## 挪燕螺礁蟾壳难ς嘧啶啶啶磺啶溶磺磺磺磺磺磺磺磺磺磺磺磺磺磺 Forsaking all Others

**渐难慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢慢** 

with you."

figures.

high.

and enter society. It is your money,

"Never forget that. Consider well be-

fore you make further sacrifices to an

overstrained sense of duty. You should

never have so immolated yourself had

Mrs. Atherton did not answer as she

walked with her friend to the door,

encountering on the threshold a tall,

handsome young woman about to en-

"Can you see me now, mother?" the

newcomer asked, when Mrs. Leonard

had taken her departure. "I have a

little matter of business to discuss

Gladys hated business. She looked

ruefully at her son's wife as with a

great rustling of crisp skirts she took

a seat at a small onyx table by the

window and produced a number of

neatly folded bills and receipts, with a

brand new account book whose pages

were headed by various names in-

scribed in the plainest of writing, and

followed by beautifully shaped figures.

Even on a check Gladys detested

"Harvey and I were talking over

household matters last night, mother,"

began Helen, in the concise tones that

so well matched her clear cut person-

ality, "and decided that in future it

would be best for us-you and me-to

examine the tradesmen's long-drawn

disturbed by the suggestion. "I have

perfect faith in the people I deal with."

haps. Our bills last quarter were very

"Why?" asked Gladys, evidently

"I know you have; too much, per-

"There were additional persons in

the house. Baby Harvey brought his

own court with him," said Gladys,

smiling. "However, I have no objec-

tion to you taking the accounts of

Tomlinson. I never meddled with such

of, mother," replied Helen, with a

deprecating smile. "As for Mrs. Tom-

league with the tradesfolk? Such cases

Phebe." said Gladys, her soft voice

hardening. "She has been in the fam-

ily for over thirty years."

"I would sooner suspect myself than

"And so, if she takes what she con-

siders her commission, regards her-

"Oh, Helen, I wish you wouldn't

call me that!" cried Gladys, who found

her daughter-in-law's manner unusual-

"Why, how else should I address

"By my name, Gladys, or Madam

"A mother should not be ashamed

Gladys was an amiable woman, but

allusion to her seniority over the

why a woman of your age should ven-

erate one of mine. When you call me

mother you make us both appear ri-

diculous. One should regard the fit-

"Anything but that. Mrs. Atherton

Helen methodically replaced her pa-

Gladys almost flinched; the deliber-

ate utterance of her name seemed like

a douche of cold water. Before she

fifty, with keen, gray eyes and a

"Phebe, be quiet! I'm ashamed of

CHAPTER II.

an imperative sign from Mrs. Ather-

Phebe grunted disbelievingly, but at

"You will, I am sure, pardon Phebe's

shrewd, plain face, entered.

troubled with business."

these matters.'

poor patients."

ton left the room.

"Don't be absurd!" she retorted.

of the proudest of all titles. I have

been taught to venerate my elders."

speaker she lost her temper.

you?" asked Helen, compressing her

Gladys, if you like. Harvey always

called me so before his marriage."

"That is really nothing to be proud

accounts every quarter."

matters in my life."

are not unusual."

ly irritating. \*

ness of things."

steadily repeated.

full red lips.

I known your intention in time."

By AMELIA DUGHEMIN

CHAPTER L.

"Some women are born to daughters-in-law, some achieve daughtersin-law, and some have daughters-inlaw thrust upon them. I am of the last category," said Gladys, in her whimsical way. "And really, Louise, there are times when I am crushed by the weight of the unexpected boon.'

Mrs. Leonard looked indulgently at the dainty creature reclining in an easy chair that would have swallowed her quite but for the assertive nature of the gown that fell in airy billows on footstool and floor. Mrs. Atherton was always well dressed, as a pretty woman should be. In her flowing draperies of blue, matching the color of her eyes, with blush roses at her breast and in her red golden hair, she looked fair and young, Strangers would have set her age at seven and twenty, perhaps; but grim old Time, for once giving no hint of his vicinity. was checking off the minutes that must soon complete her avowed seven and thirty years of life.

