A marriage surrounded by very peculiar circumstances occured in Hemingford Tuesday. The contracting parties were A. P. Osborne of Salt Lake City and Mrs. Fannie Young, who also gave her residence as Salt Lake. The woman arrived here Monday morn- Mr. Det ing in company with A. M. Hake, narrow who advertised as Mr. and Mrs. one o Hake, of the Hake Art company, and were teaching the Hake art system of crayon portrait work,

They gave an entertainment Monday evening and anoth Tuesday evening. Osborne ed here Monday and to arrange to have the marrie e cere mony performed Monday night, but the woman did not have a good chance to give Hake the slip. Osborne's presence here was unknown to Hake. Tue day night after the entertainment, the woman assisted He to in packing their effects at the school and started out a litt cahead of him apparently for the potel, but it developed that Osborne was waiting out side a carriage, in which he and little before midnight, after which during the past seven years. they drove to Alliance, where it is supposed they boarded the train. When Hake went to his 100m he was very much alarmed upon finding that his former companion was not there. He left on Wedmorning's train for Omaha. It is said that Hake and the woman have lived together five years.

JOHNSON HAS A TRIAL. From the Chadron News:

Victor Johnson, herder of Hamilton Hall's flock of sheep, running south of Running Water, became crazy tast week and fired three shots from his winchester Dictionary. This work is uniat J. W. Pierce. The bullets failed to take effect and he was captured and disarmed. He was won the first battle. He had been and with its numerous tables of reading of war and wanted to en-

A complaint having been sworn out for his arrest Sheriff Dargan brought young Johnson to town the board of insanity in the afternoon. Mrs. A. C. Iverson gave testimony, which was to the effect that the young gentleman had exwhen he came to the Iverson home professional man, and self-educasome days ago, after the shooting. tor.

Mr. Hamilton Hall said to the board, in reply to inquiries, substantily as follows: "Victor E. Johnson worked for me about 17 Hammond's place on Sec. 35-27months; has done his own camp cooking for the past three weeks. heard of him having any trouble in face; no brands. with the neighbors; only had the rifle three days; never noticed him being flighty until after his trouble with J. W. Pierce. I get along very well with the cattle men; years old. He is a thoroughbred never threatened to kill me or and a fine animal; has never run drive me out; got rifle for herder to kill coyotes".

member of having trouble on the north of Hemingford. river; know Mr. Pierce and never had any trouble with him. He was at our sheep camp last week; he never spoke to me; never butter, eggs and chickens. stopped, but rode by. I carry no gun; used to, but have a rifle at camp. Haven't slept well of nights for three months; I shot at covote last week.

The board ordered this young man to be kept at the county farm for a time that he may be proofs without coming to the and recuperate.

AN EXPLANATION.

Johnson on May 31.

the Board of Insanity. In con- information at HERALD office. versation with the sheriff at Chadron he told me to remain at Harry Dean's place until he returned with Johnson and he would call for me so that I sell your orders for you and get would appear at the trial. Iu- the highest price for them. Send stead of doing so, he evaded me them to her. and I was unaware that Johnson was brought to town or that the trial was had. I do not know what the Sheriff received for Bears the changing his mind so quickly. J. W. PIERCE.

LIGHTNING HITS HARRISON.

Harrison, Neb., June 7 .ing a severe thunder storm last night about 8:10 o'clor Dew and Homer Pridd while standing in front of Commercial, were streek ith lightning, Mr. Dew being filled. Mr. Priddy was only sdly stunned

and will recover The printing affice, bank, post office and Mar Coffar Bro'. general struck with the store were same bolt hightning that killed There were several capes from fire in every these buildings. The dam-Them will be slight. The raph wire two miles east of n was burned off and it was possible to get news through east of here.

BEREA ITEMS.

It rains here every few days. Two wind mills were put up in this vicinity recently.

Pat Dillon says the black-leg aid low five head of his yearlings A brother and sister of Mrs. Peter Belgum are the latest arrivals from the Old Country. They expect to spend the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Belgum.

A sister of our general Post Mistress arrived from Chicago last week and is visiting our city.

