

# Custer Co. Republican

Published every Thursday at the County Seat.  
 D. H. ANNEBERG, Editor  
 Entered at the postoffice at Broken Bow, Neb., as second-class matter for transmission through the U. S. Mails.  
 SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:  
 One Year, in advance, \$1.00  
 THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1901.

"Since Alpha Morgan became manager of Currie's candidacy, we not with sorrow the decrease in the Currie vote from 24 to 14. Better come home, Alpha."—Anley Chronicle.

The esteemed Chronicle seems to have been very much imposed upon or was laboring under a very severe disorder of the liver last week. The facts are Alpha Morgan is not nor has not at any time been managing Senator Currie's candidacy for the United States Senate. The management has from the first been in charge of Mr. I. A. Rneau of this city. Mr. Morgan is a friend of Senator Currie, and, no doubt, would have done anything he could at any time to assist Mr. Currie in his candidacy had his assistance been solicited. One time, a few weeks ago, when Mr. Rneau desired to come home to look after his private matters, at his and Mr. Currie's solicitation, Mr. Morgan remained over and kept Currie's headquarters open a couple of days. Aside from that he has had nothing to do with the management of Mr. Currie's candidacy. Those from Broken Bow, who have been at Lincoln, from time to time, looking after the normal school bill, have put in a good word for Senator Currie whenever the opportunity was presented, but, Mr. Morgan nor none of the others have had anything to do with the management.

To the editor of the Chronicle we feel it our duty to state that a member of the republican county central committee whose business it is to attend the meetings of the committee, and help dictate its policy, is the last one that should complain of the action of the committee when he fails to attend. Mr. Royse, ex chairman of the committee, stated to the writer that he notified each member of the date of the last meeting, when the resignation of the chairman was accepted and Alpha Morgan was chosen to fill the vacancy. Two other members of the committee, Mr. H. H. Andrews, of Callaway, and J. O. Taylor, were solicited to accept the chairmanship, but both declined, stating they had not time to give to it. Mr. Morgan was elected by the unanimous vote of the members present and accepted. Mr. Morgan is a man whose character is irreproachable, and a man of good business ability and enjoys the highest esteem of all who know him personally. Since he became identified with the party he has been loyal to the party, and a faithful and efficient worker. While, we were one, who did not think he was entitled to the position thrust upon him, in the senate two years ago, from the fact that he had not been an active republican prior to that time, we have had the highest respect for him as a citizen. And most certainly approve of his manifest willingness, since he has enjoyed some of the honors and emoluments of the party to help bear the burdens. The chairmanship of the county central committee is far from being a snap, and he, who fills the position faithfully, will have lots of work and no pay. In accepting the position Mr. Morgan did it as a matter of duty and not from desire, and in performing this duty deserves, and should have the support of every loyal republican, and especially the members of the central committee. If he does not, it matters not how many "good men" may be nominated on the ticket, their chances for election will be lessened to just the extent of the influence of the opposition. Mr. Morgan is now, by the vote of the committee, the servant of the party in Custer county, and to oppose him is to oppose the party he represents.

The approach of the city caucus has awakened the usual interest in the probable nominees for the sev-

eral places to be filled. Thus far it seems to be a case of the offices seeking the men, rather than men seeking the offices. In addition to the names mentioned last week in the REPUBLICAN, who are being discussed for the office of mayor, are A. R. Humphrey, J. M. Kimberling and F. M. Kublee. The two latter have positively declined to be candidates, as has also G. W. Apple and G. H. Thorpe, two who we mentioned last week. The others have not personally entered a protest at this office against their names being used. The list of possible candidates that will, in all probability, be brought out in the caucus are A. R. Humphrey, J. A. Harris, Alpha Morgan, W. J. Woods. There may be others. These men all have business interests in the city, and should either be selected for the important position, he would take pride in giving the city the best government possible under the circumstances. Owing to the revenues for the past several years being low there is no surplus from which any great amount of public improvements can be indulged in. The main work of the mayor will not be to make a display, but rather to keep the expense within the receipts of the city. We are informed that the expense of quarantining against the small-pox the past winter, and caring for the patients, have cost the city about \$500. As this item of expense was not anticipated, it put the city revenues in anything but flattering circumstances. These conditions, however, make it more than ever necessary that good men of business ability be chosen, as well as men who will take pride in seeing that law and order are respected and strictly observed. Besides the mayor, is to be nominated a clerk, treasurer, police judge, and one councilman for each ward to succeed J. M. Kimberling, in the first; E. R. Purcell, in the second; and A. R. Humphrey, in the third. Whether each of these men shall succeed themselves, or whether others are preferred, is a matter that each ward will be called upon to decide at the ward caucuses to be held in conjunction with the convention. In view of the importance of the situation, it is a matter of duty that every citizen, who affiliates with and believes in the principles of the republican party, owe to the city to attend these caucuses and assist in the selection of men of your choice for these several positions, and then use your influence and best endeavors to see that the nominees are elected. Remember the date and place is on Friday, March 15, at 8 o'clock, at the court house.