"You knew Harvey would marry some day."

"Not when he was a stripling under twenty. You may say I needn't have consented to the match. Well, all my life I had given him everything he cried for if he cried long enough, so when he wanted this new toy, after making myself nearly ill by opposing him, I yielded, as usual. Beside, what could I do?" she added more seriously. "He was infatuated with Helen. When a handsome woman of twentyfive resolves to capture a boy of nineteen, it is useless to try to offset her influence. And there was the father.'

"You think he helped matters on?" "Yes. A quack doctor of no social standing, swamped by debt and burdened with five daughters, would use any means to see one of them advantageously married. He of course regarded Harvey as my heir, and even then he had a fine situation. Rockville has grown from a village to a manufacturing town since I came here, and well educated young men-for several years I had private masters for Harvey, as I dared not send him away to college-find no difficulty in gaining positions of trust. The boy was in advance of his age; had I opposed him he might have been persuaded into a runaway match. He thought I would forgive him anything."

"I'm afraid women are not successful in rearing boys."

"I know they are not. We are too indulgent, too afraid of hurting our self safe. Really, mother-darlings, and in the end they become our masters. Then, too, they are so accustomed to being led by a woman that they surrender to the first designing one they meet, thinking her all she seems to be. Understand, I have no fault to find with Helen in her relation to Harvey. She is a devoted wife and mother, exemplary in all her ways. She helps the poor and goes regularly to church. She is moral as-well, as a copy book, and has a trite saying for every emergency. She was the cornerstone of her shiftless father's household, and is kind enough to wish to be the entire foundation of mine."

"That is where the trouble begins?" "Naturally, Phebe Tomlinson has kept my house ever since I had one to keep, and resents interference. I uphold my old servant. Helen thinks me weak, frivolous and extravagant. She has persuaded Harvey that I am a mere butterfly, unable to manage my own affairs. You know I am nothing of the kind; yet every day finds me yielding to some new encroachment, Having admitted the nose of the camel I must make room for the whole body, and be crushed to the wall unless I fight for footing. I am not brave, and age. "And now I must ask you to rather than fight, I give way; but the excuse me. I ride at three.' time is at hand when I must assert myself or become a cipher. And I pers in the account book. dread it."

"Never mind, dear. If they go too far, come to New York. You must do Atherton?" she coldly asked. so without fear now death has removed the chief cause of your Quixoti:

Mrs. Atherton sat erect in her chair had time to rally her forces the door and looked cautiously about the room. | was thrown open with the abrupt "I can hardly realize I am really free | movement that indicates a perturbed from that haunting terror," she said in a lowered tone. "If our deliverance had only come before Harvey's engagement everything might have been

altered." "He does not suspect?"

"Oh, no! How should he? Phebe and I are the only ones who know. But you can see how many considerations forced me to countenance the marriage, and not drive the boy to extremes, lest worse should befall."

"I think you were wise, Gladys. Yet, since Harvey really is married, he needs you no longer. You have lived in this quiet town long enough. As you no longer entertain, you must find Rockville very dull."

"Helen does not care for company," sald Gladys, apologetically. "Her out of season, and wine and cordials, health was precarious last winter, and soon count up to a pretty penny." now that baby has come she dislikes to have the routine of the house diswhom she entertains in her own apartments at any hour of the day or evening. Harvey seems satisfied with the society she provides, and has lost interest in his old associates. So I'm obliged to 'flock by myself.' "

Mrs. Leonard laughed and rose to

am concerned, I feel indebted to you for becoming my almoner. Indeed, 1 am perfectly satisfied with things as they are in all ways. Phebe keeps the establishment as I desire it to be kept, and must be left alone. I shall not meddle with her province and I advise you not to do so. You have seen how longer. Then, if matters do not change she resents interference.' come to the city. Your money will enable you to live in good style there,

"Then you will not look at the accounts?" asked Helen. She had completely recovered her self poise, and Gladys," she added significantly. was again calmly assertive.

herself as a privileged person," said

Gladys, apologetically. "So far as I

"No. You really must excuse me." 'Very well. I am sorry you consider my well meant offer interference. Do not forget that I acted on my husband's suggestion."

