

Custer Co. Republican

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THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1901.

The Custer County Chief started in on its tenth year last week.

The Blair Pilot got out an illustrated edition last week, containing a number of half tone cuts of buildings and individuals of Blair and vicinity.

Aguinaldo now confesses since witnessing the operations of Uncle Sam in the Philippines Island that it is better than an independent government by the Filipinos would have been.

The United States treasury now enjoys the honor of having the largest amount of gold on hands in its history, over \$500,000,000. No other nation at the present time has as much.

Gen. Miles is being mentioned by the democratic press for the presidential nomination of 1904. The General should remember the fate of Dewey and send in a positive declaration at once.

The great Commoner is finding by his recent experience as a newspaper editor that he is not so great as he had thought, and what is so embarrassing to him is that the public is of the same opinion.

It is said of Mrs. Nation that she refuses to ride in a car where there is an ax strapped on the wall bearing the placard "to be used only in case of fire." We hold the pun is not well founded as she uses the ax to extinguish fire-water.

There were many four years ago who denied to William McKinley any claims to statesmanship. No fair-minded man to day will do so, nor will any such refuse to credit him with a patriotic purpose to promote and conserve the interests, the welfare and the honor of the nation.—Omaha "Bee."

The Louisville Courier Journal says:

"The mother of Governor Beckham, of Kentucky, has a remarkable record. She has the unprecedented distinction of having been the mother of a governor, the daughter of a governor, the sister of a governor, and the cousin of a governor."

The great common people would like to behold the Commoner as it steps boldly forth and denounces the imperialism of the southern democrats who are asserting their right to govern the "ignorant" colored man without his consent but they won't see it done. That kind of imperialism is all right. It is the "intelligent" Filipino who needs protection by the great Commoner from the assaults of his brutal fellow citizens.—Norfolk News.

Charles A. Towne says: "We cannot overthrow the republican party as long as favorable industrial condition continues, although that party has not been responsible for those conditions and can lay no claim to bringing them about."

Charley seems to think that there is nothing for the hungry democrats to do, therefore, but to grab a root and hold on, hoping that something agreeable to the democratic mind may turn up before the next national campaign.—State Journal.

Charles A. Towne in his acknowledgement of favorable industrial conditions under the republican administration shows that the populist nominee for vice president still has an observing mind to say the least. But when he qualifies it with the further statement that the "republican party has not been responsible for those condition and can lay no claim to bringing them about," he shows his lack of logic and betrays a weakness that can only be accounted for from the standpoint of political prejudice.

But Mr. Towne is not alone in his political prejudice. There are those who will not be convinced. Rather than to give due credit to the republican party for the high degree of prosperity the people and nation are enjoying, they prefer to justify the conditions by advancing some cause wholly foreign and illogical. There has never been a time in the history of our nation but times were better when our laws provides for the protection of American manufactures, stock and farm products. Wages are better, more find employment, and production of the farm sell at better prices, and money necessarily is easier to obtain. The democratic theory of free trade, when enacted into law, has invariably decreased the nation's revenues and crippled American industries, and not only reduced values and price of labor but decreased the demand for labor. The plea that the protective tariff laws tends "to make the rich richer and the poor poorer," is a fallacy that has no existence in fact. While protective tariff laws will make the rich richer, they, from the same reason, place the poor in better circumstances. The rich must employ their money in order to add to their wealth and doing so employment is provided for the idle, and they are furnished with a visible means of support. Nine-tenths of the millionaires that have lived in this country have come up from the humble walks of life, in many instances from poverty. By others in employing their capital, they were given an opportunity to work and earn wages. By industry and economy they gradually accumulated and by exercise of good judgement and conservative business principles became millionaires. Jay Gould made his wealth by his own efforts. Armour, the great capitalist, who recently passed away, when but a boy crossed the plains, footing most of the way, to California without means. Carnegie and Rockefeller came up from the humble walks of life. While doubtless those of means were adding to their wealth while these boys who were poor, were working for them by the day or month, they held no monopoly on the road to wealth, but under the protective laws of our land for which the republican party is responsible, the "poor" became rich. No stronger evidence of the wisdom of a protective tariff has ever been given than the object lessons we have all witnessed in the past eight years. When a democratic president with a majority of democrats were elected to congress nine years ago hogs and cattle and all farm products were bringing good prices. Hogs in Custer county sold as high as seven cents, and cattle at a corresponding figure. With free trade enacted and the revenue laws so changed that they only provided for revenue, with the protective features eliminated and in less than two years business become stagnated, factories closed, laborers were thrown out of employment, the national treasurer was depleted, values of all property vanished and bankruptcy and financial panic prevailed over the entire breadth of our land. Neither the rich or poor prospered, but all were forced in hard lines. No sooner were the news flashed across the country in 1896 that a republican president with a majority in congress had been elected, than signs of life manifested and the spark of life began to glow in all the avenues of business. Today we are working under a protective tariff; the millions of idle have been employed, Coxey's army disbanded, farms and farm products increased, the rich growing richer, the poor better off. Even in our own midst we have hundreds of living examples of the benefits of the changed conditions. Hundreds of farmers in Custer county who were not worth a dollar six years ago are in good circumstances today. Had many of us been forced to sell our property at what it would have brought six years ago to pay our debts, we would not have had a stitch of clothing on our back but would have been