### Congressional Apportionment.

The following gives the list of counties of the several congressional districts as approved by the new apportionment bill that was passed last Thursday:

First District—The counties of Lancaster, Otoe, Nemaha, Pawnee, Richardson, Seward and York shall constitute the first district.

Second District—That the counties of Douglas, Sarpy and Cass shall constitute the second district.

Third District—That the counties of Bart, Dodge, Washington, Cuming, Stanton, Madison, Pierce, Wayne, Thurston, Dakota, Dixon, Cedar, Knox, Antelope and Boone shall constitute the third district.

Fourth District—That the counties of Gage, Saline, Jefferson, Fillmore, Thayer, Clay, Nuckolls, Adams, Webster, Kearney, Franklin and Harlan shall constitute the fifth district.

Sixth District—That the counties of Brown, Rock, Keya Paha, Cherry, Sheridan, Dawes, Sioux, Box Butte, Scotts Bluff, Banner, Kimball, Cheyenne, Deuel, Grant, Hooker, Thomas, Blaine, Loup, McPherson, Arthur, Logan, Keith, Lincoln, Custer, Dawson, Buffalo, Phelps, Gosport Furnace, Frontier, Red Willow, Hayes, Hitchcock, Dundy, Chase and Perkins shall constitute the sixth district.

Wanted, 35,000 Recruits. Recruits are wanted. The war department has need of 35,000 young men. They must be between the

ages of 18 and 35 years, and be physically sound. That is to say, they must be the class of men who can get a day's work anywhere and be able to do it; they must be a class of men who now at the anvil, at the forge, at the lathe, in the warehouse and on the scaffolding with the trowel or in the stone yard with mall and chisel.

The war department wants these men and may have some trouble to secure them. The country is too prosperous. The new army will not be composed of starvelings. No outpourings of almshouse and "poor devil" unable elsewhere to earn a crust will be directed to the enlisting officers. In the land of famine, of trade depression or of agricultural distress soldiers are never lacking. Then men enlist for the very cloth to wrap their bodies in. In the fields of unemployed labor results are easily found, the number being limited only by the supply and physical fitness of the offering. But in this busy land, with factory stacks belching their clouds, with furnaces glowing with the heat of commerce, with miles upon miles of freight trains hurrying with their precious burdens and ports sending out fleets of ships with their rich cargoes in such a land the war department may expect to find real work ahead to secure recruits for an army, and it will be well for those who laugh at the tedium of the work to remember why recruits are hard to find.—Kansas City Journal.

### More or Less Personal.

It is not surprising that Governor Dietrich should withdraw his recommendation for a new penitentiary as soon as he saw the real condition of the old plant. The reports sent out to the eastern newspapers during the excitement connected with the fire misled him into the belief that everything had been burned up. When he made a personal inspection he found the entire plant intact, with the exception of the west cell house and the administration building. It did not take him more than a few minutes to see that it would not pay to throw away the east cell house, the shops, and valuable machinery, the walls, the hospital, the stables and other minor buildings, and he promptly decided to recommend repairs instead of the expenditure of a third of a million dollars on an entirely new prison.

The truth about the penitentiary business is that the present site is both healthful and convenient. A fine building would make a more imposing appearance on the hill a short distance to the south, or over in the neighborhood of the asylum, but the institution would not be a particle more useful or healthful there than in its present location. It is true that the ground seems low, but it is almost as high as the greater part of city of Lincoln. The worst floods ever seen in the Salt creek valley never approach the walls. There were some faults of construction in the old prison that gave it an unhealthy odor under the best management, but these can be avoided in rebuilding. If the old cell house was so low in the ground as to be damp, the new one can be built higher. The odors that clung around the administration building were largely due to the cooking of enormous quantities of vegetables, including cabbage, onions, turnips and carrots, in the kitchen in the basement. This kitchen can be put in a separate building without much additional expense, and the air of the whole place will be vastly improved. In fact almost every fault in the old institution can be corrected while the rebuilding is going on, if the authorities will take the pains to install the most modern plant that can be procured while they are about it.