We hear no complaints from woman were driven to the the farmers about crops, and we ourt house, where they were think the prospect for an abundant married by the county judge, a harvest is better than any time

A GOOD INVESTMENT . - "Knowledge is power" according to the old adage, but it is also said that a man never knows a thing until he can tell it, and he who can express his knowledge in language more terse, vigorous, and appropriate than others becomes a leader of men. In gaining this power of expression as well as knowledge itself there is no aid so helpful, from which so much may be obtained, and for so small an outlay AS WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL versally acknowledged standard for the derivation, spelling, progood natured and declared he had nunciation, and meaning of words, quickly and satisfactorily answers salt, will wonderfully rest them. the thousand and one questions which are constantly arising in Tuesday and he was tried before our reading and study. The purchase of this source of knowledge and power will prove a profitable investment for every househibited signs of mental weakness, hold, and for every teacher, scholar,

TAKEN UP.

June 3, 1898, at Mrs. M. E. 49 one black mare, weight about He herded a flock of 1,000: never 1100; left hind foot white; strip

M. E. GOOCH.

FOR SALE.

One red Polangus bull, four in a herd. He can be seen at The prisoner said "Don,t re- James Hollinrake's place, 8 miles

J. W. PIERCE.

Wildy wants all your potatoes,

We have a new Singer sewing machine—the best on the market -for sale cheap. Call and see it.

Non-resident owners of timber claims can complete their final afforded an opportunity to rest county by corresponding with T. J.O'Keefe.

Estrayed

I deem it a duty to myself and On Sunday April 26th from friends to explain why I did not | my place 2 miles east of Hemingappear at the trial of Victor ford, one two-year-old filley, light bay color, small star in I made the complaint against forehead, weight about 800 lbs., Johnson and Sheriff Dargan was barbwire marks on upper part of instructed to bring him before front of both fore legs. Leave

J. T. WORNOM

TEACHERS-A. E. Neeland will

the The Kind You Have Always Bought

VIRTUES OF HOT WATER.

Relieve

Not a parase conveying an impres sion of entire felicity, yet it may be found that water, hot, has manifold uses and is peculiarly able in certain places to afford comfort and relief. A physician who has tried it says that no agent so quickly relieves nausea and vomiting as water, hot as it can be taken. For constipation drink of hot water a short time before retiring at night. Dyspeptics are benefited by sipping a cup of hot water an hour before

of lameness. As water is so considerable an element in the physical structure, it is in some sense a food, though-knowing. too, that without it life cannot be supported-it is not usually regarded in that manner, and the knowledge that a weak stomach will retain hot water when it will nothing else may be often-

eating. The same practice tends to flesh

production, and is one of the rules given

cometimes in prescriptions for the cure

times of value. Let those who are inclined to sneer at "only bot water" try a cup of it, fresh water, quickly heated and brought to a boil, used with cream and sugar as for coffee. If coffee, as many believe, encourages dyspepsia, and tea renders its consumers subject to headaches, while a cold fluid with warm fluid is not hygienic, it answers to reason that if any drink must be used at meals, the one we are considering (or else hot milk), having none of their objectionable qualities, is preferable.

To ward off the cold threatened by a chilly sensation, drink a cup. To loosen a tight cough, sip water as hot as it can be borne. A hot compress, with a dry flaunel over it, persistently applied to the throat and chest will cure a stubborn cough, a sore throat and cut short in its incipiency congestion of the lungs.

To dip a cloth in hot water and lay is quickly over the seat of pain is sometimes a relief in neuralgia. The same application on the stomach will banish colic. In cropp place about the neck a fiannel wrung out of hot water. For sprains hot fomentations are excellent. In such cases care should be taken that the clothing is protected from dampuess by the intervention of a dry cloth, and in all the uses for it thus far given it must be kept in mind that the water is to be really hot.

In spasms place the afflicted child as quickly as possible in a hot bath-that is, one heated as much as comfort will allow. The convulsed frame will be relaxed and soothed by its contact with the warm water. A hot bath after exposure will do much to prevent the taking of an infectious disease. An occasional full hot bath upon retiring is of great benefit in inducing sleep. Even a footbath will be found a help as a means to the same.

When a person is tired and heated, bathing the face with warm water will prove more comfortable as well as less dangerous than the use of cold. Weak eyes are made stronger by bathing them regularly in water as hot as can be useful and reliable information it to which is sometimes added a little

For a fine complexion and velvety skin never use cold, but warm water in washing the face. It may be first washed with soap and hot water, then rinsed with tepid water. To bathe the face daily in hot water will, it is said, remove pimples. And the appearance of wrinkles may be greatly delayed, it is believed, by the use of the hot bath .-St. Louis Republic.

Mistook the Mule.

Deacon Jackson was a very pious but very determined old colored citizen of Owl Creek valley. He had a young mule which his boys were unable to ride, and their failure to break the animal so exasperated the old man that be determined to ride it himself. He was, however, no sooner located on its back than he was thrown into an adjoining lot, where he was picked up with both legs broken and his neck badly sprained.

