



OUR HEARTS DICTATE

GIVE TO THE COMMUNITY CHEST CAMPAIGN
OCTOBER 30 - NOVEMBER 10

DEAN WM. PICKENS

To Speak at NAACP Mass Meeting

On the afternoon of October 20, Dean William Pickens of New York will be the principle speaker at a Mass Meeting of the Omaha branch of the NAACP.

All persons whose membership is now due, are urged to pay up at that time, as well as new members.

The Meeting will be held in Pilgrim Baptist Church, 25th and Hamilton Streets, at 3 o'clock.

NAACP Ministerial Show at the Ritz Theatre, November 2, 1938. Show begins promptly at 11:30 o'clock.

Dr. Wesley Jones, president of the Omaha Branch; Willis Gray, secretary.

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SECOND SUIT FILED AGAINST U. OF MISSOURI

St. Louis, Mo. Oct. 19—The second action against the University of Missouri for the school's refusal to admit qualified Negro students was filed in the circuit court of Boone county, Mo. today by Miss Lucille Bluford, a graduate of Kansas university and a resident of Kansas City, Mo.

Miss Bluford's petition for a writ of mandamus to force the school to admit her to the graduate school of journalism was filed against S. W. Canada, registrar of the university. She is being represented by the NAACP attorneys: Charles H. Houston, Sidney Redmond, Henry D. Espy, and John A. Davis.

In her petition Miss Bluford alleges that despite the fact that she is qualified for admission to the graduate school of journalism at the school, the university registrar refused her admission last February and again last September. This, she sets forth in her petition, constitutes denial of equal protection of the law guaranteed her by the first section of the fourteenth amendment of the United States Constitution.

The NAACP won a victory before the United States supreme court December 12, 1938 in the Lloyd Gaines case. At that time the high court ruled that the university must admit Gaines to its law school "in the absence of other proper provision for his legal training within the state." Action in obtaining rehearing of this case is planned by the N. A. A. C. P. in the near future.

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CHICAGO'S MAYOR KELLY NAMES EXPOSITION COMMITTEE

Chicago, Oct. 19 (ANP)—At the last session of the Illinois legislature, the sum of \$75,000 was appropriated for a Chicago exposition, to be held in August of 1940 in the Coliseum and marking the 75th anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation. Last Thursday Mayor Kelly appointed the Chicago committee for the big event.

Known officially as the Afro-American Emancipation Exposition, officials have invited Negroes in every state in the union in the observance and show the cultural, scientific, and industrial progress of the race, in the past 75 years.

The local committee named by the Mayor and the City Council on motion of Ald. Earl B. Dickerson colored alderman of the 2nd ward, is headed by the Mayor and includes the following: State Senators H. G. Ward and John E. Geary; Alderman Bowler, Rowan, Kells Dickerson, Grant, Cohen and Smith; City department heads G. E. Dewitt, Barnett Hodes and V. A. Jackson; James B. McCaher, president Board of Education and three business men—D. A. Haase of Walgreen drug stores, Harry Englestein of South Center Department store and Charles Krutkoff of Reiner Coal Co. All members of the committee except Alderman Dickerson and Benjamin Grant, are white.

THE OMAHA GUIDE

JUSTICE AND EQUALITY

ALL THE NEWS WHILE IT IS NEWS

NEW TO THE LINE

LARGEST ACCREDITED NEGRO NEWSPAPER WEST OF CHICAGO AND NORTH OF KANSAS CITY

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Weather outlook for the period October 16 to October 21.

Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, generally fair, except rain period toward end of week; warmer beginning of week, cooler about Wednesday, warmer Thursday, colder toward end of week.

Northern and Central Great Plains, generally fair, except some light precipitation in the Dakotas about Tuesday and toward end of week; temperature normal or above at beginning of week, cooler north and central portions about Tuesday and more generally about Thursday or Friday.

