

April Buyers
Are
Wise Buyers

BENWAY'S

The Wise
Buyers
Buy Now

We believe pride in our goods is justifiable. Bought with utmost carefulness, and with consideration of our customers' interests, we offer you a safe and economical place to purchase House Furnishings, and most cordially invite you to call.

Particularly do we emphasize the well known makes of goods for which we are sole agents. A few only are mentioned here

Macey Bookcases

Every home needs a bookcase. We recommend especially the Macey Sectional Bookcase. Practical because economical. You may begin with one section and increase to meet your demands. In all finishes of oak at.....\$3.00 per Section

Sanitaire Metal Beds

Why is not a guaranteed iron bed a better proposition for you, when it costs no more than ordinary ones? The Sanitaire beds are guaranteed for ten years. Newest designs and finishes. Prices from.....\$2.50 to \$25.00

Stearns & Foster Mattresses

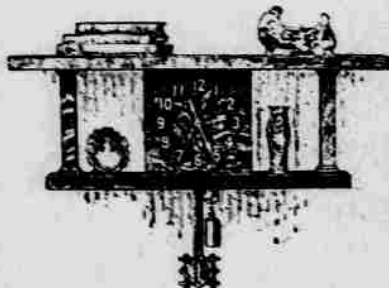
More than one qualification is necessary to make a perfect mattress. It must be hygienic, comfortable and durable. The Stearns & Foster mattresses are honestly built, of genuine felt, and for constant use are not excelled. Advertised in all magazines. Prices from.....\$10.50 to \$18.50



Special
Weathered oak jardiniere stands—plain but substantial. On sale Monday at

39c

Special
Mission Shelf Weight Clock—Not a toy. A thoroughly well made clock with reliable works. Top shelf 22 inches long, height from pendulum to shelf 22 inches



\$2.69

Hoosier Cabinets
Saves Steps

BENWAY'S

Brenlin Shades
Won't Crack

Subscribe Now, \$1

A Matter of Expense



THE EXPENSE IS ALWAYS A CONSIDERATION WITH THE WAGE EARNER, but if you imagine the use of Gas for Fuel is more expensive than coal, you've another think coming.

The Cost of Gas

Fuel Gas is cheaper than coal—and it is always at hand, no matter how cold or hot the day; no matter how stormy the weather, we deliver the fuel into the kitchen. And you can save just one-half the fuel bills by using gas. We are able to prove this assertion. You will save health, time and temper, too.

A Modern Gas Range

is a time-saving tool that the housewife is entitled to. We have them in the best and most reliable makes. Come in and see them. Open evenings for your convenience. Let us demonstrate to you the economy of using fuel gas.

Lincoln Gas & Electric Light Company
OPEN EVENINGS

CONVENTIONS OF 1909.

Where and When the Clans Will Gather to Boost the Cause.

- May 1, New York, N. Y., United Cloth Hat and Cap Makers.
- May 4, Detroit, Mich., Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers.
- May 5, Cleveland, Ohio, Tin Plate Workers' International Protective Association.
- May 9, Minneapolis, Minn., American Federation of Musicians.
- May 10, Atlanta, Ga., Order of Railroad Telegraphers.
- May 10, Minneapolis, Minn., Hotel and Restaurant Employees' International Alliance.
- May 17, Peoria, Ill., Switchmen's Union of North America.
- May 22, New Brunswick, N. J., National Print Cutters' Association of America.
- May 30, New York, N. Y., Steel Plate Transferrers' Association.
- June 7, Toronto, Canada, Patternmakers' League of America.
- June 7, Milwaukee, Wis., International Association of Steam and Hot Water Fitters.
- June 7, Washington, D. C., International Association of Marble Workers.
- June 21, Omaha, Neb., International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union.
- June 21, Syracuse, N. Y., Boot and Shoe Workers' Union.
- June 28, Philadelphia, Pa., International Union of Pavers, Rammermen, etc.
- July 5, Milwaukee, Wis., International Broom and Whisk Makers' Union.
- July 7, Milwaukee, Wis., Glass Bottle Blowers' Association.
- July 12, Chicago, Ill., International Jewelry Workers' Union of America.
- July 12, Galveston, Texas, International Longshoremen's Association.
- July 12, Springfield, O., International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees.
- July 17, Newark, N. J., Wire Weavers' Protective Association.
- July 19, Philadelphia, Pa., International Steel and Copper Plate Printers' Union.
- July 22, Louisville, Ky., Retail Clerks' International Protective Association.
- July 23, Atlantic City, N. J., National Brotherhood of Operative Potters.
- August 2, Denver, Colo., Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' International Alliance.
- August 2, Buffalo, N. Y., Journeymen Tailor Union of America.
- August 3, Detroit, Mich., International Glove Workers' Union of America.
- August 9, St. Joseph, Mo., International Typographical Union.
- August 10, Indianapolis, Ind., Shirt, Waist and Laundry Workers' International Union.

