

of direct nominations; also one to Chairman Parker or Chairman Butler to the same effect. If sent just before the St. Louis meeting, address, "Care New St. James Hotel, St. Louis, Mo." While on this head, let us make the St. Louis meeting a rousing big one. Don't stay away simply because you are not a member of the national committee. Come. If your committee man can't be there, get his proxy and act for him. The size of the enrollment of the Old Guard of Populism when reported at St. Louis will have much weight in determining whether it shall be a convention or referendum vote. Urge your populist neighbors to send in their names for enrollment.

**THIRD WEEK'S ENROLLMENT.**

- J. R. Spurlin, Curtis, Ala.; farmer.
- Harrison Bradford, Nashville, Ark.; farmer.
- W. E. Gregory, Alleene, Ark.; farmer.
- D. B. Huffman, Minnie, Ark.; farmer.
- W. S. Morgan, Hardy, Ark.; farmer, editor, author; real estate dealer; secretary Cincinnati convention, 1891.
- L. A. Smith, Booneville, Ark.; round-house hand; formerly farmer and teacher.
- J. A. Loggan, Ft. Collins, Colo.; gold miner.
- E. A. Sciple, 1837 W. 39th ave., Denver, Colo.; editor and manager Colorado Independent.
- Mark Foster, Washington, D. C.; stenographer and clerk.
- Geo. W. Powell, Fort Myers, Fla.; farmer; county judge.
- M. C. Read, Arcadia, Fla.; farmer and author.
- J. J. Holloway, Clem, Ga.; merchant and farmer; secretary county com.
- Nathan Demoulin, Highland, Ill.; farmer.
- E. C. Mills, Salem, Ill.; laborer.
- B. R. Perkins, Park Ridge, Ill.; farmer
- Jackson Wright, Harrisburg, Ill.; farmer, mechanic and gardener.
- Francis D. Craig, 328 E. Washington st., Indianapolis, Ind.; printer and newspaper man; chairman county committee.
- Aaron McDonald, Galveston, Ind.; farmer.
- W. J. Rummer, Mt. Vernon, Ind.; dry goods and clothing salesman.
- William Smith, R. F. D. 3, Logansport, Ind.; farmer.
- John W. Blard, Hugo, Ind. Ty.
- M. A. Rhea, Yates Center, Kas.; landlord.
- E. T. Thompson, Smith Center, Kas.; store clerk.
- S. D. Duckworth, New Iberia, La.
- T. J. Guice, Longstreet, La.; farmer.
- Levi W. Smith, Vinalhaven, Me.; retired seaman; member national com.
- Pzul J. Dixon, Chillicothe, Mo.; editor Missouri World; has edited straight greenback and populist papers for over 25 years; chairman county committee.
- T. J. Fleming, Santa Rosa, Mo.; farmer and stock raiser.
- D. C. Fuller, Adrian, Mo.; farmer and stock raiser; county judge.
- James H. Hillis, McFall, Mo.; farmer and manufacturer; chairman state committee.
- H. S. Keller, Mountain Grove, Mo.
- J. A. Scott, Hiatt, Mo.; farmer; sec-

