

A.F.L. UNION DISCRIMINATION GREET'S NEGRO WORKERS AT OREGON SHIPYARD

NAACP FLAYS AF of L AGENT

New York, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Citing the refusal of AFL union agents to permit 38 Negro workers imported to Oregon this week by the Kaiser Shipyards to sign up as anything but painters helper and laborers as a boon to Axis victory, the NAACP in a wire to William Green, at AF of L convention in Toronto, Canada, said:

"National Association for Advancement of Colored People express hope that convention of American Federation of Labor will unequivocally condemn attitude taken by Local 72 of AF of L Metal Trades Department of Portland, Oregon, and of Tom Ray, its secretary, who attempted to prevent Negro workers from Kaiser's shipyard from working except as painters helpers and laborers. We ask American Federation of Labor to go further and not only condemn color bars in all AF of L unions where they exist but to take unequivocal and concrete action to eliminate such restrictions on pain of expulsion from the American Federation of Labor. Any action short of this would stultify American Federation of Labor both with respect to its asking privileges and immunities for white workers while denying them to Negro workers and also because barring needed workers from war industries directly contributes to Axis victory, which would lead to enslavement of all workers."

Learning that Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Regional Director of the New York Man Power Commission, had at first refused to fill the Kaiser order because of the unions and Negro stand and had taken the order only when she was informed that the barrier had been removed, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People commended Mrs. Rosenberg on her forthright action against labor union discrimination and expressed the hope that other officials will follow her example.

Along with 460 white workers, the 30 Negro workers arrived at the Henry J. Kaiser Shipyards on October 1. The union representatives boarded the special train on which there had been no segregation and reclassified the white workers without experience as helpers in the various crafts. Many of the white men on the train were without previous mechanical experience. Of the 30 Negroes at least 19 could qualify as boilermakers' helpers on the basis of actual experience, and five already held union cards with affiliated AF of L locals, but the Negroes were allowed to sign up as painter's helpers at 95 cents an hour or as laborers at 85 cents an hour. At first the Negroes refused to sign up, but later all but one signed as helpers or laborers. Marion Hill, the Negro who refused to sign, returned to New York. He was given a return ticket and \$10 for expenses by the general manager of the Kaiser yards.

CALIFORNIA OIL MAN RECRUITS NAACP MEMBERS

Bakersfield, Calif., Oct. 9.—Twenty leading white citizens here took their first memberships this week in the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. The memberships were secured by Mr. Thomas McManus, local oil magnate, who, in 1936, lent his influence to the dismissal charges brought against William Pickens, then director of branches for the NAACP, when Mr. Pickens suffered an auto accident on the dangerous mountain road toward Bakersfield. In the car with Mr. Pickens at the time was a young white man whom Mr. Pickens had given a lift. Both men were injured, but the hitchhiker died 3 or 4 days after the accident. The state highway patrol filed a charge of negligent homicide. McManus came instantly to Mr. Pickens' aid.

ON THREE WEEK TOUR



RUDOLPH MOSES, left, above, and CHARLES W. BUGGS, dean and Science Division head, respectively, of Dillard University, New Orleans, left last Friday night on a three week observation tour of five of the country's foremost nursing schools in the interest of Dillard's new Division of Nursing established this year. They are visiting the

ward-2 Republicans Organize For All-Out Registration and Vote

CHAIRMAN RALPH W. ADAMS SAYS CANDIDATES DESERVE SUPPORT OF EVERY NEGRO VOTER

Last week the Douglas County Republican Central Committee announced the selection of officers and members of the 2nd Ward Committee—Colored Division. Ralph W. Adams, local attorney, was designated Chairman. Mr. Udel Ragan, Vice Chairman, Mrs. Cloma Scott, Chairwoman and Mrs. Carrie Jewell, Treasurer. At its first meeting, Thursday, October 1, the 2nd Ward Committee outlined policies for the present campaign, adopted a program of procedure, organized subcommittees and prepared a financial budget. Mrs. Cleota Reynolds served the session as Acting Secretary. Mr. C. C. Galloway was appointed Chairman of Publicity Committee. Mrs. Cloma Scott and Rev. John Adams, Sr., are heads of the Committee on Arrangements.

