CONVENTION DAY SET

THE DEMOCRATS WILL GET TOGETHER IN JULY.

And About That Date Place in Nomination a Candidate for President - A Resolution That the Convention Be Held Behind Closed Doors Unanimously Voted Down-The Convention City Not Yet Named.

July 7 is the Date Set.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- The Democratic national convention will be held July 7. The national committee decided to-day on this date. An opposition motion favored June 2. The vote on the date for holding the convention resulted 32 to 18 in favor of July 7 and was taken after a little discussion, in which considerable difference of opinion developed.

The resolution of Patrick Collins of Massachusetts, offered in the convention of 1892, that the next national convention be held behind closed doors, was reported adversely by the sub-committee to which it was referred and the report was adopted

unanimously.
It was decided to give each city thirty minutes in which to present their claims this afternoon, but a new departure was made by the adoption of a resolution requiring each city to put its guarantee in writing to prevent any misunderstanding in the fu-

Senator Morgan, who held a proxy of Mr. Clayton of Alabama, talked for some time about a proposition to change the basis of representation in the convention to two delegates for each Democratic representative in Congress and two for each Dem-Senator and one for each Republican Senator and representative. He offered no motion to this effect. He may bring the question up in the convention. It was decided to allow each territory six delegates, after which the committee took a recess until 3 o'clock.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

Balance of Trade in This Country's

Favor for the Year of 823,269,084. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17,-The report of the treasury statistician shows the exports for December exceded the imports by \$30,358,146. The total of exports for the month was \$92,505,503, and the imports \$62,207,357, of which \$32,753.550 was dutiable. As compared with December, 1894, exports gained \$8,000,000.

The total of exports for the year 1805 was \$824,896,522, and of imports, \$801,626,638, giving a balance of trade in this country's favor of \$23,269,884. In 1894 the balance of trade was \$148,-789,307. The exports for the two years were about the same, but the imports of 1824 were \$125,000,000 less than in 1895. That accounts for the

drain of gold. The net export of gold in December, 1895, was \$14,170,290, and for the year 1895 it was \$72,065,687. The net export of silver for the year was

The immigration for 1895 was 324,-542, against 248,983 for 1894.

SETTLES AN OLD CASE

A Former Officer Who Fought a Duel

Given Honorable Discharge. Washington, Jan. 17 .- It is a curious story that is embodied in a report Mr. Tarsney made to the House from the military affairs committee to-day. When Captain of the Fourth Missouri Cavalry William M. R. Grebe, was challenged to fight a duel by a fellow officer, Ferdinand Hanson, he accepted, and on December 12, 1864, concerned in the were court martialed and cashiered. The report recommends at the conclusion of a several years' fight that Captain Grebs should be granted an honorable discharge. It exhibits the pleadings of the accused, who set up that foreign birth and training had built in him the conviction that not to fight was disgraceful. Tom Fletcher, when Governor of Missouri, vainly endeavored to secure a pardon from the Preside t. The case is among the celebrated cases of Missouri, and Captain Grebe, who now lives at Bonner Springs, Kan., formerly lived in Kansas City and s well known there.

TO SUCCEED HIMSELF.

Republican Cancus Nominates Allisoa for Senator Amid Wild Enthusiasm

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 17,-The Republican joint legislative caucus met yesterday afternoon. Representative Allen was made chairman and Senator Ellis nominated W. B. Allison for United States senator, Each speaker referred to Mr. Allison's tine record, and paid especial attention to fact that he is a very available candidate for the presidency. Every allusion to Allison for president was greeted with great applicase by the members and visitors crowding the lobby and galleries. At the conclusion of the speeches

Mr. Allison received the unanimous rising vote of the caucus for the nomination, and was declared the nominee.

An Angio-i reach Agreement in Siam. Paris, Jan. 17 .- At a cabinet council held this morning, M. Benthelot, the minister of foreign affairs, announced that the Anglo-French agreement regarding Slam was signed yes-terday, and that by its terms the Mekong becomes the boundary and both powers undertake to refrain from an armed advance into the Menam valley. But the Slamese territory west and east of it is excluded from this clause.

