

TURK ON HIS DIGNITY

Reason for Belief That the Porte Is Censoring All American Dispatches.

NO WORD FROM OUR BATTLESHIP

Therefore the Situation at the Port of Smyrna Can Only Be Guessed At—The Porte Still Refuses to Issue Exequatur to Delegate of United States.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Nothing in regard to the United States battleship Kentucky is coming direct from Smyrna. The authorities there are evidently censoring all dispatches.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Thursday, Nov. 29.—The opinion is expressed in diplomatic circles that the American claims arising from the Armenian massacres may now be regarded as practically settled, as an irade providing for the building of a cruiser in the United States is officially promulgated.

The question of the consulate at Harpoot remains open, the porte persisting in its refusal to grant an exequatur to Dr. Thomas H. Norton. The moral effect, however, created by the presence of the United States battleship Kentucky at Smyrna in support of the representations of the American legation, taken in conjunction with the settlement of the other claims, leads the legation to hope for an early arrangement of all outstanding differences.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A Reuter dispatch from Constantinople says it is suggested that Russia is prompting the porte to refuse to grant an exequatur to Dr. Norton. The dispatch adds: "It is an open secret that they dislike the foreign consuls in Asia Minor, especially the Americans, whom they suspect of aiding the American mission work in Armenia."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—No proposition has come to the United States government from Turkey looking to the payment of the missionary claims under the guise of an order for a war ship to be built in the United States. While it is hardly expected that any formal proposition of this kind will be forthcoming, it is, of course, beyond the power of the state department to prevent or interfere with any arrangement with American shipbuilders and individual claimants.

The point is, after all, to have the claims paid and the state department officials are not particular as to the form in which the payments are paid. Perhaps they are indifferent in this respect because of knowledge of the fact that the Turkish government might be terribly embarrassed by the pressure of European creditors were the United States government to insist upon certain forms of procedure in this case.

There are no developments in the negotiations respecting the exequatur of Dr. Norton, who would be United States consul at Harpoot. The matter is still one of correspondence and the authorities here are confident that the Turkish government will, in the end, yield on this point.

BOLOMEN TO BE HANGED.

General MacArthur Confirms Sentence Passed on Filipinos.

MANILA, Dec. 1.—General MacArthur has confirmed the sentence of hanging passed upon four natives recently convicted of murder at Lingayen. The condemned were members of "Guardia de Honor," a band of assassins whose victims were kidnapped and beheaded. They will be hanged on December 21.

The United States cruiser Newark, under order to proceed to Guam to investigate the circumstances of the disaster to the United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite, has not yet sailed.

Arthur Ferguson, secretary of the Philippine commission, has gone to Hong Kong for short vacation to recruit his health, which has recently been poor.

The United States transport Indiana, which, as announced November 17, went ashore on the east side of the Isla de Polillo, off the east coast of Luzon, was successfully floated and arrived at Binangonan sound short of coal. It transferred to the United States transport Pennsylvania the contingent of the Twenty-second infantry and the supplies destined for Baler and then proceeded to Nueva Casasas, on the Biola river, province of South Camarines.

Cody Hunting Party.

EDGEMONT, S. D., Nov. 30.—A large hunting party passed through this city enroute to the Big Horn mountains. Among the party were: Colonel W. F. Cody and H. H. Hake of Omaha, M. R. Russell of Deadwood, J. H. O'Brien of Buffalo, N. Y., S. Compton of Sheridan, Wyo., John Martin of Cody, Wyo., and F. N. Pearson and C. H. Morrill of Lincoln, Neb.

Carnegie Contract Signed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The contract with the Carnegie company for furnishing a large quantity of armor plate, under the agreement recently announced, was concluded and signed today, and it is expected that the Bethlehem contract for armor will be signed tomorrow.

Train Goes Into the River.

BEAVER, Pa., Nov. 28.—Late tonight a Cleveland & Pittsburg flyer went into the Ohio river at this place. Three Cleveland men, Engineer Couch, Fireman Allen and Express Messenger Casey, were killed. Nineteen others are reported dead and the entire train is said to be in the river.

