

— READ THE OMAHA GUIDE —

Speech Of

Val J. Washington

Director of Minorities Republican National Committee
AT THE NAACP MEETING
MOUNT VERNON BAPTIST CHURCH, DURHAM, N. C.

Mr. Chairman, distinguished guests, members of the NAACP, friends:

The roll of the NAACP in our daily lives is becoming one of increasing importance. It is not often that I get into the South because you have so few Republicans here. North Carolina has not voted Republican since 1928. On that occasion the Democrat party rejected its own candidate, Al Smith, because he was a Catholic, not because they liked the Republican candidate. This type of thinking is bad in a democracy.

Last month I made two speeches in Alabama, my first in that State. In my opening statement, I said, "I would not have ordinarily come to Alabama just to make a political speech, because here in the deep south, it has been impossible for a Republican to get a fair hearing. Alabama has not voted Republican since 1872. There is a more important reason for my visit tonight. Your state is in the throes of lawless turmoil which could develop into open conflict, if the saner minds among you do not keep emotions suppressed during these perilous days. It is to offer moral support to your unprecedented peaceful fight for your constitutional rights that I have come here tonight."

You can well be proud of the fearless demeanor, orderly conduct, and courageous manner in which our people are withstanding the prejudicial pressures which are being placed upon them in Alabama during these days of tension.

In discussing the Eisenhower program and Negroes' rights, let me say that I do not think there is any better or more fitting time than now to recall President Eisenhower's opening words at his inauguration on January 20, 1953: "My friends, before I begin the expression of those thoughts that I deem appropriate to this moment, would you permit me the privilege of uttering a little private prayer of my own. And I ask that you bow your heads."

"Almighty God, as we stand here at this moment my future associates in the executive branch of the Government join me in beseeching that Thou will and their fellow citizens everywhere.

"Give us, we pray, the power to discern clearly right from wrong, and allow all our words and actions to be governed thereby, and by the laws of the land. Especially, we pray that our concern shall be for all the people regardless of station, race, or calling."

"May cooperation be permitted and be the mutual aim of those who, under the concepts of our Constitution, hold to differing political faiths; so that all may work for the good of our beloved country and Thy glory. Amen."

As I listened to the President offer this prayer and the manner in which he gave it, I knew that better days were on the way for you and me.

As Negroes we are a very patient and unselfish people. In fact, we have been, with a minimum of complaint, allowing people to keep from us many of the constitutional rights that are justly ours. We have, however, continued to impress upon our white neighbors that we have not been satisfied with our lot. Our most spectacular gain in recent years on the civil rights front was made on May 17, 1954 when the Supreme Court handed down its momentous school desegregation decision. This was a long hard battle for which the NAACP must be given full credit. The battle is not over; we still have a long way to go.

Suppose we examine the position of the leading Democrat candidate, Adlai Stevenson, on this subject. I believe that his attitude and statements will eventually cost him the Democrat nomination. In view of this I would suggest that you check very closely the attitude of Senator Stuart Symington of Missouri on all racial issues. Recently his name has been cropping up favorably among many of the southern Congressmen and Senators. Mr. Stevenson is satisfactory to them, but has shown weakness among Negroes

and other groups who supported him heavily in 1952.

Now what did Mr. Stevenson do to create much of this antagonism toward him? I think most of us thought Mr. Adlai Stevenson was a super liberal. He comes from my State of Illinois. While I am of different political persuasion, I still had a healthy respect for him and considered him a worthy opponent of the Republican Party. During the month of February thousands of his followers, both colored and white, were sadly disillusioned by his gyrations. A prominent Californian who left the Democrat Party 22 years wrote: "I think Mr. Stevenson has set us back twenty-five years with his suggested January 1, 1963 date for integration and other statements. Since many of the Democrats whom I have always respected and followed are still supporting and defending him, I feel that this is a good time to make my exit from the Democrat Party. I cannot see how Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, Senators Herbert Lehman, Hubert Humphrey, Paul Douglas, and many other so-called liberals can, in good faith, support the present Stevenson preachings. I am ready to go to work. You tell me where."

Now let's see exactly what happened to make Mr. Stevenson lose much of his high rating among liberals. Though he claims to be a super liberal; on February 5th in Los Angeles, he registered opposition to the Powell anti-segregation amendment; and, to the appointment of a special bi-partisan Congressional commission with subpoena powers to study violations of Civil Rights, voting rights, and other injustices in the South, as proposed by President Eisenhower in his State of the Union Messages. (The NAACP had endorsed this idea.)