Deputy Floquet Ill.

PARIS, Jan. 17 .- M. Charles Thomas Floquet, the celebrated French polltician and deputy, for a number of years president of the Chamber of Deputies, is seriously ill with congestion of the lungs and is not expected to recover.

Campos Asks for Cavalry.

Margan, via Bilpa, Jan. 17. - Captain General Campos has asked for cavalry re-enforcements to be sent to Cuba and it is officially reported that the situation there is regarded as be-

CLEVELAND IS CRITICISED.

The New Jersey Senator Presents a Declaration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17-In the Senate to-day Mr. Allen. Populist, Nebraska, called attention to the indefinite postponement of his bill prohibiting American citizens from receiving foreign titles, decorations, etc. It occurred through an oversight of his and he asked that the measure go to the calendar for consideration as the peo-ple did not believe in this undemoeratic practice and wanted it stoppe ?

The request was agreed to. Mr. Bansbrough, Republican, North Dakota, from the committee on again culture, reported favorably the resolu tion directing the secretary of agriculture to carry out the provisions of the law relative to the distribution of seeds and of government publications.

Mr. Call (Democrat) of Florida offered a resolution directing the secretary of State to send to Congress all dispatches from the United States consuls in Cuba concerning the present

Mr. Cullom (Republican) of Illinois presented a resolution which was agreed to, requesting of the state department information as to whether naturalized United States citizens of American birth were allowed to visit Turkey; whether their families living in Turkey were allowed to depart for the United States, and whether Americans living in Turkey had the same ghts as were accorded to the citizens Great Britain, Germany, France and Russin.

Mr. Sewell (Republican, New Jerie Monroe doctrine as follows:

"Resolved, That the Monroe doctrine as originally propounded was directed to the special prevention of the threatened action of the allied powers in reference to the revolted colonies of pain, and the occupation by way of olonization of any derelict territory on this hemisphere, to resist such action by armed force if necessary.

"That the executive has pressed the Monroe doctrine beyond what was contemplated at the time of its annonneement and that the resultant sequence of the position thus taken seems to be a committal of this govsemment to a protectorate over Mexes and Central and South American states.

That this would be most unw'se and dangerous, and would violate the sound and well established policy that we should avoid all entangling alliances with foreign powers, whether they be European or American.

"That this action was premature, looking to the history of the controversy and inopportune in view of the business and financial condition of the country.

"That neither congress nor the country can be nor has been committed by the action or position of the executive department in reference to the Venezuelan boundary controversy. as to the course to be pursued until the time shall have arrived for a final determination. It will then be our province to adopt such a line of policy and to take such action as may then be demanded by our sense of duty to the country and by a due regard for its honor and dignity, the welfare and safety of our people and the integrity of our institutions."

PENSION DEBATE.

Democrats and Republicans Displeased With the Administration's Policy,

Washington, Jan. 17.-Another day was consumed by the house in oratory upon the pension appropriation bili in the course of which the policy of the present administration toward the veterans was scored by both Republicans and Democrats and defended by two or three Democrats. The most notable incident of the debate was the attack made by Mr. Grow of Pennsylvania, upon what he termed the extraordinary attempt by the President and his clerks to encroach upon the prerogatives of the legislative branch of the government. He denounced Secretary Carlisle for sending a financial bill to congress, and the action of the President in having read the famous letter to Mr. Catchings on the Wilson bill just before the vote on the bill, which he said was an attempt to influence the vote. Congress should resent such encroachments upon its prerogatives, Mr. Grow declared.

Mr. Crowther of Missouri, was one of the speakers. He closed as follows: 'Judas Iscarlot betrayed the Son of God; Benedict Arnold attempted to betray the nation that had respected and honored him; and here comes along a Democratic administration, the first in thirty-two years, that is at tempting to betray the men that made it possible for a Democratic administration to be elected.

