

THE LIVING SOUTH
(BY HAROLD PREECE)
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INSURANCE COMPANIES AND HOUSING

(By Harold Preece)
Congressman Wright Patman's second son is my namesake. I'm proud of James Harold Patman, fighting overseas for democracy as I'm proud of all Dixie's boys, white and Negro, who offer their lives that all the peoples of the earth may live.

But I'm not proud of Congressman Wright Patman's stand on the housing project that was intended for Negroes at New Boston, Texas. I'm not proud that Negro defense workers, producing the things needed by James Harold Patman on the battlefield, should have been denied homes built by the government for them.

As a Texas white man, I protest against the occupancy of those houses for white people when they were intended for Negroes. But, brothers, I don't think that protests are worth a prayer down below unless those protests turn into a program for action. I've seen my grandpa's old turk, a gobbler swell up and get mad about something, but that didn't keep the axe off his neck.

What kind of housing program for Negroes is going to come out of the ruckus at New Boston? Is New Boston going to be another memory of another case of flight in which Negroes lost because they had less to fight with?

TEAR DOWN "COLORED TOWNS" Ever since the trouble at New Boston, I've been thinking that the Negroes going to be another memory of another case of flight in which Negroes lost because they had less to fight with.

Good housing is good insurance for that next generation which will give Dixie its next birth of democracy. Maybe, our great Negro insurance companies could help us solve that problem of housing if the government gave them a chance.

Congressman Wright Patman probably wouldn't vote for such a bill. But why can't we push legislation through Congress authorizing the government to loan money for home building to the Negro insurance companies, these companies to re-lend the funds to colored citizens who wanted to put decent roofs over their wives and babies.

The government could lend the money, say at two per cent, to the insurance companies. The companies would in turn, lend the money to home builders at four per cent. I'd bet anyone a ten spot against a brass nickel that Negro Americans, in a couple of years, would build homes that would be fine nesting places for those young folks who hold America's future in their hands as surely as they hold their nursing bottles.

It's something to think about. It's something for Congressman Wright Patman, who has generally supported liberal legislation, to think about too.

This doesn't mean that I believe the federal government should stop building housing projects on its own. My proposition about the insurance companies is intended for people who individually want to build homes of their own.

I believe that the insurance companies could measure up to the job. Some of the best business executives in the country are Negro insurance men. They've never failed to serve their people or their country when they've had even a half-way chance to serve.

Announces The Opening of Good Shepherd Store

Mr. Coleman Dancigerfield announces the opening of The Good Shepherd Novelty, Notion and Grocery Store, located at 2613 Burdette St. If you don't see what you want in this store, ask for it and the next time you come in he will have it, if it's available. There will be a stationery department where you may be able to purchase cards for every occasion, stamps, tablets, V-mail, and other writing material. This department is for your convenience. Don't judge the contents inside by the little store front outside. Come in and you will be surprised at the adequacy of this little store.

Edward Killingsworth Escapes with Minor Injury in Plunge Down Tuchman Bldg Stairs

About 11 a. m. Thursday, May 5th, Mr. Edward Killingsworth of the Killingsworth & Price Barber shop, fell down the stairway coming from Attorney Ray Williams' office in the Tuchman building. It was thought at one time he was seriously hurt. The Omaha Guide office called the Doctor's hospital, where he was taken at 12:30 p. m., and was told Mr. Killingsworth was treated for minor injuries and had been dismissed.

Sunday, May 13th is Mother's Day Be Sure to

THE OMAHA GUIDE

JUSTICE & EQUALITY ALL THE NEWS WHILE IT IS NEWS HEW TO THE LINE
EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

2420 GRANT ST. "Largest Accredited Negro Newspaper West of Chicago and North of KC." Saturday, May 12, 1945 ★ 10c Per Copy ★ Our 18th Year—No. 14

Raising of 'Bill of Rights' Question Left to Republics of Haiti, Panama

Airport Bonds Linked with City's Post-war Development



Above is an architect's sketch of the proposed additions to Omaha's Airport Terminal. Note especially needed space for the many concerns planning to bring new business and employment to Omaha.

Bond Issue Requires No Increase in Tax Rate

Whether Omaha would prove to be a progressive city or fall by the wayside in postwar commerce appeared to headline next Tuesday's election interest as voters prepared to go to the polls and decide the airport improvement bond issue May 15.

