

HEMINGFORD HERALD.

THOS. J. O'KEEFE, Publisher.
HEMINGFORD, NEBRASKA.

OVER THE STATE.

ELGIN will have a fitting celebration on the Fourth of July.
THERE will be running races in Rushville on July 2, 3 and 4.
THE Arapahoe band has been engaged to furnish music at the state fair.
GREELEY county contributed a carload of corn to the Texas tornado sufferers.
WAYNE brags of a pour down that produced one inch of moisture inside of a minute.
FULLERTON citizens will donate a carload of corn to the Texas cyclone sufferers.
E-GOV. JOHN M. THAYER united with the Methodist church in Lincoln last Sunday.
BANCROFT is taking the initiatory steps for proper celebration of the Fourth of July.
THE graduating class at Ashland numbered twenty-one, fifteen ladies and six gentlemen.
RUSHVILLE, Gordon and Hay Springs Modern Woodmen are arranging for a grand picnic in June.
THE assessment of Newcastle this year shows an increase in valuation of several hundred dollars.
SMALL grain in Hart county is so rank that there is some fear it will "chidge." The fruit crop will be fair.
THERE were some thirsty fields in Nebraska until last week, when they got a great wetting down.
A NUMBER of Nebraska City bricklayers have gone to St. Louis where their services are in demand.
ONE inch of rain fell at Wayne the other day inside of one minute. What locality can break the record?
THE Tekamah Herald asserts that within a few months a railroad will be built from Tekamah to Decatur.
F. W. COLLINS and W. J. Bryan debated the silver question at the Orleans chautauque to a large audience.
DAVID CITY's tax levy this year will necessarily be a little larger than last, owing to some special obligations to be met.
ONE implement man at Blair has already sold fourteen self-binders in anticipation of a heavy crop of small grain.
WM. WAGNER of Johnson county has been adjudged insane by the local examining board and will be taken to the Lincoln asylum.
THE Augustana synod of the Swedish Lutheran church for the United States and Canada convened in Omaha last week for a ten days' session.
GRACE HANCOCK, a 15-year-old girl living near Fontanelle, ate some poisonous substance, nature unknown, and died shortly afterward in great agony.
BURGLARS have of late been quite active in York, entering a number of residences. Only money was taken, watches and jewelry being undisturbed.
JOHN DREXEL was run over and killed by a Missouri Pacific train while crossing the tracks about five miles north of Springfield. His head was entirely cut off.
THE Grand Army of the Republic reunion for Cass, Lancaster, Otoe, Sarpy and Saunders counties will be held this year at Weeping Water, July 1 to 4 inclusive.
THE joint debate at the Orleans Chautauque between Ex-Congressman Bryan and F. W. Collins was listened to by a large audience. Both made magnificent efforts.
THE personal property assessment of Barnston township, Gage county, shows 330 head of horses, 1,104 cattle, forty-four mules, twenty-five sheep and 1,794 hogs, valued at \$32,100.
THE Wilber Democrat thinks no home is what it ought to be unless provided with a tornado cave. It may never be needed, but in the event that it should, it will be needed bad.
AN attempt was made to burglarize the safe of D. P. Rolfe & Co., lumber merchants, Nebraska City. The handle and lock were knocked off with a sledge hammer, but an entrance was not effected.
THE mill dam at Martinsburg as well as at Ponca was nearly washed out by the storm of the 24th ult. At the former place it will cost considerable time and labor to repair the dam as good as it was.
ONE of the worst storms of the season, accompanied with torrents of rain, wind and lightning, visited Hebron. The people in general were very much frightened. About four inches of rain fell during the night.
THE hail storm that passed north and east of Loup City did considerable more damage than was first reported. Much winter wheat and rye was destroyed and is being plowed under and corn will be planted on the ground.
THE Omaha company's elevator at Stromsburg was burned, together with about 12,000 bushels of oats. The fire originated in the engine room. By hard work the fire department succeeded in saving adjoining buildings.
FRED W. HARRIS, who has been stenographer in Superintendent Calvert's office, has been promoted to take place of chief clerk to Division Superintendent Phelan at Alliance. Many friends of Mr. Harris rejoice at his good fortune.
In the Morrison murder trial at Rushville on the 4th the accused himself was on the witness stand. He denied that he fired three shots at Von Harris, and declared that he only shot twice and that those two were fired at a man named Adams and that Von Harris was killed by accident.
DURING a terrific thunder storm at Bancroft a bolt struck the roof of J. W. Watson's house, passing down the chimney and knocking a quantity of plaster from the hallway. Luckily none of the inmates of the house were injured. The storm was the most severe that ever occurred in the vicinity.
THE prospect hole at Monroe, Platte county, reached a depth last week of 575 feet at which point, after having passed through a strata of coarse gravel for several feet, water rushed up within twenty feet of the top of the hole. The object of the prospectors has been to find either mineral deposits or artesian water.