"I have no doubt your intentions were of the best. I admit, too, that I may live extravagantly; but I have been used to luxury all my life. I like it, and I can afford it. That, I think, covers the question.'

She rose, indicating that the interview was at an end; but Helen had still something to say, and being a resolute young woman, proceeded to say it.

"And do you owe nothing to your son and to his sons after him?" she slowly asked. "My dear father has often told me that he is but the steward of his children's property; as all he has will one day be theirs, he owes it to them to limit his expenses as much as possible. Have you no such realization of a plain duty?"

Gladys stood for a moment as if petrifled; then her outraged feelings found vent in a stinging reply.

"I was not aware that Doctor Blake ever had a dollar he could honestly call his own," she said with unmistakable contempt.

Helen turned scarlet. Her anger seemed almost to suffocate her. She put her hand to her throat, which throbbed violently. Gladys shrank from her flerce look, terrifled at the demon she had stirred. But the poor doctor's daughter had learned selfmastery in a trying school, and after one stormy moment was herself again,

"I thank you for your kind and charitable thought, madam," she said calmly, and with a bow left the room, leaving her conqueror to endure what was worse than the pangs of defeatthe consciousness that she had not acted with the generosity which usually characterized her every action.

Standing at the drawing room window half an hour afterward, with her linson, how do we know she is not in baby is her arms. Helen saw Gladys gallop off, followed by a groom in unassuming livery. She disapproved of this groom as she disapproved of the housekeeper and Gladys' own maid, They were all unnecessary luxuries. To the debt-haunted doctor's daughter lavish expenditure seemed almost wicked-the more so that one day the money which made it possible would New Mexico belong by right to her children.

She stood looking discontentedly into the fair garden, now rioting in roses, waiting for Harvey's appearance. Every day found her at this window, ready to greet him with a smile while he was still at a distance. and with her baby in her arms, her beautiful eyes glowing with wifely love and motherly pride, she made a picture fair enough to justify young Atherton's infatuation for her. She was his world, and had been ever since her slow glance sought and lingered she had a pretty one's vanity. At this on him two years before, prematurely kindling the dormant fires of his nature. From that moment all things in earth and heaven were as naught to "There is no common sense reason him when compared with his peerless

### (To be continued.)

#### EYEBROWS AND LASHES. "What shall I call you then?" Helen Long, Sweeping Eyelashes Protect the

Eye from Dust.

It is upon record that great beauties will do if you really decline my previin ancient days devoted much time to ous suggestion," said Gladys, carelessthe care of the eyelash and brow. ly. She was warming to the fray, and Some beauties do so nowadays, but felt some pride in her new found courmany a girl who has a pretty eye could enhance its attractiveness by a little care. Long, sweeping eyelashes have been admired by poets and lovers from time immemorial and there is "Shall you have time to attend to certainly something pretty in the long this matter when you return, Mrs. eyelash sweeping down on a fair cheek. Not only does it add to the expression, but it is a greater safeguard to the eye from dust and dangerous flying particles. If the tips of the lashes be trimmed occasionally and a little vaseline or olive oil be put upon them each night, the growth will spirit, and a clumsily made woman of be aided very much. And then about the eyebrow-how often women are neglectful about it! Shakespeare tells "Now, now, now, Mrs. Harvey, what us how the lover has writ a "woeful are you worrying the mistress about?" ballad to his mistress' eyebrow," but she asked, in a deep voice roughened lovers in olden days were more appreby a provincial burr. "She's not to be ciative of this feature than they are today. Eyebrows differ with every individual, but if nature has not been you!" cried Gladys, looking even more careful to provide one with those of disturbed than Helen, now covered perfect form, much can be done to help with angry confusion. "My son's wife matters. The eyebrow should extend is at liberty to do as she pleases in slightly beyond the orifice of the eye at each end. Toward the temple it "I'm not saying otherways; she's welcome to all you have, no doubt; should terminate in a mere line and it should be slightly broader at the it's her that complains of the leaks, other end. Upon the peculiar arch and not me; but if she wants to stop them, the breadth of the eyebrow much de-I'll show her where to begin. Fruit pends. Delicate features require a delicate brow, while a face that is "You are insolent," said Helen, with strong in character requires a bolder difficulty controlling her anger. "You one. Never pull hairs out of the brow turbed. She receives only side door must be aware that what I send to my but rather try, by careful brushing, callers, her sisters and their friends, | father-most of it would otherwise be | to train them to grow as they should. wasted-is for distribution among his A very little oil may be used on the eyebrows to stimulate their growth. but be careful not to use it often or it may make them grow bushy,