In statements as to policies to be adopted for this campaign, Chairman Ralph W. Adams said, "It is imperative that everybody become actively concerned about the social and political welfare of the Negroes in Douglas County and the State of Nebraska. Such concern is ineffective unless each citizen use his influence to get the Negro citizenry to register and vote. In this connection it must be borne in mind that the dual party system is a very definite safeguard of our freedom, liberty and opportunity. Therefore it is necessary for Republicans and Republican sympathizers to record a maximum vote in support of the Republican ticket in order to maintain our check on political affairs and to continue our representation in government offices. In making our decisions as to how to vote, we must do our reckoning on the basis of sound fact and evidence. All candidates on the Republican ticket have undoubtedly indicated their competency and fairness. There can be but one logical conclusion reached in the minds of the voters—to go all-out in support of these men. This support must not be by a narrow margin, but must be so overwhelming that political circles will become firmly convinced as to the potency of Negro political interest and strength." Adams reminded the Committee that the deadline for registration was October 23, and urged that registration be accomplished immediately.

Other discussions by members of the committee were summarized for minutes as follows: "A primary objective of the Republican local and national efforts is to assist in assuring preservation of the American Way and Equal Opportunity for minority groups by victory abroad and at home. Proper conduct of the war efforts should be the paramount concern of all. As Negroes we cannot afford to be indifferent to the international fight now on hand. Although we realize the existence of discriminatory practices and petty prejudices we also must realize the existence of a real opportunity to gradually overcome these handicaps. We must work hard not to lose this opportunity. We must be farsighted and take steps to guarantee the future security of our nation, race and families. We Negroes should know that we have to win this war. Unless this nation wins all that the race has gained in progress and all it hopes to gain toward industrial and political equality will be lost. In a defeated nation minority groups will suffer the worst privations."

Members of the Ward Committee and others whose interest and desire to help include the following: Lucy Mae Britt, Arthur B. McCaw, Victoria Turner, Leona C. Lee, W. B. Bryant, Paul S. Holliday, J. Dillard Crawford, C. C. McDonald, Ida

N.A.A.C.P. Demands Court-Martial For AEF Racial Bigots

NEGRO SOLDIERS MISTREATED IN ENG?

New York, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The War Department was asked today to take steps to eliminate the friction in the American Expeditionary Forces caused by Southern white soldiers who desire to establish Jim Crow traditions in England. In a statement to Secretary Stimson, the NAACP said:

"We strongly urge the issuance by the War Department, and perhaps by our Commander in Chief, of stern orders that any American soldier who causes friction of this character shall be immediately court-martialed and given the severest penalty provided by law and regulation if found guilty. "We further recommend that commanding officers who lack the necessary firmness and freedom from prejudice should be replaced. Trouble makers, white or colored, southern or northern must be shown that winning the war is more important than trying to tell the British authorities and people who they should or should not treat as human beings and as soldiers fighting to wipe out the Hitler theory of race."

For objecting to the presence of American Negro soldiers at entertainments arranged by the British authorities and people for American troops, the southern white soldiers have become the subject of much criticism throughout England, in the newspapers, in Parliament, and in private statements by officials and individuals.

Mae Willis, Roy M. White, Constance Adams, Josephine Johnson, Mae Rhodius Panky, Rev. L. A. Story, I. S. McPherson, Rev. B. F. Jones, Curry Stewart, J. P. Hingens, Ray L. Williams, Ed. Killingsworth, Lee Washington, Tom Jones, Henry Bidjoux, Harry Brown, Christine Althouse, Lovejoy Crawford, James Banks, William Davis, Rev. T. J. Sanders, Georgia Sanders, Eugene McGill, Mrs. Bush and others whom will be contacted. Arrangements are being made for the establishment of a 2nd Ward Headquarters on 24th Street.