JACK ROBINAU, an old citizen of Blaine county, who left in the depressed times of a couple of years ago and west to California, and subsequently to Texas, has returned to Nebraska to stay, satisfied that it is the best place after all.

A CARLOAD of corn for Texas tornado sufferers arrived at Lincoln last week and was sent south by the Burlington. It carried an inscription telling of its destination and adding "Compliments of 1894." The car was from Greeley county.

A FIRE METHODIST campmeeting and conference will be held in Mr. Welburn's grove, two and one-half miles east of Wellfleet, Neb., commencing June 18 and lasting until the 28th or over two Sabbaths. A large tent 40x60 feet will be used for services.

ONE William Baker was arrested at Lincoln by Deputy Sheriff Jones of Wahoo and brought back for trial. As an unseemly hour Baker is accused of going into the barn of Frank Netzel in Valparaiso, and stealing one set of harness and other articles.

L. V. WOODRUFF, one of York county's earliest settlers, aged 74 years, got up the other morning and walked out to the barn. His family noticing that he did not return, went out to look for him and found him dead. Heart trouble was the cause of his quick death.

COMPANY K, First regiment Nebraska national guard, was mustered in at Columbus last week by Adjutant-General Barry and Major Fecht. The officers of the company are: J. N. Kilian, captain; C. W. Jones, first lieutenant; C. L. Stillman, second lieutenant.

A PETITION, signed by fifty-seven of the best and ablest people of Eight Mile precinct, was handed to the county commissioners of Cass county, asking that that body call a special election in Eight Mile precinct for the purpose of voting \$4,000 bonds for bridge purposes.

BARNEY LEWIS, of McCook, last week laid away the remains of his only child, a charming little daughter. By an extraordinary fatality and coincidence, this family has lost all of their children with whooping cough. Three children with whooping cough, formerly resided, and three have died since they moved to McCook, two of them within a week.

THE Seventh Day Adventists have perfected arrangements with the Fremont Chautauque association for their state encampment. It will commence the 24th day of August and be in session until the 7th day of September. It is thought that there will be in attendance from 1,000 to 1,500 people. The meetings will be conducted by the best talent of the United States.

THE state supreme court has made a ruling in the case of Morgan and Hoover, two murderers under sentence of death in the Douglas county jail. In each case the verdict of the trial jury is upheld. This means that these men will have to die on the gallows unless there is executive interference. Morgan ravished and then killed little Ida Gaskill. Hoover shot and killed his brother-in-law, a member of the city council of Omaha.

THE State Druggists' association, at their meeting in Lincoln last week, elected officers as follows: President, John J. Felton, Nebraska City; first vice president, Theodore St. Martin, Wahoo; second vice president, A. W. Buckheit, Grand Island; third vice president, J. F. Gerke, Seward; fourth vice president, C. L. Smith, Omaha; fifth vice president, F. T. Carlton, Palmyra; secretary, W. L. Heilman, Tecumseh; treasurer, Jerry Bowen, Wood River; local secretary, C. H. Smith, Plattsmouth.