Left & Million for Life Annuitles. New York, Jan. 17.-One of the most remarkable wills ever offered for probate in the surrogate's office was that of William Fowler Foster, He leaves an estate of over \$1,000,000. He requests thus all his real estate baconverted into each for the purchase of 150 annuities. The only lump bequest left is to his wife, Bertha M. Foster, who is left \$10,000 in each and an annuity for life. Not a cent is left to public charities.

Living Is Expensive in Havana.

HAVANA, Jan. 17 .- The prices of provisions, etc., are rising very rapidly here, and the expense of living is fully fifty per cent more than a month ago. At the rate things are going, though the Spanish authorities are still hopeful of driving the in 'rgents eastward and westward of Havana, the city of Havana will soon be the most expensive place in the world to live in. Business is suffering terribly on all

His Eighth Daughter to Marry.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The engagement is announced of Miss Katharine, eighth daughter of Chief Justice Fuller of the United States Supreme court, to Mr. Beecher of Buffalo, coasin of the late Henry Ward Beecher. date of the marriage is set for Febru-

Greenway Carried the Day.

Wissippe, Manitoba, Jan. 17.-At the poils yesterday the electors of Manitoba delared almost unanimously ngainst interference by the Dominion with her school laws, and ex-Premier Greenway's administration was in dorsed by a majority of about fourteen.

WITH GOVERNOR OF THE STATE AT ITS HEAD.

An Organization of All the People Williing to Stand Up for Nebraska and Keep It in the Front-Its President the Chief Executive of the State-Objects and Alms Set Forth by An Address From the Executive Committee.

A Porely Nebraska Movement.

The organization of the Nebraska Club is now perfected, the following officers for the ensuing year having been elected:-President, Governor Silas A. Holcomb; vice president, Senators Thurston and Allen and Congressmen Strode, Mercer, Hainer, Meikeljohn, Andrews and Kem; secretary, Charles E. Williamson: treasurer, Alfred Millard, cashier of the Commercial National Bank of Omaha, the latter two officers being of Omaha. The organization is strictly a state one, as it was formed by a body of men called together from every section of Nebraska and representing every interest. It starts out under very favorable circumstances, having the endorsement of Governor Holcomb and other leading official and business men as well as definite assurance of their hearty co-operation and substantial aid and sey) offered a resolution dectaratory support. Nearly twenty counties, or of the policy of the United States on nearly one-fourth the entire number, were pledged at the organization meeting to immediately form auxiliary clubs, and this is to be done at once. Full information concerning plans for the foundation of auxiliary clubs may be had of the sceretary at Omaha.

> The president and the executive committee have jointly issued a formal address to the people of Nebraska, the substance of which given below, and should and will be read to the end by every loyal citizen of the state. The proposition seems to be a broad one, in the interest of the whole state, freed from all sectional bias or preferment and popolitical selfish motives. It will therefore appeal to the ready and substantial support and co-operation of all good citizens. The address, in substance, is as follows, limited space for- meeting in their different localities. bidding the publication of the full text.

Recognizing the value and need of organization, in the general interest of our state, a number of gentlemen, reprepresentative of all sections of Nebraska, met at Omaba, December 30, 1895, and incorporated the Nebraska club, the general object of which is expressed in the articles of incorporation. also the preamble and resolutions which were in the early stages of the movement adopted, first by the Manufacturers and Consumers association of Nebraska, and subsequently endorsed by the leading business and professional men, also state officials, mayors of cities, and others, forming a preliminary groundwork for the subsequent building of the completed structure represented in the Nebraska club now being formed. The preamble and reslutions referred to ace as follows:

Whereas, The immigration of good citizens into Nebraska should be encouraged.

Whereas, Having in our great state a territory capable of supporting many times its present population, thousands of acres of as fertile soil as can be found anywhere in the world, one of Nebraska's greatest needs now is a more rap idly increasing population.