It has amused the people who know all about the prison to read in the Omaha papers, grave, statements to the effect that the ground around the building is not adapted to agriculture, and therefore a removal to some other place would be advisable. The ground cultivated

almost up to the prison walls on all sides, and some of the biggest crops grown in the state are harvested in the immediate neighborhood. If agricultural pursuits are wanted for the prisoners there is plenty of land in the vicinity that can be had on reasonable terms. An old gard was telling a group of men in the Lindell the other evening why farming does not go well in connection with a penitentiary.

"I see that they want to make the convicts raise sugar beets," he said, "That is all right for about three months in the year, but what are they going to do with the men the rest of the time? Nothing kills off the convicts worse than having nothing to do. It would make them insane to go idle in the winter, when there is nothing to do in the fields. There was a time when the contractors couldn't use all of the men, and the idle ones were frantic to get out of their cells and into the shops. You might as well kill a man at once as to keep him up for six or nine months in a year. The only way to give a regular work all the year around is to do it in the shops. Then the men can get their exercise every day without regard to the weather. It is this regular work that is the best feature of prison life. Without it half of the men would come out mental and physical wrecks."—State Journal.

### STATE CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Special Correspondence.

Lincoln, March 11, 1901.

Nebraska now has pointers from three states on the senatorial question. At the last moment the Oregon legislature dropped the leading candidates and elected a dark horse. Montana did the same. Delaware had a few republicans who held out against the corporation boss who was trying to buy into the senate, and the legislature adjourned without electing.

If the present legislature felt inclined to put the state to the expense it might provide a committee to investigate the defunct fusion administration. The disclosure would hit nearly every "reformer" who has held office. Meserve could be made to tell about the interest on the school money, and about the price of his bond. Porter could be questioned about his illegal fees. Cornell could be asked to explain how he saddled his relatives on the state, and allowed them to double up on salaries and fees. Wolf would have much embarrassment in telling about the school land deals. The board of purchase and supplies could explain the purchase of the worthless clothing and the 12,000 pounds of rotten butter for the Hastings asylum. The printing board would have a chance to tell about the purchase of worthless stationery. The real price paid for the new carpets and wall paper might be ascertained. The public could get a lesson in "reform" which would last for many years, but the investigation would cost a good deal of money.

The recent report of the "hold-up" committee of the legislature puts in a most unfavorable light O. S. Moran, a former "reform" member of the legislature. It seems that he started a sort of bucket shop to control the price of legislative votes on corporation bills. It will be remembered that this is the same Moran who was a member of the notorious "Mutz sniffing committee" appointed by the fusion legislature of 1897, to besmirch the characters of republican officials.

Under the present conditions the outlook for the election of senators is not promising, and it is quite possible that a movement may be made for all of the candidates now in the race to retire and let the legislature pick up some new material. The folly of attempting to force the election of any man against the protests of any part of the rank and file of the party is now apparent. In case the most objectionable candidate does not soon retire, it is

probable they will all have to get out before an election can be held.

ADAM GRANBERG.

### A CHILD'S JOURNEY.

Little 10-Year-Old Mary Urbana's Lonely Voyage.

The circle of American young people has been added to by the arrival of Mary Urbana from Austro-Hungary, says the Young People's Weekly. The remarkable thing about it is that she came all the way over land and sea alone. "I am Mary Urbana. Send me to Hazleton, Pa., U. S. A.," was written on the tag attached to the waistband of this little ten-year-old woman. That and the tickets for her transportation was all the safeguard she had for her journey. Mary's parents were dead, and as she had expressed the desire to go and live with some relatives in Hazleton, certain of the people of her native town procured for her the necessary transportation and wrote the directions. While this new American girl could not speak one word of any language but Hungarian, she undertook the journey with resolution. The tears filled her eyes as she sailed away from Europe to the mysterious land that awaited her far beyond the blue seas, but she gave no other signs of childishness, and the officers of the ship on which she came say that they never had a passenger who caused them less trouble. Of course, every one on the great vessel was kind to her when it was learned how brave a journey she was making, and all the passengers tried to make the trip as pleasant for her as possible. She arrived in safety at Hazleton, a little the worse for the unpleasant incidents of the rough seas which assailed nearly every one. She was met at the railway station by her relatives, and made her gladness apparent by a free expression of her feeling in her native tongue. She was soon fitted out with the American style of clothing, and she is now striving resolutely to master the intricacies of the English language.

