

Bryan will ever permit it to become a factor again in national politics. It doesn't look possible for any third party to cut much of a figure in 1904. Men will march up to the polls and vote for party candidates with no thought of what principles represent. To be candid, it is not easy now to say what either the republican or democratic parties stand for."

Jason L. Claffin, editor of the Ord (Neb.) Journal, commenting on the Springfield convention, says: "This simply means that if populists, who believe in the principles enunciated by that party, will stay together, they may yet become great."

Alfred Pont, of the Stanton (Neb.) Register, believes "the populists made a great political blunder when they called their national convention for July 4. Other years, early conventions were necessary, but this year, of all times, the convention should have been late, September 1 for instance. With the democratic party undergoing a great struggle that will probably result in much dissatisfaction, and the republican party without a leader, a waiting policy was the only one that was right. Politics is in a chaotic condition now and will not change until the two leading parties have held their conventions. J. Harley Edmisten and Jo Parker as self-constituted leaders of populism are doing fine work in completely burying the remains of the populist party."

Old Guard John A. Barker, editor of the Franklin (Neb.) Sentinel, remarks that "by the action of their national committee populists are bound to support only straight populists for the offices of president and vice president of the United States. Let this be the slogan all along down the line to road overseers."

The Gage County Herald, after 8 years of management by H. T. Wilson, as a populist paper, has been purchased by its former owner, S. G. Howe, and will in future be "as near non-partisan as it is possible for a finite creature to make it"—which probably means republican leanings.

**About Money**

Editor Independent: Kindly include me in a few words with your readers regarding money.

One characteristic of advancing civilization is a demand for greater variety, better adaptability and superior finish of products, while the productive efforts of individuals become less general. That is, individuals are restricted to the production of a diminishing variety of objects while individual desire is to consume an increasing variety of objects. This necessitates a medium of exchange. The fact is a convenient medium of exchange is civilization's most important tool.

One's efforts may be restricted to the production of a fractional part of a product with safety, only when facilities for exchange are perfect. The medium of exchange cannot be diverted from its legitimate office without inflicting on civilization calamitous conditions.

A medium of exchange is due society from the government. Government does, today, produce all money, but it is not producing it for society. Money is a government product exclusively. Every effort is made to deter individuals from its production. But instead of producing money for society directly, government produces money only for those who make it their business to control money.

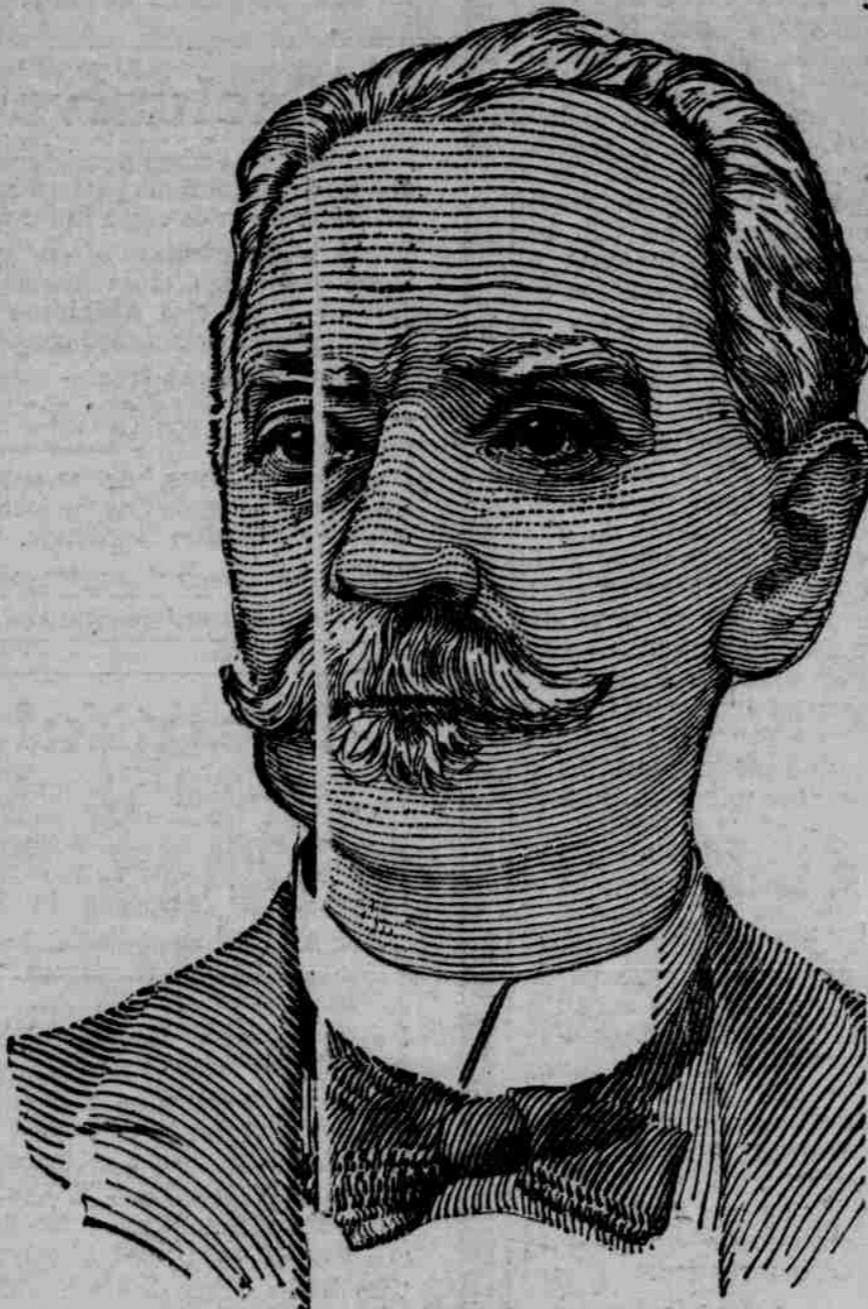
Society is not permitted to buy money originally, but is required to go in debt for it to government favorites, who are made accountable to no one for withholding it from society at their pleasure. Some may think they see in the coinage of gold the production of money not for government favorites, but who knows that the money syndicate does not dictate the coinage of all gold that has been coined during recent years?