- August 12, Kansas City, Mo., International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union of North America.
- August 16, Boston, Mass., Metal Polishers, Buffers, Platers, etc.
- September 6, Eureka, Humb. Co., Cal. International Brotherhood of Woodsmen and Saw Mill Workers.
- September 7, Springfield, Mass., Table Knife Grinders' National Union.
- September 6, St. Louis, Mo., National Federation of Postoffice Clerks.
- September 7, Milwaukee, Wis., International Photo-Engravers' Union of North America.
- September 9, Boston, Mass., International Spinners' Union.
- September 13, Boston, Mass., Wood, Wire, and Metal Lathers' International Union.
- September 13, Denver, Colo., International Association of Machinists.
- September 13, Elmira, N. Y., International Hodcarriers and Building Laborers' Union of America.
- September 13, Chicago, Ill., International Brick, Tile, and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance.
- September 14, Denver, Colo., American Brotherhood of Cement Workers.
- September 17, New York, Pocket-knife Blade Grinders and Finishers' International Union.
- September 20, ———, Travelers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers' International Union of America.
- September 20, Minneapolis, Minn., International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.
- October 4, Milwaukee, Wis., International Union of Shipwrights, Joiners, Caulkers, Boat Builders and Ship Cabinet Makers of America.
- October 4, Toronto, Ont., Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America.
- October 5, Milwaukee, Wis., Journeymen Barbers' International Union of America.
- October 19, Detroit, Mich., International Association of Car Workers.
- October 19, Charlotte, N. C., United Textile Workers of America.
- November 8, Toronto, Can., American Federation of Labor.
- November 29, New York, N. Y., International Seamen's Union.
- December 8, Indianapolis, Ind., International Alliance of Bill Posters of America.

UNION PRINT SHOPS.

Printeries That Are Entitled to Use the Allied Trades Label.

- Following is a list of the printing offices in Lincoln that are entitled to the use of the Allied Printing Trades label, together with the number of the label used by each shop:
- Jacob North & Co., No. 1.
- C. S. Simmons, No. 2.
- Freie Presse, No. 3.
- Woodruff-Collins, No. 4.
- Graves & Mulligan, No. 5.
- State Printing Co., No. 6.
- Star Publishing Co., No. 7.
- Western Newspaper Union, No. 8.
- Wood Printing Co., No. 9.
- George Bros., No. 11.
- McVey Printing Co., No. 12.
- Ford Printing Co., No. 16.
- VanTine & Young, No. 24.
- Dairyman Pub. Co., 130 No. 14th.
- Graves Printery, No. 5.
- New Century, 213 South Thirteenth.

Labor Temple Day, May 12.
Be a Booster for the Temple.

SHARPS AND FLATS.

A Few Notes, Harmonious and Otherwise, for Union Musicians.

