

THE MEN ARE NAMED.

THE VENEZUELA COMMISSION DECIDED UPON.

Judge Brewer is Chairman of the Same—The Others are Richard L. Olney, Andrew D. White, Frederick E. Coudert and Daniel G. Gilman—Political Complexion of the Men Named.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—President Cleveland has announced the appointment of the Venezuelan boundary commission, as follows:

David J. Brewer of Kansas, justice United States Supreme court.

Richard H. Alvey of Maryland, chief justice of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia.

Andrew D. White of New York. Frederick E. Coudert of New York. Daniel G. Gilman of Maryland.

The commission is regarded here as a very satisfactory one, whose opinions and conclusions will be received by the American public with that confidence which the standing of the members of the commission in the public eye inspires.

Justice Brewer is a Republican in politics, and about fifty-eight years of age. He is a graduate of Yale, and has spent considerable time in the practice of his profession in Kansas, where he filled a number of judicial offices. In 1884 he was appointed Circuit court judge of the United States for the Eighth district and was appointed associate justice of the Supreme court in December, 1889, by President Harrison.

Richard H. Alvey is a Democrat in politics and a man of marked legal ability. It was the great reputation he gained as judge in the Maryland courts which led President Cleveland in the absence of political influence on Judge Alvey's part, to appoint him to the position of chief justice of the Court of Appeals of this district. He is about sixty years of age.

Andrew D. White is a Republican in politics. He is one of the best known men of letters in this country, and perhaps in the world, is an author and historian and has been the president of Cornell university. Mr. White was appointed minister to Russia by President Harrison and this position he held through Harrison's administration and for a year or more during Mr. Cleveland's administration.

Frederick E. Coudert is a Democrat in politics and is one of the best known members of the bar in New York. Mr. Coudert was one of the counsel for the United States on the Behring sea commission, and in that capacity made one of the most eloquent and effective speeches delivered in behalf of the American contentions.

The last named member of the commission, Daniel G. Gilman, president of Johns Hopkins university, is well known as an authority in international law. He was at one time president of the University of California, and was later called to take up the work of the organization of the university of which he is now at the head. He is the author of a life of President Monroe. Mr. Gilman has never figured prominently in politics. At the White house it is stated that he has no politics, but his proclivities are understood to be Republican. The two great parties, it will be seen, are equally represented on the commission, with the fifth member having no outspoken politics.

All of the above named persons will accept the places to which they have been appointed and are expected to assemble in Washington as soon as practicable, with a view to taking the oath and entering upon their work. The appointments are made in compliance with a resolution of Congress passed at the request of President Cleveland, and the work of the commissioners will be to examine and collect evidence with a view to determining the true division line between Venezuela and British Guiana. The conclusion reached by the commission will be reported to the President for his information in connection with any further representations and communications that may be made by this government to Great Britain in connection with the boundary line dispute between the latter country and Venezuela.

PAINTER BLAIR'S SAD END.

Formerly Famous and Wealthy, He Died in a Home for Incubables.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—John B. Blair, born in 1830, and once famous and wealthy, died yesterday at the home for incurables. Blair was a famous painter a half century ago. His skill is attested by the fact that his portrait of President Taylor is in the White house gallery. He was one of the first painters of war panoramas and the first to paint any great panorama in this country. His first was a picture of birds of all the world, and to accomplish this work he circled the globe twice. He was the inventor of the silk bag gas balloon, such as aeronauts of today employ, and fifty years ago invented a bicycle on the same lines as the present safety. He added half a million of wealth to a well known pencil manufacturer by inventing the rubber tips for pencils. He painted landscapes of foreign countries and pictures of sheep in almost endless numbers, and his auction sales of these were annual events in art circles a quarter of a century ago. Five years ago he was stricken with paralysis and three years later became blind and also lost the strength of his mind. He was then placed in the home for incurables.

Attchison to Make Car Couplers.

ATCHISON, Kan., Jan. 3.—L. T. Backus, C. T. Backus, C. W. Weller, R. R. Herd and E. A. Park, have incorporated the "Columbia Car Coupler Company" for a term of fifty years. Capital stock, \$150,000; general offices, Atchison.

That Zinc Smelter Deal.

SENECA, Mo., Jan. 3.—Robert H. Layton, who returned from Chicago yesterday, says the syndicate plans for the purchase of all the zinc smelters in this section have not been consummated, but that his ten furnace smelter at this place and those of the Layton Smelter at Pittsburg, Kan., have been sold to the syndicate. He will give possession in about forty days. It is presumed that the new owners will continue the works here, as they have ordered suspended furnaces to be repaired for immediate use.

