## MILLIONATRES AND ASYMOTES

The editor of The Independent has had a somewhat intimate acquaintance with a few of the millionaires who run this country. Most of those with whom he for a short time associated were what are called "selfmade men," though one or two of them inherited their fortunes. Those with inherited fortunes took things easy and did not bother themselves much about government, except when the bankers got them excited about the gold standard. Knowing nothing at all about political economy they went wild over that and Mark Hanna was able to "pull their legs" without limit. The "self-made" fellows were all hustlers and were in speculation, politics and business up to their eyes. They were the chaps upon whom the
political bosses relied. With one of these millionaires the editor was on terms of intimacy for two or three years. He was the boss of his church and dictated who the pastor should be, claiming that he had a right to do so, because he paid the main pari of his salary. He contributed liberaily to missions and colleges and all sorts to missions and
He lived in a great mansion whic 2 had all sorts of electrical conven iences. He had a library, of course There was an ornate fireplace in it and the book cases were of the most costly kind. When it came to the books, there were cyclopedias, histories, biographies, works of travel, a full set of Darwin, many works on astronomy, all the standard fiction and all of them in magnificent and costly bindings. Works of art adorned every room in the house. He really had a taste for art and his selections, some of them costing thousands of dollars, were of the highest cast.
This writer spent one rainy day all alone in that library. As far as he could discover not one of the books had ever been opened. It was impossible that the proprietor,
started for his office every morning at 7:30 and did not return until $5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. or later and then in the evening attended church meetings, the clubs, political meetings or the theatre, could ever find an hour to spend there. He read the daily pape
eating his brealifast.
eating his breakfast.
He.had interests in several banks, He had interests in several banks,
in street car, gas and railroad franin street car, gas and railroad fran-
chises, besides running a large commercial business. On current affairs he was well posted, but his information was picked up during the day at the meetings of directors of the various companies and banks in which he was interested and on the streets.
One night he started down town, but one of his carriage horses went lame and he ordered his coachman to return. He spent that evening in his library with this writer. There was a big wood fire and the electric lights, a big wood fire and the electric lights, pictures and costly furniture made it a
brilliant place. After gazing into the brilliant place. After gazing into the
fire for a minute or two he remarked fire for a minute or two he remarked
that the cashier of his bank had said that the cashier of his bank had said
to him that there were some things to him that there were some things
in higher mathematics that were as in higher mathematics that were and asked what the cashier could possibly mean. Then the following conversation occurred:
"I suppose that there are some things about asymtotes and conic sections that to a mathematical mind would appear beautiful.'
"What is an asymtote"
"That would be very hard to explain unless you began at the beginning of the science, learned the first principles and gradually approached an answer to the question by consecutive study."
"Well, tell me something about it,"
"Roughly speaking, it is a line always approaching a curve, but can never reach it."
"But it cannot go on always approaching and never meet. That is Impossible."
"It is something like this: If take that apple and always divide it
exactly in half, no matter how long I keep up the operation, th
ever be something left."
The millionaire fell into a brown study for a minute and then slowly replied: "Y-e-s, that is so." Then he went to the book shelves and took "Asymtotes and conic sections are a part of geometry, I sup̀pose." After a few minutes he said: "Yes, here it is, all about conic sections, asỳmtote, parabula, hyperbola. I see all those words here." Then he closed the book, saying: "Some time, if I ever get a day off, I am going to look that whole thing up." Seating himself h $\epsilon$ said:

I believe that Father Jasper is right notwithstanding all the fun that the newspapers poke at him. I saw who claimed that the theory that the world turns around cannot be proved." Then he went to a drawer and found the clipping. "I never read only the head-lines," he said, "but when I get time I am going to read the whole article through.'
Now this man who was a genius at accumulating money, whose whole life and thought had been devoted $t$ s that purpose, was also the principal political factor in the city where he lived. And yet he had no knowledge of government, had never given a single thought to the vast problems confronting society at every turn, and was used by the boss of his party as his principal asset. It was to the interest of that boss, and all bosses for hat matter, to hold up this man as a pattern for every one, to pretend to
refer to him questions of government refer to him questions of government
finance, when for the life of him he could not have told what value was, what wealth was, what laws affected production and distribution, where the dividing line should be set between government ownership and private ownership and perhaps had never given a thought to any of these things. He had money and lots of it. That in the opinion of the citizens of that city was a sufficient reason for allowing him to decide how they should vote and whom they should elect to office. In exercising that power it was of course the natural tendency of the man to favor all those things that his millionaire associates avored and above all look out that there were no men elected to office who would pass laws interfering with
the franchises and banks in which he was interested.
There are several thousand just such cases as this in these United States. It is taken for granted that if a man has a million or two, he, of all the community, is best qualified to control legislation and direct how the laws should be administered, when there may be numerous other men in the community who have studied all these questions, and though they may not be possessed of much wealth, are infinitely better qualified to make laws and administer them. When the people of the United States have arrived at that state of civilization that they will take account of the qualities of men and not the amount of money they have accumulated, there will be better government, and not till then.