And now trouble threatens the International Musical Protective Association, and all because the head officers insist upon conducting the affairs of the association along business lines. This is naturally resented by a lot of people who want everything run their way. It is announced that a lot of members who feel that their wishes should be consulted oftener are going to revolt and organize a new body, independent of the American Federation of Labor. R. W. Starr, general recording secretary of the Musicians' Union, says a convention will shortly be held, and that 300 delegates, representing 20,000 musicians, will be held.

"We are not, properly speaking, a labor organization," says Mr. Starr. Then he goes on to explain how different he is from a mechanic. Mr. Starr says arbitrary fines and regulations are the cause of the revolt. The malcontents will gather to themselves independent organizations that have heretofore failed to secure recognition from the American Federation of Labor.

Lincoln musicians have not heard of any particular trouble and none of them would venture any remarks concerning the proposed secession.

"Will the city authorities undertake to have a series of band concerts in the park this year?" This is a question that union musicians would like to have answered. The park commission has no money to spend for that purpose, but it would seem that some enterprising individual might secure a concession and make a band concert

so attractive that he could sell enough peanuts, pink lemonade and ice cream to pay all expenses and then some.

LABOR TEMPLE MEETING.

Plans for "Labor Temple Day" Completed and Ready to Push.

The Labor Temple directory met at the office of the deputy commissioner of labor Monday evening. S. L. Chaplin was elected president of the board to succeed J. W. Dickson, and G. A. Walker was made vice-president to succeed Mr. Chaplin.

Plans for the promotion of "Labor Temple Day" were completed and the blank pledges were ordered printed. These pledges will be circulated by the directors and by the members of Capital Auxiliary No. 11. Any other union auxiliary that will consent to assist in this work will be gladly welcomed and will be enabled to add a neat sum to its treasury. The pledge is to the effect that the signer will subscribe the amount of the wages earned by him on May 12 to the Labor Temple, receiving in return therefore stock in the association to the amount thus subscribed and paid.

A short special meeting was held Friday evening to transact some important business that had to be closed at once.

The directors will meet again Monday evening at the office of the deputy labor commissioner, on the third floor of the state house, east end. Due notice should be taken of the fact that the directors will meet every Monday evening at the same place until further notice.

THE PRINTERS.

Some Brief Bits About the Men Who Handle the Types.

George Locker has just completed a magnificent new chicken house on his poultry ranch at Normal. The main henry is 22,540x23,870 non-pareils in size, thus excelling the now famous henry erected by John Marshall a few years ago. Mr. Locker's Long Primer hens are said to be the finest specimens of the breed between Normal and College View. His Clarendon Condensed hens, however, are not coming up to his expectations.

Ben Coblenz, John Curry, Lyn Freeman, W. L. Ford and Bert Rood have been mentioned as possible candidates for delegates to the St. Joseph convention.

For some reason or other the Nebraska printery has been advertising for printers recently.

The Butler job plant is for sale at a bargain.

James Leaden seems to have a funny notion in his head to the effect that he would like to sell his cottage on A street.

Morris Chrisman is operating the Merg at the State Printing Co.'s plant.

The Plattsmouth Journal is seeking an operator for its Merg.

Junior Mergenthalers are becoming numerous in Nebraska. There is a new one at Broken Bow and another one at St. Paul.

The Wagerworker man knows where a democratic printer with a little ready money can get a snap in the newspaper line. It is in a live town in Oklahoma.

Floyd McKinney is in Colorado seeking better health.

August Radebach is skating around in the job alleys of the George Bros. shop.

Billy Bustary is going deep into the chicken business. He says his Mergenthaler hens are laying so fast they hang the elevator.

A couple of new contracts dropped to the union slot last week.

THE LEATHERWORKERS.

Lincoln Local Enjoys a Social Evening and Hears Good News.

The members of the local union of Leatherworkers on Horse Goods, held a social one evening last week, and a majority of the members were present to participate in the many pleasures of the evening. Interesting letters were read from international officers, and some snappy talks were made by members. At just the right time refreshments were served. The aforesaid refreshments took the form of a "Dutch lunch" and there was plenty for all. The evening was delightfully spent.