as nude as the hour of our birth. Many such now have well improved farms, well stocked and out of debt. This is no theory nor exaggeration but a condition that none can successfully deny. Just why anyone should, in the face of these facts, so potent to all, longer denounce the principles of a protective tariff, we are not able to comprehend, unless it is from prejudice as it can not be from ignorance.

He Now Speaks Out.

Now that the campaign is over Mr. Bryan is less reluctant about letting it be known where he stands on the Tariff question. In his newspaper, "The Commoner," which some one suggested might better be called "The Commonest," he is holding forth in quite his old-time way about the "imposter" under which the people of the United States suffer through the American policy of Protection. In ante-election days Mr. Bryan kept carefully away from any mention of the Tariff question, but, as the Economist more than once pointed out, Mr. Bryan's silence on this all-important question was as conclusive as words could be that his views were in no way different from what they were when he voted in Congress for Free-Trade. His present utterance through the columns of his paper testify to the correctness of the Economist's statements, and show conclusively that, if he had been elected to the Presidency, he would have done all in his power to bring about a return to the ruinous policy of Free-Trade.—American Economist.

Protection Benefits All.

It is a serious mistake to assume that a Protective Tariff affects only those engaged in the production of commodities. It is true that the first direct benefit comes to the laborer on the farm and in the factory and to the individual or concern whose money is invested in farming or manufacturing. But that is only the beginning of the vast benefits that accrue from Protection. Take, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, which gives an idea of the progress made during the past twenty years. From less than 50,000 subscribers a score of years ago, and 30,000 miles of wire, there are to day 800,000 exchange stations and 2,000,000 miles of wire in use by this company alone, which by no means includes all the telephone lines of the country. Nor has this wonderful progress in telephone service had any appreciable effect on telegraph business, for the miles of wire of the Western Union Company have increased in the past twenty years from 238,000 to 933,000, while the Postal Company has 170,000 miles.

The telegraph and telephone are to-day necessary adjuncts of business. To show how Protection and Free-Trade affect telegraph messages, it is only necessary to examine the record of number of messages sent each year from 1890 to 1900:

Average annual number of messages sent during 1890-'92-'93, Protection years.	92,709,120
Average annual number of messages sent during 1894-'95-'96-'97, Free Trade years.	58,407,920
Average annual number of messages sent during 1898-'99-'00, Protection years.	62,246,563

But it was not telegraph messages alone that fell of during the years of that industrial eclipse. We wrote fewer letters. The railroads carried fewer passengers and less freight. Instead of putting money in the bank, we had to take it out. That left less to be loaned to builders and others. So it will be seen how the telegraph operator, the lineman, the railroad brakeman, the post office clerk, the bank clerk, the mason and carpenter, the drayman—in fact, every man in the country, is as much of a beneficiary of Protection as the man on the farm or in the factory.—American Economist.

