your Christmas Tree Committee to us. We are ready to serve you now, as before. We will give you prices on goods that no one will be willing to meet.

Bring in your Tobacco, Tugs, and buy your Girl a Christmas Tree.



I am Going to Bowen's.

Old Cider Vinegar.
Yours For a
Happy Xmas,
J. C. BOWEN.
Broken Bow, Nebraska

BOWEN
CELESTINE

Christmas Tree Candles, and Candle Holders.

Good Apples at Bowen's. Try Us.

THE ISLAND OF GUAM.

BY PROF. H. H. HIATT.

Agana, Island of Guam.

Sept. 27, 1901.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—The history and facts relating to this island have been so miserably exploited by uninformed persons, that I shall not be hasty to repeat the same errors. There is an island here of moderate dimensions, and of fruitful soil, and warm, though pleasant climate. It is located full 5,000 miles west of San Francisco, and 1,000 miles east of the Philippine islands. We had a very enjoyable journey, without any special excitement. Even the dreaded sea sickness was not bad enough to cause one of us to lose a meal. We were 19 days at sea, and with other teachers going to the Philippine islands, we organized a teachers association, and held meetings and entertainments in the ship's dining room. On our arrival at Guam, a boat load of teachers and others, 7 in all, left the ship, while it was unloading, and came ashore. The ship departed and left them here. Fortunately, a coal ship from Japan arrived a few days ago and will take them on to Manila after being here about 10 days. This accident happened by the request of one teacher, who aspires also to be the historian of our new possessions. It was his ambition, like many others, to come ashore and talk five minutes with some native who could not understand him, and then return to the ship full of knowledge and romantic experience, and write a complete and accurate history of this island from the day Magellan discovered it, down to the present time. If this aforesaid history should be delayed in publication, it will be from the fact that the aforesaid historian is now preparing certain damaging literature for the press in order to reduce the U. S. Navy and Army to a proper sense of humiliation for their lack of prosperity.

Last November a fearful typhoon broke upon this island and did great damage to houses and fruit trees. The banana crop has been largely ruined for this year. No such a typhoon had visited this island for fifty years.

We are very pleasantly situated in a stone house of five rooms, and a separate kitchen. All kitchens are built separate here, and the

cooking done by servants. The native stoves consist of holes in the masonry, which is built up in one end of the kitchen. The pots and kettles are set over these holes—just as campers cook over like places, made of sod, in Nebraska. We are among the few who enjoy a real cooking stove. We have ice and sterilized water to drink. I have ten brand new suits of white drilling, and it is custom here, with the Americans, to wear a suit just one day. A suit complete, such as I wore last evening to the Governor's reception, consists of coat, pantaloons, thin undershirt, shoes, socks, and hat—all white. No collars, cuffs, and neckties are required here. Our washing is done by native women in a creek, near the ocean shore. Nothing can induce these native women to use washing machines. Quite often a washing may be seen on some grass in the middle of the streets. These streets are used for many purposes; on a clear day they are lined with bamboo mats on which corn is drying, and I have not seen anything disturbed which has been placed in the streets. Pigs and chickens are given the freedom of the city and towns. The pigs sleep under the houses, and the chickens roost on top. Perhaps there is no other such a race of swine on earth as is found here. They would put the noted "Hazel Splitters" to shame. They are small, bristly, lean, and too disgusting for an American to eat. We have two large stone school houses, better than anything of this kind on the Philippine islands. My wife, daughter, and myself have work. We are required to teach from 9 to 11 a. m., and from 3 to 5 p. m. The school population of this city is about 1,200, between the ages of 8 and 14. There are several other towns, where schools will be maintained. The natives speak a language distinctly theirs, or peculiar to the Ladrones islands. They are Malay and called Cha-man-ro, and understand the Spanish no better than they do the English language. The children seem very intelligent, and are anxious to learn English.

Ensign A. W. Pressey is next to the governor in influence here, and is held in very high esteem by all. He talks Spanish like a true Castilian, and is almost indispensable in administering justice on this island. When we have learned something

about this place we shall write something more.

Truly,
H. H. HIATT.

Agana, Island of Guam.
October 10, 1901.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—There is quite a monotony on this island, and the officials and the marines stationed here are always expecting orders to be removed. We are all looking every day now for the arrival of a steamer from the United States. We hope it will bring us a good supply of home news. Our school work is progressing nicely. Myself, wife and daughter, are teaching. The work is very elementary, and in many ways very peculiar. The children have been trained to study aloud, and it has been very difficult to break up the habit. The boys and girls have never been allowed to be in the same room, but I got permission of the governor to allow me to adopt the custom in the states. This week has been our first experience with boys and girls in the same rooms and in the same classes, and it is working well. In fact, I have not heard of any objections. The children are very anxious to learn, and would come to school at sun rise and stay till dark. We have pupils reading in the first reader, and a large class will finish the first reader in about six weeks. We intend to have a school entertainment soon in English. The governor takes a great deal of interest in our work. It is rather amusing at times to go down the street with an army of native children at our heels. The worst feature I have seen is the tendency in the children to avoid the truth, when it is seemingly to their interest. The American boys and girls cannot realize what has been done for them in the moral culture of American schools and homes. It is only when away from cultured society that we fully understand the power of the moral forces which quietly cement together American institutions. It is in living with this people that we can understand how unwise it would be to put the free ballot in their hands, before they had received years of education and discipline. I hope no foolish sentimentality will cause the United States to grant full suffrage to the Filipinos or any of its colonists, for many years to come. The moral fibre necessary to make good citizenship requires something more than the ballot. But pardon my weakness to drift into politics. To change the subject, I had my first experience with a centipede last evening, and "got a bite" that lasted all night. Centipedes are very abundant here, as well as scorpions. Were it not for the abundance of chickens, which like centipedes better than angworms, we would be much troubled. I might say that a centipede's bite is very painful, but not fatal, and I know this from experience.