- retary county committee.
- Abram Shufelt, Ashburn, Mo.; laborer powder plant.
- Mills Williams, West Plains Mo.; editor and publisher West Plains Quill.
- F. R. St. John, Billings, Mont.; painter.
- J. H. Boucher, Columbia Falls, Mont.; deputy state game warden.
- C. E. Kinman, Woodville, Mont.; miner.
- David Barber, Bancroft, Neb.
- Richard E. Brega, Callaway, Neb.; lawyer.
- W. L. Hand, Kearney, Neb.; lawyer; member state committee.
- Jonathan Higgins, Cambridge, Neb.; farmer and stock raiser.
- W. H. Kinnison, Angus, Neb.
- E. H. Kittle, Rockville, Neb.; only member 1903 Nebraska legislature elected on straight populist ticket.
- J. M. Knox, Earl, Neb.; farmer.
- John Scheuneman, Franklin, Neb.; farmer; county supervisor; (Mr. Scheuneman sends for enrollment the names of his six sons, J. F., Wm., Henry, Charles, Louis, and Fred).
- J. F. Scheuneman, Franklin, Neb.
- Wm. Scheuneman, Bloomington, Neb.
- Henry Scheuneman, Franklin, Neb.
- Chas. Scheuneman, Franklin, Neb.
- Louis Scheuneman, Franklin, Neb.
- Fred Scheuneman, Franklin, Neb.
- O. H. Truman, Fairfield, Neb.; minister, author and lecturer.
- H. Whitmore, Franklin, Neb.; lawyer; county attorney six years.
- J. H. Wright, Ruskin, Neb.; member 1897 Nebraska legislature.
- W. S. Dean, Delhi, N. Y.
- John Peck, Naples, N. Y.
- G. F. Schmittlein, Woodville, Ore.; farmer and stock raiser; member Oregon legislature.
- F. A. Foreman, Upton, Pa.; teacher; Barker and Donnelly elector 1900.
- Thomas J. Thompson, box 115, Hitchcock, S. D.; farmer.
- Theodore A. Smith, Henderson, Tenn.; physician and farmer; chairman county committee.
- John W. Baker, Snyder, Tex.; farmer; chairman county committee.
- J. D. Cady, Llano, Tex.; farmer and stock raiser.
- E. L. Dohoney, Paris, Tex.; lawyer, author and farmer.
- Mason Oldham, Graham, Tex.; farmer.
- C. E. Pegues, R. F. D. 1, Alto, Tex.; farmer.
- A. F. Slater, West Dallas, Tex.; merchant.
- H. C. Warren, Fort McKavett, Tex.; farmer and stock raiser.
- Edward Clayson, sr., 1323 First ave., Seattle, Wash.; editor and publisher The Patriarch.
- A. C. Houston, Pickaway, W. Va.; lawyer.
- R. M. Lee, Gay, W. Va.; farmer.

Enrollment the third week, 70; total to Saturday night, December 26, 198.

Vocation: Farmers 36, editors 6, lawyers 3, laborers 3, authors, miners, merchants 2 each, printer, painter, salesman, landlord, retired seaman, physician, state official, minister, and teacher 1 each, not given 7.

Former political affiliations: Democrats 23, republicans 18, greenbackers 5, populists always 3, not given 21.

States and territories represented third week, 23; for three weeks, 36. Cash receipts three weeks, \$61.37; expended for printing and postage, \$48.68; some printing bills yet unpaid. CHARLES Q. DE FRANCE, Assistant Secretary.

Lincoln, Neb.

**WORDS OF ENCOURAGEMENT.**

- T. J. Fleming, Santa Rosa, Mo.: "Enroll me in the Old Guard of Populism. I enclose a dollar to help pay expenses."
- Geo. W. Powell, county judge, Fort Myers, Fla.: "I belonged to the farmers' alliance; the Omaha platform brought on a hard fight in our county alliance and resulted in breaking it up; but I stuck to the platform and expect to stay with the people's party as long as it remains true to the principles of Jeffersonian democracy."
- A. C. Houston, Pickaway, W. Va.: "I heartily approve of the enrollment of the Old Guard of Populism. Many populists are despondent—have given up all hope. Many have taken no populist papers for years. This enrollment, if it reaches into the tens of thousands, will show them that there are yet those (and many of them) who have not bowed the knee to Baal. The touch of a comrade gives wonderful encouragement."
- S. Hunzertford, White Creek, Wis.: "I am now in my 86th year. I voted in 1840 for Harrison; in 1856 for Fremont; in 1860 for Lincoln (never for Grant); in 1872 for Greeley; 1876 for Peter Cooper; for Weaver in 1880 and 1882; for Butler in 1884; Streator in 1888; and for Bryan in 1896 and 1900. . . . I shall feel proud of the associa-

tion to be enrolled in the Old Guard of Populism."

W. H. Patch, El Reno, Okla.: "I will never again have any party strings on me; but every time the populists put up clean men and advocate clean principles, I will be found working in the ranks."

John W. Baker, chairman 16th congressional district, Snyder, Tex.: "There are many true populists throughout this country and all they need is just a little encouragement. Could send you a lot more names." (Glad to have them.—De France.)

H. C. Warren, Fort McKavett, Tex.: "Am still strong in the faith and have opposed fusion, first, last and all the time. Give us a straight ticket in 1904, without any red tape, and we are ready to unfurl the flag and contend for the Omaha platform."