The young king of Italy, like his queen, is very foad of music. In this respect he is said to be unique among "Well, try it for a few months freedom of speech, Helen; she regards the princes of the house of Savoy.

# THE COUNTRY'S COUNT

Total Population of the United States is 76,275,220.

#### THE GAIN MADE IN TEN YEARS

All of the Returns in the Census are Complete with the Exception of Alaska and Certain Military Organizations Abroad-Nebraska's Showing.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 1 .-The official announcement of the total population of the United States for 1900 is 76,295,220, of which 74,627,907 are contained in the forty-five states, representing approximately the population to be used for a apportionment purposes. There is a total of 134,158 Indians not taxed.

The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population of the present census should be compared. was 63,069,756. Taking the 1890 population as a basis, there has been a gain in population of 13,225,464 during the past ten years, representing an

increase of nearly 21 per cent. Following is the official announcement of the population of the United States in 1900 by states. In the figures the first column represents the census for 1900, the second for 1890, and the third column, when given, represents the number of Indians not taxed:

Ala barra

1900 1890 Ind'n.

Alabama	1,828,697	1,513,017	*****
Arkansas		1,128,179	
California		1,208 130	1,549
Colorado	539,700	412,198	697
Connecticut	908,355	746.258	
Delaware	184,735	168,493	
Florida	528,542	391,422	*****
Georgia	2,216,329	1,837,252	
Idaho	161,771	84.385	2,297
Illinois	4,821,550	3,826,751	*****
Indiana	2,516,463	2,192,404	*****
Iowa	2,251,829	1,911,896	****
Kansas	1,469,496	1,427,296	*****
Kentucky	2.147.174	1,858,625	*****
	1.381,627		*****
Louisiana		1,118,587	
Maine	634,366	661 086	*****
Maryland	1,189,946	1,012 300	*****
Massachusetts	2,805,346	2,239 943	355550
Michigan	2,419,782	2,093,889	627225
Minnesota	1,751,395	1,301,825	1,768
Mississippi	1,551,372	1,289,609	200000
Missouri	3.107,117	2,679,184	1000000
Montana	243,829	132,159	10,746
Nebraska	1,008,901	1.058 910	*****
Nevada	42,334	45,781	1,665
New Hampshire	411,588	376,530	
New Jersey	1,553,669	1,444,923	
New York	7,268,009	5,997,853	4,711
North Carolina	1,891,992	1,617,947	
North Dakota	319,010	182,719	4,692
Ohio	4,107,545	3,6,2,316	*1000
Oregon	413,532	313,657	******
		5.258,014	242442
Pennsylvania	6,301.365 428,556		
Rhode Island		345,506	*****
South Carolina	1,340,313	1,151,149	207 4 4 4
South Dakota		328,809	10,932
Tennessee	2,002,723	1,767,518	****
Texas		2,235 523	241033
Utah	276,565	207,905	1,472
Vermont	343,641	232,422	*****
Virginia		1,655,980	******
Washington	517,673	349,390	2,531
West Virginia	958,900	762,794	******
Wisconsin	2,068,963	1,686,800	1,657
Wyoming		60,705	
Total 45 states	74,627,907	62,116,811	44,617
Alaska (est.)	44,000	22,052	

122,212 278,718 154,001 239 392 .... 61,824 5,927 Oklahoma of the States abroad 84,400 ..... (estimated) Indian reserva-

dian Territory ... Total seven ter... 1,667,113 952,945 89,415 The Alaskan figures are derived from partial data only, and all returns for Alaska and for certain military organizations stationed abroad, principally in the Philippines, have not yet

The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population at the present census should be compared, was 63,069,756, the gain during the last decade being 13,225,464, or very nearly 21 per cent,

been received.