By the way, it would amuse you to see a native drive his steed, which is a carabao, common cow, or steer. He has a rope through the nose for a bridle and line, and he will keep up with any team of horses. He has his cow or carabao in hills or shafts, and with his two wooden wheeled cart will trot six or seven miles with quite a load. For riding, these animals will trot along as fast as an ordinary horse. The island grass is very much like the gramma or buffalo grass of Custer county, but on account of the wet weather, it is not so nourishing. How we would like to exchange wet weather for some of your cool October breezes! It is impossible to do any work here in the sun shine, for, although it seldom is above 87 degrees in temperature, the humidity is such that a person feels an oppressive heat. However, in house, we can carry on our work comfortably.

We have all had the best of health and are enjoying ourselves quite well. We would gladly exchange some of our tropical fruits for some of Custer county's vegetables. Bananas, oranges, and lemons, etc., are in great abundance, and on our table nearly ever meal, but they are not to be compared, in

general use, with fresh vegetables we use to get on the farm.

Attended church last Sunday evening and listened to services in Spanish, Chamors, and English, and, they might have added Dutch, for there are several Dutchmen here, who, years ago, followed whale hunting, and married Chamoro wives. The people here are badly mixed by intermarriage and otherwise. English, Spanish, Dutch, Japanese, Chinese, Chamoro, Mexican, Hawaiian, and Filipino, etc. We anxiously await the coming steamer, which will bring the Broken Bow papers and letters from friends and kin.

Sincerely,
H. H. HIATT.

Sunday School Institute

There will be a Sunday school Institute held at the Baptist church, Saturday, Dec. 14, afternoon and night, conducted by Rev. E. M. Stephenson, district secretary of Chicago.

PROGRAMME.

2:00—Devotional services.
2:30—Address, Rev. E. M. Stephenson.
3:00—Address, Rev. E. A. Russell.
3:30—Open Conference.
4:00—Childrens Meeting.
EVENING SESSION.
7:30—Song Service and Prayer.
8:00—Lecture, Factors in Religious Education, Rev. E. M. Stephenson.

Musical Director, E. J. Pittaway. These meetings are for the purpose of stimulating interest in Sunday School work and therefore are for the general public as well as for Sunday school teachers and workers. The addresses are not sectarian in any sense, therefore all churches and Sunday school workers are cordially invited to attend and get inspiration for service.

Lodge Notes.

Horeb Chapter, No. 49, Royal Arch Masons held their annual election of officers Friday evening, Nov. 29th, 1901. Officers elected for the ensuing year were: J. J. Wilson, Excellent High Priest; F. M. Rablee, King; C. L. Gutterson, Scribe; F. H. Young, Treasurer and Secretary. The Excellent High Priest filled the appointive offices as follows:

J. R. Dean, Captain of the Host; L. H. Jewett, Principle Sojourner; R. W. Wilkins, Royal Arch Captain; Alpha Morgan, Master of the 1st Vail; L. E. Wilson, Master of the 2nd Vail; E. McClure, Master of the 3rd Vail; J. W. Bruce, Sentinel; MARK MASTER DEGREE.

J. G. Hreberle, Junior Overseer; J. A. Armour, Senior Overseer; C. Jeffords, Master Overseer; C. T. Orr, Master of Ceremonies; PAST MASTERS DEGREE.

Regular officers by right of succession and assistants as follows: J. G. Brenizer, J. M. Scott, H. B. Andrews, Jas Lindley, A. J. Robertson, A. J. McMurtry, F. Norton, A. J. Harris, C. J. Stevens, P. A. Marlay, H. B. Chapman, Wm. Bruce, J. C. Bowen, D. W. Thompson, D. W. Thomson, Wm. Penn, J. G. Leming, G. W. Wilde. MOST EXCELLENT MASTERS DEGREE. C. T. Orr, Master of Ceremonies; REGULAR MEETINGS. Friday night after each full moon.

Court Notes.

The case of the state against Edward Wisoreder for selling intoxicating liquor was concluded Friday; verdict guilty as charged. The court ordered the remaining stock, destroyed and suspended sentence indefinitely.

