

Summary of News

(Continued)

Anthracite operators make a counter proposal of arbitration, limiting the subjects to be investigated, to the miners' committee in New York, and while the miners are not wholly satisfied with the suggestion, it is expected to form the basis of a peace agreement.

After a month of debate on the railway rate bill the senate finds the situation unchanged. The president is holding out against any plan for a compromise, being firm in his desire that a strong law be passed.

Friends of Senator La Follette in Washington are asking why Senator Spooner gets all the federal patronage in Wisconsin and appoints men hostile to colleague.

President McCormick and Engineer Randolph of the sanitary district of Chicago are in Washington to protest against the proposed restriction on the amount of water to be allowed to pass through the drainage canal.

State banking institutions of Chicago show a gain of more than \$2,000,000 in deposits since the report of ten weeks ago, but loans are expanded more than \$3,000,000 and the surplus reserve remains small.

August Belmont of New York buys Rock Sand, winner of English Derby and other stages, for \$125,000.

George Sutton defeats Albert G. Cutler by the score of 500 to 220 in international billiard championship.

Chicago negroes will present a protest to President Roosevelt on the lynching of three men of their race in Missouri.

Seven companies of militia and 300 deputy sheriffs are patrolling the streets of Springfield, Mo., to prevent the outbreak of a race war, following the lynching of three negroes late Saturday night.

Governor Folk takes prompt action to punish the leaders in the lynch-

ings, offering a reward of \$300 for the arrest and conviction of each guilty person and detailing an assistant attorney general to aid in the prosecution.

President Roosevelt's plan to put a curb on wealth by imposing heavy taxes on income and inheritances causes a stir in congress and is thought likely to become an active issue.

President Roosevelt, scenting defeat or a change in public opinion, drops his club and changes front completely, says Perry Belmont, in a letter, and, after citing the president's course in reference to important bills as examples, he says that the talk of the "man with the muck rake" reminds him of "Mr. Facing-Both Ways."

South Chicago and Ironwood workmen crowd into lodgings that reek with filth and are a menace to the public health.

Man with his head nearly severed by a negro in a fight runs nearly a block before he falls dead.

Bernhardt's dogs are snubbed at the Annex, and she seeks quarters at another hotel, where pets are not black-listed.

William E. Curtis writes of the trip over snow and ice up to the crater of the volcano Orizaba in Mexico.

Plans to control the senate through the state legislatures as well as the house by participation in the elections are made by the political action committee of the American Federation of Labor.

Cause of the explosion of the battleship Kearsarge probably will not be known until an investigation is made by Rear Admiral Evans.

Eleven thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine strong, the vanguard of an alien army which, before the end of the week will number 47,000, lands in New York, overtaxing the facilities of Ellis Island.

Senator Tillman gets out his pitchfork after the national banks, which made donations to party campaign funds, and aside from demanding a rigid inquiry into gifts made in the past, will ask stringent legislation for the future.

Charges that votes of absent members of the house were recorded in favor of the recent appropriation of nearly \$200,000 as mail subsidies for railroads, are to be investigated.

Government crop report of last week develops the more healthy sentiment prevailing in the wheat trade. Lake navigation now is open and grain movement is free toward the east, but farm deliveries are small.

Wall street, taken aback by the recent developments in the money market and the supplying of funds from the United States treasury, is inclined to blame the banking system rather than manipulation for the stringency.

Divorce degrees granted in one state do not bind the defendant if he or she resides in another, according to a decision of the United States, supreme court, and as a result thousands of men and women who, after separation in states where laws are lax have married again, face the possibility of having themselves declared bigamists and their children illegitimate.


Miscreants seek to blow up the gambling casino at French Lick Springs, Ind., exploding a charge of dynamite on the roof of the veranda and badly damaging the building.

Big steel freighters Saxona and Eugene Zimmerman are sunk in a collision in the Soo passage.

Mexico is led from a state of chaos to prosperity by President Diaz, who, during his administration of a quarter of a century, has accomplished revolutionary changes in the financial and industrial conditions of the country, says William E. Curtis.

Warrants are issued for the arrest of nearly 100 members of the mob which lynched three negroes at Springfield, Mo., Saturday night, and four suspects are arrested. Governor Folk declares those convicted should be hanged. Race feeling increases and trouble is feared.

Trial of Rev. A. S. Crapsey of Roch-



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are expressly adapted to the needs of working people of all classes.

The leather for these shoes is carefully selected and the soles made of tough, pliable sole leather that wears like iron. Honest stock and high grade workmanship have placed Mayer working shoes above all others in strength and wearing quality. Insist on getting Mayer Shoes, and look for the trade-mark on the sole. Your dealer will supply you.

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Milwaukee, Wis.

ester, N. Y., on a charge of heresy, which will be begun today, threatens to disrupt the Episcopal church.

Officers of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company have loans of \$350,000 to policyholders, made through the company, a few at 8 per cent.