With the city commissioner's race providing no more excitement than in former years, attention was turned to the \$1,250,000 bond issue which more and more civic organizations are backing as Omaha's bid for a future.

The bond issue, which would be accomplished without raising the present tax rate, provides for much needed improvements and repairs to the runway and additions to the administration building at the Municipal Airport. Omaha recently was assigned a lower airport rating after government officials reported its state of disrepair. In order to regain its former top-ranking position, certain runways must be added, and additions made to the terminal.

Various Omaha organizations have pointed out that the airlines,

now operating their planes with a certain risk to their own equipment might begin "looking around" for a sister city eager and willing to provide an adequate airport to serve as a main line stopping point for transcontinental and border-to-gulf travel.

The airport bonds, if voted by the people, would provide for additional heavy duty runways paralleling several already laid, repairs to present runways before they completely "fall apart" and more room at the terminal for the hundreds of passengers and business executives arriving and departing daily. Several national concerns already have applied for space at the airport terminal.

Civic leaders have said that improved and repaired airport will attract new business to Omaha, and thereby open new outlets for increased employment of returning veterans, a large percentage of whom have been associated with the air forces and expect and hope to enter some phase of the aviation field.

Omahans were informed by the City Comptroller that voting ap-

Key Position to New Zealand at San Francisco Conference

The San Francisco Conference of the United Nations moved forward at an increased pace, its political pathway clear.

Working assignments were handed out to each of the participating nations with definite jobs to be done.

One appointment of special interest was that of New Zealand as Chairman of the Committee on the International Trusteeship System under the General Assembly.

New Zealand and Australia have views on the control of mandates and Japanese islands captured in the Pacific differing considerably with the desires of official circles in London.

Belgium was put in charge of the Commission on General Principles, which will draft the preamble, Statement of purposes and principles, Membership and general provisions including the secretariat and amendments. This is where the issue of the Atlantic Charter and the adherence of the America to principles of justice will come up, as well as that of liberalizing the provisions for amending the Charter.

To the Philippines went the post of rapporteur for this Commission, and to Laxson that of assistant secretary general.

Two committees are included in the Commission. On one, that on preamble purposes and principles, the Ukraine will hold the Chairmanship and Syria that of rapporteur.

On the other, that on membership and general provisions, Costa Rica will be Chairman. Haiti rapporteur for membership and Saudi Arabia for general provisions.

South Africa obtained the Presidency of the Commission on the General Assembly which will deal with the problem of whether the Dumbarton Oaks proposals should be modified to increase the rights of the smaller nations in the General Assembly.

Panama received the post of rapporteur and Liberia that of assistant secretary general for this Commission.

The Committee points structure

and procedures—Chairman, Turkey; Rapporteur, White Russia.

Political and Security Functions—Chairman, Bolivia; Rapporteur, Dominican Republic.

Economic and Social Cooperation—Chairman, India; Rapporteur, Guatemala.

Trusteeship System—Chairman, New Zealand; Rapporteur, Luxembourg.

Appointments to the Commission on the Security Council which will control the use of armed forces to restrain aggression were—President, Norway; Rapporteur, Paraguay; Assistant Secretary-General, Honduras. Offices on the committee under this Commission were distributed as follows: Structures and Procedures, Chairman, Luxembourg; Settlement of Disputes—Chairman, Uruguay; Rapporteur, the Soviet Union.

Enforcement arrangements—Chairman, Ecuador; Rapporteur, France; Regional Arrangements—Chairman, Colombia; Rapporteur, China.

Entering its second phase, the historic World Organization of an international Security began to tackle some of the serious problems basic to a permanent world structure to solve the colonial problem.

It was apparent this week, however, that the Colonial issue would not be raised in this Conference, and also that the "International Trusteeship Plan" does not offer too much hope to the solution of the pressing Colonial problem.

While neither Ethiopia nor Liberia asked for an "International Bill of Rights", raising this question was left to two small Central American Republics—Haiti and Panama.

Necessity of intellectual collaboration in the new world organization now being drawn up at San Francisco was stressed in the sixth plenary session of UNC 10 yesterday by Haitian Foreign Minister Gerard E. Lesot.

In its statement, Haiti said: "Collaboration is necessary. Human Rights Guarantees are asked."

Addressing the session in French, Mr. Lesot pointed out that the Dictators used education to their own ends and a repetition of the use of schools for purposes inimical to peace and security must be prevented in the future.