THE twenty-first annual session of the Grand chapter of Nebraska, Order of the Eastern Star, closed last week at Fremont after a very profitable and interesting three days' session. The following officers were elected: G. W. M., Mrs. G. M. Stires, Columbus; G. W. P., R. Pinkham, Grand Island; G. W. S., Dr. Eleanor Daily, Omaha; G. W. T., Edwin Davis, Omaha; G. W. C., Mrs. Maud Bronson, McCook; assistant G. W. C., Mrs. Clara Wright; assistant G. W. M., Mrs. Baldwin, North Platte; assistant G. W. P., D. B. Howard, Lincoln.

A MEETING of the county commission of northwestern Nebraska was held last week at Norfolk. It was decided to change the name of the association to the County Commissioners and Supervisors Association of the State of Nebraska, making it a state association instead of simply North Nebraska, as heretofore. The next meeting will be held at Lincoln on the second Tuesday in December, 1896.

MARK BUSICK, a bachelor about 30 years of age, living twelve miles south of Chadron, committed suicide by taking strychnine. Busick has suffered for years with rheumatism and received relief with nalgria of the stomach. He remarked to his sister that he believed he had lived long enough and walked out of the house toward the river. Not returning in a short time, she went to look for him and found him lying dead upon the river bank.

GOVERNOR HOLCOMB has received the following letter, written by Mr. J. W. Madden, private secretary to Governor Culbertson: "Since the receipt of your telegram of the 31st inst., in which you so kindly tendered aid to the bereaved, storm-taken and home-wrecked people of our state, Governor Culbertson has been unavoidably absent from the capitol, and is so now, but has instructed me to express to you on behalf of the people of Texas thanks for your very generous and benevolent offer of assistance, and to assure you that the same is accepted in a spirit of the profoundest gratitude. The people of Texas in general, and those who were the immediate sufferers in particular, will treasure in sacred remembrance this manifestation of sympathy and good will on the part of yourself and the kind and noble-hearted people of your state."

BURGLARS visited Alvo, a small town on the Rock island, seven miles north of Elmwood, and effected an entrance into the general merchandise store of C. C. Bucknell by prying open the front door. Six pairs of shoes, several boxes of cigars, all the silk handkerchiefs and mufflers in the store, and some dry goods were taken.

A DRUNKEN man fell from the second story porch at the rear of the building occupied by the White Elephant saloon in Hastings and with a drunken man's proverbial luck escaped without more serious injury than a slight cut on the head. The fall was enough to have killed or crippled for life a sober man.

THEY HAD NO FAIR TRIAL.

AMERICANS DENIED JUSTICE IN THE COMPETITOR CASE.

MR. LAWRENCE'S EVIDENCE

Young Melton and One Other Unable to Understand One Word of the Proceedings—The Interpreter Little Used—The Kansas Boy Writes From Prison of Cuban Horrors.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The testimony of Frederick W. Lawrence, referred to by Mr. Morgan in the Senate, was taken privately before the subcommittee of the Senate committee on foreign relations May 29 in regard to the situation in Cuba. Lawrence stated that he had gone to Cuba as a newspaper correspondent and had been expelled. He had found it impossible to secure much information from the Spanish authorities and learned afterwards that what was given out was untrue.

Referring to the trial of Laborde and Milton, captured on board the Competitor, Lawrence said that neither the prosecution nor the defense asked any questions, that the five were tried at once and that the trial, which resulted in the sentence of death, lasted less than a day.