COLOR DETACHMENT AT CREIGHTON FOOTBALL GAME SUN.

A colored detachment of 111 men comprising a 45 piece band and a special demonstration platoon, from the cavalry replacement training center, Fort Riley, Kansas, will give an exhibition drill between halves at the Creighton-Fort Riley football game on Creighton field Sunday afternoon, October 11.

The unit will arrive in Omaha Saturday afternoon and leave Monday morning, traveling in army vehicles. The men will be housed and messaged at Fort Omaha while here.

GRAND JURY TO STUDY NINE CHARGES OF POLICE BRUTALITY

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 9.—The St. Louis branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People this week presented to Circuit Judge Harry F. Russell affidavits charging nine cases of police brutality towards Negroes picked up for various reasons including suspicion, traffic charges and peace disturbances.

Judge Russell, who says he has been reliably informed of over 20 cases of police brutality in the past year, has announced that he will order the September grand jury to investigate the "horrible situation" involving allegations of physical injury such as broken noses and broken eardrums from police mistreatment.

Statements on the nine instances of brutality to Negroes, as well as the case of Edward Melendez, a white waiter, who died under mysterious circumstances, in the hold-over at police headquarters, July 27, were turned over to Judge Rus-

STRANGE CASE OF AN ENTIRE BAND BEING STOLEN IS UNRAVELLED HERE

(BY HARRY MILLER in the Jackson Sun, Jackson, Tenn.) Possibly the strangest case of its kind on record went down in the annals of the Sessions Court here in Jackson, Tenn. Technically the defendant Rae Lee Jones, colored, being held on a charge of bringing stolen personal property into the State of Tennessee, knowing that the said property was stolen.

It is alleged by C. E. Diehn, Secretary of the Piney Woods Colored School, near Jackson, Miss., that the instruments, music and music equipment belong, that Rae Lee Jones stole the property, but took the entire band personnel with her, the jaunt ending Friday night here at the National Guard Armory, where the said band played for a colored dance.

The background of the story runs something like this, according to Diehn:

"The Piney Woods School, located at Piney Woods, Miss., on highway 49, twenty-two miles southeast of Jackson, Miss., is an elementary institution, where the students, instead of paying their way, work their way."

"The school had an all-girl orchestra, of around 15 or 16 members, which would travel about the country in a sleeper type bus filling various engagements. "Rae Lee Jones from Omaha, Nebraska, was employed by the school to act as chaperone and to look after the business of the organization as well as for the welfare of the students."

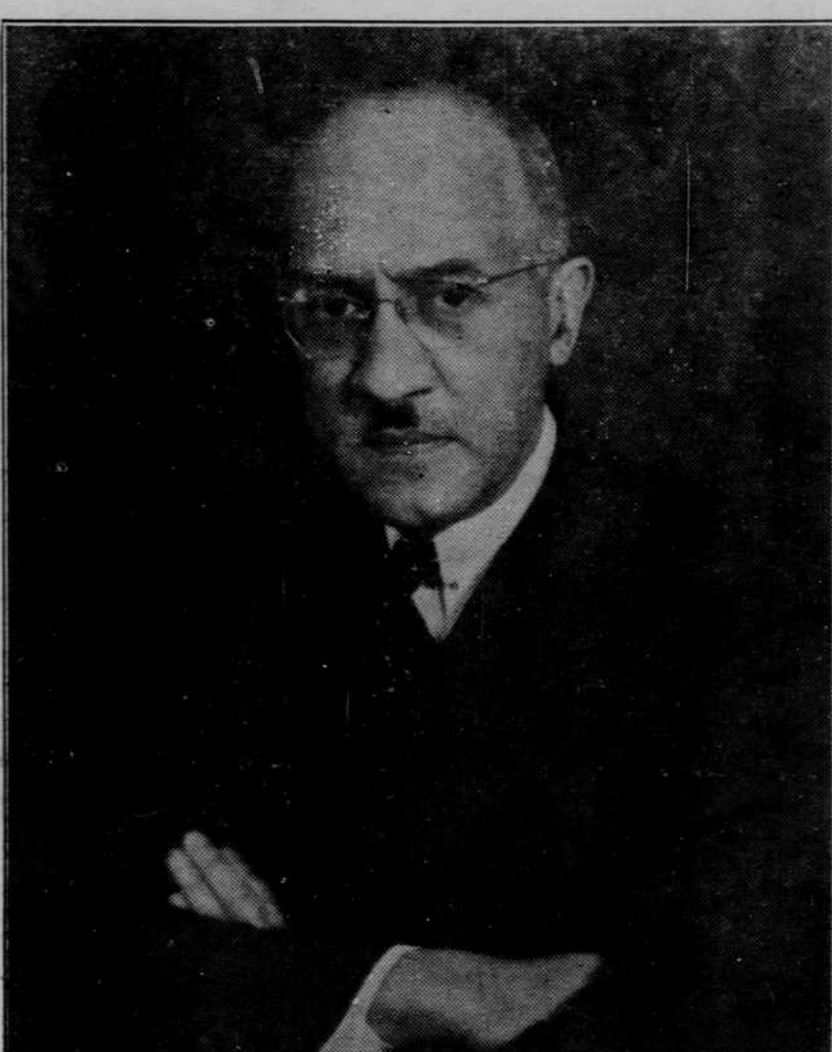
sell by the St. Louis Civil Liberties Committee and the NAACP.

