

CAPTURE OF MAFELKING

Closing Days in and Around the Place More Bloody.

KRUGER'S GRANDSON A PRISONER

Report that Ninety Boers Were Captured and Many Were Killed—Strategy Turned Defeat Into Victory—Half Famine Garrison Surrounds Invading Forces and Imprisons Them.

LONDON, May 18.—England still waits with intense and almost breathless interest for news of the relief of Mafeking. A crowd remarkable for the number of men in evening dress and including many women were around the War office, even after midnight, hoping for some announcement. Only reluctantly did the people disperse when the lobby of the War office were finally cleared with the word that nothing had been received. One thing seems clear, the town still holds out.

Were it not so the Boer wires laid to the camps of the beleaguered garrison would have passed the news.

Reports from Lourenzo Marquez, based on reports that leaked out from the Pretoria war office, show that the Boer stormers Saturday fell into a trap. Colonel Baden-Powell permitted them to seize one fort and he then surrounded and overwhelmed them before the large force near at hand perceived the stratagem. It was thus that Sarel Eloff, President Kruger's grandson, and part of his command were taken and many killed.

The Canadian force with the Rhodesia force is now reported to have reached Bulawayo, May 2. The distance from Bulawayo to Mafeking is 490 miles. As the railway is open all the way to Pitsani, twenty-eight miles from Mafeking, the Canadians may yet take part in the relief.

In the committee room of the House of Commons this morning Sir James Kitson, member for Yorkshire, West Riding, Colne Valley division, announced that Mafeking had been relieved.

The War office, however, is unable to confirm the announcement.

Replying to a question in the House of Commons, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, the parliamentary secretary of the War office, Mr. Wyndham, said he regretted that he was not able to give any information in regard to Mafeking which would relieve the anxiety of the nation about that beleaguered place.

He reminded the house that even if the desired relief of Mafeking had occurred intelligence of the event could not arrive in England before two, and possibly five days.

The latter part of Mr. Wyndham's reply is generally accepted as an indication that the government is expecting the relief of Colonel Baden-Powell and his garrison would occur about at the present time.

3:33 p. m.—The War office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"KROONSTAD, May 17.—Hunter has occupied Christiania without opposition, the enemy having retired to Klerksdorp, under the impression that the latter was threatened by a portion of the force from Parys.

"Rundle's force was close to Cloccolan yesterday evening. The country was clear of the enemy.

"The resident commissioner in Basutoland reports that a number of Boers living in the Ficksburg and Bethlehem districts have applied to him for advice and as to the conditions of surrender. This is very satisfactory."

GREAT BATTLE IN COLOMBIA.

Generals Leal and Herrera Reported Among the Killed.

COLON, Colombia, May 18.—(via Galveston).—News has been received here of a victory by the government troops over the insurgents in a battle in the Vetas district, which began May 11, and lasted seventy hours. Generals Leal and Herrera were among the killed, who are said to have been very numerous, the slaughtering being described as "horrible butchery." Twelve hundred insurgents were taken prisoners, and the government troops captured a large quantity of guns and rifles.

Will Delay Neeley Hearing.

NEW YORK, May 18.—Edward K. Jones of this city has been appointed special assistant United States attorney general in the matter of the proceedings against Charles W. Neeley and other officials and employees of the government administered in Cuba under the authority of the United States.

In speaking of the Neeley case today, United States District Attorney Burnett said that the hearing set for tomorrow before Commissioner Shields would almost likely be adjourned for a week. He also said that the hearing regarding the extradition of Neeley would probably be postponed for a day or two.

Killed by Lightning.

HAMPTON, May 18.—Wm. Kleeman was killed by lightning in Kiealand township in this county. He was in the barn, and his employer, A. Ingebreton, was stunned, but revived.

DUBUQUE, May 17.—Frank Bestler, who lives near Dyersville, was struck by lightning. His team was killed, but he may recover.

Coeur d'Alene Report.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Chairman Hull of the Coeur d'Alene investigating committee today announced the sub-committee to draft the reports on that subject, as follows: Representatives Dick of Ohio, Esch of Wisconsin and Capron of Rhode Island, republicans, and Representatives Lentz of Ohio and Hay of Virginia, democrats. The majority will doubtless concur in a report and the minority also will agree on some of the general principles involved, although individual views from the minority members may be filed on points on which there is not complete agreement.