Asked if there was an interpreter present, Lawrence said there was, but that he did not make his presence known to the prisoners until they were asked whether they had anything to say in their own defense. These long statements were read by the judge advocate in Spanish. The evidence was given in Spanish and not translated in their hearing. "Their defender did not communicate to them the substance of it, nor utter one single word to them," said Lawrence. "I have every reason to think their defending counsel could not speak English. They were asked what they had to say in defense, but not in English. The presiding officer of the court martial—there were ten of them, what we might call the jury—the presiding officer of that body said to Laborde in Spanish, 'What have you to say?' He said a few words and so it went on till the last man was reached—William Gildea and the presiding officer spoke to him, and he did not understand him, and then the interpreter got up and said: 'Do you wish to say anything?' Gildea arose and said: 'All I have to say is I do not understand one word that has been said to-day for or against me, and at any rate, I appeal to both the British and American consuls. There were two prisoners who could not speak and understand Spanish—Milton and Gildea.'

A LETTER FROM MELTON.

The Young Kansan Now in a Cuban Prison Writes of the Horrors.

KEY WEST, Fla., June 8.—A letter has been received here from Owen Melton, the young Kansan captured on the schooner Competitor and sentenced to death in Havana, in which he describes the barbarities practiced by Spaniards on prisoners confined in Moro Castle and Fort Cabanas as follows: "The world will never know the barbarities that are practiced by the Spaniards on the suspects confined in Moro Castle and Fort Cabanas. They are being tortured and shot without trial almost daily. On May 30 Faustino Pardone, 16 years old, was captured in the outskirts of Havana by Spanish guerrillas and lodged in Cabanas. It was suspected that the boy had been in communication with the insurgents. To make Pardone confess he was stripped and suspended by the arms, while a Spanish lieutenant whipped the boy on the bare flesh with a heavy whip. Pardone's back, shoulders and breast were soon a bleeding pulp and he was shrieking in agony. Then the officer asked Pardone if he had done certain things and in his terrible pain the boy would scream 'yes, yes.' This was written at the boy's deposition. Such things are of daily occurrence in the Cabanas."

"At night volleys of musketry are frequently heard. The next day the prisoners know what these volleys mean when they miss the faces of well known prisoners and from ten to fifteen are crowded in one cell. "There are several Americans in Cabanas, among them being the Americans captured with the schooner Competitor. Part of these are in one cell and part in another. Julio Saugully is also imprisoned here. He is given a separate cell. Numbers of Cubans have been found at their homes suffering from wounds and have been dragged awfully and thrown in the dungeons of Fort Cabanas."

Shot by an Angry Wife. FORT SMITH, Ark., June 8.—About 9 o'clock last night Mrs. Fagan Bourland, a leading society woman, who had blackened her face for a disguise, shot twice and fatally wounded Maud Allen and then fired upon her own husband, wounding him in the leg. The shooting was the result of an intrigue of long standing between Bourland and the Allen woman, and had been expected in view of the serious difficulties from time to time. Mrs. Bourland has not been arrested and probably will not be.

More Bombs in Barcelona, Spain. BARCELONA, June 8.—After the Corpus Christi procession here to-day, two brass bombs, similar to those in the Liceo theater outrage in November 1894, were found in a street near the cathedral. Several Anarchists have been arrested on suspicion.

Fatal Storm at Loup City, Neb. LOUP CITY, Neb., June 8.—As a result of a hurricane and a cloud burst here last night, seven members of Joseph McCoy's family were injured and one child killed. Many houses were destroyed.

THE SENATE INDIGNANT.

Insists on Public Buildings by a Vote of 58 to 0—The House Scored.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—In the Senate Mr. Allison reported a partial agreement on the sundry civil appropriation bill. He explained that a number of items were still open, including those for new public buildings at Salt Lake City and at the capitals of the new states of Idaho, Wyoming and Montana and additions for the public buildings at Kansas City, Savannah, Ga., and Camden, N. J.