Wm. Evans vs. G. H. Ransier was a case involving the possession of a quarter section of land in the vicinity of Arnold; verdict for defendant.

Mrs. S. Dodd vs. Joseph Skelten; damages for malicious prosecution; verdict for defendant.

Andrew Nelson vs. P. H. Marlay; verdict for plaintiff, \$1.00.

Nelson H. Turncliff vs. W. C. Elliott, verdict for plaintiff, \$125.

If you would have an appetite like a bear and a relish for your meals take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They correct disorders of the stomach and regulate the liver and bowels. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Haeberle's drug store.

For a First Class Smoke Try the

Martial and Corona Grande Cigars.

MANUFACTURED BY—

E. H. DALBEY,

Broken Bow, Nebraska.

Columbia National Band vs. J. F. Hutchinson; verdict \$260 for plaintiff; motion for new trial, granted.

Columbia National Bank vs. W. W. Tooley et al.; verdict for defendant.

Talor Flick vs. city of Broken Bow, verdict for defendant.

Thomas Whipple vs. A. W. Gatliff for \$50.00; verdict for plaintiff, \$8.50.

W. J. Woods vs. Mulligan; compromised.

The court dismissed the jury yesterday morning and concluded the session with an equity case last night.

MARRIED.

KENYON-WHITE Sunday December 1st 1901 at the newly furnished home of the groom, John Kenyon and Miss Beile White. Geo. P. Trites officiating.

The bride and groom are among our most highly respected young people, the bride being the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. White and the groom the son of Mrs. Martha Kenyon.

The Republican extends congratulations with the hope their journey together may be happy and prosperous.

The following is the presents received:

Mr. and Mrs. White, table cloth pair towels set table spoons; Mrs. Kenyon, center table; Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Dorris, bed spread, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Kenyon, parlor lamp, Grandma Dorris tablecloth, Everett Kenyon, kitchen cabinet Mr. and Mrs. Will Kennedy, set silver knives and forks, Fred Reeder and Irene Reynolds, photo album, Ed. White water set, Cassie Welliver, berry set, Herbert and Harry Dorris, salt and pepper shakers.

Macy—Holster at the residence of M. C. Warrington, Mason City Wednesday November 27. A. J. Macy and Miss Millie Holster, Rev. J. R. Wood officiating.

The bride has been a teacher in the Broken Bow schools for the past three years. She is a lady of culture and refinement and enjoys the high esteem of all who know her, and is the idol of her pupils. As she had lived mostly with her grand parents Warringtons, she has generally gone by the name of Warrington. The groom is the Superintendent of the Broken Bow schools. This is the second year which he has been associated with our schools. He is a young man of ability and high moral character, and a successful educator, and enjoy

the esteem of the community. The Republican extends congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Macy wishing them success and happiness through life's journey.

MARRIED—Ira. D. Glaze and Miss Pearl Munnell of Comstock, at the residence of Mrs. Powers of this city, Wednesday Dec. 4, Rev. Geo. P. Trites officiating. The Republican extends congratulation to Mr. and Mrs. Glaze.

Among the tens of thousands who have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for colds and a gripe during the last few years, to our knowledge, not a single case has resulted in pneumonia. Thos. Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, one of the most prominent retail druggists in that city in speaking of this, says: "We recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a gripe in many cases, as it not only gives prompt and complete recovery but also counteracts any tendency of a gripe to result in pneumonia. For sale by J. G. Haeberle.

THE NORTH PLATTE VALLEY

in northwest Nebraska, offers some wonderfully good opportunities to the man or woman with a little money to invest in irrigated lands.

Excellent irrigated land can be had now for \$12 to \$15 an acre, but it is plain to those watching the development of the North Platte Valley that this low price is just about to fade away.

The farmers of this valley are now reaping an abundant harvest. Alfalfa, corn, wheat and garden vegetables yield good profits. There are also good openings in the live stock business.

If you are interested in the North Platte Valley, write for our booklet describing it. It is free.

J. FRANCIS,
G. P. A., Burlington Route,
11-7 4t
Omaha, Nebraska.

How to Cure Croup

Mr. R. Gray, who lives near America, Duchesne county, N. Y., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best medicine I have ever used. It is a fine children's remedy for croup and never fails to cure." When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough has developed, it will prevent the attack. This should be borne in mind and a bottle of the Cough Remedy kept at hand ready for instance use as soon as these symptoms appear. For sale by J. G. Haeberle.

Send me another two pound can of BLANK'S MOJAVE COFFEE. We like it better than any kind we have ever used.

COLLON'S GROCERY!

A car load of old wheat flour. Every sack warranted.

NEW STOCK of GROCERIES,
And are prepared to sell as CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.
FRUIT, OYSTERS and CELERY IN SEASON.

Butter and Eggs taken in Exchange.
Goods delivered to any part of the city. Give us a trial.

A. A. COLLON.

FOSTER & SMITH LUMBER CO.



Always have the best quality of Lumber and other building materials at the Lowest Prices.

'Phone No. 79.

W. L. RULE, Manager.