

JOB PRINTING

AT THE OFFICE OF

The Wageworker

We are prepared to handle all kinds of Printing—Cards to Newspapers.



Have you tried us? No! Very likely we can do you good.

Wageworker

Auto 1556

144 North 14th

Bell 333

A Matter of Expense



THE EXPENSE IS ALWAYS A CONSIDERATION WITH THE WAGE EARNER, but if you imagine the use of Gas for Fuel is more expensive than coal, you've another think coming.

The Cost of Gas

Fuel Gas is cheaper than coal—and it is always at hand, no matter how cold or hot the day; no matter how stormy the weather, we deliver the fuel into the kitchen. And you can save just one-half the fuel bills by using gas. We are able to prove this assertion. You will save health, time and temper, too.

A Modern Gas Range

is a time-saving tool that the housewife is entitled to. We have them in the best and most reliable makes. Come in and see them. Open evenings for your convenience. Let us demonstrate to you the economy of using fuel gas.

Lincoln Gas & Electric Light Company

OPEN EVENINGS

CONVENTIONS OF 1909.

Where and When the Clans Will Gather to Boost the Cause.

May 9, Minneapolis, Minn., American Federation of Musicians.
 May 10, Atlanta, Ga., Order of Railroad Telegraphers.
 May 10, Minneapolis, Minn., Hotel and Restaurant Employees' International Alliance.
 May 17, Peoria, Ill., Switchmen's Union of North America.
 May 22, New Brunswick, N. J., National Print Cutters' Association of America.
 May 20, New York, N. Y., Steel Plate Transferrers' Association.
 June 7, Toronto, Canada, Pattern-makers' League of America.
 June 7, Milwaukee, Wis., International Association of Steam and Hot Water Fitters.
 June 7, Washington, D. C., International Association of Marble Workers.
 June 21, Omaha, Neb., International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union.
 June 21, Syracuse, N. Y., Boot and Shoe Workers' Union.
 June 28, Philadelphia, Pa., International Union of Pavers, Rammermen, etc.
 July 5, Milwaukee, Wis., International Broom and Whisk Makers' Union.
 July 7, Milwaukee, Wis., Glass Bottle Blowers' Association.
 July 12, Chicago, Ill., International Jewelry Workers' Union of America.
 July 12, Galveston, Texas, International Longshoremen's Association.
 July 12, Springfield, O., International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees.
 July 17, Newark, N. J., Wire Weavers' Protective Association.
 July 19, Philadelphia, Pa., International Steel and Copper Plate Printers' Union.
 July 22, Louisville, Ky., Retail Clerks' International Protective Association.
 July —, Atlantic City, N. J., National Brotherhood of Operative Potters.
 August 2, Denver, Colo., Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' International Alliance.
 August 2, Buffalo, N. Y., Journeymen Tailor Union of America.
 August 3, Detroit, Mich., International Glove Workers' Union of America.
 August 9, St. Joseph, Mo., International Typographical Union.
 August 10, Indianapolis, Ind., Shirt, Waist and Laundry Workers' International Union.
 August 12, Kansas City, Mo., International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union of North America.
 August 16, Boston, Mass., Metal Polishers, Buffers, Platers, etc.
 September 6, Eureka, Humb. Co., Cal. International Brotherhood of Woodmen and Saw Mill Workers.
 September —, Springfield, Mass., Table Knife Grinders' National Union.
 September 6, St. Louis, Mo., National Federation of Postoffice Clerks.
 September 7, Milwaukee, Wis., International Photo-Engravers' Union of North America.
 September 9, Boston, Mass., International Spinners' Union.
 September 13, Boston, Mass., Wood, Wire, and Metal Lathers' International Union.
 September 13, Denver, Colo., International Association of Machinists.
 September 13, Elmira, N. Y., International Hodcarriers and Building Laborers' Union of America.
 September 13, Chicago, Ill., International Brick, Tile, and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance.
 September 14, Denver, Colo., American Brotherhood of Cement Workers.
 September 17, New York, Pocket-knife Blade Grinders and Finishers' International Union.
 September 20, —, —, Travelers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers' International Union of America.
 September 29, Minneapolis, Minn., International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.
 October 4, Milwaukee, Wis., International Union of Shipwrights, Joiners, Caulkers, Boat Builders and Ship Cabinet Makers of America.
 October 4, Toronto, Ont., Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America.
 October 5, Milwaukee, Wis., Journeymen Barbers' International Union of America.
 October 19, Detroit, Mich., International Association of Car Workers.
 October 19, Charlotte, N. C., United Textile Workers of America.
 November 8, Toronto, Can., American Federation of Labor.
 November 29, New York, N. Y., International Seamen's Union.
 December 8, Indianapolis, Ind., International Alliance of Bill Posters of America.