Mr. Dubois made a vigorous plea for public buildings at the new capitals. He said that it was notorious that the speakers of the house and the chairman of the house committee on public buildings and grounds declined to approve any new public buildings. And yet Speaker Reed resided in a place with 36,000 people with a public building costing \$1,155,000 and the district represented by Chairman Milliken of Maine, of the House committee on public buildings, had federal buildings in five towns. The chairman of the House committee lived in a town which would not make a suburb of one of these Western capitals. The county seats in some of these new states were larger than any town in the districts represented by these gentlemen (Reed and Milliken).

Mr. Vest said it was an established policy to give the new states a public building at their capital. After further debate the Senate conferees were instructed to insist on all the public building items. To emphasize the insistence a ye and naye vote was taken, resulting 58 to 0.

EXTRA SESSION UNLIKELY.

Governor Stone Opposed to Acting Upon Mayor Walbridge's Request.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 8.—When seen this afternoon, Governor Stone refused to say whether he would call an extra session of the legislature or not at the request of Mayor Walbridge of St. Louis. From an unofficial source it is said that he is opposed to an extra session; that such a call would necessitate at least a ten days' session and that it would cost the state \$40,000 or \$50,000.

INDIAN BILL COMPROMISE.

One Year More for the Sectarian Schools—Attorneys' Claims Referred.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The conferees have made a final agreement on the Indian appropriation bill. The sectarian school amendment provides for one instead of two years for closing the government contracts with these schools, and the claims for attorneys' fees in the Cherokee old settlers' claims are referred to the court of claims. The report was agreed to in the Senate.

Alliance of the Reform Churches.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The American delegates who will represent this country at the sixth General Council of the Alliance of the Reform Churches throughout the world, holding the Presbyterian system, left to-day for Glasgow. The convention will open on the 17th. The constitution of the alliance aims to bring together all reformed churches which hold the Presbyterian system. It will consider subjects of evangelization and reform in the Christian church throughout the world. Church union, temperance, the Sabbath reform, federal union of all the members of this household, beneficence, missions, etc., are the principal themes that will come before this assembly.

Congratulations for Wales.

LONDON, June 8.—Telegrams are still coming to Marlborough house congratulating the Prince of Wales upon the success of his horse Persimmon in the Derby Wednesday. The queen, Emperor William, the czar and most of the crowned heads have telegraphed to the prince. The only discordant note this far comes from Scotland, where the Rev. Mr. Fergus, at a meeting of the Religious Tract society, suggested that they send colporteurs to Epsom in order to induce the Prince of Wales and, incidentally, Lord Roseberry, to "try for a higher race than the Derby."

Douglas to Leave Kansas.

TOPEKA, June 8.—George L. Douglas of Wichita, famous in 1893 as speaker of the "Douglas house," has made arrangements to go to Chicago to practice law. He gives as the reason for making the change that owing to his hard fight to suppress the liquor traffic he has made himself disliked in Wichita. He says he is boycotted by the business men and others and nobody will give him any law practice. He will leave while he has youth and means and make a new start in Chicago.

Senators Petition for Wiborg.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.—Counsel for Captain Wiborg, late commander of the alleged filibustering steamer Horsa, have received from Washington a petition to President Cleveland, requesting his pardon, signed by Senators Sherman and Morgan of the foreign relations committee and forty-two other Senators, and forty-eight members of the House in addition to the 103 received a few days ago.

Naval Bill Differences Compromised.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The conferees on the naval appropriation bill have agreed upon a compromise providing for three new battleships, and fixing the price of armor plate at \$125 per ton.

Lies Filed on the Grant Statue.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., June 8.—William Ordway Patridge, the sculptor, who made the statue of General Grant, unveiled on April 20, has filed a mechanic's lien on the statue. He claims that \$6,085 is due to him for his work.

IN THE SENATE TOO.

VETO OVERRIDDEN IN THE UPPER BRANCH.

Fifty-six Members Oppose and Only Five Stand by President Cleveland—Mr. Vest Makes Another Bitter Attack on the Chief Magistrate—His Veto Was Severely Criticized.

