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SEPTEMBER 22, 1904

two candidates and the personal quarrels concerning who shall handle the campaign funds of the two national committees. There has not been a serious article concerning government policies published in one of the darlies since the campaign opened. After the election it will develope what ail this is about.

MB. BERGE'S SPEECH

An immense concourse of people of all parties attended the monster barbecue at Lincoln on Saturday alternoon, September 17. A fifteen hundred pound ox was barbecued and fed to the crowds present, together with 400 loaves of bread and immense quantities of coffee. Farmers from every section of the county were present with their families as well as hundreds of business men from Lincoln and surrounding towns.

The speaking was heard in the great pavilion, at which meeting Mr. T. S. Allen, chairman of the democratic state committee presided. The immense crowd present attested their interest in the present campaign of the people against extortion and extravagance, by enthusiastic and tremendous applause at every point made by Mr. Berge in his masterful address.

Mr. Berge fully took the people into his confidence. He was not content to point out the extravagances of the "redeemers," the injustices of unequal taxation, the grafting of office hunters, and the iniquities that always follow in the wake of railroad passes to public officials, but he presented to the people of this state a well defined program of what he would do if elected.

He declared in favor of cutting out all needless expense in state administration of government. All usele /: officeholders, who are held to fat jobs solely because they help to pull political wires, all are to go. Political office is to be conducted on purely business lines. There is no excuse for the head of a department of government to fill his office with political hacks, simply because they "have to be taken care of," than there is for a business man to do so. And every such act is not only contrary to business principles, and a burden upon the people, but is a violation of public trust.

Mr. Berge also struck a popular note when he advocated the conducting of the state university, an institution in which he took great pride, upon such lines as would not incapacitate a student after graduation from following useful lines of industry. That the state university was not alone to turn out lawyers and doctors, but mechanics, artisans, Dusinessmen and farmers as well. He desired the same consideration shown to industrial lines of occupation as were shown to professional lines. Another popular note was his guarantee that every board meeting of which he may be a member shall be open to the public at all times. There will be no secret bids opened or received, no contracts for public work let clandestinely, but in all cases every act of every board must be open to the public at all times and in all ways. He also made a strong point when he called attention to the miquity of railroad passes. He referred to the farcical enforcement in Lincoin of a seven mile street car ordinance that had been a dead letter for years, simply because the police of Lincoln were denied further pass favors from the street car company. This was a strong illustration of what a free pass meant. This ordinance had remained on the records from the old days of horse cars, and nobody ever thought of enforcing it, but when the police could no longer secure favors from the company, they unearthed this ordinance, and thereby inconvenienced the people of Lincoln to that extent. All laws and ordinances should be enforced, but when laws are allowed to become dead letters, and then only enforced when special favors in the form of passes are withdrawn it is a bald confession that public officials will wink at any violation if they are only favored with these passes A pass is therefore a bribe, and the public official who takes it is a bribe taker. He promised to use every endeavor to have a law enacted to destroy the pass system of corrupting public officials. He would also make professional lobbying a felony, and favors the repeal of the present revenue law and the enactment in its place of a law to levy the burdens of taxation upon an equitable and just basis. Mr. Berge's speech was reported in pions. full. Every line of it possesses peculiar value. It is eloquent and teeming with facts and figures, and exhibits great pains in amassing much evidence

of Farmers

There are all Kinds

Some good, some not so good, all work hard and do their share of labor and thinking. Just so with clothing merchants-plenty of them-all worthy but some a great deal better than others which brings us to this-there must be one best clothing store somewhere and that one best clothing store must give better qualities for the same money than any of the other stores. 1 must do more for its patrons than others are willing to do. It must stand ready to make square adjustments of all that goes wrong better than any other like

institution. It means a good deal to clothes buyers to find this one best store and to patronize it.

This Store THE ARMSTRONG STORE Has a right to claim being the best trading place in this section of the United States when it comes to Men's and Boys' Clothing-Better goods for the same money-the same goods for less money-Money refunded if goods are not right etc. If you are unable to call and do your trading in person we advise you sending for our catalogues. We publish five distinct catalogues, as follows:

Men's Catalogue

A book devoted to Men's Suits and Overcoats, showing samples of same.

Boys' Catalogue

A book devoted to the Clothing needs of Boys', showing samples of Suits, Overcoats and Odd Pants.

Men's Odd Pants Catalogue

A book filled with samples of Men's Odd Pants.

Men's Furnishing Goods Catalogue

The only book of the kind in the world, showing samples of Men's Underwear, Shirts, Etc.

Men's Work Clothes Catalogue

A book showing samples of Men's Work Shirts, Flannel Shirts, Corduory Suits and Odd Pants, Men's Duck Coats, Sheep Lined Coats, Leather Coats, Overalls, Etc.

Any or all of the above books will be mailed free to those who write for them.

Armstrong Clothing Company 1221 to 1227 0 St. Lincoln, Nebraska

sight, in the manner in which he pre- agement; put under your feet all hesi-

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FOLLOW ME

sents some of the reforms he cham-pions. tation and fear; get up, get up, broth-er, and follow me.-Tom Watson.

Come weal or woe, I am going to not to mention the people's party and er was about to say "to the populists" lead a revolt against these democratic that gets them very frequently into and then remembering that "populist" of value. It should be read by every lead a revolt against these democratic that gets them very frequently into and then remembering that "populist" voter of this state. There is not a leaders who have abondoned the true amusing situations. Recently a para- and "people's party" were on the in- principles of democracy. I call upon graph appeared in one of the New York dex "expergatorias." stopped and for-

ods in vogue in state affairs, but ex- to every people's party man, north, dently had not taken a "revise." It hibits the fact that Mr. Berge is a south, east and west, I send forth the reads as follows: "A poll of the state statesman of much ability and fore- summons: "Throw off your discour- has been nearly completed by the democratic committee. It shows a return of some thousands of gold democrats, but also a loss of Bryan demo-

It is the policy of the eastern dailies crats to." It is evident that the write