FREE HOMES BILL A LAW.

President McKinley Gives the Flynn Measure His Official Approval.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 18.—President McKinley signed the free homestead bill at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Friends of the new law, who have studied its provisions carefully, says that it takes effect at once. On this point Congressman Burke, member of the public lands committee which considered the bill, said: "There is no question that under the new law all lands formerly within Indian reservations which have been opened to settlement are subject to entry without the claimants being obliged to pay for the land as heretofore."

Mr. Burke called at the land office to request that telegraphic instructions be sent to local land officers how to proceed under the new law concerning settlers about to prove up. The officials of the Interior department declined to express an opinion as to the effect of the law until they have had full opportunity to examine it and in due time instructions will be prepared. Congressman Burke expressed the opinion that if settlers wish to make proof before the local officers are given instructions under the new law they may do so without making payment for lands as the old law provided and that while such proof may not be accepted by the local officials, it will ultimately be accepted by the land commissioner.

TO INSPECT THE IMMIGRANTS.

Powderly Taking Steps to Provide System in Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Commissioner General Powderly is taking active steps to establish a system of immigrant inspection in the Hawaiian Islands and to that end he has detailed Mr. F. H. Larned, the chief clerk of the immigration bureau, to proceed to Honolulu and make a careful examination of the conditions there and establish the system in all important particulars, the same as is now in operation in the United States.

Mr. George E. Baldwin, also of the immigration bureau, has been appointed immigrant inspector at Honolulu and he will sail there in a few days. Mr. Roman Dobler, an inspector at New York, will very soon go to Porto Rico to make an examination as to the situation on the island. He will secure statistics of the number of arrivals from other countries, their character and condition, and will make a report as soon as possible to Mr. Powderly. Congressional action will be necessary, however, before an immigration system can be established at Porto Rican ports, with authority to examine and report objectionable aliens.

EIGHTY-FIVE NEW NATIONAL BANKS

Rush of Applications Received Under New Law.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The report of the comptroller of the currency shows that on March 14, the date on which the new financial bill became a law, to May 12, 229 applications have been received for authority to organize national banks with a capital of less than \$50,000 each, making a total capital of \$5,905,000.

During the same period sixty-one applications have been received where the capital was more than \$50,000 each or a total of \$7,235,000.

Since March 14 fifty-nine banks have been organized with less than \$50,000 capital, and twenty-six have been organized with \$50,000 capital or over. These eighty-five banks have deposited bonds to secure circulation aggregating \$1,586,100.

The amount of bonds so far exchanged at the treasury for new 2 percent bonds is \$272,910,550, of which \$53,888,400 was received from individuals and institutions other than national banks.

American Building in Germany.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Work upon the new Bremen Cotton exchange is progressing rapidly according to a report to the State department from Consul Diederich at Bremen. This building is to be the first one in Germany constructed entirely on the American plan. Bremen stands next to Liverpool as the leading cotton market on the continent and the exchange has grown rapidly from a small building last year, arbitrating upon 41,181 bales of cotton.

Porto Rico Customs Receipts.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The division of customs and insular affairs of the War department made the statement today that the total customs receipts in the island of Porto Rico for the three months ended March 31, 1900, was \$197,832. The total customs receipts in the island for the same three months of 1899 was \$354,82.

Oppose Army Staff Changes.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—General Bates, paymaster general of the army, and General Ainsworth, chief of the bureau of records and pensions, were before the house committee on military affairs today and added their opinion against a change in the present staff organization of the army. The hearings will conclude tomorrow.

Favor Army Dentists.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Senator Pettus, from the committee on military affairs, today reported favorably the bill authorizing the appointment of thirty dental surgeons in the army.

Report of Industrial Commission.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The preliminary report of the industrial commission on transportation, including a review of evidence, topical digest of evidence and testimony taken up to May 1, 1900, was presented to congress today. The report contains no recommendations for legislation. Senator Kyle, chairman of the commission, in his letter of transmission states that owing to the incompleteness of its inquiry to make recommendations to congress or to the state legislatures, but contemplates the making of such recommendations hereafter.