On February 7th, he said that he would not cut off Federal funds from segregated schools, nor send Federal troops to enforce integration if the law was ignored. He topped off his speech by offering a target date for integration of January 1, 1963, with these words: "government power should be used only to the extent that the public will support such use. I favor a cautious temperate approach to the whole problem, not one that could provoke ugly reactions and even lead to another civil war."

Mr. Stevenson met with such violent protest from his close followers and the surprised public, that on February 12, in Portland, Oregon, he called for "Removal of the desegregation issues from the Presidential campaign". . . .

George Meany, President of the AFL-CIO joined with Mr. Wilkins, saying he felt Mr. Stevenson was "running away" from the school segregation question.

But Mr. Stevenson did not make his biggest blunder until March 2nd in Minneapolis. Very peeved by the criticism of his previous statements he made the famous statement which many political experts believe will help eliminate him as the Democrat candidate.

Now let's analyze the Stevenson position, keeping in mind that he has been labeled an outstanding liberal. However, on Civil Rights when the chips are down, he has gone to the right of the Supreme Court and become the most conservative of conservatives. Certainly Mr. Stevenson had misjudged the seriousness of the issue and the temper of both national and world opinion.

His warning against the use of force which he describes as "troops and bayonets" is out of place, because there is nothing involved beyond the enforcement of an injunction issued by a federal district court to enjoin local school boards which refuse to comply with the Supreme Court decisions.

Mr. Stevenson also speaks about "ugly reactions". The ugly reactions have not come from us but from the White Citizens' Councils, attackers of Nat King Cole and others whipped into frenzy by the Eastlands and their ilk.

Some of Mr. Stevenson's backers talk about the use of the ballot to rectify all southern wrongs. But is there any reason to believe that

it will be any easier to enforce voting laws in Alabama, Mississippi other bad areas in southern states than it is to enforce the right to attend schools in the south from elementary to college; as decreed by the Supreme Court?

Mr. Stevenson's position that desegregation should not be an issue in this campaign is pure demagoguery. From the start of his campaign for the Democrat nomination in California he courted the South in the hope that he could win these anti-Negro delegates. He thought he could hold Negroes and other minorities in his camp at the same time. You just can't talk out of both sides of your mouth and get away with it in this enlightened day.

The greatest test of liberalism in this country is where you stand on the rights of the man lowest on the totem pole. Right now that rung is occupied by you and me. The Democrat party's approach to the Negro voter has taken a strange reversal of form since Mr. Stevenson's backsliding. Its spokesmen have quit talking civil rights since over 35 per cent of their Representatives and Senators signed a manifesto against our rights, and Senator Eastland has become Chairman of the powerful Judiciary Committee.

Let's review some of their old gimmicks. From a 16 page pamphlet used by Mr. Stevenson in the 1952 campaign, I quote, "If you don't want to turn back the clock: BREADLINES, SLUMS, MOB VIOLENCE, SEGREGATION, DISCRIMINATION — VOTE FOR STEVENSON AND SPARKMAN." Mr. Sparkman is one of the chief spokesmen for the manifesto signers. It is they who are causing mob violence and doing all they can to keep segregation, discrimination, and slums. These are acts of Democrats, not Republicans.

The total income of Negroes in 1955 was estimated as over 16 billion dollars per year—more than at any time in history including the prosperous wartime years. That certainly does not sound like a bread line economy. So we debunk that argument!

"You would be risking our chances at world peace, and you would be risking prosperity at home." (Harry Truman). We ended the Korean war within six months after we took office and business reached an all time high in 1953 and 1955, two of the three years we have been in office. So that rebunks that argument!

"If Republican candidate should be elected you would have as President a man without experience in civil life. . . . In Congress you would have reactionary leadership from one end to the other." (Harry Truman). If the calibre of leadership which President Eisenhower has given can be maintained without experience in civil life, let us have more of it.

"If the G.O.P. wins, you'll have a 25c dollar, because their platform commits the Republicans to abolish economic controls entirely." (Walter Reuther, C.I.O.) Controls have been taken off, but the dollar has been stabilized by this Administration. The cost of living has gone up less than 1/2 of 1 per cent in the past three years and three months. But under Mr. Truman the cost of living went up 47 per cent between the end of World War II and when he went out of office in January, 1953. So that rebunks that!

