

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The ministers of Sioux City are to take a hand in the municipal campaign which is on.

Representative Robinson has introduced a bill to pension Sarah Harlow of Nebraska.

At Peru, Ind., Charles Hardwick, 14 years old, rescued his mother and three sisters from their burning home.

A wealthy farmer named Matthew Lattimer, aged 72, was frozen to death while walking a mile to his home near Eyria, O.

George Wooley Allen, for more than thirty years one of the editors of the Evening Telegraph of Philadelphia, Pa., is dead. He was 61 years old.

Joe Walcott, the little Barbadoes negro, has issued a challenge to any prize fighters in the world. McCoy, Corbett, Jeffries and Fitzsimmons preferred.

At Jackson, Mich., Col. W. J. Bryan spoke to a large crowd in representatives' hall, dividing his time equally between free silver, trusts and imperialism.

The German crown prince will attain his majority on May 16. He will serve during the summer with the guards at Potsdam and enter the university at Bonn in the autumn.

Secretary Root has announced his intention of making a flying trip to Cuba. He wishes to make a personal examination of present conditions, both political and industrial in the island.

Lon Curry, one of the train robbers engaged in the Wilcox hold-up on the Union Pacific last June, when \$30,000 was secured, was shot and killed at Dodson, Mo., while resisting arrest.

At Dayton, O., Rev. Edward Lorenz, editor of German periodicals of the United Brethren church, died suddenly by the rupture of a blood vessel in the brain during a paroxysm of coughing.

Miss Kate Engman, a dressmaker, aged 19 years, lost her life and four other persons were slightly injured in a fire that destroyed a department house at 325-327 Wells street, Chicago.

The senate committee on Pacific railroads has reported favorably the bill authorizing a settlement and adjustment with the Sioux City & Pacific Railway company of its indebtedness to the United States.

Oberlin M. Carter, formerly captain of engineers, United States army, will be sent under armed guard at once to Fort Leavenworth penitentiary, to serve the sentence of five years at hard labor imposed upon him by the court.

Five of the largest creamery companies in Kansas and Oklahoma, representing one-fourth of the dairy interests of that territory, have been consolidated under the name of the Continental Creamery company, with headquarters at Topeka.

Representative Littlefield of Maine is in favor of the prohibition laws of that state and was, therefore, somewhat embarrassed when at a eucher party in Washington the other night he won for the first prize a handsome beer stein.

Miss Annie Gray Taylor, only daughter of Mrs. George Taylor of St. Louis, Mo., and a niece of Hon. James Taylor, ex-minister to Spain, was joined in wedlock to James Kimbrough Jones, Jr., son of United States Senator J. K. Jones of Arkansas.

Joseph Fleishman, a leading republican politician, and a state senator, committed suicide at Menominee, Mich. Fleishman, who conducted the largest insurance agency in northern Michigan, failed last week, with liabilities, \$75,000, and no assets, and it is believed his business troubles was the cause for his act.

Systematic preparations for handling the democratic national convention in July are already being mapped out at Kansas City. The plan of organization followed by St. Louis and Minneapolis in handling their conventions will, it is said, be adopted by Kansas City, with such improvements and changes as may seem desirable.

At Cleveland, O., a sensation was caused in common pleas court when Daniel A. Stewart, of the Ohio Heating and Manufacturing company, who had been jointly indicted with A. E. Davis and Samuel G. Brooker for defrauding the city, turned state's evidence against his co-defendants. Davis and Brooker were clerks in the public works and auditor's department, respectively, under the last city administration.

Japan has discovered gold mines, but no foreigner will be allowed to work them. No outlander for Japan. The Cincinnati Price Current says: The closing week of the winter season has witnessed a fairly liberal marketing of hogs for the time of year. Returns indicate a total of 490,000 for western slaughterings, compared with 475,000 the preceding week and 415,000 the corresponding week last year. Total for the four winter months, 8,675,000, against 9,720,000 last year. Total for twelve months, 23,200,000, against 23,650,000 the preceding year.