COUNTY LOTS FOR SALE.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the County Clerk of Custer County, Nebraska, until noon of the 19th day of June, 1901, for the purchase of any or all of the following described lots, to-wit:
Lots 12-13-14-15 in Block 12, in the original town of Broken Bow, Neb., as shown by the plat now on file in the Recorder's office of said County. The County Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, "seal" under my hand and seal the 2nd day of April, 1901.
J. B. CHAMBERLAIN, County Clerk.
April 4, 4.

Business Pointers.

Job printing at this office.
Dr. T. W. Bass, dentist, Broken Bow.
JOHN & KNEER buys chickens for cash or trade. 4-25 2w
FINE quality of hay for sale. S. B. Thompson. 4-18 tf
Dierks Lumber Co. has in stock a car load of fine cedar posts for the trade.

Seed Oats.

For the pure article, leave orders at J. C. Bowen's at once.

If you intend to build call at Dierks Lumber Co. and get prices.

Pepsin Gum, two packages for a nickel at WILKINS' PHARMACY.

Houses for rent or sale. I will be at my place of business from now on until 8 p. m.
A. W. DRAKE.

For first class tonsorial work call on Wahl & Freed, west side of the public square. tf

Farms for sale and lands for rent. Now is the time to get a farm cheap, as the cheap farms are all going, and prices are advancing rapidly.
J. G. BRENNER.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Town lots and a few five acre lots in this city, for cattle, horses or farm land.
feb28 tf ALLAN REYNER.

If you have ranches, farms or city property you want to sell or rent, list them with J. J. Snyder, Broken Bow, Neb. 4-11 tf

NOTICE—Our offer of a 16x20 picture with a dozen cabinets continued until May 1.
td BANGS, the Artist.

For Sale.
Good stock of general merchandise. For particulars write J. J. Stanford, Meras, Neb. j31 tf

GIRL WANTED—A girl or woman for general housework. Permanent place and good wages.
Mrs. J. A. HARRIS.

For Sale or Trade.
A house and lot in Mason City to sell or trade for stock; also a good ten foot wind mill with tower, that I will dispose of the same way.
feb7 tf A. Y. SUTTON.
Broken Bow, Neb.

The old and reliable firm of Dierks Lumber Co. is the place to go for lumber or coal. A good supply and grades to meet the wants of their customers are always in stock. 321tf

EGGS—If you want a setting of Buff Cochins, Partridge Cochins or Buff Leghorn eggs, call on Mrs. France Moore.—She has fine chickens. 4-18 4t

FOR SALE—Twenty head of fine brood sows. Will furbow in May. For particulars call by phone or come to residence nine miles southwest of Broken Bow.
4-11 4t CHAS. W. WILLIS.

FOR SALE—One Percheron Norman Stallion. Equire of John Willis, one half mile west of Broken Bow. f14 tf

FOR SALE—Six year old mare, Pheasant, Light Spring Wagon, Single Harness, Saddle, Lady's and Gents Bicycle. Inquire at office of county judge. April 11, 4t

You can save money by ordering your reading matter through the REPUBLICAN. We can furnish you nearly all the papers and magazines for less than publishers prices.

A complete line of Heintz bottle goods. JOHN & KNEER.

Lubricating oils of all kinds at Wilkins' drug store.

Improved farm of 100 acres to rent.
R. A. HUNTER, Broken Bow. 4-18 tf

FOR SALE—A few settings of choice Light Brahama eggs. Inquire of Mrs. Harry Hammond, 7 miles southwest Broken Bow. 4-25 2t

STRAYED or stolen—From my place, five miles southwest of Broken Bow, about April 16, two bay mare colts, one a yearling, the other two years old with halter on. F. H. Arthur. 4-25 3w

BRING your butter, eggs and all other country produce to John & Kneer 4-25 2w

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. We teach the work in two months, donate tools, include board and pay \$18 weekly when competent. Also give opportunity of Saturday and Sunday wages while learning. Our special offer good until May 13. Make application by mail. Moler Barber College, Omaha, Neb.