NEGRO TEACHER PAY SAID TO BE DISCRIMINATORY; COURT HEARS CLAIM

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 9.—Declaring that Negro teachers receive less pay than white teachers for comparable work, Thurgood Marshall, NAACP special counsel for Susie Morris, teacher in Dunbar High School, and the city Teacher Association of Little Rock opened argument in Federal court September 28 to compel the payment of equal pay to Negro and white teachers. Members of the Board of Directors of the Little Rock Public School testified that no established policy of racial discrimination exists but admitted, however, that the plaintiff, Miss Morris and twenty four other Negro teachers in the Dunbar High school get less salary than any white teacher in either the elementary or high school.

Prof. J. H. Lewis, principal of the local Negro high school, testified that he is a former president of Morris Brown College and qualified as an expert on rating teachers. He testified that Miss Morris was a "superior teacher", one of the best teachers in the system. Miss Morris has an A. B. degree from Talladega College and has done graduate work at Atlanta and Chicago Universities. All of her grades in graduate work have been excellent. She has been teaching in the Little Rock School for seven years and has been head of the English department for the past six. However the Superintendent of schools, T. P. Scoobe, testified that Miss Morris was a very poor teacher. Later Mr. Scoobe admitted that he had observed Miss Morris teach for only 10 minutes and that was after the case had been filed.

MEDICAL DIPLOMAT



DR. ULYSSES GRANT DAILEY Distinguished Chicago surgeon for over 30 years, who has recently been made a diplomate of the American Board of Surgery, highest rating in that specialty. Dr. Dailey

is chief of the department of surgery at Provident hospital, Chicago, and chairman of its tumor service. He has studied in Paris, London, Vienna and Berlin.

ANP Photo

TUSKEGEE AIRCORPS NURSE BEATEN AND JAILED

NAACP DEMANDS DEPT. OF JUSTICE PROBE

Tuskegee, Ala., Oct. 9.—Calling the attention of the Department of Justice to the aura of mystery surrounding the assault upon and the jailing of Second Lieut. Nora Green of the Tuskegee Army Air Corps School medical detachment, September 12, the NAACP this week told Victor Rotnem, Chief of the department's Civil Rights Section, that "it becomes more and more apparent that strong forces are at work trying to hush up the matter" and demanded immediate investigation of the case.

Lt. Green was badly beaten by Montgomery, Ala., police and jailed for several hours following a dispute over a bus seat for which she had already paid her fare. The army nurse was returning to Tuskegee from a shopping tour in Montgomery made subsequent to her selection for overseas duty. Colored officers and men at the Tuskegee base, it is reported are under military orders not to talk.