The Berlin Reichsanzeiger contains a prohibition for two years of the circulation and sale in Germany of the Paris comic paper, Le Rifs. Prince Henry of Prussia has been granted leave of absence for six months to recruit his health after his experience in Asiatic waters. The historical society of Wisconsin has been making a search for the spot in California where William S. Hamilton, son of Alexander Hamilton, lies buried. The Bee of San Francisco reveals the burial place of the son of the great statesman as the city cemetery of Sacramento. The body of Prince Ludwig von Loenstein, who was killed during an engagement between the American troops and the Filipinos before Calocan, last March, has been exhumed and will be taken from the Philippines for final interment in the principal church at Wertheim, Germany.

BATTLE IS ON AGAIN.

Troops Under General Franch Encounter Boer Force West of Ofontein.

CENSOR CUTTING WAR DISPATCHES

Boers Evacuate Their Position on the Road From Dordrecht—Movements of the British in North Cape Colony—No Time for Speculation.

LONDON, March 5.—(New York World Cablegram.)—British and Boers met in battle again yesterday. A special dispatch to the World's London bureau from H. F. Provost-Battersby, the World's war correspondent with Lord Roberts, says: "LORD ROBERTS' HEADQUARTERS, Ofontein, Orange Free State, March 4.—Major General French, commanding the cavalry and mounted infantry brigade, while reconnoitering to the westward today, encountered the Boers in force occupying a table-shaped kopje. The British exchanged shots with them, the Boers replying with guns."

The dispatch is unfinished and has been delayed by the censor in Capetown. Dispatches from Dordrecht, in northern Cape Colony, say that General Brabant, commanding Brabant's horse, a colonial force of regular mounted infantry, with other colonial troops, has been engaged all day long today (Sunday) attacking the Boers, who occupy a strong position at Lushagane's nek on the road from Dordrecht northwest to Jamestown. General Brabant had marched all night and bivouacked toward morning. Soon after daylight he came in touch with the Boers, who had a strongly entrenched position. The engagement was pushed with great vigor. A heavy rifle fire was exchanged, particularly on the right flank.

The Boers gradually retired before the British shell fire and evacuated their position. The Boers had no guns in action and the British were soon able to press forward and take up their position in the Boers' trenches. The Boers, undaunted, took up new positions on the hill opposite, and during the afternoon brought up two guns and made a determined effort to retake the position they had lost. The post expert says: "Roberts returned to Ofontein Friday afternoon. At that time 5,000 or 6,000 Boers were in position. If the Boers have not made a hasty retreat the next news may be that they are surrounded."

The expert thinks the movements of the British in north Cape Colony are advancing well except Gatacre. He believes the Boers are all out of the Rensburg district and that Brabant is threatening them in front and rear in the Dordrecht country. He thinks Gatacre can hold the Boers at Stockstrom, but criticizes the acts of reconnaissance in force without result when scouts' patrol could get all necessary information. He goes on to say: "Methuen has not been sent to Kimberley with the whole First division for nothing. We may next hear the railway is open to Fourteen Streams, which is only 170 miles from Mafeking, where all was well February 13. A Boer telegram shows that the Boer force from Ladysmith has retreated behind Biggarsburg. The Boers have no chance of collecting more than 40,000 men for a decisive battle in the Free State except by complete abandonment of Natal. Roberts is not waiting at Ofontein to make up his mind or for equipment. The probability is that movements are in progress of which we hear nothing. The present is not a moment for speculation."

GERMAN FEARS OF ANGILOPHOBIA.

Semi-Official Berlin Paper Begs that it Discontinue.

BERLIN, March 5.—The semi-official Berliner Post, in a strong article today, again begs the Anglophobia press to discontinue the practice of abusing British statesmen and generals and British enterprises generally, declaring that "this does more harm than some may suppose."