Whereas, An increase in immigration. more particularly upon our agricultural lands, would result in (1) an increased trade in the commodities handled by the jobbers and retail merchants of the state; (2) an increased consumption of the products of our home manufactures; (3) the employment of idle labor and increased activity in all the avenues of business and the professions; 4) an increase in the valuation of our farm land, city realty and other taxable property, thereby producing a higher general average of prosperity to all our people now here and to come:

Whereas, There already exists among the people of the state, needing only to be crystallized and organized in order to become a live working factor in the general advancement of the interests of the state, a sentiment strongly in favor of keeping Nebraska to the front in an honest, earnest and effective manner, therefore, with an abiding faith in the great resources of our state and fullest confidence in the integrity of its citizens, be it

Resolved, That we, the undersigned. and others who shall hereafter join with us, hereby agree to associate ourselves together and organize as assodation to be known as The Nebraska Club for the general purpose of securing the co-operation of all classes of people throughout the state in a systematic effort to promote immigration of good citizens and add to the population of the state by the year A. D. 1900, one million immigrants, being good settlers from other states and countries

There are scores of ways and methods to be adopted and put into execution. To a very large extent they must be left to the Board of Directors and Executive Committee.

it is a fact not to be lost sight of that we have not only to induce imigrants, but to stay the tide of emigration, though small, from Nebraska We have to meet in a dignified and forceful way the misapprehension that has gained footing abroad by the cir-culation of slanderous statements de-

rogatory to the good name of the state. There is no question but that it can be done by simple and persistent statement of facts. As expressed by a prom-inent citizen of the state, "We must start a back-fire against that which is injuring us so severely or we shall be consumed." This must be done by givng the widest possible circulation in the proper territory to such editorial work or illustration as is being turned out day by day by one of the leading newspapers of this city, in which it makes comparisons from statistics with southern and other states which are attracting settlers from the country generally as well as from Nebraska and which show up very largely to the advantage [of Nebruska. Much of the migration ink,

THE NEBRASKA CLUB. is blind and misguided and a large per WOMAN AND HOME. cent will sooner or later return the wiser for the experience and better

than ever satisfied with Nebraska. It will be one of the duties of the organization to thoroughly inculcate the doctring given expression to by Hon. Chas. W. Irish at the recent State Irrigation convention when he said, tick by your farms and stay in Ne-

braska Statistics and other reliable information will be circulated at home, there fore as well as in those sections where any untrue and libelous items have been or may be given publiation.

The statistics compiled will bear chiefly upon matters of interest to the farmer, and it is proposed to give

them absolute credibility. There shall be a literary bureau or bureau of facts and figures. From such a bureau it is proposed shall constantly and regularly emanate by good and bright pens new and attractive matter. Great care will be exercised that it shall be first of all accurate and that it shall be most judiciously distributed on soil where it would natur-

ally produce the best fruits. This is an organization by the people of the state. It is theirs and they will be expected to entertain and manifest an interest in it in keeping with such a relationship.

Incidentally, but with emphasis, the cople most sought after shall be the farmers, and the farmers' grown-up sons and daughters. This is a movement in which there must be no jeal ousies as between individuals, sections or localities, or as between the country and towns. It must be a common, united, harmonious effort, not of the classes, but of the masses of the people, by the people and for the people of Nebraska.

While it is the chief purpose of this statement to direct attention to the methods of applying the forces which will be mustered in this movement for the general good, nevertheless plans for developing and completing the or ganization will be of general interest-The articles of incoration require that shares shall be subscribed and paid before the club shall proceed to carry out the object for which it is incorporated.

As an example worthy of emulation, the Manufacturers and Consumers association of Nebraska is cited. This rganization, a state one, with members all over Nebraska, has already by formal resolution of its board of directors requested its members, active and associate, in the various communities to take the initiative in this movement, make up the original five stockholders necessary and call an organization

Volunteer organizers are called for and should be readily secured from every county in the state without delay. Over one hundred signatures were promptly added to the drafted preamble and resolutions, being those or representative citizens all over the state. The co-operation and assistance of the press is earnestly desired. Foreign corporations and individuals having interests in the state, and therere, in the work and success of the iub are requested to subscribe to the ommon fund.

