

## CUSTER COUNTY REPUBLICAN

D. M. AMSBERRY, Publisher.

BROKEN BOW, - - NEBRASKA.

### NEBRASKA NEWS.

An Italian, name not given, was killed by the cars at Alvo. He was 70 years of age.

Joseph Pilehard, sixty-three years of age, died at his home six miles east of Beatrice of heart failure. He was an old soldier and a prisoner.

Albion citizens are feeling jubilant over the fact that one of their students, Eugene Culver, won the first prize in the contest at Norfolk. They celebrated the event.

The Oxnard Beet Sugar company of Grand Island so far contracted only about three thousand acres of beets for the coming year, and it is not what the friends of the factory had hoped for.

Postal receipts in Omaha March last aggregate \$32,868, against \$27,748 for March, 1898, a gain of \$5,120. Receipts at Des Moines for March were \$24,826, against \$21,638 in the corresponding month of 1898.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Bancroft Creamery company it was unanimously decided to sell to the highest bidder the property remaining in the company's hands and dissolve the company. The creamery building was burned about month ago.

Colonel E. R. Sizer of Lincoln has gone to Cuba to take a position with the customs division. Myron W. Wheeler of Lincoln also sailed on the same boat with Colonel Sizer to take a position with the correspondence division.

Lord and George Crane, two jail birds, escaped from the county jail at Hastings. They had eaten their supper and were allowed to roam around on the outside of their private cells. They made their escape by piling chairs upon a table and cutting a hole through the floor of the supervisor's room.

Charles Closson, a young man living three miles east of Pleasant Dale, had his left hand terribly torn by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge. He was brought to town for surgical treatment and Dr. W. K. Laughbridge amputated the thumb and first and second fingers. The cartridges were found by a neighbor in an old millen near his barn.

The system of free rural mail delivery with which Uncle Sam is now experimenting in different sections of the country has been on trial at Tecumseh for some time and while the farmers are highly pleased the merchants are strongly opposed to it. They claim that as long as the farmers have their mail delivered to them regularly they scarcely ever come to town.

The State Agricultural board held a meeting at Lincoln last week, about thirty members being present. This question of holding a state fair this year was discussed and it was decided that a successful fair could not be held at Lincoln this year on account of lack of time to secure and fit up the grounds. The matter of joining with the exposition at Omaha was discussed and it was concluded that if satisfactory arrangements could be made the fair would go in with the exposition. The matter of arrangements was left with the board of managers.

While the people of this region, says a Hyannis dispatch, are more favorably located than those on the open prairie, the winter months, an ample hay supply for the winter months, they cannot give their large herds of cattle absolute protection from storms. The sand hill ranchman relies on the hilly, broken country, the rushes and canebrake in the swamps and such rough sheds as he can construct for wind-breaks and trusts to a reasonable winter for the rest. Only in storms of undue length and severity does he suffer any loss. The total loss in this section from bad weather and all other causes combined will not exceed 2 per cent.

A Washington special says: Efforts are being made by the postoffice department to add the new postmaster at Omaha, Joseph Crow, in assuming the duties of his office on April 15. Mr. Crow filed his bond with the postoffice department for \$100,000 and it now appears that this is but half of the bond necessary in offices of the first class. Some time ago a law was passed providing that clerks in postoffices should be bonded by recognized surety companies and it was presumed that this law would considerably abate the bond of the postmaster. The postoffice department, however, takes a different view of the matter. The chief of the bonding division, in speaking of the Omaha situation, said today that while the law was applicable to clerks, it was thought best by the postoffice department still to insist upon the amount of the original bond.

Attorney John C. Watson who left Nebraska City, never to return, as given to the public by those supposed to know, but which fact was doubted by others, and whose obituary, as far as Nebraska City is concerned, was published by the local press has returned to stay. He makes a statement to the effect that he guarantees to successfully refute all charges brought by his accusers; that he has no idea of leaving Nebraska City and never has had; that he has a lucrative position awaiting him, but will not leave Nebraska City until he has demonstrated to his family, friends and the public that he is not as black as his opponents have tried to paint him. He also denies the charge of collecting exorbitant fees and asks that the community withhold judgment until the questions are settled in the courts.

Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Elias Warner, Ionia, Dixon county, vice C. H. Smith, resigned, and Ambrose M. Cotson at Plainview, Pierce county, vice G. F. Durland, removed.

Josiah Locke of Polk county a few days ago went out to his farm and examined his thirty-five acres of winter wheat, and he says it has not been injured in the least and will, if nothing happens to it, produce as well as any wheat he ever raised. Quite a number of farmers who thought the wheat had been killed have taken up a little of the worst looking and put it by the stove, and it has started up just as green as wheat ever was.

## LAWTON ORDERED BACK

The General With His Expedition Returns to Manila.

### STARTS ON THE RETREAT AT ONCE

All the Territory He Has Taken Is to Be Evacuated Immediately—He Says That One Hundred Thousand Troops Are Needed to Successfully Combat the Guerrillas—Insurgents Concentrating.

MANILA, April 17.—(New York World Cablegram.)—Lawton's expedition has been ordered to Manila and he will return immediately. All territory taken by Lawton will be evacuated. The captured launches will be returned to their former owners, from whom the Filipinos took them. Lawton authorized this statement at Paete this morning:

"The present prospect is that 100,000 troops will be necessary to pacify the islands. The difficulties are those of fighting guerrillas in a tropical country. With a brigade I could force my way to the end of the island if I did not have to hold the ground traversed. But leaving garrisons behind soon eats up my force. I regret the evacuation of the territory taken."

#### "PALMER."

During the absence of Major General Lawton's expedition to the Santa Cruz district, on the southeastern side of Laguna de Bay, the insurgents have been concentrating at the northern end of the lake, near Pasig, and the American scouts report that several thousand are already there.

General Lawton's expedition is now on its way back.

Two hundred and fifty Chinamen from Santa Cruz have arrived here. They left the town, owing to their fear that the rebels, on re-entering it, would wreak vengeance upon them for favoring the Americans.

War has become so commonplace an experience to Manila that the average citizen no longer thinks of becoming excited over it. Every night some point of the horizon is crimsoned by the reflection from burning huts, kindled by the soldiers to deprive the insurgents of hiding places. Every night's quiet is shaken by the firing from the line encompassing the city. Every morning brings its pitiful little consignment of uncomplaining wounded to the hospital. Manila forms an American oasis in the island of Luzon. Around the city stretches a thin line fifteen miles long of entrenched soldiers.

The Filipino goes into the field unencumbered with useless baggage. Following the course of their retreat beyond Guadalupe church went the convent enthusiasts who hung about the American army. They found nothing more than a few tin cooking utensils and empty cartridge shells, whose pattern prove that the insurgents have the latest style of rifles. Trousers or drawers, a shirt, cartridge belt and rifle, a section of bamboo stalk filled with rice, a handful of green peppers tied in a handkerchief, sometimes sandals—these form the equipment of a Filipino soldier.

No finer country for defensive fighting and no more embarrassing for offensive operations than the land around Pasig lake could be imagined. The Chinese are the scavengers of the war. Like vultures they hover in the wake of the army, flocking down upon the ashes of every hut and the ruins of churches to dig out stuff that no white man could possibly use.

Being beyond suspicion of any interest in the hostilities save gain, they are admitted to the camps and employed as servants. Some of them peddle water and cigarettes on the line. One, more daring than most, crept about the trenches of the Kansas regiment under a hot fire and did a good trade. When competitors appeared he hastened to point out to them the spot where a soldier had been wounded, seemingly impressing on them the dangers of their position, for they ran away.

The forces of destruction are concentrated upon the churches. They are all solid buildings of stone, so the natives use them as forts. Some church has served as the keystone of nearly every Filipino defense and the American artillery is compelled to batter them.

Cubacan church is a picture of the havoc of war. There General MacArthur has his headquarters. The roof, a sky blue fresco, studded with gilt stars, has jagged holes where shells, from Dewey's ships came through. Within the chancel rail is the office of the staff and the pulpits are used for desks. The rail holds a string of saddles, a telephone hangs beside the statue of a saint, while the telegraph clicks incessantly in an alcove. Cots and hammocks fill the body of the church, where soldiers are sprawled out smoking and reading when off duty. A hospital occupies a chapel in a corner. The soldiers do not lack reverence, but everything must bend before their work.