FOR SALE—One small frame house with two rooms, one mare eight years old and sucking colt, one small stallion eight years old, one buggy, used one year and single buggy harness; four brood sows, two has pigs, others will furbow in May; 500 bushels of corn in crib, one stack of millet hay, two cultivators, one three section steel harrow, and one check rower corn planter with 100 rods of wire. J. N. Pershall, Broken Bow, Neb. 4-25 3t

The Process of Reasoning

is made very simple if you do your trading at our newly fitted, up-to-date, daylight store, 4 doors north of Broken Bow State Bank. Our buyer just recently returned from a very successful Goods buying trip east where he met the agents of the principal Eastern Manufacturers and Importers. The result is that we have just received and placed on sale the finest and most complete stock of goods that it has ever been our pleasure to place before the people of this community.

Laces, Embroideries, etc., Direct from the Importers of New York. Under Wear and Hosiery fresh from the Mills in Philadelphia and St. Joe. Mens and Boys Clothing direct from the Manufacturers of Chicago, Milwaukee and New York, and the prices will never stagger you.

We carry a splendid line of the celebrated Warner Rust Proof corsets, as well as many other popular brands—



WARNER'S RUST-PROOF
Erect Form Corsets,
Bicycle Corsets,
Summer Corsets,
Nursing Corsets.
Popular Goods at Right Prices.

OUR HOSE ARE GOOD HOSE.
St. Joe Fast Black Multi-Iron Glads.
WEAR LIKE IRON.
IRON GLADS

Our line of Spring and Summer Wash dress goods is made up of a splendid assortment of the Staple things such as lawns, dimities, percales, ginghams, etc.; together with an elegant assortment of high grade imported and domestic novelties such as **Mercerized Poul de Soie, Roselinary Swiss, Soureita Imprimee, Satin Stripe Dimities, Silk Figured Mouseline de Soie, Silk Ginghams, etc.,** at prices as low as the lowest city prices. We have the best Carpet, Curtain and Rug Department west of Lincoln, Stocked with an elegant assortment of carpets from the cheapest to the best.

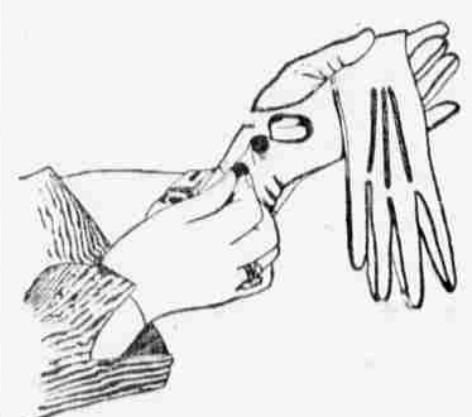
If you are contemplating taking a pleasure trip you should take a look at our immense line of Trunks, Traveling Bags and Overalls.

Hunt us up at our New Location, 4 doors North of Broken Bow State Bank and take a peep at the best lighted, best arranged store in the state, and we will show you the largest stock of goods ever shown in Broken Bow at prices that cannot be met.

WILSON & DRAKE.

A Satisfactory Kid Glove

at a moderate price is hard to find, as every lady well knows, but the past year has demonstrated the fact the Glove here shown is the peer of any kid glove on the market.



OUR SERVICE KIDS, \$1.00

Black, White, Tan, Modes, Greys, Blues, Greens, Pink, Canary.

Here's a Special in Ladies Black Regular Made Hose, guaranteed equal to any 2 for a quarter hose to be found. Special price per pair 10c
Better qualities at 15 and 25c.
The latest in Ladies Mercerized Red, Blue and Black Hose at 40c to 60c.
Our lines of Misses and Boy's Hose at 10c, 15 and 25c you will find to be just a little better in wear resisting qualities than can be had elsewhere at the price.