The Post asserts, on the authority of a private letter from the Transvaal received at Hamburg, that the Boer republics on January 15 had issued altogether 46,000 identification cards to Boers in the field. The writer of the letter says that these figures represented the total federal force at that time.

AFRO-AMERICAN COUNCIL.

Conference Held at Washington of Leaders of the Race.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—An important conference of representative Afro-Americans was held here yesterday, at which the testing of the suffrage law legislation of the southern states, especially Louisiana, was thoroughly discussed. Among those present were T. Thomas Fortune of New York, chairman of the executive committee of the national Afro-American council; Mr. Jesse Lawson of New Jersey, chairman of the sub-executive committee; Representative White of Tennessee; Thomas L. Jones of Virginia; Mr. Calvin Chase, editor of the Washington Bee; Mr. Edward Cooper, editor of the Washington Colored Congressional Library; Prof. William H. Richards, dean of the law department of Howard university; Prof. Bruce Evans and others.

BOERS ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE.

Efforts Are Frustrated and 1,100 Are Placed on Steamers.

CAPE TOWN, March 5.—It is reported that the Boer prisoners while on the way from Paardeberg unsuccessfully attempted to escape from the train. Eleven hundred of Cronje's men have been placed temporarily on board the British steamers Mongolian and Manila, in Table bay.

CHANGE FOR LOTS OF TALK.

Porto Rican, Quay Case and Currency Bill in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The question of seating Senator Quay, the conference on the currency bill and the Porto Rican government will divide the attention of the senate for the present week. By agreement the report on the currency bill will be voted upon at 4 o'clock Tuesday and will have practically the undivided attention of the senate until that time if there are senators who desire to speak upon it. After Tuesday the Quay resolution will be the uppermost topic during the morning hour each day and the Porto Rican bill for the remainder of the day. There are still several speeches to be made on the Quay resolution, among those who are to speak being Senators Penrose, Spooner, Perkins and Carter, favorable to Quay, and Senator Burrows in opposition.

The Porto Rican bill will be debated at length. Senators Culberson, Turner and Pettigrew will make set argument against it on constitutional grounds, and Senators Nelson and Dewey will talk in support of it. The Quay question of expansion will be raised in connection with this measure and it will provoke much running debate, as well as many set speeches. Senator Foraker, who is in charge of the bill, says there is no disposition to accept the house bill and drop the senate measure, as has been reported in some quarters would be done.

The diplomatic and the pension appropriation bills probably will be passed during the week. Either of them is calculated to provoke prolonged discussion.

The house will devote this week, except tomorrow, which is District of Columbia day, to contested election cases. The debate on the Aldridge-Robbins case, which opened on Friday, will continue Tuesday and Wednesday. After it is disposed of, the Wise-Young contest from Virginia will be taken up and probably will consume the remainder of the week. In both cases the majority has reported against the sitting members, who are democrats, and the house will probably sustain the reports, so that by the end of the week the republican majority in the house will have been increased by two.

HOLOCAUST ON THE BOWERY.

Lodging House Is Burned and Six Inmates Lose Their Lives.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Five persons were burned to death and three were injured early this morning in a fire which occurred in a seven-story lodging house at 44 to 48 Bowery. The dead are: CHARLES BUTTIE, 40 years old. JOHN CLARK, 50 years old. EDWARD DOYLE, 35 years old. HENRY JACKSON, colored, 35 years old. STEPHEN CARNEY, 75 years of age. UNKNOWN MAN, about 50 years old.

Martin Gallagher, 53 years old, was burned about the face and hands and also removed to a hospital. Edward Walker, 47 years old, was burned, but not seriously.

The fire was first discovered shortly after 2 o'clock. Smoke was pouring from the windows of the fifth floor and the flames were making rapid progress.

The lodging house was cut up into 132 rooms and ninety of these small places were occupied when the fire broke out. Policemen sent in an alarm and burst into the place to arouse the inmates. They notified the night clerk, who immediately rang the alarms all over the house.