"The issue of the 1952 campaign. . . is democracy versus galloping reaction. . . . Galloping reaction would weaken, if not cripple, democratic trade unions. It would threaten the high wage policies which have done so much to produce American prosperity. . . . and bring back vivid memories of depression breadlines." (C.I.D. News, September, 1952.)

There have been fewer strikes than ever before in the history of trade unions under this Administration. The highest wages, in history, averaging over \$77.00 per week, are being paid. We have over 63,200,000 people gainfully employed. Last year was the best year in history for both labor and industry. So that rebunks that!

"The issue of this campaign is whether the control of the most powerful nation in the world, the leader of the democratic forces against Communism, shall be handed over to big business." (ADA World, October, 1952). I have debunked all of the other arguments with facts and figures. The question of big business or the party of the rich needs special treat-

ment. This is one of the biggest pieces of political baloney ever foisted on an unsuspecting public. Suppose we take a microscope look at this bun.

Of the 11 million Negroes 18-years of age or over, some 90 per cent are laborers, domestics, or farmers. You can see therefore why so many of us accept such propaganda as factual. The laborers are worked on by union leaders; in many cases the sharecroppers are being taken advantage of by their employers. Most of the sharecroppers are in the South and practically all of the plantation owners for whom they work are Democrats. Labor cannot make a job; it does the job. Capitol cannot do the job; it makes the job. So one cannot live without the other.

While I do not subscribe to attacking wealth, whether it be Republican or Democrat; I do feel that the record should be set straight. Certainly not all of the rich people are in the Republican Party. If the United States Senate and the Governors of our States are a barometer, we followers of the elephant are pretty low on the totem pole.

As Republicans this Administration does not want to take away from any person or organization any of the things which they have done to help gain our Civil Rights. All this Administration expects is full credit for what it has done.

Each Civil Rights advance should be put in its proper category so that no one can take credit for what he did not do. In the restaurant case in the District of Columbia, (which went to the Supreme Court) Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, a magnificent crusader brought about the victory with the help of many of us who contributed to the campaign. Neither Democrats nor Republicans can take credit for it.

The school decision, of course, was the result of tireless work by the NAACP after a long and bitter court fight. I am very certain that there are few, if any of us, who did not contribute to this fight. So neither Democrats nor Republicans can claim credit for that.

But no one can object to the Eisenhower Administration getting full credit for opening up the theaters, hotels and other places of amusement in Washington, D. C.; or the integration of the fire department there. Certainly we want credit for the successful desegregation of the schools of the District of Columbia and the starting of it immediately after the Court decision.

We also want some of the credit for Air Force, Army, Marines and Navy, reporting segregation entirely eliminated in the past three years. Negro officers and enlisted men have gone up over 50 per cent in the last three years.

We do want credit for ending segregation at West Point.

We do want full credit for ending segregation in Veterans Hospitals.

We do want credit for ending school segregation on all but two installations on Federal property. These are two schools on military posts where the counties had signed long term contracts with the Defense Department. We are negotiating on them now.

We do want credit for the improved operation of the Committee on Government Employment Policy resulting in the upgrading of thousands of employees. Three hundred Negroes were made supervisors in the Post Office alone in 1955.

We do want credit for setting up a new Government Contract Committee in 1953, putting Vice President Nixon in charge and tightening non-discrimination regulations resulting in the following gains: White collar jobs in the following industries for the first time.

- (a) Packing Houses.
- (b) Public Utilities.
- (c) Federal Reserve System.
- (d) Eliminated two types of contracts in the Oil Industry—white and colored. White workers received higher pay than colored in South.
- (e) Placed 25 to 30 skilled workers in the chemical industry.
- (f) We have been instrumental in having a special aircraft training program for Negroes in the aircraft industry where they were not used at all.

We do want credit for the Capital Transit Company in Washing-

ton, D. C. employing Negro bus and trolley operators.

We do want credit for getting 308 new jobs for Negroes in Government above \$6,000 ranging from auditor in charge to an Assistant Secretary of Labor.

We do want credit for having pulled one of the outstanding diplomatic coups of all times. Three rulers of darker nations were the official guests of President and Mrs. Eisenhower in less than one year. They were Emperor Haile Selassie of Ethiopia, President William V. S. Tubman of Liberia and President Paul Magloire of Haiti.

We do want credit for opening up the White House to Negroes for all types of social events from lawn parties to State dinners for the first time in history.

We do want credit for the magnificent Civil Rights program set to Congress by Attorney General Brownell.