### BOTHA WILL NOT SURRENDER.

Will Fight on as Long as Boers are of That Mind.

LONDON, Nov. 1.-A belated dispatch from Pretoria tells of the failure of the British negotiations with General Botha for the surrender of the Boers. Botha received General Paget's fig of truce courteously and admitted his defeat, but said it was impossible to treat for surrender as long as any burghers wished to continue the war. President Steyn was more irreconcilable. He refused to even see the bearer of a flag of truce.

Reception to Mrs. Bryan. CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 1.-When Mr. Bryan's train arrived in this city at 8 o'clock Mrs. Bryan was received by Mrs. David Baumgarten and driven to her elegant home on Walnut Hills, where dinner was served to Mrs. Bryan and a large number of invited guests. Mrs. Baumgarten presented Mrs. Bryan with a fine silver loving cup. After the supper there was a formal reception. In the receiving line, in addition to the hostess and the guests of honor, were Mrs. Judge W. H. Jackson, Mrs. Franklin Alter, Mrs. Louis G. Bernard and wives of prominent democrats.

### American Banks to Help.

BERLIN, Nov. 1 .- Dr. Van Siemens. president of the Deutsche bank, is in Paris arranging negotiations for financing the Swiss ratiroads. The transaction, it is said, involves a loan of 200,000,000 francs at 4 per cent, which will be raised principally by American banks, assisted by English, French. German and Swiss financiers. The matter attracted much attention on the bourse today.

To Sail Fifty Miles an Hour,

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.-Charles A. A. Flint's Arrow, under contract to be the fastest ship ever designed, was lanuched at Ayres ship yard at Nyack. N. Y. She has been built under the guarantee by her designer of fortytwo miles an hour, and it is expected that under pressure she will be able to make fifty miles. The impression has been given out that she was constructed as a yacht for Mr. Flint's personal use, but the impression gains that she was built under contract with one of the South American governments as a torpedo boat,

#### THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA. SOUTH OMAHA.

Union Stock Yards. Latre-There was a fair run of cattle and while prices were about steady on most graues the market, did not seem to be too active. The proportion of fat cattle was again quite marge, about thirty-five cars being reported on sale. Buyers did not take hold of beef cattle with as much life today as they did yesterday and the market was they and yesterday and the market was duli and the feeing rather weak. There were only about biteen cars of cows on sale and the demand for the better grades was in good snape. The burk of their changed hands at about steady prices and a few sales were made that looked a triffe stronger, but the commoner kinds seemed to be rather hard to move at yes seemed to be rather hard to move at yesterday's prices. Everything, however, was sold in good season. The feeder trade was none too active though the more desirable grades brought practically steady prices. There were almost no western beer cattle on sale, but such as were offered brought good steady prices. Western grass cows sold fairly well as they did yesterday, if the quality was good, but if it was not it was difficult to get as much or them as they would have good, but if it was not it was difficult to get as much or them as they would have brought yesterday. The better grades of feeders were in fairly good demand. Hogs—The supply of hogs was exceptionally light for this time of the week, and, as other points sent favorable reports the market here opened up close to 5c higher than yesterday's general market. The hogs mostly sold from \$4.50 to \$4.5 and as high as \$4.51\frac{1}{2}\text{w} as paid for a prime load of lightweights. Yesterday it will be remembered the bulk was it will be remembered the bulk was from \$4.45@4.50, with a top of \$4.55. In spite of th chigher prices today the mar-

ket did not seem to be particularly active. Sellers were holding for good strong prices and buyers were slow to pay the Advance.

Sheep—There were very few sheep here and such as did arrive were mostly of rather poor quality. The better grades of killers were bought by the packers at just about steady prices. Lambs sold as high as \$5.00 and sheep sold at \$3.75. There was nothing on the market that could be called choice. Packers claim that they art not getting enough choice lambs to meet their demands and as a result they meet their demands and as a result they are good buyers of that class of stuff. The common stuff was, of course slow of sale and prices weak. Feeders were rath-er dull, but there was very little good stuff here.