There are several things that go to show that it does do so. In the estimation of many gold coined and uncoined is, as money, all one. The syndicated usurer is capable of discerning and of producing a vast difference. When call loans go from 2 to 35 per cent, as was the case in Wall street not very long since, gold cuts no figure at all. It is for a legal tender such premium is demanded and obtained.

To the syndicated usurer the difference between gold and gold coin is often as the difference between a side of leather and a work harness to the farmer. The fact is the usurer is utterly dependent on government for money that will meet his peculiar requirements of money.

His entire dependence is on government produced money. And yet, we see the government depending, and compelling the business interests of the country to depend, for a supply

**JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT**  
**Was Alarmingly Afflicted With La Grippe.**  
**Cured by Pe-ru-na.**



**HON. W. H. PARSONS.**



Pe-ru-na  
 cures  
 more  
 cases of  
 la grippe  
 than  
 all other  
 remedies  
 combined.

reaches the source of all diseases of the mucous membranes by its action on the vaso-motor system of nerves.

Every person who has had la grippe during the last year should take a course of Peruna. No one need expect perfect recovery unless they do so. The grippe has produced catarrhal inflammation of the whole mucous membrane, and good health is impossible until these are restored to a normal condition. This Peruna will do. A great many remedies have been suggested for this condition from time to time, but Peruna appears to be the only remedy that has any substantial value in these cases. It has never failed to give satisfaction during forty years' experience and still occupies the unique position of being the leading (if not the only) specific remedy for the after-effects of la grippe.

Henry Distin, the inventor and maker of all the band instruments for the Henry Distin Manufacturing Co., writes the following from 1441 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.:

"I had a bad attack of la grippe last December which lasted more than three months, and which left me with catarrh, and several of my friends advised me to try Peruna. I began with a bottle the first week in March and it certainly did me a great deal of good. I was so well satisfied that I purchased another bottle and followed the directions, and can say that it has cured me."—Henry Distin.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

W. H. Parsons is Ex-State Senator and Ex-Special Judge of the Supreme Court of Texas, also Brigadier-General in Confederate Army. In a recent letter from 925 H Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., this prominent gentleman says:

*"Upon the recommendation of personal friends and many strong testimonials as to the efficacy of Peruna in the treatment of the numerous symptoms of the gripe with which I have been afflicted for four months past, I have been induced to undergo a treatment with this justly celebrated formula. I feel a decided change for the better after using it only one week. It is especially good in toning up the stomach and has had a decided effect upon my appetite. I therefore feel much encouraged that I am on the road to complete restoration."*

*"My numerous friends in Texas, where I have had the honor to command a brigade of the Veteran Cavalry in a four years' war, may accept this voluntary testimonial to the merits of Peruna as a sense of obligation on my part for its wonderful efficacy."—W. H. Parsons.*