STANDARD OIL APPEAL.

Files Exceptions to the Decision of the State Supreme Court.

SMYTH'S DEMURRER MADE A BASIS

First Step to an Actual Test of the Nebraska Anti-Trust Law Made by the Trust Attacked—Exceptions Filed—Miscellaneous Nebraska Matters.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 21.—The attorneys for the Standard Oil company have notified Chief Justice Norval that they will file exceptions to the decision of the supreme court in sustaining the attorney general's demurrer, the purpose of which was to strike out certain portions of their answer in the Standard Oil trust case. This is thought to be a preliminary step to an appeal to the United States supreme court, where the constitutionality of the Nebraska anti-trust law will be tested.

In the answer attacked by the attorney general the point was raised that the law under which the suit was instituted was contrary to the constitution. The attorney general asked to have this portion of the answer stricken out and the court sustained him in his position. Should the case remain in the jurisdiction of the supreme court of Nebraska the question of fact involved in the attorney general's petition would next be considered without going into any further discussion of the constitutional phase.

If the case is appealed to the United States court the demurrer of the attorney general will again be considered and the decision of the state court will probably be either affirmed or reversed. The exceptions have not been filed with the clerk of the court and nothing is known of their contents. Judge Norval was notified by telegram that they would be filed and he notified Clerk Herdman of the fact.

The Frost Case Again.

YORK, Neb., May 21.—The termination of the Frost poisoning sensation is the principal subject discussed on the streets, business houses and homes. Mrs. Frost has been released from jail. While it is supposed by many that the action of the coroner's jury is final, the county attorney can at any time cause her arrest if further analysis shows quantities of arsenic and phosphorus sufficient to cause death. If it were not for the fact that the jury was composed of the leading business men there would be some complaint over her release.

Just what Mrs. Frost intends to do or where she will make her future home is not known. The following is a report of the jury to the coroner:

"We, the undersigned jurors, who were summoned by you on April 27, 1900, to hold an inquest upon the body of Charles W. Frost, say that we have examined a large number of witnesses and caused an autopsy to be held at which a portion of the body was removed and placed in the hands of a competent chemist. The chemist has not yet submitted a complete analysis of the parts of the body so placed with him, and for that reason the jury is unable to complete its work and reach a verdict at the present time, and it will be necessary to adjourn the inquest until the final report and analysis is completed and submitted by the said chemist to the jury, and as several days may elapse before that time, we therefore request that you, as coroner, instruct Mr. J. H. Afferback, constable, who has in his custody Mrs. Margaret Frost, to release her, and give her her liberty until the further finding of the jury.

Unknown Man Falls From Train.

GIBBON, Neb., May 21.—An unknown man fell off Union Pacific train No. 22 and the train passed over him, severing one arm and one leg and otherwise injuring him. He is yet alive, but can survive but a short time. No one saw him fall. A brakeman first discovered him beside the rails. Four other trains were in the same car and the marshal has them in custody. They assert they left him in the car and got out before he was hurt. In case of death an inquest will be held.

Corner Stone Laid.

AUBURN, Neb., May 21.—The corner stone of the new county's new court house was laid Thursday, with appropriate ceremonies. The Woodmen of the World were out from all parts of the county and the address was delivered by Sovereign Root. Former Governor Furnas also delivered an address. The court house is well under way, the first story having been completed before cold weather set in last fall.

Dies on Burlington Train.

HASTINGS, Neb., May 21.—John James, a man suffering from consumption, who was on his way to Colorado, died at Hastings. The body was brought to Hastings and taken charge of by the Masonic fraternity, and was shipped to Rock Creek, Kas., for burial. The deceased was accompanied by his wife and son.

Rain Benefits the Ranges.

CHADRON, Neb., May 21.—A heavy rain fell throughout the entire northwestern portion of Nebraska. The ranges, although still in good condition, was badly in need of rain.

Man Found Dead on the Prairie.

HARRISON, Neb., May 21.—Alois Staudenmayer was found dead on the prairie ten miles east of Harrison and one mile from the station of Andrews. Indications are that he was murdered.

Steamer Burns at Florence.