KANSAS CITY.
Cattle—Receipts, 7,000; 50 loc higher; natives. \$4,50075,50; stockers and feeders. \$3,00074,35; butchers and helfers. \$3,00074,35; butchers and helfers. \$3,00074,60; canners. \$2,50073,00; western fed \$3,50075,10; calves. \$2,50-5,25.
Hogs—Receipts. 9,300; 10c higher; heavy mixed. \$4,6004,72½; light, \$4,55074,72½; ptes. \$4,4003,55.

pies, \$1.40@4.55. pies, \$1.4094.43.
Sheep—Receipts, 500: firm; lambs, \$4.59
475.25; muttons, \$3.5094.10; stockers and
feeders, \$3.25974.00; culls, \$2.5093.25.

#### THOSE PEACE PROPOSALS.

The Foreign Ministers Continue Discussion of the same.

PARIS, Nov. 3 .- A dispatch to the Havas agency from Pekin, dated October 31, says: The foreign ministers continued today the discussion of the peace propositions to be presented to the Chinese. The foreigners' proposals were accepted. Additional specifications will be discussed Monday. On account of the necessity for thorough accord between the different cabinets the final note will not be presented for several weeks. General Voyron (commander-in-

chief of the French troops in China), with the allies under his command, is purging the villages around Tien Tsin and Pekin. Many villages infested with Boxers have been destrooyed and their inhabitants punished. Tuen re missionaries there. Another French column met with resistance at Slet Chung. The enemy's losses were considerable. The village was burned.

News received from Pao Ting Fu indicates a movement of French and German troops upon Si Ling, where the imperial tombs are situated. It is rumored that the army of Yang Yuh Kante has resolved to defend the place. As the result of inquiries made by the international commission by General Baillod (second in command of the French troops in China) the allies are convinced that the grand treasurer and the governor of Pao Ting Fu and a Chinese colonel were instrumental in the murder of American and English missionaries, and they have been condemned to death and will be executed soon.

### WILL PAY OFF BONI'S DEBTS.

Gould Family Chips in to Seitle Entanglements of the Count.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3 .- On the authority of "an intimate friend of the late Jay Gould" the Evening World announces that the debts of Count Bori de Castellane will be paid in full by the Goulds at once. "The scandal attending the claims amounting to \$4,-700,000 against the spendthrift husband of Countess Anna is to be stopped," the Evening World adds. "A lump sum will probably be connntributed by George, Helen, Howard, Edwin and Frank Gould to wipe out these debts.

### Chovnski Hit Hard.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 3 .- With blood streaming from cuts over each eye. Fred Russell, the California heavyweight, broke from a clinch as the gong sounded the close of the fourth round of his fight with Joe Choynski, before the Colorado Athletic club tonight and put to stiff punches to Joe's body knocking him clear through the rope to the floor where he remained nearly five minutes. The foul cost Russell the fight, which he probably would have won but for his inattention to the bell.

### Cardinals in Prospect.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 .- It is understood that at the next consistory to be held in Rome, probably this month Maggior Domo of the vatican at Rome Mgr. Tripepi, the assistant secretary of the state of the church at Rome Mgr. Generi, assessor of the holy church at Rome, and Mgr. Deloleo, an archbishop in southern Italy, will be made cardinals.

### Cuba's Constitutional Convention.

HAVANA, Nov. 3.-General Leonard Wood, commander of the department of Cuba, who arrived here today on the steamer Kanawha, has appointed Senors Lorente, Castro, Rivera and Quesada as a commission to arrange the opening ceremony at the constitutional convention next Monday,

Atteged Goebel Assassin on Bail. FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 3 .- Green Golden, held as one of the Goebel assassins, was admitted to bail in the sum of \$5,000 today. He gave bond and was released.

# GERMANY AND AMERICA

Fatherland Recognizes This Country as Its Greatest Commercial Rival.