There is no remedy in the world that meets the conditions produced by la grippe better than the remedy, Peruna. Peruna strengthens as it renovates, soothes while it stimulates, heals as it expurgates. Peruna is not a purgative, or cathartic, or sedative, or stimulant, nor a vegetable or mineral poison. It

**A reward of \$10,000 has been deposited in the Market Exchange Bank, Columbus, Ohio, as a guarantee that the above testimonial is genuine; that we hold in our possession authentic letters certifying to the same. Every one of our testimonials are genuine and in the words of the one whose name is appended.**

of money on the gracious (?) pleasure of these irresponsible parties who themselves must depend on the government for its production.

Could avarice invent or blindness tolerate a more diabolical alliance for robbing, debasing and enslaving humanity?

Any other crime is insignificant compared to this.

There is no crime that this crime will not shield if called on so to do.

It could not itself remain covered should it refuse to cover other crimes.

To expose it my influence is exceedingly feeble, but such as it is it never has been and never will be engaged in its defense.

A. F. ALLEN.

Vinland, Kas.

**Seven Financial Conspiracies**

Editor Independent: Some weeks since I noticed an inquiry by one of your readers about the "Seven Financial Conspiracies." Being anxious to know whether the book was still being issued, I wrote and received two copies of it today from the publishers, Lansing, Mich. There are plenty on hand and they seem to be of the 425,000,000 issue.

A READER.

Beecher, Ill.

Custer is another county where the Old Guard is flourishing. For example, Editor Frank W. Couly of the Callaway Weekly Tribune says: "The organization of the Old Guard

has fired the populists in this part of the county with a new zeal. The boys who have been dead in the shell for the last few years are beginning to crawl out of the hills to sun themselves."

**A New Feature**

At the St. Louis exposition. Parties wishing to charter sleeping cars and use them for sleeping purposes while in St. Louis can do so. The World's Fair commission is now putting in a lot of tracks and arranging for this business in a new way, by parking the cars within the exposition grounds. All cars will be furnished with water and sanitary arrangements. If you contemplate a trip and wish to go with a party I will be pleased to give you all the information in detail by calling or writing me.

G. W. BONNELL, C. P. A., Burlington Route, Lincoln, Neb.

**SPECIAL MARKET LETTER**

FROM NYE & BUCHANAN CO., LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SO. OMAHA, NEB.

Cattle: With 3,500 Monday the market was strong and higher, but Tuesday brought about 8,000 and a slow market, as is usual with heavy receipts, but steady. Wednesday's run was moderate and brought a 5 to 10c advance. Feeders seem anxious

to get rid of their cattle on account of taxes, high price of corn, and the doubt as to the improvement in the market. It will improve if not glutted.

We quote good choice corn-fed steers at \$4.40 to \$4.85, fair \$4.00 to \$4.30, common \$3.50 to \$3.90. Stock steers 25 to 30c lower. Good fat cows and heifers \$3.00 to \$3.65. Common cows \$2.50 to \$3.00, canners \$1.00 to \$2.25. Steer stock calves \$3.50 to \$4.00, heifers \$1.00 to \$1.25 less. Veal \$4.50 to \$5.50. Bulls \$2.50 to \$3.60.

Sheep: Market strong except on lambs. Choice. Fair to good. Lambs ..... \$5.50-5.75 \$4.75-5.25 Yearlings ..... 4.85-5.00 4.50-4.75 Wethers ..... 4.50-4.75 4.00-4.50 Ewes ..... 4.00-4.50 3.50-3.75 Hogs—Market weak till today it is a shade higher. Receipts moderate. Range, \$4.50 to \$5.10.

Meier & Meier, Attorneys, 1211 O Street, Lincoln, Nebraska

**NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEFENDANT**

In the District Court in and for Lancaster County, Nebraska, James Gilliam, Plaintiff, vs. Martha Jane Gilliam, Defendant. The defendant in the above entitled cause is hereby notified that her husband, James Gilliam, has commenced an action against her and on the 24 day of March, 1904, filed his petition in the above named court, the object and prayer of which is to procure an absolute divorce from the bonds of marriage, and upon the grounds of severe and extreme cruelty and separation. The defendant is required to answer the petition of the plaintiff herein on or before the 25th day of April, 1904, or the allegations thereof will be taken as true and decree entered accordingly.

JAMES GILLIAM, Plaintiff.

By Meier & Meier, His Attorneys.