

Named for Lincoln  
Made in Lincoln



Test of the Oven  
Test of the Taste  
Test of Digestion  
Test of Quality  
Test of Quantity  
Test of Time

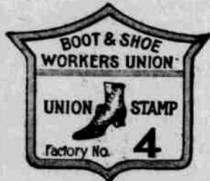
Measured by Every  
Test it Proves Best

Demand Liberty Flour and take no other. If your grocer does not handle it, phone us about it.

H. O. BARBER & SON

Once Tried Always Used  
**Little Hatchet Flour**

Made from Select Nebraska Hard Wheat  
WILBER AND DeWITT MILLS  
RYE FLOUR A SPECIALTY  
TELEPHONE US  
Bell Phone 200; Auto. 1459  
145 So. 9th St., LINCOLN, NEB.



Named Shoes are Often Made  
in Non-Union Factories.

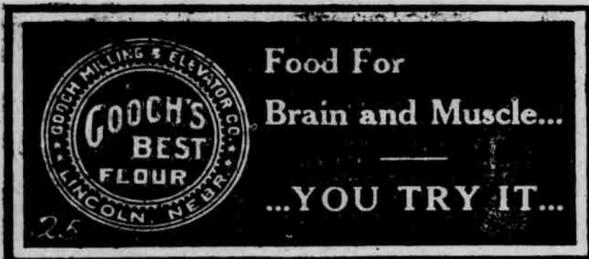
**Do Not Buy Any Shoe**

no matter what the name unless  
it bears a plain and readable  
impression of this Union Stamp.

All Shoes Without the Union Stamp are Non-Union  
Do not accept any excuse for absence of the UNION STAMP

**Boot and Shoe Workers Union**

246 Sumner St., Boston, Mass.  
JOHN F. TOBIN, Pres. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.



Food For  
Brain and Muscle...

...YOU TRY IT...

**First Trust and Savings Bank**

Owned by Stockholders of the First National Bank

THE BANK FOR THE WAGE-EARNER

INTEREST PAID AT FOUR PER CENT

Tenth and O Streets Lincoln, Nebraska

Bell 348, Auto 2535

Oliver Theatre Bldg.

**Underwood Typewriter Co.**

137 North 13th Street

E. E. FRANCIS, Mgr.

LINCOLN, NEBR.

**Green Gables**

The Dr. Benj. F. Baily Sanatorium  
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

For non-contagious chronic diseases. Largest, best  
equipped, most beautifully furnished.

## INJURED TOILERS.

Denmark's Plan of Compensation  
For Accident.

ALL LITIGATION IS AVOIDED.

System Provides For Prompt Relief.  
Protects Crippled Workers' Dependents  
From Want—Government Passes  
on Claims.

In view of the interest now being taken in workmen's compensation and employers' liability laws, the following information as to how the subject is handled in Denmark will be interesting: By a system of compulsory insurance the workmen's interests are safeguarded without litigation. The consumer practically pays the insurance premium, it being included by the employer in estimating the cost of production.

The advantages of the Danish law are: (1) Absolute protection of the workingman; (2) avoidance of all litigation connected with injuries received from accidents; (3) the knowledge on the part of the employer that so long as the insurance is paid he need fear no losses from damage suits, etc.; (4) if a workingman is injured those depending on him are protected from such want or privation as might be caused by the cessation of his wages. The settlements are made promptly, and the sufferer and his dependents are caused as little inconvenience as possible.

If a workman engaged in any of the employments covered by the law suffers an accident which has temporarily or continually decreased his working capacity he is insured against the sustained loss of his working capacity. If the accident causes death and the workman leaves a widow she is entitled to the insurance if the marriage took place before the accident and they had not ceased to live together.

If the workman does not leave a widow who is entitled to the insurance his children are entitled to it if he was liable for their support or did support them at the time the accident took place. If the workman leaves neither wife nor children it will be decided by a council whether the insurance shall be due to others who at the time of the accident were supported by the workman. The same rules apply to female employees who leave children or others supported by them.

Survivors who at the time of the accident did not live in Denmark have not the right to claim compensation.

For the settlement of all questions arising under this law a council has been established, consisting of a chairman appointed by the king, two members likewise appointed by the king, of whom one shall be a doctor, two employers appointed by the minister of the interior and two workmen of those trades included in this law.

The council decides as soon as possible after notice of any case—

First—Whether the case reported involves any claim under the accident insurance law.

Second—Whether such facts are present as will determine the nature of the compensation.

Third—The amount of the compensation which is due to the survivors.

The decisions of the council as to the first question may be appealed to the minister of the interior, while those under the second and third cannot be appealed.

Amounts decreed by the council are to be paid to that body within fourteen days and are at once paid to the person in question. In some instances the council may decide that an annuity be bought for the money, in which case the annuity is paid direct to the annuitant. In the remaining cases funeral expenses are always paid direct to the beneficiary.

