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Ziff Co., 608 Dearborn St., Chicago Advertising Representatives

ILLUSTRATED FEATURE SECTION -- October 29, 1932

BLUE BIBBON FICTION IS FOUND EVERY WEEK IN THE FEATURE SECTION

# EMINISCENCE

## By MARY WHITE OVINGTON

## CHAPTER IV

## Two Leaders

Many of the younger generation today think of Washington as a myth and of DuBois as a back number. But at the time that I began my investigations these two men filled the stage, overshadowing other figures. And with due respect to the youth of the present time, they were greater figures than the new generation has yet produced.

Of Washington I can only speak as a casual acquaintance. He was far too busy a man to give his time to a woman of very moderate means who, if she subscribed at all to his school, would not be able to go beyond the ten dollar bill. He meant Tuskegee to be one of the best-equipped, best-taught schools in America. Such time as he could take from his work, his home and his friends was needed in making contacts that would bring him large returns.

I first met him through John E. Milholland at the Hotel Manhattan where he always stayed. me one of the best pieces of advice I have ever had: "Always ask for more money than you think you can get. I made the mistake of asking Carnegie for six hundred thousand. I believe he would have given me a million."

Mr. Washington's autobiography, the South, he spent too much time "Up from Slavery," is still one of in the North where social equality the world's best sellers. The story was practiced, but the North found

Hampton three times over and was ac cepted because of his thoroughness is typical of his zest for perfection, his ability to eat up work. He had a great flow of ideas and when at Tuskegee (much of his time was taken



Mr. Washington

up with raising money) he kept 1 is teachers so long in consultation that they had to negle: their classes. When he boarded a train the faculty drew a sigh of relief, but soon telegrams came ordering innovations. He introduced many of the best methods of today for rural education.

From the beginning there was an element among the Negroes that viewed the situation with alarm. A Recommendation from Booker T.

I used the same and saddened by what I saw. Before long I was known as one interested in the Negroes that viewed the situation with alarm. I used the same and saddened by what I saw. Before long I was known as one interested in the Negroes that viewed the situation with alarm.

Negroes for miles around Tuskegee to come to the school. They obeyed. When they got there he told them to go back

to teach, and the gospel of making ton's leadership. the most of life where you are white World spread among the race.

Whites Ate up This Doctrine

of how he dusted the schoolroom at him a glorious prophet. The Negro had of late been a harassing reponsibility. Now some one had come with a happy solution of the the ballot. Help the Negro to help himself. Make the Negro a good workman by giving money to Tus-kegee. Washington was greeted with acclaim and with profound relief. He lectured in the largest hall the town he visited could offer and saw many turned away. Large gifts of philanthropy. many turned away. Large gifts of money came to him and Tuskegee Even Fisk grew. Monroe Trotter Resists;

place too much a spectacle. They Four years." They obeyed. When they got there he told them to go back and clear up their yards.

His favorite animal was the pig. because, as he says in "Working with the Hands," it brings in the learnest to the blare of trumpets, with the white visitor infallibly rising to exclaim with the Queen of Sheba, "The half was not told me." Others found the principal failed to uphold their authority with the Hands," it brings in the learnest returns.

Booker T. Never Captured Atlanta U. the school, from Monroe Trotter on. Many of his graduates went out men began to question Washing-

## White World Was Delighted

On Both Sides of the Fence



RICHARD T. GREENER

gro to be a good worker, and other needful things will be added."

But when Washington rose to power, other things were taken away.

To vote i- the South became impossible.

School funds were voted by the legislature according to the per capita population, and divided by the whites among themselves. This gave the southern portion of state like Alabama an enormous advantage over the northern part where there were no Negro children to be counted out.

opinion, Public lynchings, of injust ce, of the loss of hard and live on friendly relations he the ballot. Help the Negro to help with their white neighbors. In the did

Even Fisk Universit; had to introduce industrial training. And Washington said nothing against From the beginning there was an his job to look after his school. Let

roduced many of the best methods of today for rural education.