ENGLAND THE BULLY.

Significant Remarks Made Recently by Venezuela Commissioner Coudert.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Frederick E. Coudert is the only one of the commissioners, who, in advance of his appointment, expressed an opinion on the boundary controversy. Mr. Coudert, while the country rang with the Venezuela message, took occasion to express his views of England. Now that he is a commissioner they become significant and are given as he gave them some days ago:

"England has been the bully of the world. Her policy has been one of aggression. She holds Gibraltar and by that means has Spain by the throat. When France was tied up with Germany, England seized Egypt, as she had practically seized Cyprus. In the event of trouble between this country and England, France would sweep into Egypt and Russia would march upon Constantinople. England, of course, is responsible for the Armenian massacres. England will not permit Russia to seize Constantinople and wipe the unspeakable Turk off the face of the earth, therefore thousands of Christians must suffer death. John Bull has no friends and Uncle Sam has no enemies. If there should be trouble between America and England the sympathy of all Europe would be with us and the hand of every European nation would be raised against England. The English government appreciates its friendliness and helplessness. Because of that fact there will be no war. If war should come, the map of Europe would be recast and perhaps the map of Asia, too."

A JUDGE KILLS A FOOTPAD

Justice Blume of Chicago Rout Two Attacking Thieves.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Justice Jarvis Blume of the West Chicago Avenue police station was passing underneath the Alley "L" structure at Thirteenth street at 1:30 o'clock this morning on his way home in company with his daughter May, when two masked men attacked the magistrate. One of them threw his arms about Mr. Blume's neck and tried to strangle him; the other made an attempt to find his pocketbook.

Making a feint to assist the robbers, Blume drew his revolver and fired. One man uttered a cry of pain and fell with blood streaming from a wound in his abdomen. Before the police arrived the man was dead.

When the man fell Justice Blume turned his revolver upon the other, who was making haste to escape. None of the bullets took effect.

After the shooting Justice Blume and his daughter went to the Harrison street police station and told what had occurred. The patrol wagon was sent out at once and the man found dead. The body was taken to the morgue. Among the papers in his pocket was a vaccination certificate made out to John Kelly.

FREE COINAGE.

Silver Men Are Preparing a Measure to Supersede the Bond Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The Senate bill finance committee adjourned at 12:30 until to-morrow. No action was taken and no vote was had. The bond bill was discussed, but the tariff bill was not taken up. Senators White and Wolcott were not present.

Senator Vest was not present so the silver men and anti-silver men were a tie. It is understood that the intention of the silver men is to report either a free coinage substitute or amendment to the bond bill, probably an amendment. After the regular meeting of the committee the Republican members held a conference in the committee room and the Democrats conferred in the district committee room. Senator Jones, Populist, of Nevada, went with the Democrats at the conference. The silver men have unanimously decided to insist upon an amendment in the nature of an entire substitute providing for free coinage of silver and the elimination of all authority for the issuance of bonds. Senator Jones of Arkansas was delegated to prepare a message in accordance with these views to be submitted to a full meeting of the committee as soon as it can be completed.

SIX LIVES LOST IN A FIRE.

The Home of a Wealthy Ohioan Burned—Five Narrowly Escaped.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 3.—At 4 o'clock this morning the home of John H. Hibbard was discovered to be on fire. Mr. and Mrs. Hibbard, their son, Allen, aged 5, and baby, Dorothy, Miss Fay Hibbard and Mrs. Grace Hibbard-Lee, sisters of Barnesville, Ohio, perished by suffocation although their bodies were more or less burned.

Mr. Hibbard was secretary of the Central Ohio Natural Gas and Fuel Company and was related by marriage with the Deshlers, Huntingtons and other of the wealthiest families of Columbus. Four sons, less than 15 years of age, and the colored servant narrowly escaped by jumping from second-story windows.

A Resubmission Newspaper.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 3.—Simon Greenspan, who married the widow of Allen B. Sells, the wealthy ex-circus man, is seeking to establish a resubmission daily paper in Topeka. The movement has not assumed definite form yet, and will not be carried into effect unless the National Liquor Association will subscribe liberally. Greenspan is a pronounced opponent of prohibition, and thinks the opportunity is now ripe to begin a resubmission campaign.

Colorado Produces More Gold Than Silver.