According to the last annual report of the council, made to the minister of the interior and published, the number of cases of accident reported and dealt with by the council in 1908 amounted to 2,893, of which 425 were not considered, as they were found not to involve any claim according to the law; in 1,365 of them the person in question fully regained his working capacity, and fifty-eight cases resulted in death. In seventeen of the latter the deceased did not leave any person who was found entitled to the insurance, and the funeral expenses only were paid. In the remaining forty-one cases beneficiaries were found and 130,400 crowns (\$34,947) were paid in addition to the funeral expenses.

### Labor Gossip.

A campaign has been started to organize the tobacco workers of the Dominion of Canada.

The International Typographical union voted to meet next year at San Francisco. It will be the fifty-seventh annual convention.

In spite of last year's trade depressions in Austria the Railway Men's union in that country has increased its membership from 58,000 to 62,000.

The twenty-fifth annual convention of the Massachusetts state branch, American Federation of Labor, will be held at Hibernian hall, Worcester, Oct. 10-13.

The potters of Trenton have demanded a general increase of 10 per cent in wages in various forms and the installation of more modern methods for improving working conditions, such as dust preventing devices. The present working agreement expires Nov. 1.

### PUBLIC SENTIMENT.

Power of the Press Used by a Settlement to Settle a Strike.

Rochester can boast of unique settlement activities. In 1907 Florence Ledyard Cross started a small house-keeping center in the Italian quarter. A bureau of information and protection for foreigners was afterward added, which has just taken a prominent part in settling a strike of Italian laborers.

On January the union notified the contractors that laborers on street and sewer jobs would not work after May 1 for less than 25 cents an hour. The notice was ignored, and on June 9 a strike was called. The strike and the part the bureau took are well described by Richard Kitchelt in the Survey:

"At first people who had been criticizing the Italians for their low standard of living criticized them now for trying to better their condition by the only means at their command. Groups of strikers were attacked by the police. Some men were shot and others arrested. The cases of these latter were twice postponed in spite of their desire for a speedy trial, and they were finally discharged for lack of evidence. Arbitration through Italian lawyers was tried, but with no success.

"In this extremity some of the strikers' executive board turned to the bureau for help. Miss Cross called together a committee of prominent citizens and laid before them through the testimony of the workmen themselves the importance of a speedy and just termination of the strike. It was shown that the wages of the laborers averaged \$6.50 a week, an amount inadequate to maintain a family in health and strength; that the city was being injured by a continually lowering standard of living; that the injection into the community of irresponsible strike breakers was a menace to the public peace and welfare.

"The newspapers were induced to print the truth about the strikers. Public sentiment gradually changed in favor of the workmen. Petitions from residents and shopkeepers along torn up streets were laid before the mayor. At last, after the strike had continued four weeks, the contractors consented to a conference, which resulted in an immediate increase of a cent an hour and an agreement to arbitrate the wage scale before the next season's contracts were entered into."

### THE PRINTERS' CONVENTION.

Changes in Existing Laws to Be Submitted to Referendum.

The convention of the International Typographical union at Minneapolis last month suggested some changes in the present laws which, if adopted by the referendum, will at least simplify matters very materially. One of the suggestions was a change in the method of collecting dues. The method now in force is an assessment of a certain percentage upon the earning capacity of a member. The change in procedure would make a fixed charge of \$1 per month. Another change graduates the mortuary fund so that members of one year or less shall receive \$50, two years \$100, three years \$150, five years \$200 and over five years \$250. The old age pension substitute was also acted on favorably. Under it a totally disabled member, who therefore would be ineligible to the privileges of the Union Printers' home, shall be directly entitled to the regular pension.

A proposition to erect a \$100,000 headquarters building at Indianapolis was adversely acted on, but a further proposition to hold the annual conventions at the headquarters city instead of hippodroming about the country was sent back to the subordinate unions for discussion until next year's convention. Another resolution that will come before the referendum is the fixing of the salaries of the president and secretary-treasurer at \$3,000 a year. They now receive \$2,100. The executive board was instructed to make a generous contribution to the American Tuberculosis society to aid in the fight against consumption.

### Resignations in Advance.

If Fred Shane and James P. Egan, organized labor candidates, are elected to represent Lucas county in the Ohio senate and lower branch of the assembly respectively about the first thing they will do thereafter will be to write their own resignations. The resignations, under blank date, will be addressed to the governor of Ohio, but will be held by the officers of the Toledo labor congress. If the Toledo labor congress decides that its representatives in the lawmaking body of the state ever cease to be real representatives of the cause of the workers the right of recall will be exercised. The made in advance resignations will be forwarded to the chief executive of the state, the officers will become vacant and the ousted legislators repudiated by the voters who elected them.

### A German Labor Leader.

The active leader of the German movement is Herr C. Legien. He is a wood turner by trade and has been president of the German Federation of Trade Unions for twenty years. He has been a member of the reichstag for twelve years. He is a writer of rare ability and is the author of an almanac on the labor movement of the world, which is published each year in German, French and English.

### Make Agitator Show Label.

Whenever you hear a union man damning a "scab" ask him to show the label in his hat. If it is there then he may be somewhat justified to continue. If it is not there the gentleman is out of order.

# PRINTING

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