STATE ANTI-DISCRIMINATION COMMITTEE CRACKS OPEN BROOKLYN COMPANY

New York, N. Y., Oct. 9.—The Allied Control Company, 227 Fulton St., has begun hiring Negroes. The company has announced that it will employ 100 new machine workers every three months in the coming year at a minimum weekly wage of eighteen dollars. The latent crack in the industrial front against Negro workers was achieved last week through the efforts of the State Committee on Discrimination in Employment. The committee has urged the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People to refer Negro workers so that the promise may be enforced.

SENATOR BUTLER ADDRESSES CORNHUSKER CLUB OF DC.

H. J. Ford Presides

Senator Hugh A. Butler was heard at the installation of officers of The Cornhusker Club of Washington, D. C., a newly formed club of Nebraskaans who are now living in Washington, which was held at the YMCA, Friday evening, October 2. The program was as follows:

1. Music, America... (All Standing)
2. Invocation, The Reverend G. E. Stevenson, Pastor, Providence Baptist Church.
3. Welcome to Cornhuskers... Mr. Green, Activities Secretary YMCA.
4. Response... Mrs. Mary Alice Levell, Recording Secy, Cornhusker Club.
5. The Cornhusker Club... Miss Eva Mae Stewart, Secretary, Cornhusker Club.
6. Solo "Out Where the West Begins"... Mrs. J. W. Bundrant.
7. Introduction of Guest Speaker... Mr. Lyle F. O'Rourke, President Nebraska Society.
8. Address... Hon. Hugh A. Butler.
9. Instrumental Solo... Miss Barbara Jean Welch.
10. Installation of Officers... Mr. Homer Gruenther, Vice President Nebraska Society.
11. Introduction of Visitors... Mr. Ford.
12. Introduction of Nebraskaans... by Themselves.
13. Benediction... Rev. Stevenson.
14. Refreshments.

The meeting was very well attended. Many of the Officials from the departments where the club members work were present.

PARLIAMENT, MILITARY CIRCLES WORRIED OVER AMERICAN PREJUDICE; FACTS HUSHED UP

(BY ALVIN E. WHITE)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6 (ANP)—What is happening in the British Isles that is causing so much concern among military men and members of parliament? Something is going on there which is not being told the American public, and that something will not be particularly pleasing to the Negro section of the United States if the truth is told.

First, the American Red Cross is making a step in a new direction in sending for the first time in the history of the organization Negro Red Cross workers, men and women, to areas where Negroes are on leave. Second, the war department has sent Brig. Gen. Benjamin O. Davis to England to act as advisor to the commanding officer of the Negro troops abroad.

Third, Prime Minister Churchill personally reproved a member of parliament M. C., one T. O. M. Driberg, an independent, for raising the question which has aroused some discussion in London since the army brought Negro service of Supply troops to Britain. Driberg has made several trips to the United States and has written numerous impressionistic pieces about Americans for the Daily Express.

"Alleged race discrimination is charged on the floor of the house of commons and after Driberg had his say, Laborite Emanuel Shinwell commented that Brendan Bracken, minister of information, publicly had opposed discrimination. William Gallacher, communist member of the house of commons, asserted he had a copy of a letter sent Churchill by a number of soldiers, stating an officer had advised them in a lecture "of the necessity of discrimination in connection with Negroes in London."

Driberg's argument came just a day after Gen. Davis' arrival in London. Prime Minister Churchill personally reproved Driberg for raising the question. He said, "I am hopeful that without any action (continued on page 2)

THREE 184TH OFFICERS BEFORE GENERAL

Washington, Oct. 4 (ANP) Three ranking Negro officers of the 184th Field artillery, stationed at Fort Custer, Mich., were scheduled to go before Gen. Ben Lear, commanding general of that army area, Tuesday in Chicago on charges not made public.

Considerable speculation is rife in the capital as to the why of this move, followed so closely the transfer of another ranking Negro officer to duty as a military instructor at a southern school.