MPERIALISM V. SELF GOVERNMENT
Admiral Dewey said: "The people of the Philippine islands are better qualified for self-government than the people of Cuba and I know them both." Cuba has had one year of
self-government. When General Wood turned the treasury over to the Cu bans there was a balance of $\$ 540,000$ in cash. On the 1st of May that balance had been increased to $\$ 2,699,000$. All current expenses have been sanitary paid, the educational and American authorities have been kept up, peace and order have been maintained, and a good army has been organized. Never in the history of

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## HAYDEN BROS, WHOLESSLE SIMPYY HOUSE,

## the island ha

death rate.
The Filipinos have had three years of imperialism and according to all the official reports and private advices the country is in the most distressed and deplorable condition of any on the face of the earth. Instead of improvement, there is degeneration. Appropriations have had to be made from the United States treasury to keep the people from dying of starvation.
It is a fair test of imperialism and self-government. One promotes prosperity and the happiness of the people and the other brings poverty, discontent and constant war. It is as bad or the United States as it is for the people of the Philippines. What is most disenheartening is that the prospect is that conditions in the Philippines will never be any better. In the very nature of men, it follows that people who have longed and fought for self-government whose aspirations are all still for it will never amount to anything under imperialism.

MARK HANNA RASCALS
The putting of Perry S. Heath, the most unscrupulous of the Mark Hanna intriguers, into the responsible position of first assistant postmaster general was an outrage on the very edents sh. No man with such a to general office in that department of the government. The demoralization he government. The demoralization fovernment which the government which fowed are what any man of sense kn woul follow. The denunciations of the written charges made by seymour W. Tulloch as "hot air" and "glittering generaliies" will not "go down" with th American public. Here is one, and here are many more of like charac er, which is anything but a "glittering generality.'
The postmaster one day brought me an allowance of the first assistant postmaster general, sal-
ary and allowance division, July ary and allowance division, July
27,1898 , appointing Emma Janes and Fannie R. Winans as cleaners, or char-women, for one year from July 1, 1898, at $\$ 600$ per annum. Handing me the allowance, he partment that the names of the women should not appear upon any pay-roll; that the parties designated should not know that the other was in receipt of any.
money or had any connection with
the office. He also stated that the office. He also stated that neither of them was expected to plimentary roll was added to pliment
later.
Putting his women on the pay-roll of the United States is just what might have been expected of Perry S. Heath. When congress meets perhaps we may get the facts about these political rascals.

VICE-PRKSIDKNT THOMPSON
number of Nebraska papers, among them the Lyons Mirror, Central City Democrat and Plattsmouth Journal, are commenting favorably upon the boom started by the Des Moines Democrat for W. H. Thompson of Grand Island for vice president in 1904. Nothing would please The Independent better than to see Billy presiding over the United States sell-ate-but if he must go in as the tail to Cleveland's kite, and it looks as if he must if he is to be vice president, then The Independent would prefer some other candidate. Of course, the Des Moines Democrat was bringing Des Moines Democrat was bringing
him out on the assumption that the Kansas City platform demoerats will Kansas City platform democrats whin
win out-an assumption that is by no win out-an assumption that is by no
means a foregone conclusion, as it means a foregone conclusion, as it
seems to The Independent at this means
seems
time.

The Louisville Courier Journal of May 20 devotes almost its entire editorial page to Grover's "takin' notice," and calls attention to its first editorial on the subject, June 25, 1902, after Cleveland had appeared with Hill at the Tilden banquet; and regards his mourning at Hewitt's funeral, his Booker T. Washington speech and his St. Louis journey, as evidence that "the old Mugwump (is) getting into place-the literary bureau adroitly at work-Mr. Cleveland is the grand old man shunning publicity, seeking nothing, not, even deigning to tter the one word 'no,' which would have stopped all question, have silenced all criticism."
And it will be found that his speech at the Kischineff mass meeting, May, 28 , is simply another step in the con-
spiracy. Meanwhile the eastern paspiracy. Meanwhile the eastern pa-
pers are either actively or passively pers are either actively or passively,
helping along his boom-and if Billy, Thompson runs for vice president on the democratic ticket it looks as though it would have to be Grover and Billy. This The Independent is not anxious to see.