Taxes on Indian Lands.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Congressman Robinson introduced a bill in the house providing for the payment of a tax by the government upon Indian lands held in trust, where the same are located in organized counties. The bill provides in a general way that the government shall pay the same rate in the way of taxes which lands of a similar character held by settlers pay for the support of the county. It is intended to indemnify the respective counties against the necessary outlay to which they are put in the way of maintaining roads and bridges, schools and school houses, located on these lands.

Mr. Bryan in Texas.

GALVESTON, Tex., March 5.—W. J. Bryan rested quietly here Saturday. A few intimate friends called during the night. Mr. Bryan will leave here tomorrow noon for Austin, where he will remain for two weeks. He will then go to Nebraska, to be present at the state convention on March 19.

"That's my birthday," said Mr. Bryan, "and I will be 40 years of age. Four years ago it was said I was too young to be president; now the argument will probably be advanced that I am too old."

New Light on the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The War department has published some statistics of the Philippine commerce for the quarter of last year ending September 30, which throws new light on the export trade so far as it relates to the United States. It is shown that of the total exports of raw sugar, amounting to \$1,143,349, only \$85,092 went to the United States, while Japan and Great Britain took nearly all of the remainder. Also as to leaf tobacco, the exports of which were valued at \$355,463, the exports to the United States were trifling in amount, Spain taking the lion's share.

Ocean Liner's Profits.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The Hamburg-American line announces its profits for the year 1899 are 18,000,000 marks, an increase of 4,000,000 marks over the previous year. The capital will, however, pay the same dividend of 8 per cent, applying the surplus to reducing the book value of its fleet and insurance fund. In consequence of the larger tonnage required by its increased business it is proposed at the next general meeting of the company to increase its capital from 65,000,000 to 80,000,000 marks.

THE LADYSMITH FIGHT

British Troops Have a Hard Time Driving Boer Forces Away.

THE FIGHTING LASTS FOR SIX DAYS

Stubborn Defense Is Put Up by Oom Paul's Soldiers, but British Perseverance Finally Wins the Day—Splendid Behavior of the Troops.

COLENSO CAMP, March 3.—(New York World Cablegram.)—Buller, having thrown a new pontoon bridge across the river during the night, crossed with Baron and Kitchener's brigade, which came into line beyond the Tugela on the right of Hart and Northcote's brigade, which were holding positions previously captured. He then made a general attack upon the Boer left and center at Pieter's position. The action began at 8 o'clock, when Barton, who crossed first, deflected along a gorge, turned northward and attacked a cluster of kopjes on the Boer left. All the artillery, the naval guns, Colt and Maxim batteries and musketry of the Border regiment, the South African Lighters, covered the advance from the high southern bank of the river. All the kopjes, except on the extreme left of the Boer line, were taken by noon with little loss, as the position was completely commanded by our guns.

The Boers maintained a vigorous artillery fire on both flanks. Meanwhile the brigades under Kitchener and Northcote deployed along the river bank ready to attack Northcote's hill, where the Inniskillings were suffering. Kitchener held Railway hill, midway between Northcote and Barton. The advance began at 1 o'clock. Barton from a captured position enfiladed the trenches and although the Lancashire men had been four days and nights exposed to continual fire from the enemy without shelter from sun or rain they marched with alacrity and enthusiasm to the assault. The artillery, which was well handled, today made the most effective operations yet seen and though the Boers showed their customary courage our advance was never checked. By 4 o'clock the next fortified position, joining Inniskilling hill to Railway hill, was taken, upward of fifty prisoners being captured in the trenches. Immediately after Railway hill itself was carried and loud cheering along the whole front of the army encouraged Northcote's riflemen to assault the fatal Inniskilling hill. This they did in good style, taking more prisoners and occupying all the Boer entrenchments.

Thus by 6 o'clock two miles of fortified hills forming the left and center of Pieter's position were occupied by the British troops who were now scarcely five miles from the outposts of Ladysmith. The Boers resisted stubbornly and the captured positions were shelled by their artillery heavily. Another fast position still intervenes, but this White can shell equally with us. Very great substantial success was obtained without heavy loss. Cronje's surrender and the capture of Pieter's position may well divert the 24th of February of its burden of shame.