#### Newark May Go to Samoa.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The Newark will sail from the Bermudas for the Pacific station in pursuance of the orders issued some weeks ago detaching it from Admiral Sampson's squadron. It will proceed to Samoa, but it is said at the navy department that no significance attaches to this course, as it had been determined on before the recent outbreak there.

#### Silk Flag for the President.

NEW YORK, April 17.—The British steamer Indrana, which arrived this morning from Japan and China ports, brought a small parcel said to contain a very beautiful silk combination British and American flag to be presented to President McKinley. The parcel was forwarded by Consul Johnson at Amoy. The flag was designed by a merchants' association at Amoy and is of pure silk, the American and British colors being artistically arranged.

Accompanying the parcel is a letter addressed to Mr. Porter, President McKinley's secretary.

## CURRENCY QUESTIONS.

Conference of the Committee on Monetary Legislation Begins.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 17.—The committee on monetary legislation appointed at a caucus of the republican members of the national house of representatives shortly before the adjournment of congress will begin its session in this city today. General David B. Henderson of Iowa is chairman and the other members of the committee are as follows: John Dalzell, Pennsylvania; Zerenzo E. Payne, New York; Jesse Overstreet, Indiana; William Lovering, Massachusetts; Charles Curtis, Kansas; Page Morris, Minnesota; Eugene F. Lout, California; R. B. Hawley, California; J. W. Babcock, Wisconsin, and Kerr, Ohio.

The committee is considered to embody the sound financial thought of the republican side of the house. Messrs. Henderson and Dalzell make, with Speaker Reed, a majority of the committee on ways and means, and several others are representative business men, who are in sympathy with the movement to put the monetary standard beyond attack.

Hadden hall, one of the largest hotels on the beach front, is the headquarters of the committee and the meetings will be held in one of the parlors. The gatherings will be private and will probably be irregular and the work assigned to the members partakes more of the nature of a conference and as the committee is not a public one it will only give out such news for publication as best suits its purpose. It is expected that the sessions will last not less than two weeks and they may extend much longer.

The committee may decide to perfect a bill to meet the situation, or it may outline a measure and adjourn to meet again in a year. It will have all the important bills on the currency question that were before the last congress, including the McCleary bill, which was reported favorably to the house by the banking committee; the Hill bill, which was given a favorable report by the house coinage committee; the bill prepared by Secretary Walker of the committee on banking, who is no longer a member of congress.

Mr. Overstreet, who has given the subject much attention, has prepared a comparison of the principal features of all these bills, which will be of much value to the committee.

There has also been secured from the Treasury department a great mass of valuable finance data, including the reports of the secretaries, comptrollers of the currency and directors of the mint. In addition, the committee will have at its command a complete codification of the existing currency laws. Although only three or four members are here tonight, it is expected that all will arrive by tomorrow. Mr. Loud reached here tonight.

It is expected that many distinguished financiers will be given the opportunity to appear before the committee and present their views on the subject of the expansion of the currency, the establishment of the gold standard and other matters to be considered.

H. H. Hanna and other representatives of the executive committee of the Indianapolis monetary convention will be here during the session to urge the bill of the monetary commission. This bill was framed by a commission of which ex-Senator George F. Edmunds was chairman and which included ex-Secretary Fairchild of New York, C. Stuart Patterson of Philadelphia, John W. Fries of North Carolina and other financial experts.

#### Five Hundred Inches of Snow.

DENVER, April 17.—According to the latest report of Weather Forecaster Brandenberg the total snowfall at Leadville during the winter was 252 inches; at Breckenridge, 378 inches, and at Ruby, 524 inches.

The South Park line of the Colorado & Southern company is still blocked by snow beyond Breckenridge, but the rotary is making good progress and the line will probably be opened before the end of the week. The Cheyenne & Northern line of the Colorado & Southern is again open after two months' blockade.

The Colorado Midland, which was closed by the snow west of Leadville for seventy-seven days, began its regular passenger service today and will send out its first through night west-bound train Tuesday night.