The Rivers Bill a Law.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—As soon as the Senate met to-day Mr. Vest, who, in the absence of Mr. Frye, is in charge of the rivers and harbors bill, sought to have the President's veto of that measure brought up. This was opposed by Mr. Pettigrew, in charge of the Indian appropriation bill conference report.

Mr. Vest argued that the suspension and possible destruction of the work of improvement of international water ways was of more moment than any other one subject, save that of the national honor. It was imperative that the question be settled now, so that if the veto was sustained it could be determined whether any other rivers and harbors bill was to be framed.

The bill and veto were taken up, June 25, says 10, the negative vote being cast by Messrs. Bates, Chilton, Harris, Palmer and Vilas, Democrats, and Brown, Morrill, Pettigrew, Pritchard and Teller, Republicans.

Mr. Vest said that the veto contained statements which, however much he might respect the high office of President, ought not to go unchallenged. He did not question the President's veto prerogative, but the framers of the constitution never had intended that this power should be used in the ordinary affairs of the government. It was to be a power to meet extraordinary contingencies when popular passion had led to hasty legislation or when a constitutional question was involved. The early Presidents who stood nearest to the constitution exercised the veto power but seven times—twice by Washington, five times by Madison and never by Jefferson or John Adams.

The President had, Mr. Vest said, stated that the bill made direct appropriations of \$14,000,000, while in fact they aggregated \$12,608,000, a difference of \$1,391,100. This was hardly characteristic of the emanations of Mr. Cleveland.

Mr. Vest took up other items, showing that the totals were less than the President's statements given in the Senate, in connection with the vast interests involved and the extent of the country, and the fact that the river and harbor bill covered two years this measure was reasonable. There were items open to question, but in all legislation this was a result of compromise. He had addressed a letter to General Craighill, chief of engineers, asking for the facts as to the statement of the President that he had learned from official sources that the bill contained appropriations intended to serve private interests. General Craighill made no reply, but in response to a telegraphic query answered that the letter had been "referred to the secretary of war for instructions." Up to this date no information had been given.

Mr. Vest said that he believed that one of the present changes applied to the Brunswick, Ga., harbor, one of the best and most economical improvements in the country. He spoke of cheaper rates of transportation resulting from improvements at the Soo, New Orleans, Baltimore, New York, Boston and elsewhere. In the platform on which Mr. Cleveland was first nominated was a strong plank for water improvements, and his early message indorsed these improvements. The speaker prophesied that in the near future legislation would be directed to further development of international commerce and cheapening transportation.

DAWES CLAUSE ADOPTED.

The Senate Acts on One of the Indian Bill Disputed Points. WASHINGTON, June 5.—In the Senate to-day a partial conference on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to—27 to 20. It covers a plan of establishing Indian citizenship in the Indian territory to be carried out by the Dawes commission. It has been contested for several days.

Mr. Pettigrew, in charge of the Indian bill, then sought to have the remaining items, including that of the Indian schools, sent back to conference, but Mr. Lodge moved to recede from the Senate amendment to sectarian schools. The House suspended appropriations to sectarian schools, but the Senate amendment gave until July 1, 1898, for a change from contract to government schools. The motion was defeated—yeas 17, nays 31, the nays being Brown, Chandler, Clark, Dubois, Gallinger, Lodge, Mitchell of Oregon, Morrill, Platt, Quay, Sewell, Teller, Warren and Wilson, Republicans; George, Democrat, and Butler and Peffer, Populists.

Governor Altgeld's Tour.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Arrangements are on foot for a grand Altgeld tour of the country during the campaign. He will make speeches in all the Northwestern, Southern and Western States. It is said tons of copies of his State, Louis speech, which has been edited and revised by him, will be distributed from the train. It is likely that during the latter portion of the tour he will be accompanied by the silver Democratic candidate for President.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The public debt statement shows an increase for the month of May of \$5,178,730, which is accounted for by a decrease in the cash of \$2,897,450 and an increase of \$8,176,180 in bonds of the last issue, paid some weeks ago and delivered during the last month.