Cuba Company Organized.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Dec. 1.—Sir William Van Horne, with his party, left Santiago this evening for Cienfuegos, from which point he will go to Santa Clara and Havana. He expects to return here in February. The Cuba company is now fully organized and Sir William's son will remain in Santiago as assistant superintendent of construction. Sir William expressed himself as greatly pleased at the attitude of business men here toward his projects for the immediate construction of the Central railroad.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.
Union Stock Yards.—Cattle.—There was another very light run of cattle here today. Packers and yard traders were all willing to take a few cattle and as a result the market was stronger all around. There have been a few cattle on sale that the yards are well cleaned up and consequently next week will open with practically empty pens. The few fat cattle on sale met with ready sale at attractive prices. There was one bunch of choice steers on sale that were about the best that have been seen here in a long time and they sold for \$5.50. The receipts, though, have been so light that the market has not been very thoroughly tested. Cows and heifers of all kinds were in good demand this morning and sold high all around, owing to the fact that there were not enough to meet the requirements of the trade. The feeder market has also braced up a little. The demand from the country has not been so heavy, but still there have been enough buyers on the market to take all that was coming at good to strong prices. A few western grass beef have been coming this week, but it is safe to call the market good and strong on the better grades. The cow, heifer and feeder market has been selling higher, the same as is noted above for the native cattle.

Hogs.—There was not a very heavy supply of hogs here today, but as all other markets were lower prices here went off a goodly headed lot around. The market started out with packers bidding \$4.70 on the better grades of light and butcher-weight hogs, and \$4.67 on the heavier grades. Sellers were not willing to make those prices on the start, but finally gave it up and cut loose at those figures. Trading, however, was inactive at any time, and the morning was well advanced before the pens were cleared.

There were only three cars of sheep on sale today, and those were bought up by packers in good season at just about steady prices. There was a bunch of wethers that weighed 45-50 but they were choice. The market on fat stuff, both sheep and lambs, has been in good shape all the week and prices shown very little change. Receipts have not been heavy, and the demand has been sufficient to take all that was offered at good steady prices. Good feeders have also shown very little change for the week.

KANSAS CITY.
Cattle.—Receipts, 5,000; market steady; native steers, \$4.25 to \$5.25; Texas steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; Texas cows, \$1.75 to \$2.00; native cows and heifers, \$1.75 to \$2.00; stockers and yearlings, \$3.00 to \$3.50; bulls, \$2.50 to \$3.00; feeders, \$3.00 to \$3.50; calves, \$2.50 to \$3.00.
Hogs.—Receipts, 12,000; market steady to slightly lower; bulk of sales, \$4.25 to \$4.75; heavy, \$4.25 to \$4.50; packers, \$1.75 to \$2.00; mixed, \$1.75 to \$2.00; light, \$1.75 to \$2.00; Yorkers, \$1.75 to \$2.00; pigs, \$1.25 to \$1.50.
Sheep.—Receipts, 1,000; market steady; lambs, \$3.25 to \$3.50; muttons, \$1.50 to \$1.75.

A TRUCE FOR THE BOERS.
London Statist Proposes Negotiations With Generals Botha and Dewet.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—Tomorrow the Statist will propose that the government should begin negotiations with Commandant General Botha and General Dewet to bring the war to a close. As the Boer leaders might misunderstand the motive of an overture from the military, it will suggest that the highest civil authority in Capetown should begin the negotiations, if not Sir Alfred Milner, then the chief justice of Cape Colony, or even Mr. J. F. Hofmeyr.

The great financial journal will lead up to its proposal by an analysis of the situation in South Africa and will say: "We are losing in every way: losing in prestige and losing in life. We are seeing our South African possessions plunged into greater distress and the opinion is gaining ground abroad that we are incapable of bringing the struggle to a satisfactory termination. Military incompetence will be alleged and the Statist will aver that military harshness should be avoided and the Boers be conciliated."

Looking at Our Wars.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—A party of distinguished Japanese officials arrived in this city on the steamer Nippon Maru. Captain T. Matsue and Commander K. Yamada will inspect some of our modern war vessels and, provided satisfactory terms can be made, to negotiate for the construction of one or two gunboats or cruisers. They will then go east and to England to inspect the torpedo boat destroyers now being built there for Japan.

Farmer Burned in a Car.

REINBECK, Ia., Dec. 1.—Peter Peters, a German farmer of this city, was burned to death in his emigrant car, while on the side track near Gladbrook. He had purchased a farm in South Dakota and was on his way there. Six head of cattle and three horses and his household goods were burned. Peters leaves a widow and a family of small children.

Smallpox Scare at Gothenburg.

GOTHENBURG, Nov. 28.—The smallpox scare has at last reached this place and while there are no cases nearer than North Platte precautionary measures are being adopted to prevent its breaking out here. Tickets will not be sold from North Platte to this place and the school board has requested all school children to be vaccinated.