Arguing Kentucky Case.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 3.—Argument in the cases involving the title to the offices of governor and lieutenant governor, was begun before Judge Field's in the circuit court today. Counsel for Governor Beckham, President Protem L. H. Carter and General John B. Castleman, democrats, fled a demurrer and motion to strike out the answer and reply of W. S. Taylor and John Marshall, the republican incumbents, after which an order of argument was agreed upon.

CRONJE PUT ABOARD SHIP.

Nothing to Say but His Manner Indicates Frame of Mind.

ORANGE RIVER, March 3.—General Cronje and his wife passed here last night en route to Capetown. Elaborate precaution had been taken to prevent the public from seeing him, even the officers were ordered off of the station and the refreshment room was kept closed before his arrival, to the discomfort of the Kimberley passengers, who were obliged to go foodless.

General Cronje looks dejected and miserable and is much grayer. He entered the refreshment room, accompanied by his wife, son and interpreter and General Prettyman and his staff. Taking his seat at a table, General Cronje covered his face with his hands for a few moments as he engaged in prayer.

CAPE TOWN, March 3.—General Cronje and his party arrived at Simonstown today. General Cronje was received by General Sir Frederick Forrester-Walker and a representative of Sir Alfred Milner, the governor of Cape Colony.

General Cronje was immediately escorted on board the British cruiser Doris. There was no demonstration.

Congressman Epes Dies.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Congressman Sydney Epes of Virginia, who was operated upon for appendicitis today, died at Garfield hospital at 12 o'clock tonight.

Mr. Epes was ill but a short time, having attended the house on Wednesday. He was born in 1855, was a journalist by profession and had served in the state legislature of Virginia, in the Fifty-fifth congress until unseated by the republicans, and in the present congress. He was a democrat in politics.

BOER ARMY IS NEAR.

Reformed Troops of the Burgheers Hovering About Ofontein.

LONDON, March 3.—Lord Roberts at Ofontein faces the reformed Boer army, from 5,000 to 6,000 strong. This may be merely a corps of observation, ready to retire on prepared position. Doubtless it is receiving accretions from the late bestigators of Ladysmith and from other points.

Whatever the force may be Lord Roberts has ample troops to cope with it. As a heavy rain is falling on the veldt and the grass is improving, this will be a good thing temporarily for the Boers.

Lord Roberts has surprised observers by the excellence of his transport during the first advance, and is likely to do so again, although military men here think he must rest for some days before going much further. The Boers, presumably, will use this delay for all it is worth, pulling their resources together.

Dr. Leyds gives out the opinion that the British entry of Bloemfontein is daily expected, as Commandants de Wet and Larey had been instructed to retard the advance of Lord Roberts only until the concentration under General Joubert had been accomplished.

No adequate explanation has been made of the 50,000 reinforcements that are preparing for Lord Roberts. Such explanations as are advanced tentatively suggest either the Cape Dutch have been more restive, or the imperial government has a hint of foreign suggestions as to the future status of the allied republics.

The admiralty board has telegraphed to the Cape commander an expression of admiration and thanks on the part of the Lords for the Admiralty to the marines and the bluejackets engaged in the war "for the splendid manner in which they have upheld the traditions of the service and have added to its reputation for resourcefulness, courage and devotion."

ROOT LEAVES FOR HAVANA.

Secretary of War Starts Out for a Tour of the Island.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Secretary Root left Washington today for a flying trip to Cuba. With him were Mrs. Root, Miss Root, Edward Root, his son; Colonel Carter, assistant adjutant general; Private Secretary W. S. Courtney and Arthur Brooks, attendant. The party had a special car over the Southern railroad.

It is reported that the trip will occupy about two weeks, allowing for a week's tour around the island of Cuba. The army transport Sedgwick is on its way to Tampa and the party will embark on it tomorrow for Havana.