DENVER, Colo., Jan. 3.—For the first time in the history of the State the gold output for the year just closed exceeded in value that of silver. The most careful computation of the mineral output for the year from the statistics attained shows the following: Gold, \$17,340,495; silver, \$14,259,049; lead, \$2,955,114; copper, \$877,492; total, \$25,432,150. For 1914 the output was: Gold, \$11,237,590; silver, \$14,721,750; lead, \$3,298,514; copper, \$207,439; total, \$29,965,293. The increase in the gold production is almost wholly from the Cripple Creek district.

THE HORSELESS VEHICLE

General Miles Considering Its Utility in Army Use—Would Be a Great Saving.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Gen. Miles is now making a study of the horseless vehicle, with a view to determining its utility in army use. The idea is to use it for the army trains. At each of its forty-one military posts our army employs two or more wagons, prescribed by the Quartermaster General. The larger, the six-mule wagon, is for transporting army supplies to and from railroad stations on the frontier posts. The other, known as the escort wagon, is pulled by two or four mules. It is used in the more thickly settled regions, for the same purpose, as well as for official errands. Those wagons have been used in the army since the war, with but little alteration. The horseless vehicle, if feasible, would be a big improvement over them. Besides, it would be a great saving.

Our small army of 25,000 men employs 9,500 horses and mules for use of the cavalry and artillery and for general drafting purposes. The average cost of these for the last fiscal year, for instance, ranged from \$93 to \$198 each, the cavalry horses costing the least, even less than the Government mules, and draft horses the most. Thus the army makes a great outlay each year, not only for purchasing horses, but for keeping them well fed and groomed.

COPPINGER'S PROMOTION.

His Nomination to Be a Brigadier Still Held Up.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—The nomination of Colonel Coppinger to be brigadier general of the army is still held up in the Senate. There is a hard fight being made against his nomination. This fight is being conducted by the A. P. A. The most serious objection to the distinguished soldier is that he is a Catholic in religion and when a young man served in the Pope's zone.

Coppinger came to this country in 1869, entered the Union army, served with distinction throughout the civil war, has been wounded several times, and received a commission in the regular service and in the natural order of things reached the command of his regiment and was nominated by the President to the grade of brigadier general. Colonel Coppinger's wife was the eldest daughter of the late James G. Blaine, and it is said that one of the reasons for the serious break between the Blaine and Harrison families was the refusal of President Harrison to promote Coppinger to brigadier generalship when requested to do so by Mrs. Blaine. Last summer, when a vacancy occurred in the grade of brigadier general, President Cleveland promoted Coppinger.

A Modern William Tell.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Jan. 1.—"Arizona Charley," who enjoys the distinction of having conducted a week of bull fighting at Cripple Creek, Col., in spite of the opposition of the local authorities and the governor, was accidentally shot and painfully wounded last evening. He had too much confidence in the marksmanship of a friend, whom he requested to shoot a snow ball from the top of his head. The friend's nerve was bad and Charley received a painful wound in the forehead.

Small Operators Fear It.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Jan. 1.—Considerable interest is manifested here as to the probable outcome of the great zinc combine. As its workings can yet only be guessed, those interested do not feel at liberty to express themselves. The impression among many miners and operators is that the result will be simply to choke out of existence all small enterprises and to prevent any further efforts toward the building of any additional smelting works in this section.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Butter, Eggs, Chickens, etc.

NEW YORK.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Wheat, Corn, Oats, etc.

ST. LOUIS.

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KANSAS CITY.

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Denied From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—The report that Iowa Indians have leased 15,000 acres of land from the Kaw tribe, intending to live off the rental of their allotted lands to whites, is disputed by Indian officials. All leases made by or with Indians require the approval of the Indian bureau, and Indians cannot abandon their allotments and move onto reservation lands only by authority of an act of Congress. This action has never been allowed and the Indian bureau will not authorize it now.

FOR WOMAN AND HOME

INTERESTING READING FOR DAMES AND DAMSELS.

Dresses for Little Girls—Frocks for the Dancing School—Bright Blues for Evening Gowns—Some Hints for the Household.



LAIDS seem made especially designed for wear by children, and they are in strong favor this season. The blue and green plaids are the most commonly seen this season, and are generally more becoming than those of the red shades, and are smartly combined with hunter's green or peacock blue velvet, rows of tiny brass buttons and black satin. A charming little cloak for a miss of 6 years is of the softest wool in blue and green plaid, made to hang in full box plaits from a circu-

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.



ing this combination.