DO NOT PATRONIZE BUCK STOVES AND RANGES!

THE PRINTERS.

Get Away With a Lot of Business at Their May Meeting.

Lincoln Typographical Union met last Sunday afternoon and transacted a lot of business.
 L. L. Ingraham, who has been president for almost a year tendered his resignation. He is about to become a resident of Idaho, where he will raise small pica prunes and eighteen-point peaches. He was tendered a unanimous vote of thanks for his past services, and W. W. Ford was elected to fill the unexpired term.
 A committee was appointed to arrange for the observance of "Printer's Memorial Day," which occurs on the last Sunday in the present month.
 The Ben Franklin Club, an organization of employing printers, sent the following communication, which was read and filed:
 "Lincoln, Neb., May 1, 1909.—To the officers and members of Lincoln Typographical union No. 209, Lincoln, Nebraska, Gentlemen: The executive committee of the Ben Franklin club, the employing printers' local organization, through a desire to express their approval of the action of Lincoln Typographical union No. 209 at its meeting of April 4, 1909, in its endorsement of senate file No. 283, known as the Wilson daylight saloon bill, transmit you a copy of the following resolution:
 "Whereas, the attention of the executive committee of the Ben Franklin club of this city has been directed to a certain resolution adopted by Lincoln Typographical union No. 209 at its regular meeting commencing senate file No. 283, known as the Wilson daylight saloon bill;
 "Be it resolved, that it is the sense of this committee that Lincoln Typographical union No. 209 is to be congratulated upon the advanced position they have taken in the ranks of organized labor by its official recognition of the evils of the drink habit and its depreciating influence upon the value of that which the laboring man has for sale, his labor. The executive committee of the Ben Franklin club of Lincoln adopts this means of expressing their appreciation of the attitude of the members of Lincoln Typographical union No. 209 on this question.
 C. D. TRAPHAGEN, Chairman.
 JACOB NORTH, R. A. McCARTNEY, B. A. GEORGE, ROBERT A. DECOU, Executive Committee of the Ben Franklin Club of Lincoln, Neb.
 L. D. WOODRUFF, Ex-Officio.
 The union took cognizance of a lot of "bum" printing that is being foisted off on the state and appointed a committee consisting of Messrs. Coffey, Pine and Ford to file the following protest with the state printing board:
 "Lincoln Typographical union No. 209 a membership of practical journeymen printers, a large majority of whom are taxpayers, believing that the provisions of a contract are binding and enforceable and of just as much importance and as obligatory, whether between individuals or between the state and an individual or between the state and political traffickers, that past work or anticipated work in future campaigns not immune from the enforcement of obligations to the state, protest against the allowance of the claim for the printing of the 1908-1909 biennial report of the state bureau of labor statistics, such biennial report being padded 115 pages—actual count.
 "And protest for the further reason that said biennial report should have been delivered to the state for the use and information of the recent session of the legislature, the fact being that 100 copies were delivered on or about March 20, and so far as known the remainder of the contract number remain undelivered to date."
 F. M. Coffey was elected as delegate to the state federation of labor, which will meet in the near future.
 G. E. Locker, Roy Kennedy and Fred Mickel were appointed a committee to issue a call for a mass meeting of the allied trades.
 The following nominations were made for the principal offices for the coming year:
 For delegate to international convention at St. Joseph—Lynn Freeman, W. W. Ford, G. E. Locker, F. M. Coffey.
 For alternates—George Bostrom, August Radebaugh.
 For president—W. W. Ford, Henry Bingham.
 For vice-president—H. C. Peate.
 For secretary-treasurer—F. H. Hebard.
 For recording secretary—Floyd McKinney, Orral Young, W. C. Moyer.
 For sergeant-at-arms—J. G. Sayer.
 For executive committee—George Bostrom, G. M. Wathan, John Zurbrigen, F. M. Coffey.
 For delegates to Allied Trades Council—C. S. Eckert, J. R. Bain, Roy Kennedy, Walter Stoner.
 For delegates to Central Labor

Union—Floyd McKinney, Roy Kennedy, C. S. Eckert, W. S. Bustard, Orral Young.

UNION PRINT SHOPS.

Printeries That Are Entitled to Use the Allied Trades Label.