### NOTHING IS WASTED.

The Ragpickers Clean Fortunes Every Year in Paris.

A duty of primary importance is discharged by the ragpickers of Paris. Working at night, busy under moonlight with hoop and pannier, the value of what they collect is estimated at \$10,000 a day. Assuredly one-half of the world does not know how the other half lives, says a Paris correspondent. Of course, the conditions of Paris life are exceptional. The population is very closely packed; the tall houses are crammed with inhabitants, there are no gardens, as with us—there are but the houses and the streets. The Parisians have a way of emptying all kinds of lumber and refuse into the streets, and then the ragpickers gather in their harvest. A use is found for everything, and metamorphoses never cease. Rags go to make paper, broken glass is pounded and serves as the coating for sand or emery paper, bones, after a process of cleaning and cutting down, serve to make nail brushes, tooth brushes and fancy buttons. Little wisps of women's hair are carefully unraveled and do duty for hair by and by; men's hair, collected outside the barbers' shops, serves for filters; bits of sponge are cut up and used for spirit lamps; bits of brass are carbonized and made into tooth powder; sardine boxes are cut up into tin soldiers or into sockets for candlesticks. A silk hat has a whole chapter of adventure in store for it.

J. J. SNYDER, Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public

and Justice of the Peace. Special attention given to collections. Depositions taken, partition vouchers neatly executed and all kinds of legal papers written. Office west side square, Broken Bow, Neb.

### Clinton Day,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Broken Bow, Neb.

Office 1st door north of A. W. Drake's second hand store, west side square. Residence 6th house west of Baptist church.

### Lunch Counter,

Er Malloy, Prop'r.

All kinds of soft drinks. Best brand of cigars. 1st building east of Farmer's bank.

### PENN & DORRIS,

BLACKSMITHS.

All kinds of work in our line done promptly and in first-class order. Red Shop on the corner, west of the hose house. Give us a trial.

Any one wishing a new watch movement in an old case call on

### J. M. SIMONSON,

LEADING SHOE REPAIRER & WATCH REPAIRER of the city, located in Hyerson's grocery store.

### Dr. E. M. Hogan,

—Graduate Dentist—

Office over W. S. Swan's Grocery store. Broken Bow, Neb.

### W. A. THOMPSON,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Plans and estimates on short notice. Broken Bow, Neb.

### CAMERON & REESE,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Rooms 8 & 9 Realty block, Broken Bow, Neb.

### Wm. F. Hopkins,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Plans and Specifications on short notice. Material furnished and buildings completed cheaper than any man in the state. Satisfaction guaranteed as to plans and specifications.

### Dr. Chas. L. Mullins,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

2d stairway from west end, in Realty block; residence, 3rd west M. E. church, same side of street.

### Dr. J. M. McLeod

1300 O street, LINCOLN, NEBB.

General Surgery and Diseases of Women

SPECIALIST

First-class hospital facilities. Jan 3-12

## COLLOM'S GROCERY!

Having bought the stock formerly owned by A. Wallace, we have added a complete

### NEW STOCK OF GROCERIES,

And are prepared to sell as CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

FRUIT, OYSTERS and CELERY IN SEASON.

Butter and Eggs taken in Exchange.

Goods delivered to any part of the city. Give us a trial.

## A. A. COLLOM.

F. C. WORNALL, President. J. A. HARRIS, Cashier.  
 A. J. ROBERTSON, Vice-Pres. W. D. BLACKWELL, Asst. Cashier

### Farmers Bank of Custer County,

BROKEN BOW, NEB.

Transacts a General Banking Business. County Claims and Warrants Bought.

URIC ACID IN THE BLOOD CAUSES RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA AND GOUT.

You can remove the cause by wearing one of our

### REX RHEMATIC RINGS.

They are sold under a positive guarantee. REX RHEMATIC CO., Hartford, Conn.

FOR SALE BY A. E. ANDERSON, BROKEN BOW.

Jan 1-4m