Montana Makes Big Growth.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The population of Montana, as officially announced today, is 243,329, as against 132,159 in 1890. This is an increase of 111,170, or 84.1 per cent. The population of Texas, as officially announced today, is 3,048,710, against 2,255,523 in 1890. This is an increase of 813,187.

Mrs. McKinley Goes Shopping.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Mrs. William McKinley and Mrs. Garrett M. Hobart, widow of the late vice president, arrived in New York this afternoon. They have come to do their Christmas shopping and are expected to remain several days. They are stopping at the Manhattan hotel.

The Death List Mounting.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.—Four persons injured in the glass works factory yesterday died this morning, making the total number of dead eighteen. Several more of the injured will die. About the morgue today there have been crowds of anxious inquirers, relatives and friends of those who are known to have been victims of the accident. The dead have all been identified. Until the dead have been viewed by the coroner's jury no bodies will be permitted to be taken away from the morgue.

MANY DROP TO DEATH

Seventy-Five Persons Crash Through the Roof of Glass Works.

TEN KILLED AND FIFTY INJURED

Disabled Victims Roast on Furnaces in Sight of Friends—Roof Gives Way Under Pressure It Was Not Built to Withstand.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 30.—By the collapse of the roof of the San Francisco and Pacific glass works at Fifteenth and Bryant streets about sixty persons were more or less injured, some of them fatally. At 3:15 o'clock the number of dead was reported as ten.

The victims were watching the football game between the Stanford and University of California teams when the roof beneath them gave way, precipitating them to the floor of the factory. Some of them fell upon the furnaces and one man of unknown identity was burned almost to a crisp. The crash of the falling roof was heard a great distance away and thousands of people hurried to the scene. Messages were sent to the city receiving hospital and the morgue and all the available ambulances were hurried to the spot.

At the Central receiving hospital at 1 o'clock five of the injured had been received. At the time of the accident there was but one doctor on duty at the hospital and he was totally unable to attend the cases at they came in. A summons was sent out immediately calling upon doctors in the neighborhood to come and render assistance.

Owing to the confusion existing at that time the name of but one of the injured has been learned. That one was Al Essmann, who was frightfully cut about the head and face.

The crowd was gathered upon the roof of a building directly over the furnaces of the glass works. When the roof collapsed every occupant was precipitated upon the heated top and rolled off. Fully forty were injured, nearly all of them seriously. Seven of the dead are boys ranging in age from ten to fifteen years. They were found lying in a row and most of them were badly mangled.

There were at least 200 people on the roof when it collapsed, and of these at least sixty went down. Those who were fortunate enough to be on a solid section of the building scurried down and helped remove the injured. The heat around the furnaces was so great, however, that to many no assistance could be rendered and they slowly roasted to death. Not 200 yards away were 20,000 people watching the football game and when the news became known there was intense excitement among them. The ushers went through the crowd calling for doctors and many surgeons hurriedly left the game. The living victims from the disaster were taken to various hospitals. The Southern Pacific hospital, within two blocks of the glass works, was soon overcrowded and many wounded had to be turned away.

They were hurried to St. Luke's, the city receiving hospital and nearby drugstores. So scattered are they among the various institutions that it is impossible to tell exactly how many were hurt or how seriously they were injured. The coroner did not have enough wages to remove the dead and they were taken away in express wagons. Many elegant private carriages were waiting outside the foot ball grounds and they were pressed into service to take away the wounded. A high fence surrounds the glass works grounds and thousands of people attempted to get inside. They were restrained with difficulty by a large force of police.

United States Further Criticized.

BERLIN, Nov. 30.—The papers this evening resume their criticism of the course of the United States government, based upon the latest news from Washington. The Berliner Neueste Nachrichten says: "The United States, with Russia, is China's chief defender. The Preussische Zeitung infers from Ambassador Whitelaw Reid's foreign office and Dr. Von Holleben's call upon President McKinley and Secretary Hay that serious differences of opinion exist between the United States and Germany. Ambassador White re-asserted today that in his recent interview with the secretary of foreign affairs, Baron Von Richthofen, he did not present the new American note, but only made informal suggestions which did not require an answer. He doubts that Germany will give an answer to those suggestions. His instructions from Washington directing him to seek the interview with the foreign secretary, were not, he says, a repetition of the Coiger instructions."

Utah Forest Lands Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Commissioner Hermann of the general land office has ordered the withdrawal from public entry of 250,000 acres of vacant, unappropriated public domain in Utah, that constitutes the watershed from which the domestic water supply of Salt Lake City is derived. The action is taken with a view to reserving land permanently for forestry purposes.