#### Forming a Rubber Trust.

TRENTON, N. J., April 17.—The Empire Rubber company's plant of this city has been sold to the United States Rubber Goods Manufacturing company, a syndicate organized some few months ago for the purpose of consolidating all leading concerns of the country engaged in the manufacture of mechanical rubber goods. The Empire's principal products are rubber hose and bicycle tires. General Skirm, the owner of the majority of the company's stock, says negotiations are pending between representatives of the United States Rubber Goods Manufacturing company and the owners of other concerns in this city for the purpose of the latter.

#### Wireless Telegraphy.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—General Greely, chief signal officer, received a call from a gentleman who desired to furnish the government with a system of wireless telegraphy for use in the Hawaiian islands. General Greely says he can establish satisfactory communications among the islands by means of heliographic signals.

#### President Will Attend.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Commander in Chief W. C. Johnson of the Grand Army of the Republic, has extended an invitation to President McKinley to attend the national encampment of the organization, to begin at Philadelphia on September 4. The president said that if he were in Washington at the time he would attend the encampment.

#### Soldiers Under Arrest.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 17.—Tonight 800 United States soldiers are under arrest on the Presidio reservation. They are encamped on the open and are guarded by cavalry and the Twenty-fourth infantry, regulars, colored, the force being in charge of Adjutant General Lieutenant Harris. The offense of the men was the burning down of a saloon just outside the reservation lines.

## The News Briefly Told.

### Saturday.

A statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$280,564,791; gold reserve, \$245,606,695.

The former offices of the Hanoverian army will present Emperor William with a silver miniature reproduction of the Hanover-Waterloo column.

The Arizona, Eastern & Montana Smelting Ore Purchasing and Development company, capital \$5,000,000, has been chartered at Charleston, W. Va. Captain Fred D. Stimson, a well-known newspaper man, a California 4er and for many years marine editor of the Boston Journal died yesterday aged 73 years.

The grand jury at Frankfort, Ky., is investigating charges of bribery in connection with the democratic nomination of Bud McCord for railway commissioner.

The treasury comptroller decides that men who enlisted in the revenue cutter service for the war with Spain are entitled to extra pay under the act of March 3, 1899.

Mills V. Barse of New York asks the court at Columbus, O., to declare invalid the transfer of the lease on the Hocking canal bed to the Hocking & Lake Erie railway company.

The British government has decided to release the Irish political prisoners Mullett, Fitzharris and O'Hanlon, undergoing life sentence for participation in the Phoenix Park murder.

At Omaha yesterday, after bequeathing his body to the Omaha Medical college, a guest at Milard hotel swallowed a quantity of cyanide of potassium and in a few seconds was dead and ready for the dissecting table. His name was A. J. Smith and he registered from Salt Lake City.

Vice President Hobart is slightly better but is not yet out of bed. He is slowly gaining strength through his constant rest and succeeds in gaining considerable strength. His progress, however, it is admitted, is not rapid as had been hoped for and he continues very seriously ill.

The following dispatch from Manila is published at Manila: "Aguinaldo has issued a decree directing that Spanish shall be the official language throughout the archipelago and protesting against the American pretension to force the use of English on the natives, who do not know it."

Secretary Long announces that the delicate and important duties devolving upon Admiral George Dewey in connection with the restoration of peace and the reorganization of the government in the Philippines precludes a compliance with the request of the Business Men's association of Washington looking to his participation in the proposed peace jubilee in this city next month.

### Monday.

Ballotting for senator at Harrisburg yesterday resulted in no choice.

The New York senate has killed the bill providing for inspection of cattle imported in that state.

Governor Roosevelt asks the New York legislature to provide funds for an investigation of the canal scandals.

Charles P. Cox has been appointed treasurer of the Michigan Central. F. A. Middlebrook is appointed assistant treasurer.

Justice Bradley at Washington decides money sent in mails by postoffice inspectors to detect a thief cannot be used as a basis for an indictment.

Japan has protested for the third time against the anti-Japanese legislation passed by the British Columbia legislature last year, and it is probable that the laws will be repealed.

The military authorities at Havana have been informed that they will receive today the Cuban army muster rolls, now held by the so-called executive committee appointed by the late military assembly appointed before its dissolution.

The Twenty-first infantry, Colonel Jacob Kline, 1,400 men, left Plattsburg, N. Y., for Manila on three trains, composed of fourteen sleepers and two baggage cars each. Five thousand people witnessed the departure and great enthusiasm was manifested.