White has a softening effect upon color in every case, and is especially charming when made up with pretty soft grays, browns or some of the pretty mixed goods. A fetching gown for semidress evening wear is made up of smoke-gray crepon and pearly white velvet. The flaring skirt is set full of panels of pearly white velvet, broad at foot and tapering to the waist in a sharp point. The round bodice of crepon has panels of velvet from throat to waist, graduating like the skirt. Over the full mandolin sleeves of crepon are flaring panels of velvet smartly stiffened. A pretty gown of black satin is made gay with pipings of white satin and rows of tiny white pearl buttons. Another pretty frock is of tobacco brown taffeta, with trimmings of white satin ribbon edged with frills of yellow Valenciennes lace. The skirt has a wonderful width, and is decorated by two panels set in either side of the skirt, edged with rows of lace-edged ribbons. The round bodice, and it seems as though all bodices are round nowadays, is composed of alternate rows of lace-edged ribbon and tobacco-brown velvet ribbon. There are huge balloon sleeves, deeply tucked across the upper portions and finished at the wrist by lace and ribbon.

A pretty black and white checked gown of softest taffeta has decorations of ivory white satin and black jet. The godetted skirt is enormously full and perfectly plain. It has a seamless little bodice of the checked goods, with a let in yoke of white satin edged about with jet. The lower part of the full sleeves are of jet-covered satin.

Latest Ideas in Fashions.

Nothing is prettier for a tailor-made gown than a doekin vest with daintily speckled buttons for trimming. The most elegant wide skirts have the folds falling in futings all around and are strapped at the seams with velvet, plush, etc. Plain skirts are frequently finished off above the lower edge with rows of narrow braid or tucks.

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Frocks for the Dancing School.

Now is the season of delight for the young dancing-school miss who is considered too young to "come out" in society, but who may dance and flirt to her heart's content under the chaperonage of the dancing teacher. White forms the foundation for many of the dainty dancing gowns, and is really the only appropriate thing for these young buds to wear, though, no doubt, their hearts ache for the more gorgeous array of their fully fledged sister, who has

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at all good form on the gown of a young girl; beautifully shiny ribbons and delicate embroideries. An exceedingly smart frock of pearly white taffeta is made girlish and sweet by its accessories of broad pearl-white satin ribbon and huge buttons set with pearls. The skirt is immensely wide, flaring out in huge pleats of gaufered taffeta, with a graduated panel of white satin ribbon directly down the center. The bodice is as dainty as possible, made of the taffeta, pouching well over the folded belt of white satin ribbon. Directly down the center of the front is a five-inch satin ribbon in the form of a box pleat, and decorated with huge buttons set with pearl. It is cut quite low, squarely across from shoulder to shoulder and banded with ribbon. A soft-frill of chiffon covers the pretty shoulders. The sleeves are broad loops of the ribbon knotted through the center. With this frick are worn long suede gloves of pearl white and suede slippers to match. The cloak to go with this pretty creation is of snowy-white elder down, very full and quite long, with a deep opera hood, and all edged with the softest and fluffiest of white Angora.

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The Judge's Musical Instrument.

A new typewriter story comes from India. It appears that one of the English judges in India was an expert on the machine, and it occurred to him to use it for the making of judicial notes. The machine was conveyed into court, when a certain novelty was imparted to the proceedings by the click of the keys and the tinkling of the bell which indicated that a line had been completed. The prisoner was found guilty and sentenced. Promptly he appealed, on the ground that, instead of listening to the evidence, the judge had whittled away his time by playing on a musical instrument. This was a technicality as well as a typewriter, and quite a good enough reason for a bad man to get a new trial.

One's Trough Balance.

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

If you have both tracts and bread to give to the poor, give them the bread first.

Woman wants dress; man wants address.

We have not been without Floss's Cures for Consumption for twenty years.—LIZZIE FERRELL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '91.

The extent of your trouble is the importance which you attach to yourself.

Many a man who claims that charity begins at home lets his wife saw the wood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sarsaparilla has over and over again proved itself the best blood purifier medical science has ever produced. It cures when other medicines utterly fail. Its record is unequalled in the history of medicine. Its success is based upon its intrinsic merit. Hood's

Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. \$1; 6 for \$5.

Hood's Pills easy to buy, easy to take, easy in effect. 25 cents.

World's Fair HIGHEST AWARD.

IMPERIAL GRANUM

Is Pure and unsweetened and can be retained by the weakest stomach.

A safe, easily digested FOOD for DYSPEPTICS!

Sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE! John Carter & Sons, New York.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thumper humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

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