GOW VIEWED BY AN OFFICIAL

European Countries May Unite in Customs League for Self-Protection-Mil-Mons of This Great Country are Working Shoulder to Shoulder Like One Man.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 .- The German central bureau for the preparation of commercial treaties has just published a book written by its president, Dr. Vosberg-Rekow, who has spent months investigating the industrial conditions of the United States. The work is noteworthy for the capdor and breadth which characterizes it and the unbiased manner with which Dr. Rekow views the economic conditions of the great industrial powers and their relations toward each other as competitors. The United States, he declares to be the most dangerous opponent to Germany's industrial power and commercial advantages. In setting forth the German view of United States development. Mr. Rekow displays both the acknowledgement of and the fears for American mastery in trade. In this portion of his work, which United States Vice Consul General Hanaur at Frankfort has transmitted to the state department, he pays many high tributes to America and Americans, In a comparison of the czar's empire with the United States, he says:

"While the great mass of Russia's population remains in a comatose state and occasionally starves (but a small part of it participating in modern economic work) the entire Yankee nation is like a perfectly disciplined army, standing shoulder to shoulder, at the forge, the loom or printing press, earning wealth from their industry." Again he states:

"Europe, with her old established industries, is so hard pushed by the young American competitor, that the necessity of uniting in a common customs league against this bold intruder has become a matter of serious consideration."

The writer commends the American consular service, saying:

"The United States has covered Europe with a network of consulates and makes its consuls at the same time inspectors of our exports, and vigilant sentinels who spy out every trade opening and promptly report it."

Dr. Rekow also predicts the establishment of an American merchant marine.

'There can be no doubt," he says, 'that an American merchant marine will be forthcoming ere long and become of vast extent. Whoever has watched the present state of activity in American ship yards will have no doubt on that score."

"In short," continues Dr. Rekow, "the Americans are the sole commercial-political people whom we must earnestly dread. Russia will remain a profitable customer to us in the future; with Great Britain we are united by bonds of common interests; the United States is, in an economic sense, our enemy."

### ICY HAND FOR KRUGER.

French Government Will Not Offer Function to Fugitive President.

PARIS, Oct. 31 .- The foreign officials believe former President Gruger will travel incognito during his visit to the capitals, relinquishing it in each city only enough to permit an exchange of visits between Mr. Kruger and the head of the nation. His stay in Paris will not exceed forty-eight hours. The French government will not offer Mr. Kruger any formal function, though it is expected the city will tender him a demonstration which will be a scene of enthusiasm. The government will not take part in the reception, but will not, however, put any obstacles in the way of private plans of welcome. In short, the government will not take any step likely to be construed as an offence to Great Britain, though it is certain President Loubet and Mr. Kruger will exchange visits. The same proceeding, it is believed, will be followed at each European capital visited.

### Bloody Holdup by Bandits.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa., Oct. 31 .-Four italian miners attempted to rob Pay Clerk William Hosler of the Southwest Connellsville Coke company while making his trip today between this city and Alverton with the pay roll of the Alverton and Tarr works, amounting to \$4,000. Mr. Hosler is dead, his companion,

Harry Burgess, messenger of the company, is wounded, two of the Italians are dead, a third fatally wounded and the fourth is in jail.

Cuban Road Pays Dividend. LONDON, Oct. 31.-The first annual

meeting of the stockholders of the Cuban Central railroad was held here today and a 51/2 per cent dividend was declared on preferred stock. President Todd expressed complete satisfaction with the American management of Cuba and said he was convinced the commercial outlook for the island was hopeful.

### Tolstoi Writing a Play.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 31 .- Count Tolstoi is enjoying excellent health. He is engaged in writing a drama entitled "A Corpse."

### Red Men Have Smallpox.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 .- Smallpox has broken out on a number of Indian reservations in the west and it is feared that when the cold weather sets in the epidemic will become more widespread and assume a more malignant form. Every possible effort is making to stay its progress and the Intlian bureau is forwarding vaccine virus to the various agencies. Lieutenant Colonel Randlett, in charge of the Klowa Indian agency in Oklahoma, telegraphs that smallpox is epidemic on the Wichita reservations.