The war department has issued the order to the commandants of all United States military posts to carry out the law of the last congress relative to the sale of intoxicants in cantenas. The order is very long, as it recites the full text of the opinion of Attorney General Griggs, which opinion, it is said, the department, involves only a few changes in the present regulations governing the cantenas. The only one of substance is that hereafter no officer or enlisted man, but only civilian employees, may dispense beer in the cantenas.

### Tuesday.

Perry S. Heath, first assistant postmaster general, has arrived at San Juan, Porto Rico.

The Albatross, a new type of torpedo boat destroyer, built in London, made thirty-three knots on her trial trip yesterday.

A Sheffield engineering firm has given an American firm a large order for heavy machinery. British contractors being unable to make fast time.

Berlin reports state that Emperor William is planning the formation of a separate province for Berlin, abolishing self-government and substituting royal officials, because of the growth of socialism.

The principal subject of discussion at today's cabinet meeting was an elaborate plan of credit extensions in Cuba which has been presented by General Brooke and his cabinet council, but reached no conclusion.

The Rev. Jay C. Goodrich of Madison, N. J., has been appointed the first agent of the American Bible society for the Philippine islands. He is a graduate of Mount Union college, in Ohio, and has had charges in the east Ohio conference, and in the upper Iowa conference.

General Brooke at Havana decrees that cemeteries owned by municipalities shall be managed by them, those owned by church and municipality jointly shall be managed by the latter, receipts being shared; those owned by churches to be managed by churches, but subject to municipal police and hydrant rules.

Advices received at Buenos Ayres confirm the report that the Bolivian revolutionists have won a signal success. General Pando, the leader of the revolutionists, has entered Oruro, President Alonzo's former headquarters, and the president has fled.

### Wednesday.

The hospital ship, Missouri, has arrived at Fort Monroe from Havana, bringing 212 sick soldiers.

Gen. Fred D. Grant has been ordered from Porto Rico to the Philippines. It is possible General Wheeler will also be ordered to the Philippines.

The Spanish government has directed General Rios, Spain's principal commander in the Philippines, to cooperate with Major General Otis for the evacuation of Zamboanga and Zoulan.

The War department has decided to make four departments of the island of Cuba. Heretofore the seven different provinces have been departments. General Brooke is now arranging for the consolidation.

The supreme court of Nevada overruled the demurrer of the plaintiff in the gubernatorial election case of McMillan against Hadley, the decision being with Governor Sadler on every point at issue, and practically winning the case for him.

King George of Greece has summoned M. Theotokis to form a new cabinet in succession to the ministry which resigned on April 3 owing to the election of M. Zaimis, the premier, having been declared invalid on account of bribery and intimidation.

The Missouri lower house passed the bill making a big reduction in express rates. It fixes rates at 15 cents for packages less than ten pounds; from ten to fifty pounds, 45 cents; from fifty to seventy-five, 55 cents; from seventy-five to 100, 75 cents, and over 100 at the rate of 75 cents per 100.

General Wheaton has telegraphed to Major Otis, saying: "They would not wait to be killed." General Lawton is scouring the vicinity of Santa Cruz. He finds the rebels have decamped. He has secured a gunboat, six launches and two cascos, comprising the Filipino fleet. These vessels were stuck in the mud in the river.

A miner has reached Dyea, Alaska, who claims to be the only survivor of a party of three, two of whom were murdered by Chikot Indians near the village of Klukwan. According to his story, they were defaming a "Totem" pole by cutting their names on it and were surprised by a large party of Indians who shot at them, killing his two companions.

### Thursday.

Rudyard Kipling was out arriving yesterday for the first time since his illness. The drive was through Central Park. He was accompanied by Mr. Doubleday and a nurse. Mr. Kipling has engaged a suite of rooms in a hotel at Lakewood, N. J., and will go there with his family on Monday.

The postoffice department, in furtherance of its plans in extending the service in Alaska, has arranged for communication between Unalaska and the mouth of the Nuhagak river, where salmon canneries are located. Three trips will be made by steamer during the summer. The distance is about 450 miles.