FLORENCE, Neb., May 21.—The John B. Hugo steamer, in the government service near here, was destroyed by fire. The boat was owned by the Osage Packet company of Osage, Mo., and was in charge of Captain Thompson. No insurance.

THE OUTLOOK IS PROMISING.

Crop Conditions in Nebraska Considered Satisfactory.

LINCOLN, May 15.—Rainfall chart for week ending 8 a. m., May 14. The past week has been warm, with little rain. The daily mean temperature has averaged 19 degrees above the normal in the eastern and 11 degrees in the western counties.

The rainfall for the week was below normal in all parts of the state. Scattered showers occurred on the first and last days of the week; in few instances more than half an inch of water fell, but generally the amount was less than a quarter of an inch, and at many stations no rain fell during the week.

The past week has been an excellent one for the advancement of work in the fields. In some places the ground was rather wet during the first day or two, but generally a full week has been spent in the field. Corn planting has made rapid progress. In the southern counties the bulk of the crop has been planted. Grass, wheat, and oats have grown rapidly, and continue in excellent condition. Fruit is setting well, and was little damaged by the frosts of last week. In a few places plums and late apples were damaged slightly.

Will See the Eclipse.

LINCOLN, May 18.—Prof. Sweezy and Stebbins of the astronomical department of the State university will view the approaching eclipse of the sun on May 28 from a point near Atlanta, Ga. They will go armed with the necessary instruments for making observations and will probably join a party of scientists either at Atlanta or the point of observation. The total eclipse of the sun may be seen from only a very small territory and will last only a few minutes.

"A partial eclipse of the sun may be seen in Nebraska," said Prof. Stebbins, "but the total eclipse will be visible only from points in a narrow territory running northeast through the southern states. In Nebraska the eclipse will be visible about 8 a. m. The moon will work gradually in between the sun and the earth and the sun will take on the appearance of a crescent."

Scientists all over the country are making extensive preparations for viewing the eclipse and thousands of dollars will be spent in securing photographs and other information concerning it. Should there happen to be any clouds between the earth and the sun while the moon is passing between the two the eclipse of course will not be visible.

Men Fight in Street.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., May 18.—Freeman Lynch, a young farmer living near town, attacked E. F. Sharts, editor of the Enterprise, on the street in front of the latter's office and after throwing a handful of red pepper in his face proceeded to deliver some telling blows with a rawhide which he carried. The pepper failed to reach the eyes of his victim and, with the assistance of his son Charles, was putting up a good defense, when the marshal arrived on the scene and took hold of the latter Sharts, who had by this time obtained possession of the whip, rained several blows upon the head of the defenseless man. Other parties assisted in parting the combatants and all three were arrested on the charge of fighting. Lynch claims the assault was the outgrowth of actions of Sharts toward his family and took this method of getting even for wrongs done him.

Killed by Lightning at Crete.

CRETE, Neb., May 18.—A fatal accident occurred near Crete. During a heavy thunder and rain storm William H. Smith, junk peddler and horse trader, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. The bolt struck him in the thorax, cutting open the flesh and marking the chest with purple spots which soon turned into black blotches. Smith was caught in the storm seven miles east of Crete. He was accompanied by his wife and child and a man by the name of Archie Mitchell. He was standing near a horse when the lightning struck him. Mitchell's wagon was torn to pieces. Smith was formerly of Manhattan, Kan. He was sixty-two years of age.

Killed by a Fast Train Freight.

STERLING, Neb., May 18.—Milo Stollard, a young man 29 years of age, was killed here Monday night. It is evident that he was struck by the "Irish Mail," a fast freight, which passes through here at 12:30 a. m. He was discovered lying beside the track, two miles west of town, at 4:30 yesterday morning, by the engineer of the early passenger train. He was brought back to town and taken to a hotel. He died at 3:40 yesterday afternoon without regaining consciousness. His skull was crushed on the right side, his right arm and shoulder crushed and a deep gash was cut on his chin.

Boy Drowned in Creek.

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., May 18.—The fifteen-year-old son of Robert Shaw was drowned in Turkey creek, about nine miles south of here. Young Shaw in company with several boys younger than himself were swimming and accidentally got into deep water and his companions were unable to help him. His body was recovered about an hour afterward.