The Attorney General has urged 3 changes in the "right to vote" law:

First, addition of a section which will prevent anyone from threatening, intimidating, or coercing an individual in the exercise of his right to vote, whether claiming to act under authority of law or not, in any election, general, special or primary, concerning candidates for federal office.

Second authorization to the Attorney General to bring injunction or other civil proceedings on behalf of the United States or the aggrieved person in any case covered by the statute.

Third, elimination of the requirement that all state administrative and judicial remedies must be exhausted before access can be had to the federal courts.

In closing let me tell you what we intend to do in the coming years.

1. We intend to be fair always in our dealings with all of our people.
2. We intend to make the Constitution work for all citizens in every article and every amendment.
3. We intend to enforce the Supreme Court decision because it is the law of the land.
4. We intend to recommend legislation where it is needed to uphold the law.
5. We intend that there shall never be another world war, but we will fight, if others force it upon us.
6. We intend to continue our fight for the use of the atom for peace and prosperity instead of war and destruction.
7. We intend to strengthen our ties with our friends in the free world because in this atomic age we cannot stand alone even with our great industrial might.
8. We intend to continue keeping America strong so that it can meet any emergencies which might arise from within or without.

9. We intend that there will never be another depression in this country.

10. We intend to continue our efforts to raise the living standards and better extend our prosperity to all those who have conscientiously helped to create it.

We submit our record and our intentions as a program of positive and progressive action by a party which has been in power only three short years. I offer it to the NAACP for your consideration. The Republican Party will stand on its record of fairness to all regardless of Race, Creed or Color.

These words of Dwight D. Eisenhower, our leader, express our position in this day of stress. "People are made in the image of God. They are divinely endowed with aspirations and talents. Their destiny reflects their divine origin. Therefore, the Republican Party must be inspired by a concern that comprehends every American; that sets up no walls of birth or creed or party; that all men and women of decency and good will are equal in their dignity."

Albert Ware

Mr. Albert Ware, 71 years, 5211 South 28th Street, expired unexpectedly Tuesday morning August 28th. Mr. Ware had been a resident of Omaha forty years and was a retired employee of Armour and Company. He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Geneva Marks, three sons, Mr. William Ware, Mr. Mose Ware, of Omaha, Mr. Harvey Ware, Chicago, Illinois, sister Mrs. Mary Lou Clampton, Kalamazoo, Michigan, four grandchildren and other relatives. The body is at Thomas Funeral Home.

family vacation time

the 1956 Nebraska

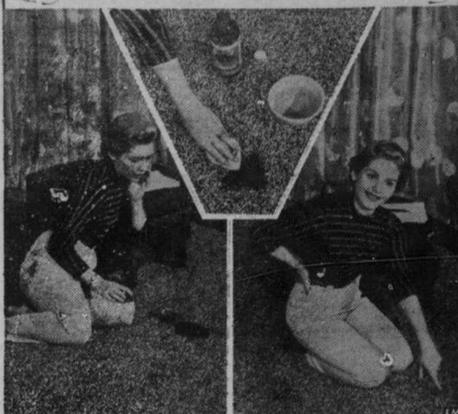
STATE FAIR

7 full days and nights

- See all Nebraska on display
- See the all new 1956 edition, Holiday on Ice

Sept. 1 thru 7 at Lincoln

New Carpet Sheds Stains



STAINS from permanent-type inks and other common household accidents needn't be anything more than a memory to a home with Bigelow's Maestro on the floor. Maestro is tufted of solution-dyed carpet rayon which permits the use of stain-removing household bleaches without damage to fabric or color. Solution-dyed rayon carpets easily shed stains from alcohol, animal mistakes, fruit juices, ketchup and most foods.

FOOD... through the ages

RECIPES, VERBAL OR WRITTEN ARE AS OLD AS COOKERY.

HELP! MY TONSILS ARE SAUTERED!

GREEK POET MENANDER'S (C.343-291 B.C.) LOST RECIPE FOR FISH SAUCE HAS BEEN SOUGHT BY SCHOLARLY EPICURES FOR OVER 2000 YEARS!

ALEXANDER DUMAS, THE ELDER, (1802-1870) WROTE A 1200 PAGE DICTIONARY OF RECIPES, INCLUDING: ELEPHANTS FEET, KANGAROO FILLETS AND JAVANESE KINGFISHERS NESTS!

AMERICAN RECIPES ARE PERENNIAL FAVORITES, LIKE THE QUICK EASY FROSTINGS MADE WITH SWEETENED CONDENSED MILK.