Every business firm, every farmer and all others, regardless of vocation. politics or creed, are urged to join in the common effort.

On the occasion of any and all general conventions, farmers' institutes, or other public gatherings of size and importance, it is desired and requested hat the club be given a place on th program thereof and proper time for a due and full presentation of its princise and its claims upon des and purr the public interests and support.

The real estate men will naturally occupy a prominent place in the active work of the club and their earnest per sonal vigilant support is desired.

Traveling salesmen, insurance agents and companies, doctors, lawyers, clubs and fraternal organizations and all others are asked to interest themselves in this organization and the good work it proposes doing.

PERSONALS.

Bernhardt expects to pass the summer in an old ruined castle on the Atlantic coast of Brittany.

Miss Blackadder, 19 years old and the daughter of a Dundee architect, is the first woman to be graduated from St Andrew's University, Scotland.

Emperor William, it is announced, will forego a visit to Norway this year. He will cruise a time on the Baltic Sea and go to Sweden, spending some time

in Stockholm. Prince Bismarck has given to the Gray Friar's school in Berlin, where he went as a boy, a young oak from the Sachsenwald, near Friedrichsruhe, to be planted in the playground.

Dr. Hirschfeld, the archaeologist, who conducted the German eveavations at Olympia, died recently at Wiesbaden at the age of 48. He was professor of archaeology at the University of Kocnigsberg.

Capt. William G. Randle, who has been selected to command the new American liner, St. Louis, when she is placed in active service June 5, is the son of an English sea captain and is a skillful senman.

John W. Foster will remain at the Chinese capital for the present and may not return to the United States for some weeks. The Chinese want Mr. Foster to do something further toward earning his \$100,000 fee.

Achmed Wotelegel, the merchant who helped Slatin Pasha to escape, on returning to Omdurman was hanged by order of the Kalipha. He was betrayed by Siatin's servants, who were tortured until they confessed that he was the last person in communication with their master before his flight.

the Turtle Mountain outbreak in North Dakota and refused to surrender to Maj. Hale, the Indian agent, is 88 years old Maj. Heros von Borcke, who died recently in Berlin, fought with Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, the confederate cavairy leader, during the civil war, being one of

Red Thunder, who was concerned in

Shad roe with eggs and parsiey makes a most palatable breakfast omelet, long known to gastronomic students. Only the ignorant ever wash straw-

the most trusted members of his staff,

berries. They should be lightly shaken In a towel as a means of cleaning them. The world is full of people who are disappointed and displeased when theris no Oslong Staver in tea biscuits.

Alleged current jelly one buys at the average grocery shop is a strong suggestion of what would be considered red

UP - TO - DATE READING FOR WOMEN AN GIRLS.

Some Current Notes of the Modes-Timely Recipes for the Cookery- Wearing Bloomers Is Only a Fad-Fashion



HE GIRL who can neither afford a sealskin coat nor a chinchilla cape because of their tremendous cost consoles herself very well indeed with one of the lovely velvet coats, of which there are

such a variety. A very girlish jacket of black velvet is cut in the Norfolk style and falls below the waist to a depth of several inches. It fits the graceful form easily, without being at all snug, and has broad box plaits down both back and front. The front of the coat is cut away to display a smoothly fitted vest of heavy white satin, fastened under the left side with invisible hooks and eyes. A broad sailor collar of white satin, overlaid with costly point de Venise lace, finishes the shoulders prettily. A belt of stiffened velvet encircles the waist, drawing the slight fullness in gracefully to the form. The cost of a velvet Robed Like a Queen of Old.