Improvements for State Hatchery.

SOUTH BEND, Neb., May 15.—The State Fish commission at its meeting here ordered five new stone dams put in and various other improvements made in the hatchery plant for the purpose of increasing the output of fish for stocking the streams next fall.

Pioneer Nebraskan Passes Away.

BLUE SPRINGS, Neb., May 18.—Hon. S. M. Hazen, one of the pioneers of southern Nebraska, died at his home in this city, aged seventy years, nine months and two days.

EARLY NEBRASKA DAYS

Looking Backward Forty Years and Indulging in Reminiscences.

THE ADVANCEMENT WE HAVE MADE

The Old Town of De Soto—The Want of Faith in Nebraska's Possibilities—Removal of the Capitol to Lincoln—Opportunities to Secure Rich Acres That Were Allowed to Escape.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 16.—Looking backward over a period of forty-three years, T. P. Kennard of this city tells of an interesting incident connected with the removal of the state capitol from Omaha to Lincoln.

"Just forty-three years ago the 24th of April I left St. Louis by steamboat for Omaha. There were no railroads through Iowa or Missouri in those days with the exception of a short road of a few miles up the Missouri river, it took us fourteen days to make the trip to Omaha, which was then but a straggling village of only about 1,000 or 1,200 inhabitants. My recollection is that there was only one brick house in the city and that was located about where the Omaha bank building now stands. I wanted to go to De Soto, twenty-two miles up the river, and as I could not get a conveyance of any kind, I had to walk the entire distance. It will perhaps be interesting to the younger citizens of Nebraska to know that De Soto at that time contained three banks, ten or twelve stores and had a population of from 400 to 500 and was a county seat. Today the place is nearly vacated. In those days De Soto was by all odds the largest and best town north of Omaha and was looked upon as a village with most promising prospects.

"When I came to Nebraska nobody expected to live to see Nebraska a state. They thought this was a pretty good place in which to make something and then go back to civilization. It was the general impression that none of the upland or land lying away from the streams could be cultivated and I remember that when the capital was located here in Lincoln the old Omaha Republican referred to the place as being 'on the confines of civilization, uninhabited and uninhabitable, except for coyotes, Indians and prairie dogs.' I could have taken a homestead within three miles of where the capital now stands, but I was not sanguine enough of its possibilities to avail myself of the opportunity. We all thought the land west of the Blue river would never be settled. Today land 150 miles west of this city stands better from an agricultural standpoint than did anything in this vicinity when the capitol was located there. Taking this into consideration no man is warranted in placing a limit upon the agricultural possibilities in store for western Nebraska.

Nebraskans Killed in Alaska.

FREEMONT, Neb., May 16.—A report which was circulated here last November that Bert Horton and wife, former residents of this county, had been killed by some Indians not far from Skagway, Alaska, has been verified by a letter received by C. F. Horton of Scribner from J. M. Tanner, deputy United States marshal at Skagway. He writes that the unfortunate couple were killed by a band of Indians some time in October. Their bodies were not recovered until March 15, but were in such condition as to be easily recognized and were buried under the auspices of the Independent Order of Old Fellows.

Pension for Wm. Lewis' Mother.

OSCEOLA, Neb., May 16.—Judge T. H. Saunders has received a telegram from Congressman Stark at Washington that the house of representatives had passed a bill for the relief of Lydia Strang of Osceola allowing her a pension of \$12 per month. Mrs. Strang is the foster mother of the late William Lewis of company E, First Nebraska, killed in the Spanish war, and the first soldier from Nebraska to give up his life.

Hastings People Pleased.

HASTINGS, Neb., May 16.—Hastings people are pleased that this city has secured the G. A. R. reunion for the next three years, and will pledge themselves that the veterans and their friends will receive a royal welcome and the best of treatment during the period of their annual gathering.

Reception to Commander Reese.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., May 16.—Judge John Reese, who was elected commander of the Department of the Grand Army of the Republic of the state at its encampment at Beatrice was tendered a reception in honor of the distinction conferred by the members of the Grand Army of the Republic, ladies of the Woman's Relief corps and citizens of Broken Bow.

Child Drowned in a Bucket.