Gold Mine Trust Formed.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Daily Express this morning publishes a rumor that a gigantic gold mine trust has been formed, including Messrs. John D. Rockefeller, Cecil Rhodes, Alfred Beit and Joseph Benjamin Robinson.

Funer of Senator Davis.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 30.—The stream of sympathetic messages and callers is uninterrupted today at the late home of Cushman K. Davis. All arrangements have been completed for the funeral, which will be a quiet one at 11 o'clock Saturday morning at the family residence. James J. Hill, Judge Walter H. Sanborn, Judge Charles E. Plaudrau, former Governor John S. Pillsbury, former Senator W. D. Washburn, Hon. Samuel R. Thayer, Minneapolis, E. W. Peet and District Attorney Robert G. Evans will act as pall bearers.

KRUGER DENIES ONE STORY.

Is Not Coming to America to Live, But Might Make Us a Visit.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Michael Davitt cables from Paris to the Evening Journal today that Mr. Kruger, replying to the question if he had any intention of making his future home in the United States, said: "I never contemplated going to America to live, although I have received several pressing invitations to do so."

"I am seriously considering, however, a short visit to the United States. The severe hardships of winter travel would not deter me, old as I am, if I were sure I could accomplish any good for my oppressed country."

Mr. Davitt adds that it is almost certain that Mr. Kruger will not visit America and that the entire cabinet of the South African republic opposes the idea.

To Seek the North Pole.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 30.—A special to the News from Montreal says: Captain Bernier of Quebec has gained the support of Sir Clements Markham, president of the Royal Geographical society, for his scheme to reach the north pole, and is now in the city making arrangements. Captain Bernier's plans contemplate an expedition from Vancouver, with a wooden or steel ship and a crew of six sailors and five scientists. Entering the polar basin in August, a month earlier than Nansen did, the ship would begin to drift 300 miles further east than Nansen's vessel did. The expedition would winter in the ice.

That Revenue Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—The sub-committee on ways and means continued its preparations of the war revenue reduction bill today. During a part of the committee's session Former Speaker Reed was present as a visitor. The democratic members of the committee thus far have taken no action as to their program regarding the bill. If the republican members bring the bill into the house with a rule preventing amendments it is probable that the democrats will prepare and offer a substitute; otherwise amendments will be offered in committee of the whole.

Vote of Two States.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 30.—The state board of canvassers completed the canvassing of the vote for president today, the vote being as follows: Republican, 255,866; democratic, 159,285; prohibition, 10,124; social democratic, 7,905; social labor, 524. Republican plurality, 106,581. Republican loss from 1896, 2,269. Democratic loss, 6,238.

Salt Lake, Utah.—The official canvass of the vote of Utah shows that 92,038 votes were cast for the national ticket, of which McKinley received 47,989 and Bryan 44,949. McKinley's majority, 2,140.

One Peculiar Charge.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 30.—D. H. Stuhr of Davenport, who was indicted here yesterday on a charge of doctoring barley with sulphur, came to Chicago today and gave bail for his appearance for trial. He said: "The charge is ridiculous. I have been in the grain business for twenty-seven years and have made a specialty of barley. Before I adopted this process of purifying the grain I experimented with it thoroughly and found that it would make it much sweeter in the malt and retain, if not, strengthen, all its other qualities."

Federation of Railway Employees.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 30.—Within the next ten days the employees of the Big Four Railroad company will have formed one of the strongest labor organizations ever known in the middle west. The intention of the employees to organize a federation, making the grievance of one department the grievance of all others. Within a few days the brakemen will assemble in the city and they will be followed by the conductors, telegraphers and engineers.

Like American Potatoes.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 30.—A special to the Record from Tacoma, Wash., says: The first large shipment of potatoes to go forward from this state to China will be sent in a few days to North Yokohama and will consist of 500 tons destined for Shanghai. In the past the greater amount of foodstuff that has been called for from that section has been flour, but now the Chinese have acquired a taste for potatoes.

Books Betray His Guilt.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 30.—The discovery of a supposed error of \$1,669 in the books of George Griffiths, deceased, late clerk of the Board of Education of Cincinnati, led to the examination of his books with the discovery. It is said that Griffiths was an apparent defaulter to the amount of \$100,000. Griffiths had been clerk for thirteen years and had always had the entire confidence of the whole community. His estate, it is said, will not meet more than one-fifth of the shortage.