Following is a list of the printing offices in Lincoln that are entitled to the use of the Allied Printing Trades label, together with the number of the label used by each shop:
 Jacob North & Co., No. 1.
 C. S. Simmons, No. 2.
 Freie Presse, No. 3.
 Woodruff-Collins, No. 4.
 Graves & Mulligan, No. 5.
 State Printing Co., No. 6.
 Star Publishing Co., No. 7.
 Western Newspaper Union, No. 8.
 Wood Printing Co., No. 9.
 George Bros., No. 11.
 McVey Printing Co., No. 12.
 Ford Printing Co., No. 16.
 VanTine & Young, No. 24.
 Dairyman Pub. Co., 130 No. 14th.
 Graves Printery, No. 5.
 New Century, 213 South Thirteenth.

THE LABOR MOVEMENT IN EUROPE.

I. the Organization of Trades Unions.

Rev. Charles Stelzie.
 Organized labor throughout the world is 9,000,000 strong. The trades unionists in Great Britain, according to the most recent figures, have a total membership of 2,100,000, of which number 150,000 are women. It is estimated that 33 per cent of the workers in Great Britain are connected with the trades unions. There are practically four divisions among the organized workmen affiliated with the British trades congress, consisting, first, of about 700,000 in the General Federation of Trades Unions (which is composed of 134 national organizations, and who are, for the most part, skilled workers), 500,000 miners, 115,000 members of the Railway Servants' Societies, and about 700,000 general workers and laborers who are not affiliated with the General Federation. The organized workmen in England are represented in their political and general activities in what is known as the "Joint Board," which is composed of four members each from the following bodies: First, the Parliamentary Committee (consisting of the Executive Committee of the British Trades Congress); second, the General Federation of Trades Unions; third, the labor party, which is the distinctively political organization of the trades unionists. This Joint Board outlines the policies of the workmen and unifies their activities. Mention should be made, however, of the Independent Labor party, which is the Socialist wing of the labor party, and which contains about 15 per cent of its membership. German trades unionists number 2,000,000, with about 120,000 women, but in addition to this it is estimated that there are 250,000 "Christian Trades Unionists," who are controlled more or less by the Church. Of the total number of trades unionists in Germany, perhaps 385,000 are Social Democrats, standing specifically for the Socialist movement. Estimates of the number of trades unionists in France vary considerably, but there are probably 900,000 members of Organized Labor, 300,000 of whom belong to the "Confederation du Travail," or the Federation of Labor. Probably the largest percentage of workmen in the trades unions of any country in Europe are to be

found in Denmark and Sweden, the Denmark trades unions containing fully 50 per cent of the toilers and Sweden about 38 per cent. In Hungary there is an estimated membership of 130,000, or 28 per cent of all the working people. Austria has nearly 500,000, or 18 per cent., while Italy with its immense population, contains only 200,000, or 6 per cent.

The United States, with its 2,000,000 unionists, is in the lead in the total number of workmen and workingwomen who are in the trades-union movement, even though the percentage of workmen in the trades unions is not as great as it is in some countries in Europe.

TRUST SETTLES FOR A FRAUD.

Sugar Combine Fined \$2,134,000 for Cheating Government.

The American Sugar Refining company on Thursday paid the government \$896,000, completing a payment aggregating \$2,134,000 in settlement of claims arising out of the fraudulent weighing of sugar on the docks of the refineries. The government threatened to bring further suits for amounts reaching nearly \$9,000,000 if the sugar trust did not settle.

Now look out for another increase in the price of sugar. That fine has to be made up in some way or another, and about the easiest way is make the public pay it.

AT HAVELOCK.

Deputy Labor Commissioner Maupin Talks to Big Mass Meeting.

Deputy Labor Commissioner Maupin addressed a meeting of over two hundred wage earners at Havelock Wednesday evening. He outlined the plan for organizing a State Federation of Labor and explained as best he could the benefits that would accrue to the wage earners of the state by reason of having a live, compact organization. After that he devoted the rest of his talk to emphasizing the need for better organization and for a greater unity of action.

Incidentally the speaker took up the label question and explained the need of more education along that line. That the label matter was of interest was evidenced by a number of men who asked questions and then examined the lithographer chart of labels exhibited at the speaker's stand.

The unionists of Havelock are up and coming, and they promise to push the State Federation project to the limit.

Don't SUFFER WITH CORNS USE DURAND'S CORN REMOVER

So surely as you apply Durand's Corn Remover, just so surely will it take off any corn. It's clean and easy. No bandage, no grease, no knife. 15c per bottle.

RECTOR'S 12th & O

UNION MEN

\$12.50 Buys You a Good Union Suit

Just say to one of our clerks when you come in the store that you would like to see one of our Union Made Suits which we are selling at \$12.50. You will get the best value in the city for your money.

Mayer Brothers LINCOLN'S LEADING CLOTHIERS

P. S. Don't forget to say, I saw your ad in the Wageworker