THE POLITICAL ARENA.

Western States to Be Made the Battleground of the Campaign.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—With free silver triumphant at Chicago, it is conceded by politicians generally that the great fight in the coming campaign will be in the West. New York, New Jersey and Connecticut will be allowed to take care of themselves, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana and Western mining states heretofore Republican will be the battleground. This being the case, New York is almost certain to be abandoned as the headquarters of the campaign committees. Already a movement has been started to make Chicago the Democratic headquarters. While the Republicans expect to raise most of their money in the East, good politics suggests that they, too, pitch their tent near where the fight is to be the hottest.

There is a good deal of speculation being indulged in at present as to who will be selected as the chairman of the two great parties. Senator Quay is thought to be the choice of the McKinleyites to succeed Thomas H. Carter. If Senator Quay does not take the place he will have a good deal to say about who will receive the appointment. With a free silver candidate and a free silver platform, Mr. Quay's usefulness as chairman of the Democratic campaign committee will be at an end. Senator Jones, of Arkansas, is being prominently mentioned for the place.

Kansas Democratic Preferences.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 6.—The Kansas delegation to the national Democratic convention is divided in its preferences for president. There is not one of the twenty who will support an Eastern candidate. Bland of Missouri is the choice of 13; Hoes of Iowa 4 and Governor Matthews of Indiana 4. Ex-United States Senator John Martin and David Overmyer, the leaders in the delegation, are for Bland, and will make an effort to give him the solid vote of the delegation.

Senator Quay Likely to Withdraw.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—No one need be surprised if Senator Quay withdraws from the presidential race within the next few days and requests his supporters to cast their votes for McKinley. It is understood that he has already written a letter to Harvey H. Harris, a member of the Pennsylvania delegation and is withholding it to consult friends.

The Kaiser's Yacht a Flyer.

LONDON, June 6.—The Meteor, the new yacht of the Emperor of Germany, sailed its first race yesterday at Cowes and defeated the Prince of Wales yacht Britannia, the Alisa and the Satanita.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

DES MOINES, May 26.—During the year 1895, the commissioner of patents says, there has been exceptional activity in making improvements in baling cotton, straw packers and stackers, excavators, extracting aluminum, pneumatic drills, car fenders, and couplers, games and toys. A copyright has been granted to Will Porter, of Des Moines, for his "Annals of Polk County, Iowa, and the City of Des Moines." Patents have been issued as follows but not yet issued to Harvey N. Timms of Des Moines, for a movable stand for bicycles, adapted to be readily attached to a bicycle in such a manner as to support it stationary, or while moving it about. Mr. Timms has a factory at Seymour, Ind., where he is turning out his improved bicycles and various attachments. To Wm. H. Foote, of Casey, Iowa, for a wheel cultivator in which teeth bearing bars are adjustably connected so that the teeth can be made to move in parallel lines close together or the space between them enlarged as required to suit different kinds of soil and different conditions of soil. To J. Hook, Jr., of Manilla, Iowa, for a two-horse eveler for vehicles that allows the doubletree to slide back and forth on the pole, prevents concussion and on a down grade keeps the traces taut. To Smisor Brothers, of Webster City, Iowa, for a type writer in which each letter or character printed is visible to the operator instantly after the impressions made and in which upper and lower case letters can be successively used by striking the same key. Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address. Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any United States patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents for the paper and postage to Iowa. Inventors in other states can have our services upon the same terms as the Hawkeyes. THOMAS G. AND J. RALPH ORTIG, Solicitors of Patents.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and a few others.

Table with columns for market type (e.g., Butter, Eggs, Pork, Cattle, Sheep) and prices. Includes sub-tables for OMAHA, NEW YORK, and ST. LOUIS.