The president gave Charles Ayre Whipple of New York an order for a full length portrait of himself. The portrait is being painted in the private apartments of the White House. Mr. Whipple painted the portraits of ex-President Harrison, General Miles and Secretaries Sherman, Herbert, Tracy and Elkins.

Lieutenant Collis G. Calkins has been appointed to fill the office left vacant by Lieutenant M. G. Hughes, who was transferred from the local branch of the United States hydrographic office to the Philadelphia, now at Samoa, to take the place of Lieutenant Lansdale, who was killed in the battle with the Mataafans near Apia on April 1.

The local subscription fund of \$5,000,000 for the Louisiana Purchase centennial, to be celebrated by a world's fair at St. Louis in 1903, is from all appearances a certainty. Of this amount \$1,800,000 has been subscribed or guaranteed by the members of the committee of 200 and a small part of the organized business interests of the city.

### Friday.

The Lima correspondent of the Times confirms the report that President Alonzo of Bolivia fled to Chile after the defeat of his forces.

Colorado prospectors have located six gold claims near Holguin, in this province. One claim, very rich, was found in old Indian workings.

Admiral Schley received his commission as rear admiral. The commissions of other officers recently appointed to the grade of rear admiral have also been forwarded to them.

The first appropriation made for a building by any state for the Ohio centennial was made by the Michigan legislature. One hundred thousand dollars was allowed, and the bill has gone to the governor.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria granted a special audience to Lieutenant Commander William H. Behler, United States naval attaché at Vienna, Berlin and Rome.

The industrial commission at Washington heard S. M. Dalzell of Spring Valley, Ill., president of the Illinois Coal Operators' association and general manager of the Spring Valley Coal company, on conditions of the mining industry in Illinois.

Acting Secretary Melklejohn issued a license granting the Catholic church authority to build a church upon the West Point military reservation. The license, which will be delivered to Archbishop Corrigan, was authorized by legislation, the bill providing for it causing considerable contention in congress before it passed.

A small sized tornado that started in the northwest suburbs passed through the residence portion of Ottawa, Kansas. Many small buildings and fences were blown down and several residences partially unroofed. The cloud was funnel shaped. No one was injured.

## THE WOMEN SAY

There is No Remedy for the Equal of Pe-ru-na in All Their Peculiar Ills.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the Richmond School, Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman regarding Pe-ru-na. She says: "Only those who have suffered with sleeplessness from overwork in the schoolroom, such as I have, can know what a blessing it is to be able to find relief by spending a couple of dollars for some



Miss Susan Wymar.

Pe-ru-na. This has been my experience. A friend in need is a friend indeed, and every bottle of Pe-ru-na I ever bought proved a good friend to me."—Susan Wymar.

Mrs. Margaretha Dauben, 1214 North Superior St., Racine City, Wis., writes: "I feel so well and good and happy now that pen cannot describe it. Pe-ru-na is everything to me. I feel healthy and well, but if I should be sick I will know what to take. I have taken several bottles of Pe-ru-na for female complaint. I am in the change of life and it does me good."

Send for a free book written by Dr. Hartman, entitled "Health and Beauty." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

The mind of a wise man is like a good gun; it has both long range and a good aim.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Miss Kingsley, the explorer and traveler, was once the recipient of an embarrassing present, namely, 300 husbands, the gift of a savage chief.

A good occupation prevents mental dissipation.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

# Grain=0

It takes the place of coffee at 1/4 the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN=0. Accept no imitation.



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Don't be fooled with a mackintosh or rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm, buy the Fish Brand Slicker. It not only keeps you dry, but is light, strong, and comfortable. Write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

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72 Pages, with nearly 400 illustrations  
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Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds, and throat diseases

# FOR SALE.

Grain Elevator and Feed Mill on the Burlington railroad, at one-half its value. Best location in Nebraska. Address: 500 Paxton Block, Omaha.

We don't admire a Chinaman's Writing. He doesn't use Carter's Ink. But then Carter's Ink is made to use with a pen, not a stick.

Funny booklet "How to Make Ink Pictures" free. CARTER'S INK CO., Boston, Mass.

Dr. Kay's Renovator, Guarantees to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases, biliousness, headache, etc. At druggists 25c & 50c.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
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