It is known that the main object of the trip is to enable Secretary Root to confer personally with General Wood, and as the latter will accompany the secretary on his tour around the island, there will be ample opportunity for such conferences.

It is gathered from rather urgent communications that has been received here from Havana that notwithstanding the apparent serenity of conditions in Havana and Cuba generally, General Wood has reason for grave apprehension as to the future; not because of the possibility of outbreaks, but rather owing to the extreme gravity of important questions that are pressing from all sides for immediate decision.

ADOPTS INSURGENT TACTICS.

Col. Anderson Tries His Hand at the Ambush Game.

MANILA, March 3.—Colonel Anderson, with the Thirty-eighth infantry, employing insurgents' own tactics, has ambushed the enemy near Batangas. Through spies Colonel Anderson learned that a detachment of insurgents would pass a certain road. He posted his soldiers concealed among the trees lining the road, and when the enemy arrived the Americans volleyed unexpectedly, killing twenty-four insurgents wounding thirty and capturing several. Some arms and ammunition also was captured. The effect of this blow has been salutary. The enemy in that locality are dismayed.

Street Duel to the Death.

NORTH VERNON, Ind., March 3.—At Brewersville today in front of Stearns' store Al Fuller and Isaac Powers, a school teacher, met and began shooting. The trouble was over the correction of Fuller's child by the teacher.

Powers was shot once through the lung and Fuller received three balls. Both men will probably die.

Other Nations Not Consulted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3.—The secretary of state authorizes a contradiction of the printed statement that the state department had secured the assent of other powers to the provisions of the pending canal convention. No propositions in relation to the subject matter of this convention, he says, have been laid before any other country.

Assure Western People.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Senator Carter of Montana presented a memorial of governors of western states protesting against the bill introduced in congress providing for the leasing of public lands for grazing purposes. In presenting the memorial Senator Carter said there was no probability of any such bill passing and in order to prevent further agitation in the west he hoped the bill would find eternal sleep.

Guiltily Soldiers Arrested.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The following telegram was received at the War department today: FORT SAM HOUSTON, Tex., March 3.—Adjutant General: The following telegram was received from Ft. Bliss: "Have all the guilty, and evidence to convict them, except McElroy, who deserted. Corporal Powell confessed. Loughbrough, Commanding. M'KIBBON."

This refers to the recent riot at Fort Bliss between some negro soldiers and jail officials.

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C. F. R. Immigration Literature.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has just issued two excellent immigration pamphlets for 1900—"Western Canada" and "British Columbia"—which contain a great deal of useful and accurate information about the country west of Lake Superior, and are of special interest to those who contemplate settling either in the Canadian Northwest or British Columbia. Large editions of these pamphlets are distributed gratuitously in Great Britain and the United States, as well as throughout the Dominion, and are eagerly read by those who are seeking a new home and desire to know something of the best country in the world in which to find one. For pamphlets and further information address J. Francis Lee, Genl. Agt. Pass. Dept., 228 So. Clark st., Chicago, Ill.

The War in South Africa.

Has demonstrated the great foresight of the Boers, in availing themselves of all the opportunities in times of peace to prepare for war. Similar foresight should lead you to improve the opportunity of securing better farms than theirs in this country. They are on line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in Marinette county, Wisconsin, where the crops are of the best, work plenty, fine markets, excellent climate, pure, soft water; land sold cheap and on long time. Why rent a farm when you can buy one for less than you pay for rent? Address C. E. Rollins, Land Agent, 161 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

Bitter truth is sweeter than flattery.

Locomotive's Remarkable Haul.

The Pittsburg Post says that a Lehigh Valley Railroad train, drawn by a single engine a few days ago, consisted of thirty-three steel cars of 100,000 pounds capacity, and thirty-seven of the 80,000-pound capacity wooden cars, each loaded to its full capacity with anthracite coal. The total weight of the seventy cars was 4,567 net tons.

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