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VETERAN OF TEN YEARS REVEALS MISTREATMENT OF NEGRO SOLDIERS

WRITES OPEN LETTER TO SECRETARY WOODRING

ONLY TWO NEGRO LINE OFFICERS, TWO CHAPLAINS AMONG 14,000

Black Soldiers are Servants of Whites; Negro Officers Would Change This

Chicago Oct. 19 (ANP)—Sensational charges of official army discrimination against Negro soldiers equaled only by the Nazi attitude toward Jews in Germany are contained in an open letter sent this week to Secretary of War Harry H. Woodring at Washington by Levi Pierce, veteran of 10 years service with the Ninth Cavalry at Fort Riley, Kan., who recently obtained an honorable discharge and returned to Chicago. At the same time says Negro commissioned officers would remedy most of these ills.

Mr. Pierce pointed out that army officials always deny any charges of unfairness and obtain statements from Negro non-commissioned officers saying that "all is well." These colored officers it was declared, are forced to support officialdom if they intend to get any consideration in the future from those higher up.

Seven Main Charges

Specifically, Mr. Pierce charges:

1. Soldiers of the Tenth cavalry are forced to work seven days weekly as orderlies for white student officers and to take care of horses used in women's and children's riding classes under penalty

KILLS SLEEPING WOMAN then gives self up

FILES WARTON EUROPE



HORACE R. CAYTON, noted Chicago sociologist, Rosenwald Fellow and director of a recent Federally-sponsored Land Use Survey in Chicago, who has just returned from a trip to Europe suddenly ended by World War II. He was studying social, economic and housing conditions in the British Isles and on the continent of Europe. (ANP Photo)

of courtmartial.

2. Ninth cavalry soldiers get no little training that veterans of 20 years service cannot drill in simple military formations. What drills they get are after hours when they have worked all day as servants, grooms and stable boys.

3. Negro reserve officers are not given the opportunity to qualify for commissions in the regular army.

4. Colored soldiers are kept from attending many service schools even though passing all examinations for enrollment.

5. At Fort Riley, Kan., Ninth cavalrymen are jim crowed in the post of exchange restaurant at three tables although the post exchange is supported by all soldiers. Negroes are employed only as menials in the post exchange both there and at Fort Leavenworth.

6. Although scout cars have been assigned to colored cavalry posts, they are placed in charge of a private first class. Cars for white units have technical sergeants in charge who pay is far greater for the same responsibility.

7. Most of the few Negro non-commissioned officers in responsible positions are unqualified. White officers who would fight for the rights of colored soldiers are intentionally kept from Negro regiments. Those white officers willing to help "keep the Negro in his place" are the ones assigned to Negro units.

LOVEJOY CRAWFORD SUES FOR DIVORCE

Mr. Lovejoy Crawford sued his wife, Mrs. Billie James Crawford for divorce last week. He charged cruelty.

While these are the main charges which Secretary Woodring is called upon to answer, there are others of vital importance to colored soldiers.

Two Line Officers, Two Chaplains

Mr. Pierce, a young man of keen intelligence, points out that there are only two colored line officers and two chaplains in the regular army out of a total of 14,000. The officers are Col. B. C. Davis, cavalry who has not served with a cavalry regiment other than the Ninth many years ago, and Lieut. B. O. Davis, jr., infantry who has been assigned to Tuskegee institute in "another game of hide and seek." The chaplains are Col. Carter and First Lieut. Deveaux.

In 1866 four Negro regiments were created by congressional action and no additions have been made since despite the introduction of new arms and the formation of many new regiments. On the basis of population ratios, there should have been 10 percent or approximately 20,000 Negro soldiers before President Roosevelt recent expansion moves instead of the less than 4,000 here actually are.

Pierce says he knew soldiers who were courtmartialled for not reporting on Sunday, a day of rest for white enlisted men, to take care of horses used in riding classes. These whites received riding training while Negroes soldiers "were denied the use of horses for training other than to escort some general officer into or off the post or ride along as orderlies for white student officers."