"What on earth did such an old man as you mean by trying to ride a wild young mule like that?" asked the doctor. "Waal, suh," said Deacon Jackson, "I never does undertake to do nuthin widout fust consultin ov de Lawd an seein what he dun thunk erbout hit. I axed him ef I orter ride dat mule what my triflin no ercount boys couldn't ride, an de Lawd he sed, 'Yeasab,' jes' ez

plain ez I am talkin to you." "Well, but he seems to have given

you bad advice. " "No, doctor, his judgment was all right, fer de Lawd knows dis ole nigger never seed de day when he was afeered to straddle anything from a circular saw up to er elephant, but dis time I think de Lawd was jes' mistooken in de mule."—Altanta Journal.

Old Ab Drake.

Old Ab Drake was one of the "odd sticks' that flourished in a Vermont rural neighborhood a good many years ago. His wife was a meek, obedient, spiritless woman, over whom Ab tyrannized for 50 years, when she quietly slipped out of this world. Old Ab's panegyries on his dead wife's virtues were loud and long. Before the funeral he said to one of his neighbors: "She was the best woman on the top of this earth. I jess thought the world and all of her-yes, I did! I always thought it, and hanged if there wan't times when I come mighty near telling her so-yes, sir! And I would 'a' told her so, only I've always held, and I still hold, that is ain't safe to praise anything that w'ars petticoats. 'Ceptin for that, I would 'a' told 'Lizy Ellen what I thought of her many a time-yes, I would!"-Boston Journal.

Famous Three R's. The originator of the famous three 'r' alliteration "reading, 'riting and 'rithmetic'' was Sir William Curtis, a ford mayor of London. In 1795 he proposed it as a toast before the board of

A TRAINMAN'S RISKS

Many Are the Aches and Pains It Will FIGURES WHICH GO TO SHOW THAT THEY ARE OVERESTIMATED.

> Brakemen, and the Old Hands Among Them, Are Oftenest Victims-But the Statistics Quoted May Be Exceptional. Benefits From Safety Appliances.

It has been estimated, and, in fact, railroad men frequently make the remark, that the average life of a man actively engaged in train service is about seven years. In other words, that they are either crippled up so as to render them unfit for service again in a like capacity or are killed on an average in that time. It has been found by looking over the records of one of the leading railroads entering Louisville that this is untrue. During three years, on one of the busiest roads entering the city, there were only 2 killed and 158 injured, all of whom were brakemen except two, and they were freight conductors who had assumed the duty of brakemen, one by making a coupling and the other by assisting in unloading freight.

It would seem that inexperienced men would be most apt to get injured, but the figures show differently, as indicated by the following: Eleven, or 9.56 per cent of the total number of trainmen, were injured during their first year of service; 18, or 12.16 per cent, were injured who had been in the service two years; 15, or 11.11 per cent, had been in the service three years; 22, or 16.35 per cent, four years; 26, or 20 per cent, five years; 27, or 21.77 per cent, six years; 13, or 9.63 per cent, seven years; 5, or 3.90 per cent, eight years; 3, or 2.47 per cent, nine years; 5, or 4.16 per cent, ten years, and 12, or 8.89 per cent, over ten years, some of whom had been in the service 15, 18 and 22 years.

It will be noted that the largest average of injuries occurred after the employee had been in service six years, and the figures given would indicate that employees as a general rule are careful up to the time when they have been in the service three to four years and then become more careless until about their eighth year of service, when the indications show that they again become careful, as those who had worked over ten years have a very small comparative per cent of injuries compared with those who had worked six years. With the completion of the equipment of all box cars with automatic couplers, airbrakes, etc., the liability of a trainman being injured will have been reduced to a minimum, as the record goes to show that at least two-thirds of the injuries were caused by attempting to couple automatic drawbars with a link and pin to the old fashioned solid or skeleton drawbar, which is very dangerous even to the most experienced railroad man. Other causes were on account of uneven drawbars, some being as much as three inches higher than others. All this will be rectifled with the law which requires all drawbars to be of a standard height. A great many trainmen were injured by stepping upon stones or links in jumping off to throw switches, etc., quite a of the icy condition of the tops of the