EDGAR, Neb., May 16.—Clyde Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Jones of this city, was drowned in a large bucket sitting on the ground at the edge of the back porch. The little fellow, about 1 year old, was crawling about on the porch. He crawled to the bucket and slipped in head first. When found he was extinct, although he had not been with his head under water three minutes.

Hoetfeller Pleads Guilty.

FREMONT, Neb., May 16.—In the district court Henry Hoetfeller pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzling \$2,100 of the public funds of Dodge county and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. In answer to the usual question if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon him, he asked the court to be lenient and said that the cause of his troubles was the heavy losses he sustained in the Dodge fire the previous year. He appeared wholly unconcerned at his sentence.

THE HEALTH OF YOUNG WOMEN

Two of Them Helped by Mrs. Pinkham—Read their Letters.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am sixteen years old and am troubled with my monthly sickness. It is very irregular, occurring only once in two or three months, and also very painful. I also suffer with cramps and once in a while pain strikes me in the heart and I have drowsy headaches. If there is anything you can do for me, I will gladly follow your advice."

—MISS MARY GOMES, Aptos, Cal., July 31, 1898.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—After receiving your letter I began the use of your remedies, taking both Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. I am now regular every month and suffer no pain. Your medicine is the best that any suffering girl can take."—MISS MARY GOMES, Aptos, Cal., July 6, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express my thanks to you for the great benefit I have received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered constantly from terrible sideache, bad chills, was nervous and dizzy. I had tried different kinds of medicine but they all failed entirely. After taking three bottles of Vegetable Compound and three of Blood Purifier I am all right. I cannot thank you enough for what your remedies have done for me."—MISS MATILDA JENSEN, Box 18, Ogdensburg, Wis., June 10, 1890.



Don't spend your salary on fine clothes.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Paste?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Paste, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

England's annual dewfall is equal to five inches of rain.

A Hoop of Choice Keelers

Rest from Water Baker & Co., 420, 4th, Rochester, Mass. Mention this paper.

Seventeen per cent of the watchmakers of this country are women. In 1850 all were men.

Try Magnetic Starch—it will last longer than any other.

At Whakarewarewa, New Zealand, there are geysers, hot springs, boiling pools, mud volcanoes and waterfalls.

Magnetic Starch is the very best laundry starch in the world.

Walking in one's sleep is a peculiar trance-action.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. bottles.

In a card game a good deal depends on good playing—and good playing depends on a good deal.

\$20.00 A WEEK AND EXPENSES to agents selling our household goods. Sell on sight. Write C. H. Marshall & Co., Chicago.

Dignity always begins where boasting ends.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich smell brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-fourth the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Three dangerous courses—the course of time, the course of true love and the race course.

IN THE LAKE COUNTRY

of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan, there are hundreds of the most charming Summer Resorts awaiting the arrival of thousands of tourists from the South and East.

Among the list of near by places are Fox Lake, Delavan, Lauderdale, Waukesha, Oconomowoc, Palmyra, The Dells at Kilbourn, Elkhart and Madison, while a little further off are Minocqua, Star Lake, Frontenac, White Bear, Minnetonka and Marquette on Lake Superior.

For pamphlet of "Summer Homes for 1900," or for copy of our handsomely illustrated Summer book, entitled "In the Lake Country," apply to nearest ticket agent or address with four cents in postage, Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill.

Where the heart sinks the hand cannot succeed.

Blender Twine at Low Prices.

If you want a special inside price on blender twine, either Sisal, Standard or Manila, cut this notice out and mail to SEARS, ROEBUCK & Co., 100 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill., stating about how much twine you will require and how soon you will want it, and they will save you money by quoting you a price that will either secure your order or compel the party who supplies you to sell to you at a lower price than he otherwise would.

Four teaspoonfuls equal one tablespoonful.

JUNE 1 A BARGAIN DAY.

Farm News, one of America's best live stock and farm journals, price 50 cents a year, has adopted a new and original plan to get into new homes by making an unusually low price on certain Bargain Days. The best offer yet is to send it one year to all who remit checks to Farm News, Springfield, Ohio on June 1, next Bargain Day.

Some people seem to have a genius for doing the right thing in the wrong way.

If you have not tried Magnetic Starch try it now. You will then use no other.