Proper Training

Declaring that Secretary Woodring has staled Negroes get proper military training at Fort Riley and Leavenworth, Pierce asserts:

"After serving under what you call proper training and also having served with the Tenth prior to the time it was merged literally into a labor detachment throughout the various posts and schools, I have found that none of the new men enlisted since 1931 could tell me what a reconnaissance patrol is or how it works. They have no knowledge of combat training and I personally know that in the Ninth Lieut. Col. J. M. Tully came to Fort Riley with as much as 20 years' service were unable to drill (Continued to page 8)

RITZ THEATRE GETS NEW CANOPY



Picture of newly remodeled canopy of the Ritz Theatre. Beautifully designed in neon lighting effects, with modernistic changeable letters. Mr. H. A. Taylor, manager and owner of the theatre has also redecorated the inside of the theatre which is finished, except for the hanging of the drapes. New sound equipment was installed last season giving patrons the best in sound.

FIRST A.M.E. EPISCOPAL DISTRICT PLUMPS FOR D. WARD NICHOLS, FAMOUS AND IMPORTANT AREA LINES UP FOR NEW YORK PASTOR

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. Oct. 18 (ANP) The 7th annual mid year conference and religious educational congress of the 1st Episcopal District of the A.M.E. Church concluded its sessions here Friday after a remarkably successful meeting which made history in a significant fashion. Looking toward the 1940 quadrennial conference of the church to be held in Detroit when several leaders will be elevated to the bishopric, the 1st district, always a potent force in naming officers of the great A.M.E. denomination established a new precedent by throwing its entire strength behind one candidate, Dr. D. Ward Nichols, pastor of New York City's premier St. Emmanuel A.M.E. Church.

Oldsters accustomed to the considerable log-rolling and political maneuvering which usually takes place the year before election were astounded when they saw that able Bishop David Henry Sims of Philadelphia had so organized the area that the powerful influence of the first would be thrown behind a single favorite son. Presiding elders, lay delegates, general officers and associate ministers joined in glorious and flattering commendations of Dr. Ward who has pastored in New York City for 16 years in the church which he built to the point where it is.

Bishop Sims, one of the younger bishops but rapidly emerging as an important factor in A.M.E. affairs, buttoned up the matter when he gave his appraisal of the New Yorker. The bishop said, "I have tested D. Ward Nichols in every way. He rings true in every test. I have tested his loyalty, his friendship, his fidelity and his religion and it stands out as clear as a crystal. Brethren we must go to the General Conference in 1940 solidly backing Dr. Nichols and we will bring him home, a new and finer bishop in Zion."

President Walker of Wilberforce and a score of others joined in supporting the bishop's estimate.

Albert Anderson, 44, of 1905 N. 15th St. who shot to death Miss Wanda Hayes, 27 of 2416 Parker St., Sunday afternoon October 15th, while she was asleep Monday at the police station in her room gave himself up Monday at the police station where he is held without bail. The reason he said was because she rejected his love.

Miss Hayes body is at Myers Funeral Home.

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MARRIED



Mrs. Edna Mitchell Williams and Mr. William Long were united in marriage Tuesday, October 17 by Rev. R. W. Johnson. Mrs. Long is well known in Omaha as she has been here for a long time. Mr. Long has also been a resident in this city for some time. They will be at home to their friends at 2517 Lake St.

MITCHELL OPPOSES ANTI-LYNCH BILL ACTION NOW

Washington, Oct. 19 (ANP)—When Congressman Arthur Mitchell declared Tuesday that he was not in favor of bringing the anti-lynching bill before the present session of congress and would vote against such a procedure, much speculation on the fate of the anti-lynching bill was begun.

Mr. Mitchell, the sole Negro in congress, declared he would vote against consideration of the bill provided no other anti-lynching legislation was brought on. Leaders of both parties have agreed that no extraneous matters will be permitted to rise in the house at least until the neutrality bill is disposed of but they would be unable to prevent a vote on consideration of the anti-lynching bill because of its privileged status.

As the bill now stands, it has priority claims over all other legislation and any action as present might tend to jeopardize that position.

Representative Schafer of Wisconsin has been threatening to call the bill this week.

"On the understanding that failure to consider the measure now would not impair its chances in January," Mitchell said, "I would vote against bringing it up at this time."

There has been a great deal of talk on the possibility of bringing the anti-lynch bill before this session inasmuch as the bill will be the first to be considered when congress convenes in its regular session in January. However, any consideration of the bill at this session will not be in line with the strategy of the administration which hopes to confine all debates to neutrality.



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