Automobile owner and his chauffeur are indicted at New York for manslaughter in killing two women, who were run down by their machine.

Private bankers at New York criticize Secretary Shaw's plan to allow national banks to forestall gold imports by withdrawing cash from sub-treasury.

Fifteenth continental congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution opens at Washington.

Ex-Banker Frank G. Bigelow arrives in Milwaukee from Leavenworth prison under guard to testify in the Goll case.

Senate committee unearths extensive graft by banks and lumber barons in the funds of the Wisconsin Indians.

Sir Chentung Liang Cheng, Chinese minister to the United States, takes issue with Representative Denby regarding frauds in issuing certificates and raises the question of whether his recall should be demanded by the American government.

Western weighing and inspection bureau makes demand on several packing companies for money alleged to be due because of false weights and false billing. Similar demands are said to have been made on other big shippers.

American athletic team which will compete in Olympic games at Athens reaches Naples. Mitchell and Hillman are seriously injured.

MISTAKES ABOUT NICOTINE

Doesn't Accumulate in Pipestems and Causes Very Little Poisoning.

There are probably few subjects about which more people are misinformed than nicotine.

Nearly everyone speaks of the dark brown substance which has about the consistency and color of molasses and accumulates in the stems of pipes as nicotine. It is not nicotine, and it has no nicotine in it.

It is nothing but tar—tobacco tar, distilled from the smoke, just as coal tar is distilled from coal and pine tar from pine wood. One might swallow all the tobacco tar that a rank clap pipe contains without serious harm. If he swallowed the same quantity of nicotine he would probably be dead inside of five minutes.

It is the tar that stains the pipe, and it is the same tar that stains the

cigarette smoker's fingers. It is also found inside the nostrils of one who inhales smoke, and it puts an indelible stain on mustaches.

It is true that tobacco contains more nicotine than any other known plant, but nicotine is not a plentiful article in nature. The rankest Kentucky tobacco contains less than 8 per cent of nicotine, and the finer grades of tobacco, such as Havana, have less than 2 per cent.

One often hears cigarettes condemned because the smoker gets so much more nicotine through inhaling the smoke. The fact is that a cigarette smoker gets almost no nicotine, because the tobacco of which cigarettes are made contains next to no nicotine. Turkish and Egyptian tobaccos carry only a trace of nicotine, and some of them none at all.

No matter how much of this deadly element a tobacco contains, the smoker does not get it. Nicotine is not extracted by burning the tobacco. Burning destroys it entirely.

One often hears of nicotine poisoning, but it is very doubtful if there is any such thing. When one is poisoned with nicotine he dies, and he doesn't get poisoned by smoking. There are plenty of good reasons why smoking should not be carried to excess, but nicotine poisoning is not one of them.—New York Sun.

A Patent Fisherman

"A friend of mine," says ex-President Cleveland, "was once traveling on foot through a section of West Virginia, well known for its excellent fishing grounds, when he chanced upon an angler of the old school—a venerable old countryman who, as he sat on the bank, looked as if time and the world might pass away without disturbing his content. 'Have you fished long in this stream?' pleasantly asked my friend. 'Twenty-three years,' was the laconic response of the fisherman, who scarcely looked up. 'Get many bites?' was the next question. Still gazing intently along the rod he held the old angler replied: 'Two years ago in this very spot I had a fine bite.'"

A Notre Dame Lady

I will send free with full instructions, some of this simple preparation for the cure of Leucorrhoea, Ulceration, Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Scanty or Painful Periods, Tumors or Growths, Hot Flashes, Desire to Cry, Creeping feeling up the Spine, Pain in the Back, and all Female Troubles, to all sending address. To mothers of suffering daughters I will explain a Successful Home Treatment. If you decide to continue it will only cost about 12 cents a week to guarantee a cure. Tell other sufferers of it, that is all I ask. If you are interested write now and tell your suffering friends of it. Address Mrs. M. Summers, Box 169, Notre Dame, Ind.

Head Ache Sometimes?

If so, it will interest you to know that it can be stopped with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills; and without any bad after-effects, and this without danger of forming a drug habit or having your stomach disarranged. They positively contain no opium, morphine, cocaine, chloral, ether or chloroform in any form. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain, and leave only a sense of relief. The reason for this is explained by the fact that headache comes from tired, irritable, turbulent, over-taxed brain nerves. Anti-Pain Pills soothe and strengthen these nerves, thus removing the cause. They are harmless when taken as directed.

"We use Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for the cure of headache, and we think that there is nothing that will equal them. They will cure the severest spell of nervous or sick headache in a very few minutes. I am of a nervous temperament, and occasionally have spells when my nerves seem to be completely exhausted, and I tremble so I can scarcely contain myself. At these times I always take the Anti-Pain Pills, and they quiet me right away. It is remarkable what a soothing effect they have upon the nerves."

MRS. F. E. KARL, Detroit, Mich.
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails, he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.
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