The fashionable woman fairly revels in luxury this season, for all the modes are decidedly luxurious, and very poorly suited to slim purses. Velvets and furs, furs and velvets seem to be the beginning and end of fashion's dictums, and, oh, such costly furs! Ermine never was cheap, possibly because it is the fur of royalty, possibly because of its own worth-but it was always beautiful, and is so now, a fact most women realize and utilize to the best

of their ability, says a Chicago paper. An altogether charming cape, with long stole ends, is among the fur wraps of one of Chicago's beauties, and a regal appearance she makes in its snowy beauty. The body of the cape is of rich olive green velvet, extremely full, and edged broadly with a rich embroidery placed flatly on it. Over this flutters a deep butterfly cape of ermine, with a jaunty collar standing up about the face. One end of the cape is drawn over the bust, surplice fashion, or, rather, in the style of the favorite fichus, and from the waist fall two long tails of the fur, finished with a row of talls. A dainty ermine muff completes the set. Richly brocaded satin, with a peachy pink groundwork, lines the garment throughout, while the same shade of pink is seen in the smart head-dress of roses, topped off by a single black plume. So many fetching affairs are made for theater wear, in which ermine is combined. One very pretty one, and one easily copied, has for a foundation an ermine collarette with a small head coat is more than one would imagine at and tail Full jabots of webby lace



A WINTER BELLE-

first thought until one goes on a hunting expedition through the shops in search of one and finds the prices ranging from \$50 to \$75 for the cheapest. Some very fetching cloth coats are being put up for sale in a few of the tistically arranged as to call forth small most exclusive shops, mostly of light, pale tan, in heavy melton, with trim-

beaver. They are in the reefer form of white chiffon, seemingly thrown on, and are extremely short, with cute lit- and held in place at the ends by bands tle ripples at the back, made so stiff that flattening is impossible. There is a broad collar of the sable and a narrow facing of the same all down the front, giving it the effect of being fur lined. A coat of this sort cannot be had for less than \$40, but they are well worth the price, because they do look so very easy and so very becoming .--Chicago Chronicle.

Wearing Bloomers.

A bicycle club of girls are anxious to know if bloomers are to be worn next season, and if they are approved by the best authorities. Answer-It is very evident, girls, that you are not regular readers, else you would have been rooted and grounded, as it were, in the latest ideas on bloomers. It is perfectly safe to say that the time is not far distant when women will find their cheeks getting red when they recall the spectacle they have made of themselves by going out wheeling in bloomers. They are merely a craze, and one that is without sense or reason. Thousands of women have never worn them, and for this they will probably be very thankful. As to the authorities that approve of them, that is a matter of opinion. Many very excellent women wear them, but that proves nothing. The bloomer fad is dying out, and a not very lingering death either. Wear moderately short skirts and galters, girls, and let bloomers severely alone. One of the best styles is a skirt just to the instep in front and almost touching the ground at the back. When you mount, see that the back seam of the skirt comes exactly over the midthe of the saddle. This prevents showing the ankles at the back, and gives a much more graceful and stylish effeet than a very short skirt. It is safe and comfortable and becoming, and this cannot be said of all costumes .--New York Ledger.

were arranged softly at the front; in the folds were nestled snugly bunches of pale pink roses with foliage. The muff was a bewilderment of lace, chiffon, ermine and posles, but all so cishricks and exclamations of highest approval from feminine friends. The mings of Russian sable, silver for er groundwork of white silk has soft folds



of lace bordered each side, and a huge silver chain held the dainty thing about the shoulders.

Timely Recipes.

Clara Cole-Clean brass frames with a slice of lemon; rub it over the spots, and when dry apply a little Spanish whitening to brighten the brass.

Elizabeth A .- Finger bowls are set on plates with small doilies under them; they may be white or colored glass, and the doilles any style de-

sired. Drop Cakes-Beat half a pound of butter and a pound of sugar together, sift in a quart of flour with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, add six beaten eggs and a cupful of milk, stir, and drop off the spoon on buttered paper, and bake in a very hot oven. The batter should be very thick.