There was one case where a brakeman was standing near the end of a car when another cut of cars struck it, and he was thrown from the top of the car to the ground, alighting squarely upon his feet and "stoving him up" severely, as will be readily understood. A few were compelled to jump from the top of cars in cases of derailment. Others had their feet mashed by attempting to shove an automatic drawbar over a few inches to enable it to come more squarely in contact with the automatic coupler. This is one of the serious objections to the automatic drawbar-that it will not couple readily on a curve, and it is necessary for the trainmen either to pull one of the drawbars over

or shove it over with their feet. One of the most general causes of pinched fingers was on account of the pin failing to drop all the way down into the hole when coupling with a link and pin. The brakemen invariably reach over to give the pin a start so it will drop into the hole, when the cars frequently roll one way or the other just a few inches and catch the pin just before it gets all the way down, causing it to tilt back and catch the fingers be-

tween pin and end sill of the car. A few were injured by holding the grab iron on the end of the car-recently added to all freight cars by an act of congress-and attempting to make the coupling when long lumber or bridge iron would be extending over the end of the car to be coupled to, and catch their hands between the timber and end of the car. However, this dangerous method of coupling cars together that have lading projecting over the ends of them will soon be a thing of the past, as it is becoming a general rule for all companies not to permit the loading of cars in this manner. Whenever there is long timber to load the companies require the use of two cars instead of one, as heretofore.

With the taking effect of the new law compelling railroads to have all cars equipped with automatic drawbars and have the drawbars of equal height from rails, the position of railroad brakeman will not be such a hazardous one .-Louisville Courier-Journal.

Death Grip on a Satchel.

James Whitcomb Riley, the great Hoosier poet, never burdens himself with much baggage while he is traveling. He once explained his views on baggage by saying: "I am continually baunted by the fear that my trunk will be lost, so I go about the country with a grip. I keep a tenacious hold on it all day long and never feel quite safe about it at night. In case there is ever a fearful railway accident, and among the debris is a valise with an arm attached to it firmly, they may bury it without further identification as the fragments of the Hoosier pret."

Final--Proof--Notices.

J. W. WEHN, JR., Register. W. R. AKERS, Raceiver.

Parties having notices in this column are re-quested to read the same carefully and report to this office for correction any errors that may exist. This will prevent possible delay in making proof. U.S. Land Office, Alliance, Neb., June 9, 1898 Notice is nereby given that

John Knudtson, of Hemiceford, Neb., bas filed notice of inten-tion to make final proof before T. J. O'Keefe, U. s. Commissioner, at Hemingford, Neb., on

July 16, 1898, on timber culture application No. 1278 for the se '4' see 24, tp 29n, r 49w. He names as witnesses: Peter G. Anderson, James Hollinrake, Karl Forstrom, Otto Gibson, all of hemingford, seb.

J. W. Wehn, jr., Register

Land Office at Alliance. Neb., June 9, 1898.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to taske final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before Register of Receiver at Alliance, Neb., on July 16, 1808.
viz:

Vaclay Potmesil.

of Dunlap, Neb., who made H. E. for the wis se & e & sw & see 31, tp 220, r 47 w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Frank J. W. Feidler, Norbert A. Krenek, Ned A. Brezina, of Heming ford, Neb., Joseph Lamplot, of Dunlap, Neb.

Also Frank J. W. Feidler, of Hemingford, Neb., who made he No. 4529 for the ne sec 12, tp 28n, r 48w. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Vaclav Potmesii, Joseph Lamp lot. of Dunlap, Neb., Norbert A. Krenek, Nec A. Brezina, of Hemingford, Neb.

Notice is hereby given that Wolfgang Freimuth. of Box Butte, Neb., has filed notice of inten tion to make final proof at same time and place on timber culture application No. 1490 for the see see 28, tp 28n, r 48 w. He names as witnesses: Frank J. W. Feid-ler, Ned A. Brezina, Norbert A. Krenek, of Hemingford, Neb., Vaclay Potmesil of Duk-ian, Neb.

J. W. WEHN, JR., Register. S. Land Office, Alliance, Neb., Mny 25, 1898 Notice is hereby that

John H. Shirk,

of Hemingford, Neb., has filed notice of inten-tion to make final proof before T. J. O'Kesfe, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Heming-ford, Neb., on the 2nd day of July on timber culture application No. 1674 for the ne & sec 21 tp 26 n. r 50w.

He names as witnesses: John Michaelson, Henry Michaelson, C. E. Hosenberger, Fred Abley, all of Hemingford Neb. Notice is hereby given that

Nelson B. Shonquist, of Omaha, Neb., has filed notice of intention to make final proof at same time and place on timber culture application No. 1397 for the sets set 31, tp 28n r 52w.

He names as withesses: John P. Hazard, of Hemingford, Neb., Leo Brandle, Edwin E. Ford, Lonis Homrighousen, of Lawn, Neb.