Mark Foster, Washington, D. C.: "Yes, sir; I am just as strong in the faith as ever. Am glad to be enrolled, for I think this is the right plan. I am proud to be enrolled with that honorable Old Guard. . . . In regard to this name: It is a good thing to enroll right now those who are staunch populists, under that name, for there are none now in the party except old-timers. But I think the name ought to be changed pretty promptly, 'The Old Guard' is a very honorable title. It belongs only to those who are already in it, by virtue of the fighting they have done. . . . Of course, we want to enroll all the new fighters we can, and will give them all respect and consideration; but they have not in fact come all the way over the trail. This new period ought to have a new phrase." (Quite right. For the immediate present it is sufficient to rally the Old Guard. When a sufficiently large number of them get together, we can then formulate a plan of precinct clubs to take in the recruits.—De France.)

J. J. Holloway, Clem, Ga.: "In the language of our immortal Watson, let me say: 'Populists have much to say that the world must hear—must heed. Populism will come again.' This is the language of our noblest leader, whom the fusion deal forced us to work with and yet for our most bitter enemies. This being too bitter a pill for the earnest Georgia populists, it caused many to either shelter their votes or choose between two evils—and very many preferred the republican."

A. F. Slater, West Dallas, Tex.: "I heartily indorse your method. . . . If it is possible to show the populists their true strength by this plan, it will create confidence in the party and cause a great rallying. My only hope now is that the boys up northwest are thoroughly disgusted with fusion; they now know the fruits of it. We should quit using policy in our nominations and instead put up our best timber regardless of locality. . . . The ticket should be Watson of Georgia and Allen of Nebraska."

P. H. Larey, Cartersville, Ga.: "I take pride and pleasure in forwarding my name for enrollment in the Old Guard of Populism. . . . Have been an unflinching member of the party ever since the adoption of the Omaha platform—the second declaration of independence. In our last state election I was the nominee of the people's party for attorney general and came out victorious in defeat—or counting out! . . . Let the Old Guard go to work in dead earnest as in 1892 and 1894, and the ideo of November, 1904, may revolutionize the American continent by the achievement of a victory that will astound the world."

L. A. Smith, Booneville, Ark.: "God bless you in the good work."

J. H. Hillis, chairman state committee, McFall, Mo.: "I deem it an honor to have my name enrolled among the Old Guard of Populism. I have felt all these years while working for the principles of populism, that we were doing a Christian work, and doing the best we knew how to bring conditions that would accomplish 'peace on earth, good will to men' in place of the unjust competitive capitalistic hell that has been and now is prevailing. . . . Count me a populist till our government does all the banking and issues all the money—unless my lamp goes out first."

Dr. W. P. Brooks, Cook, Neb., offers to send a copy of his latest book, "16 to 1—Escaped Criminals to One Conviction," treating the liquor question; and a copy of his 48-page pamphlet, "Hard Times and the Way Out," treating the financial question, for 75 cents, the two. On each sale made he offers to donate 25 cents to help along the enrollment of the Old Guard of Populism.

Nathan Demoulin, R. F. D. 4, Highland, Ill.: "I have been a populist ever since the party was born. There were many populists in this vicinity, but most of them returned to the old

**HOW CLARK BUYS A BOND**

**Which Guarantees His Family an Estate, if He Dies, and Himself a Home, if He Lives.**

Mr. Clark, aged thirty-five, is manager of the elevator in the town of Salem. The position pays him a good salary, enabling him to support his family and lay aside about \$200 per year. Though he is now living comfortably, he realizes that he must devise some way of providing an income for his declining years.

His idea is to buy a farm. During a period of meditation as to whether or not he shall purchase a certain quarter section of land which is for sale at \$5,000, he is interviewed by a representative of the Old Line Bankers Life Insurance company of Lincoln, Nebraska, who endeavors to interest him in Life Insurance.

Hardly does the agent get well started, when he is interrupted by Mr. Clark who tells him of his intention to buy a farm. He states that he is about to make a small payment on the purchase price and will, if the agent can offer anything better, be an interested listener.