Woman Killed by a Thug.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Nov. 30.—W. H. Linter of Cedar Rapids, Ia., accompanied by his wife, while on his way to the depot tonight to leave for home after spending Thanksgiving with relatives here, was held up by a footpad and on resisting, Mr. Linter was shot and killed. Mrs. Linter ran, but was shot in the back and is now dying. A man was captured at Patterson, six miles south of here, who gave his name as George Anderson.

"Boer Guerrillas."

CODY, Wyo., Nov. 30.—Captain Henry A. C. Darley, an officer in the British army, has returned to his ranch on the Stinkingwater in this county. He is on a six months' furlough, at the expiration of which he will return to South Africa. While fighting the Boers Captain Darley was wounded in the body by one of Kruger's bullets. He is still suffering from the effects of the injury. He says the English will eventually clear the South African country of the small bodies of Boer guerrillas.

AS TO THE ARMY BILL

House Military Committee Will Pay Due Regard to President's Views.

COUNCIL WITH SECRETARY ROOT

War Department Measure Proposes a Maximum Strength of 95,000 Men with a Minimum of 58,000 and More Artillery for the Service.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The house committee on military affairs today met for the purpose of considering the new army bill. The business was mostly of a preliminary character, the discussion being quite general on army affairs. The republican members of the committee apparently are in favor of giving the president such an army as he may require. The committee will consult with Secretary of War Root this afternoon, if he reaches Washington. The draft of a bill already prepared by Chairman Hull will be the basis of the measure which the committee will consider. This bill provides for an army of the maximum strength of 100,000 men, with a minimum of 50,000 and general officers at the rate of one brigadier general for each 4,000 men, with major generals in proportion. Chairman Hull states that there will be but one bill prepared and if any staff changes are contemplated they will be incorporated in that measure.

The members of the committee probably will confer with Secretary Root in a day or two. This afternoon they went over the bill which has been known as the war department bill, drawn on lines suggested and approved by Secretary Root. The secretary expects to give further consideration to the bill and then will send it to members of the committee. The war department bill provides for a maximum of 96,000 men and a minimum of 58,000, with thirty regiments of infantry, fifteen regiments of cavalry and a gradual increase of the artillery until at the end of five years there will be 18,000 men. The artillery is not to be organized into regiments, but as batteries and organizations of heavy and field artillery. With the maximum army there is to be 150 men to each infantry company, making 1,530 men to a regiment. The maximum of a cavalry troop is to be 100 men.

There is no provision for a lieutenant general in the war department bill, but under the present law the senior major general commanding would have the rank of lieutenant general. The war department bill does not give the same increase of major generals and brigadier generals as the Hull bill. The detailed staff provision is an important feature of the measure. It provides that hereafter vacancies in the staff, excepting the medical corps, pay corps and engineers, shall be filled by details from the line, such detailed officers being subject to line duty at any time. This is the same as the Hull bill of the last congress and is earnestly favored by Secretary Root. The war department bill provides that the promotions shall be made from the regular army according to the present rank, down to and including the rank of captain. The officers of the present volunteer army become grades in the regular army, but in the grades of first and second lieutenant only. The vacancies in the captains' rank being filled from the first lieutenants of the present regular establishment. The relative rank of the volunteer officers entering the regular establishment is to be determined by seniority.

The committee will not hold another session until Friday, adjourning over tomorrow and Thanksgiving day.

The Note Reaches Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The State department has been informed of the agreement or understanding of preliminary treaty (it is not possible now to learn in just what form the matter stands), reached by the foreign ministers at Peking, but it is not regarded as an expedient to give out publication at this time any detailed information regarding it. It may be stated, however, that the arrangement stands very poor chance of receiving the sanction of all the powers represented in the Peking conference unless some material amendments are permitted.

Cashier Brown's Steal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—O. P. Tucker, cashier of the German National bank of Newport, Ky., has sent his report of the condition of the bank to the comptroller of the currency. It appears that there is sufficient cash on hand to realize to the depositors something over ninety per cent of their claims. The amount of the defalcation as given by the examiner agrees with his first estimate of the same, to-wit: \$191,000. Efforts are being made on the part of the stockholders and directors of the bank to restore the bank to solvency.

Senator Kellogg Davis Dead.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 28.—United States Senator Cushman Kellogg Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations in the senate, died at his home in this city this evening at 8:48 o'clock after an illness of two months. He has suffered greatly during his illness and gradually sank away, being unconscious for several hours before death and so far as could be known suffering no pain.