WHAT SMELLS SO GOOD?

FOR ANOTHER MAGIC RECIPE, COCONUT MACAROONS, BLEND 2/3 CUP SWEETENED CONDENSED MILK WITH 3 CUPS SHREDDED COCONUT AND ONE TEASPOON VANILLA... DROP BY TEASPOON ON GREASED BAKERY SHEET. BAKE 8 TO 10 MINUTES AT 350° FAHRENHEIT UNTIL A DELICATE BROWN.

Luscious Peach Cobbler For Dieters



During this fresh peach season, wouldn't you like to be given a reprieve from dieting? If you just didn't have to count calories, there would be so many luscious, mouth-watering desserts to be enjoyed from that ambrosial fruit.

You can stop feeling sorry for yourself. Here's a recipe for old-fashioned fresh peach cobbler, especially designed to fit into a reducing regime. Unnecessary calories have been lopped off without sacrificing even a little of the eating pleasure. In fact, this streamlined recipe saves you 129 calories per serving from the original recipe.

The secret? There's no sugar in the recipe! Instead the peaches, as well as the biscuit topping, are sweetened with Sucaryl, the new non-caloric sweetener that can be used in cooking and baking. This sweetener gives the peach cobbler a natural sugar-like sweetness, yet doesn't add a single calorie!

So make the most of the season's fruit treasure. Enjoy luscious fresh peach desserts, and diet, too!

- Calorie-Saving Peach Cobbler
- | | |
|--|---|
| 6 medium peaches (1 1/2 lbs.) | 1 cup sifted flour |
| 3 tablespoons water | 1 1/2 teaspoons baking powder |
| 1 tablespoon lemon juice | 3/4 teaspoon salt |
| 1 tablespoon Sucaryl solution or 24 tablets, crushed | 2 tablespoons butter |
| 1 tablespoon tapioca | 3 tablespoons skim milk |
| 1/2 teaspoon cinnamon | 1 egg, beaten |
| 1/4 teaspoon nutmeg | 1 teaspoon Sucaryl solution or 8 tablets, crushed |
- Set oven at 450° F. Pare peaches, cut in half, and remove pits. Place peach halves in a 1-quart greased casserole. Combine the water, lemon juice, Sucaryl, tapioca, cinnamon and nutmeg; blend well. Pour over the fruit.
- Sift together the flour, baking powder and salt into a small mixer bowl. Blend in butter until of the consistency of cornmeal. Combine milk, egg and Sucaryl, and add to the flour mixture all at once. Blend only until all of the flour is mixed in. Spoon by tablespoons over the top of the fruit. Bake in a hot oven (450° F.) for 15 minutes. Reduce heat to moderate (350° F.) and bake 30 minutes longer.
- Makes 6 servings. Each serving contains 167 CALORIES; 3.7 grams protein; 4.9 grams fat; 28 grams carbohydrate. If made with sugar each serving would contain 296 CALORIES.

Fix a Light-Weight Refresher



WHEN FOUR OR MORE FRIENDS GATHER TOGETHER OVER THE HOLIDAYS, there's bound to come that joyous moment when refreshments are in order! That's when this light-weight, pretty dish of White and Gold Refresher is sure to be appreciated.

Tapioca pudding mix, used as the base of this "refresher", is a true convenience product. It comes in three flavors: vanilla, chocolate, orange coconut. Here, in this pleasantly easy-to-fix dessert, vanilla tapioca pudding is laced with golden, juicy oranges and fancied-up with snowy coconut.

- WHITE AND GOLD REFRESHER
- 1 package vanilla tapioca pudding mix
 - 2 cups milk
 - 1 egg yolk
 - 1 egg white
 - 2 oranges, sectioned and diced
 - Shredded coconut

Combine pudding mix and 1/2 cup of the milk in saucepan. Add egg yolk and blend well. Then add remaining 1 1/2 cups milk. Cook and stir over medium heat until mixture comes to a full boil and is slightly thickened. (Mixture will continue to thicken as it cools.) Remove from heat. Beat egg white until stiff, but not dry. Add hot pudding gradually to beaten egg white, stirring constantly. Let stand 15 to 20 minutes; stir once or twice just to mix. Divide diced oranges among six sherbet or parfait glasses. Spoon pudding lightly on fruit. Garnish with shredded coconut and additional orange sections, if desired.

We do want credit for the Capital Transit Company in Washing-