J. W. WEHN, JR., Register.

Land Office at Alliance, Neb., May 12, 1898. Notice is hereby given that the following amed settler has filed notice of his intention

o make final proof in support of his claim, and hat said proof will be made before T. J. O'Keefe, U. S. Commissioner, at Hemingford, seb., on June 18, 1898, viz. Deltie May Ricket.

se Fellows, who made he so. 3661, for the nee Fellows, who made it is a set 4 set 14 set 12 p 29n, r 19 w.
She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz. Al Scribner, Dunlap, Neb. Aaroh H. Kraut. Charles W. Minard. Ida, Neb. Clark Ricket. Homingford, Yeb.

J. W. Wehn. Register.

U. S. Land Office, Alliance, Neb., May 25, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Alliance, Neb., on July 2, 1898,

Thomas O'Keeffe,

of Hemingford, Neb., who made Hd entry No. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Strasak, Arthur H. Grove, Peter Belgum, Patrick H. Diflon, all of Alliance, Neb. J. W. Wehn, Jr., Register.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF BOX BUTTE COUNTY NEBRASKA.

In the Matter of the Estate of Alanson D

In the Matter of the Estate of Alanson D. Alexander, deceased.

Notice of hearing on petition for the appointment of an administrator.

At a session of said court held at the county court room in Hemisgford, Nebruska, Present, Jas. II. H. Hewett, County Judge.

Upon reading the Petition of Grant C. Alexander, praying that administration of the Estate of Alanson D. Alexander, Deceased be had and that William Fosket be appointed Administrator of said Estate, it is ordered and decreed that Wednesday, the twenty-fourth day of June. A. D. 1898, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the County Count Room in the Court House in Hemingford. Nebraska, be designated as the time and place at which hearing shall be had upon said petition whereat all parties interested in said estate may appear and show why such administration should not be had and why the said William Fosket should not he appointed Administrator thereof, and it is further ordered that due notice of said hearing shall be given to said interested parties by publication of by personal notice.

In WITNESS WHEREOF I have bereunto set

personal notice,
In witness whereof I have hereunto set
my hand and affixed the seal of said Court this
sth day of April A. D. 1888.
[SEAL] JAS. H. H. HEWETT.

MEETING OF BOARD OF EQUALIZA-TION.

Hemingford, Neb., May 9, 1898 The County Commissioners will meet as a Board of Equalization in this office on Tuesday, June 14th 1898 and remain in session not less than three days. Any complaints against the 1898 assessment should be made at that time.

F. M. Phelps, County Clerk.

A Map of United States.

Send me 15c stamps and I will mail you a map of the United States, three feet four inches wide and five feet three inches long. Painted in six colors. Mounted on rollers. Shows every state, county, important town, and railroad in the United States New edition, just received, contains ten handsome half-tone pictures of principal buildings of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition.

J. FRANCIS, General Passenger Agent, Burlington Route, Omaha, Neb.

STORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the

New Goods!

I have moved my millinery stock across the street, in the Wheeler house, where I will be pleased to see the ladies and show them my stock of goods purchased while in the east. Flowers of all the shades and colors, new ribbons, new trimings and new hats in the latest designs.

Thanking you for the past patronage and I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

MISS L. ADAMS.

COMPLAINTS AGAINST WELL CLAIMS. Hemingford Neb., May 9, 1898.

The County Board will meet on Wednesday, June 22, 1898, to consider claims filed for filling wells. Complaints against said clams will be heard on that day.

By order of the Board. Attest: F. M. PHELPS, Clerk. GEO. W. DUNCAN, Chairman,

NOTICE TO ROAD OVERSEERS Hemingford Neb., May 9, 1898.

You are hereby notified the dlaims for filling old wells should be filed in this office in on or before June 10th 1898. Claims filed after that date will not be acted on at the June meeting.

By order of the Board. Attest: F. M. PHELPS, Clerk. GEO. W. DUNCAN, Chairman.

Bulls For Sale.

I have 8 head of thoroughbred Herefords one to two years old at my ranch four miles southeast of Box Butte. Will take your old bulls in exchange. W. E. HALL.

Lumber, Coal and Lime!

Just received a cur of select eastern lumber for tanks. Also all kinds of hard wood, cedar shingles, lath, lime, and all kinds of lumber.

Ready made tanks, or will make tanks to order. Prices to compete with anyone the Northwest. Come and see us before buying elsewhere. Tanks and tank lumber a specialty.

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