Pear's Indemnity Paid.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28.—The State department received a cablegram today from United States Minister Hunter at Guatemala City announcing that he had just received from the Honduran government a draft for \$10,000 American gold as indemnity for the killing of Frank Peary. The killing occurred in San Pedro Sulu in May, 1899, and the indemnity is the full amount of the claim set up. A settlement might have been reached earlier, but for some differences between the claimants themselves.

Disbursed for "Gouging."

The secretary of the navy dismissed from the naval academy last week, on recommendation of the superintendent, a cadet found guilty of "gouging," which is the slang for dishonesty in work, in this case the copying as his own of a theme written by another cadet, and of falsehood. Fifty-six members of his class petitioned the secretary to exercise clemency, and are all placed in the third conduct grade for insubordination, which permits them to have liberty but once in four weeks.

When Her Luck Changed.

An actress who is now acting in a prominent New York theater found herself so little in demand a few years ago that she was about to abandon all effort to remain in her profession, learn how to manipulate the typewriter and seek her fortune in that line of work. Just at the time when her prospects looked darkest, she inherited a small sum of money which she had never expected to get. It proved enough to enable her to make a start in the way she wanted, and after a while she went to New York, where she met with a degree of success that no actress so little known had ever enjoyed before.

Indian Pupils in New York Schools.

The first Indians ever admitted as public school pupils in New York City are two who entered last week. They are Buelah and Bessie Dark Cloud. Buelah is 16 years old, and has attended school in Montreal. Bessie, the typical Indian child of the Sierras, restless, quick and gracious, entered the kindergarten grade. Dark Cloud, the father of the children, has been a model for prominent artists, including Remington and Deming. The mother, a woman of much beauty, is a full-blood Abenaki, and her husband is of the same tribe, and a well educated Indian, w.o. during the summer, "lectures" for medicine companies.

A Miss is sometimes better than a male.

The man with a pull—the street car conductor.

Pleasure is but the refreshment that cheers us in the pursuit of true happiness.

David R. Snover of Orange, N. J., a lawyer who was convicted of embezzling \$1,375 from the state of California, Breit of Rockport, Ind., was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

AN ENEMY TO DRINK.

One Woman Who Has Done a Great Deal to Put Down This Evil.

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 3.—(Special)—When the Independent Order of Good Templars of Minnesota wanted a State Organizer they chose Mrs. Laura J. Smith, of 1217 West 33d Street, this city. The American Anti-Traut League also selected Mrs. Smith as National Organizer. The reason is not far to seek. This gifted woman has devoted her life to a battle against Drink and Drinking Habits. Her influence for good in Minnesota is and has been very far reaching.

About two years ago however, it seemed as if this noble woman would have to give up her philanthropic work. Severe pains in her back and under her shoulder blades, made life a burden and work impossible. Physicians were consulted, and they prescribed for Kidney Disease. Three months' treatment however, failed to give Mrs. Smith any relief. Her husband was much exercised, and cast about him for something that would restore his good wife to health and strength. He heard of the cures effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills, and advised her to try them, which she did. She is now a well woman and says: "Two weeks after I commenced taking Dodd's Kidney Pills, I felt much better, and at the end of seven weeks was completely cured. I have had no recurrence of the trouble, but I take a pill off and on, and find that it keeps me in good health."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers at 50 cents a box. They are easily within the reach of all, and no woman can afford to suffer, when such a simple, and sure Remedy is at hand.

Fortune is oftentimes kindest to those on whom she frowns.

The Census of 1900.

A booklet giving the population of all cities of the United States of 25,000 and over according to the census of 1900, has just been issued by the Passenger department of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and a copy of it may be obtained by sending your address, with two-cent stamp by post, to the General Passenger Agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Jones—Oh, doctor, is my husband still irrational? Dr. Dosem—Extremely so. When I told him your mother was coming tomorrow he smiled.

CAIRNIDE.

We are the Nebraska selling agents for the Union Carbide Co. manufacturers of Calcium Carbide for making Acetylene Gas. Order your supplies from us. Pacific Storage and Warehouse Co., 912-914 Jones St., Omaha, Neb.

It is far easier to sell a dog than it is to give him away.

In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder. Your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous, and often cold and damp. If you have sweating, sore feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores 25 cents. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Corsets are worn more people than cork jackets will ever save.

It is hard to avoid indigestible foods on Thanksgiving day, but it is easy to avoid indigestion—take Garfield Tea, it cleanses the system and acts on the liver, thus promoting good digestion.

Every dog has his day and every man has his hobby.