NAACP FIGHT WINS WHITE COLLAR JOBS

Columbus, O., Oct. 9.—As a result of negotiations with the Columbus General Depot, a United States Army agency, the Columbus branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People announces this week the placement of Negro girls in the agency's office as typists.

This is the first time Negro girls have been hired in this capacity in this area. Heretofore Negro girls have had to go to Dayton, Ohio, for such jobs.

WASHINGTON BUREAU OF NAACP RECEIVES GIFTS

Washington, D. C., Oct. 9.—The value of the recently established NAACP Washington Bureau is becoming increasingly recognized as indicated by a twenty dollar contribution sent this week for it by Eugene Henderson, 308 Third St., Hackensack, New Jersey, and a gift of one hundred dollars made to it for "upkeep and maintenance" by the NAACP Boston Branch of which Mr. Ray W. Guild is president.

BETWEEN THE LINES

(BY DEAN GORDON R. HANCOCK FOR ANP)

THE MIXED REGIMENT

If an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, then a pound of democracy in practice is worth a ton of democracy in theory. It is comparatively easy to get worked up over democracy as an ideal; but not quite so easy to practice it in our lives. And that is where democracy has fallen short, not because it lacks the imaginative and moral pull but because it lacks adherents who believe it with their hearts as well as with their heads and lips.

Democracy is fast becoming a political phraseology; we cry aloud with democratic platitudes but our hearts are far from its spirit. Democracy like Christianity, its counterpart, is not a thing of the head but of the heart and unless there is some radical change in heart there can be no democracy in the lives of men. Just as Christianity has been rebuffed at the color line so has democracy; just as the color line has threatened to devalue Christianity so the color line is now threatening to destroy democracy, or that fair beginning of which that has been a blessing to the world.

One of the most fertile suggestions that has been born of our current crisis was that of a mixed regiment. Such mixed regiment would focus the attention of the world on an instance of applied democracy that is deplorably lacking at present. If the somehow could be formed a regiment in which whites and Negroes and Jews and Catholics and Gentiles of diverse persuasions could stand side by side and exemplify the kind of democracy that must prevail if indeed democracy is to survive, the flagging spirit and hopes of the world would receive a moral tonic that would stimulate our lukewarm morale. The Negro press could perform no greater service in this emergency than by generating the sentiment for the mixed regiment.

If there are not enough of different races and types to form such a regiment, the effort would at least show the measure of our national devotion from the spirit of democracy; and it would further prove the nation's unworthiness of victory and peace. Furthermore it would (Continued on page 3)

For FREEDOM Write A Letter

The House of Representatives will probably vote on the anti-poll tax bill October 12th. WRITE TO DAY to your Congressman, asking him to vote for the Pepper-Geyer bill, so that millions of Americans may exercise their democratic right to vote.

White today to Senator Frederick Van Nuys of Indiana, chairman Senate Judiciary Committee, and tell him that you want Senator Pepper's anti-poll tax bill reported out for vote—NOW.

Here's a list of the members of the Senate Judiciary Committee. If one is from your state, write to him:

- GEORGE W. NORRIS, Nebraska.
- Pat McCarran, Nevada.
- Carl A. Hatch, New Mexico.
- Tom Connally, Texas.
- Joseph C. O'Mahoney, Wyoming.
- James H. Hughes, Delaware.
- Albert B. Chandler, Kentucky.
- William H. Smathers, N. Jersey.
- Marley M. Kilgore, W. Virginia.
- Abe Murdock, Utah.
- Ernest W. McFarland, Arizona.
- Wall Dovel, Mississippi.
- Warren R. Austin, Vermont.
- John A. Danaher, Connecticut.
- Alexander Wiley, Wisconsin.
- William Langer, North Dakota.
- Harold H. Burton, Ohio.

IF YOU CAN'T GO - GIVE

UNITED WAR & COMMUNITY FUND

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YOUR SCRAP IS NEEDED NOW. DIG IT OUT!