The Haitian Foreign Minister advocated that legal guarantees of human rights be more explicit in the World Charter declaring that the principles of racial and religious non-discrimination are indispensable in a just world organization.

While needing modification, the Dumbarton Oaks proposals will receive the support of the Haitian delegation. Mr. Lesot said as he expressed the hope that provisions would be made for modification of the organization to meet changing conditions. Haiti has confidence that the great powers of the World Organization will unite effectively to prevent any threat to the peace.

Mr. Lesot concluded by declaring his confidence that the Conference would accomplish its task with

Mark (X) Your Ballot Next Tues. Go to the Polls & VOTE!

Seventh War Loan Drive Starts Mon.

The greatest War Loan Drive in World War II opens Monday, May 14, as with Germany's collapse the nation readies its resources for intensified action in the Pacific.

During the six weeks of the Seventh War Loan Drive, May 14 to June 30, Nebraskans will be asked to lend their country 92 million dollars, 65 million dollars of which must be purchased by individuals, according to Dale Clark, War Finance Committee chairman for Nebraska.

Announcement of VE Day means completion of only one-half of the war. Mr. Clark reminded Nebraskans. He said that the other half of the war will be won when we have increased and intensified our efforts sufficiently to bring about victory in the Pacific.

The Nebraska War Finance Chairman pointed out that this year there will be only two War Loan drives instead of three, and that in these two drives Nebraskans will be asked to raise almost as much money in individual purchases as in the three last year.

"It means that we must buy bigger and more bonds in the Seventh War Loan Drive," Mr. Clark said, "by buying more can we make two drives take the place of three."

The intensification of the war against Japan is the principal reason that Americans must invest in War Bonds. Mr. Clark said, but he added that there are countless other reasons including the fact that the home-front must provide for the care of the sick, wounded and disabled who require medical attention now and will continue to require it for some time to come.

Asserting that the war should suddenly end tomorrow every dollar of the Seventh War Loan goal would still be necessary, Mr. Clark said that the amount asked for in this drive has already been committed to the war effort. "The responsibility rests with us, here in Nebraska, and with the rest of the nation to meet our quotas," he declared.

The Allied Military Command has estimated that it will take years, not months, to crush Japan, and if that is true, Mr. Clark said, the war will be bigger, harder and longer than many Americans expect. "We are the ones who must back it up, pay for it."

He urged Nebraskans not to let anything retard the job on the home front that has to be done to back up the boys who are doing the fighting.

A note of irony faced the conference in a plenary session when General Smuts of South Africa, one of the originators of the infamous "Mandate" system called for a "declaration of human rights" as a preamble to the Charter of the New World Organization.

Aside from a number of technical "language" changes in the Dumbarton Oaks plan the American amendments are understood to embrace these major points—

1. Authority for the World Organization's General Assembly to discuss and make recommendations on existing treaties to participating nations.

2. Provision that by a vote of three-fourths of the assembly and seven members of the Security Council

Direct insertion of guarantees of the principles of "justice" and human rights in the Charter preamble.

Fighting Ends in Europe—Power Wins



NAZI OVERLORDS AT HEIGHT OF THEIR POWER

Hitler and his "supermen" with all their stuffed-shirt pomp and ceremony. Their promise to rule the world has ended in defeat and annihilation. Arrogant and ruthless, here, at the height of their power, they have brought only misery and suffering to the German people, as well as to those they sought to conquer and destroy.

1918 ARMISTICE CELEBRATION

NEW YORK—Flags, people and cars filled Fifth Avenue that November day and similar scenes were repeated throughout the nation at the announcement of the end of fighting in Europe. But this celebration was tempered with anxious thoughts of the boys and the battles-to-come in the Pacific—until the day of total victory.

THE KAISER

In 1918 Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany (above) found refuge in Holland and he never paid for his part in World War I. Where, outside of suicide or assassination, will the Nazi warlords find escape from their responsibility for the crimes of the past decade?

TANKS HELP WIN

As Germany's power decreased, the Allied Nations' increased. Power to win came from well-trained, strong men and from America's mighty fleet of tanks and other motorized equipment, much of it powered with Red Seal engines, serving agriculture and industry as well as our armed forces.

PLANES—IMPORTANT FACTOR

Our superiority of Aerial observation directed the attacks of our victorious armies. These planes, as well as trainers and many fighters, were powered with dependable Continental engines.

WAR LOAN DRIVE!