Farm demonstration was done by Tuskegee long before the government took it up. From Hampton he learned the value of relating education to life, and it became a religion with him. His people were struggling, often blindly, for a c ance to develop their power. He told them t. do this where they were, to become master workmen.

His famous Atlanta speech, "put down your buckets there you are," applied to the colored laborer as well as to the white employer. Hard work was now divorced from slavery. The Negro must respect it must buy land, plant crops, whitewas houses, clean up back-yards.

One time he sent word to the Negroes for miles around Tus-

could no longer endure the proces- When the mask was dropped, I sion entering the chapel to the blare would have a real talk, a talk as

## Atlanta U.

There was one school that Washington never captured, Atlanta University. Here that good old New Englander, Ho.ace Bumstead, was The white world, in the meantime, president, and here instruction in Whites Ate up This Doctrine

Of course, the whites ate up this doctrine. Some distrusted him in kegee," they said, "teach the Ne-Negro who at any time was a seri-

ous rival to Washington, Burghardt thing more than money. Du Bois

dire poverty. He was poor, but so which Oswald Garrison Villard was were the most of his public school then the editor. One was the in the Berkshires and had a higher Business League, headed by Washeducation than his classmates, tak-ington. ing his Ph.D. at Harvard after The league was an effort of graduate : tud at the Un ersity of Washington to get the Negrees who Berlin. He wrote a monumental were accomplishing something in volume on the Negro in Philadelphia and then went to Atlanta. where he remained for many years from one another. It met in the Leading the depar nent of eco-nomics and instituting the Atlanta the terrible riots. The sessions were Sociological Studies, the first ex-designed to be pr tical talks, tensive sociological studies of Negro though oratry occasionally added conditions in the United States.

Criticism and the \$20 Check

essays in "The Souls of Black Folk" some men in real estate. in the Atlantic appeared first Monthly where I

saw them and in the audience. prejudice. I wrote church I could to him as soon as see that I made I received my fel- h i m uneasy. lowship, asking is Lynchings advice. He was un-endingly kind. I time in the city. have a file of his and perhaps he letters with me now was in which he advises thinking that me regarding my my cordia method of attack greeting gives me introduc- endanger

Dr. Du Bois tions to important men and women. It was the farmaccepts some of my criticisms of ers, however, his writing, I seem to have been who gave the free with criticism, and in return meetings color and interest. They gave criticism.

At the end of a year, knowing that cotton and corn. his studies required support, at some "An I don't let your neighbor moreover, de- sacrifice I sent a check for frenty know you got a cent," one advised. whole problem. Cease to think of not complain. They must work logical Fund. In his letter of thanks expressed disappointment: "I

wanted a state of mind.

Dr. Du Bois has written a slight 'I attended two notable confersketch of his life in "Dark Water." ences in 1906, reporting each for the had no dramatic background of which Osciela Consider Willed Osciela Consider Willed playmates, the farmers' and factory Niagara Movement, headed by Duworkers' boys and girls. He grew up Bois, the other the National Negro

savor to the feast. There were, I remember, a rew contractors, one I made his acquaintance original- from New Orleans did a large busily through his writing. Some of the ness, a number of bankers, and

## Philip Payton

Philip Payton of New York was I went down the learned of the in-church aisle and talked with him, humanity of race but though we were in a colored

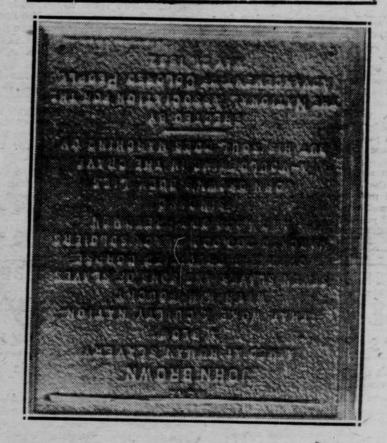
right might



told noble tales of money made in

"Money's harder tor keep than ter make.

# **How Times Change**



Storer College, Harpers Ferry, so progressive forty years ago that it was host to the radical Niagara movement, last year turned down this bronze tablet to John Brown offered by the