"Well," said the agent, "suppose you buy a farm worth \$5,000 by paying the small sum of \$175.25 annually without interest, for twenty years, the contract for same containing a clause specifying that, should you die at any time, the party from whom you buy the land will cancel all deferred payments, and give your estate a clear title; or if you live to the maturity of the contract, give you not only the deed to the land, but pay you as large a percentage of profit as you could reasonably expect to make from the property. Would you buy a farm on those terms?"

Of course Mr. Clark was interested, and since the Company secures each and every contract issued with a deposit of approved securities with the State of Nebraska, he expressed a willingness to become a party to such an agreement.

"Well," continued the agent, "if you will pay annually to the Old Line Bankers Life Insurance Company of Nebraska the sum of \$175.25 they will, if you die at any time, pay to whom you may name the sum of \$5,000. If you live twenty years, they will give you a cash settlement consisting of the guaranteed reserve and an estimated surplus, amounting to \$5,491.25. You will readily see that you receive \$1,086.25 more than you pay in, which is better than four per cent compound interest. Then, too, having the assurance that, should you die, you would leave a comfortable estate." Mr. Clark bought the insurance, and what Mr. Clark did you can do.

Permit our agent to explain a contract to you. If you do not own all the land you care to farm, ask for circular No. 1 which shows "How Jones Bought and Paid for a \$6,000 farm." If you have a mortgaged farm, call for Circular No. 2, which shows "How Samuels Paid a \$2,000 Mortgage."

For further information address the OLD LINE BANKERS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, at Lincoln, Nebraska.

Join the Old Guard of Populism.

parties. Best wishes for the success of the common people's cause."

Mills Williams, editor West Plains (Mo.) Quill: "I am still a mid-road populist, but am not doing any work at it at present. However, I am willing to do some work whenever I see that there is hope of doing any good. I did all I could to prevent the fusion deal of 1896 and spent time and money in the cause for several years. Then I quit. I am now running non-partisan papers, but whenever I think the reformers have learned enough to quit mixing with the old parties, I am willing to do some more work."

R. E. Brega Callaway, Neb.: "I will assist in any way that I can to bring this part of the country into line. . . . I firmly believe that the people's party would have been one of the two great parties by this time had it never fused; and I am also confident that if we can persuade the people that we will stand by our principles in the future, there is a bright future before the people's party."

M. C. Read, Arcadia, Fla.: "I was among the first to enlist under the banner of populism and have ever fought for the principles of the Omaha platform, and expect to as long as I live."

L. W. Smith, Vinalhaven, Me.: "Enclosed find enrollment and a dollar for expenses. I consider it a great honor to be enrolled as one of the Old Guard of Populism. I believe in fighting it out on this line, under the banner of populism, if it takes a life time. 'Tis our only hope

**Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure**

**Costs Nothing If It Fails.**

Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer. For years I searched everywhere to find a specific for Rheumatism. For nearly 20 years I worked to this end. At last, in Germany, my search was rewarded. I found a costly chemical that did not disappoint me as other Rheumatic prescriptions had disappointed physicians everywhere.

I do not mean that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure can turn bony joints into flesh again. That is impossible. But it will drive from the blood the poison that causes pain and swelling, and then that is the end of Rheumatism. I know this so well that I will furnish for a full month my Rheumatic Cure on trial. I cannot cure all cases within a month. It would be unreasonable to expect that. But most cases will yield within 30 days. This trial treatment will convince you that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure is a power against Rheumatism—a potent force against disease, that is irresistible.

My offer is made to convince you of my faith. My faith is but the outcome of experience—of actual knowledge. I KNOW what I can do. And I know this so well that I will furnish my remedy on trial. Simply write me a postal for my book on Rheumatism. I will then arrange with a druggist in your vicinity so that you can secure six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure to make the test. You may take it a full month on trial. If it succeeds, the cost to you is \$5.50. If it fails, the loss is mine and mine alone. It will be left entirely to you. I mean that exactly. If you say the trial is not satisfactory I don't expect a penny from you.

I have no samples. Any mere sample that can affect chronic Rheumatism must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, for it is dangerous to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood. My remedy does that even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. It has cured the oldest cases that I ever met, and in all of my experience, in all of my 2,000 tests, I never found another remedy that would cure one chronic case in ten.

Write me and I will send you the book. Try my remedy for a month, for it can't harm you anyway. If it fails the loss is mine.

Address Dr. Shoop, Box 960, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases not chronic are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.