Work in the harness and saddery lines is unusually good in Lincoln at this time. The local union was never in better shape as regards its membership. There are no members delinquent, and the membership is at high water mark.

MOVED HIS OFFICE.

The office of the deputy labor commissioner is once more on the third floor of the state house—east end. When the legislature met the commissioner was forced out and compelled to work in the office of the state board of agriculture. Now that the force is back in the old quarters everything is moving along in smooth shape, and real work is being done.

THROWING THE "BULL CON."

Social Stunts Cheaper Than Paying Men a Living Wage.

Under date of April 13 the following New York dispatch appeared in the daily papers of this country: "Receiver Whitredge of the Third Avenue Railway company last night gave a reception to the 3,000 motor-men and conductors employed by the company.

"Mrs. Whitredge and daughter and Miss Morgan, daughter of J. P. Morgan, Mrs. E. H. Harriman and Mrs. Douglas Robinson acted as the road's hostesses. The reception idea is part of a campaign to promote the social interests of the employes. Some time ago Mr. Whitredge formed a mutual benefit association. He provided quarters in the road's office building with a branch of the New York public library, pool tables and a supply of newspapers and magazines."

Now doesn't that sound just too sweet for anything? A chance to shake the hand of a scion of the house of Morgan, or to grab a sandwich prepared under the direction of a Harriman—gosh! Just think of brushing up that Sunday-go-to-meeting suit, slicking up your hair and actually accepting an invitation to meet a Whitredge, a Harriman, a Morgan and a Robinson. Isn't it just a whole lot better than an increase in your wages that will permit you to buy the children better shoes and warmer clothing? The mere privilege of walking on the imported rugs in the home of a Whitredge is worth more than a wage that will permit a man to have an occasional good book or magazine in his home.

Beautiful jolly! The workingman is so easily deluded. Don't you know. Just graciously pat him on the back with your paternal hand and he'll forget his starvation wage, he'll forget the destruction of his union.

O, rats! This new Whitredge stunt makes us weary. It is the old feudal idea—you do the heavy work and the feudal lord will travel around the world and then come home and tell you about it. You come across with the work and the feudal lord will seize the output and now and then give you a glimpse of the luxury he lives in because of your toil.

But this sort of "bull con" seems to be palatable, for thousands of workers accept it with every evidence of gratitude, even though they may be hungry and thinly clad while they are doing it.

ONLY ONE REFUSAL.

Order of Railway Conductors Refuses Information or Assistance.

In his efforts to perfect an organization of a State Federation of Labor the deputy labor commissioner is meeting with the hearty co-operation of every national and international secretary with one single exception. The deputy commissioner has written each general secretary outlining the plan of organization and asking co-operation to the extent of giving him the names of secretaries of local organizations in the state. To date but one refusal has been received. The secretary of the Order of Railway Conductors declines to comply with the request, giving as a reason the fact that the O. R. C. does not believe in affiliating to even the smallest extent with other organizations, fearing that it might in some way be bound by rules or laws adopted by a federation.

Other railway organizations, however, have evidenced a desire to assist in the organization of a State Federation of Labor, and Deputy Commissioner Maupin is of the opinion that the refusal of the Order of Railway Conductors to participate will not seriously hamper the work.

LOOKS GOOD.

Laborers' Wages in Omaha Packing Houses Show a Slight Increase.

Monday's News announced that the South Omaha packers had increased the wages of the laborers from 16 1/2 cents to 17 1/2 cents per hour. We were rather expecting this announcement. Considering the fact that the laborers get broken time the increase is not quite enough to be soothing. Of course, it must not be understood that the revival in the unions had anything to do with this increase in the laborers' pay. Oh, my no! However, we hope to see another penny or two added to this 17 1/2 cent rate. That will help some and then the men will feel better. So will the packers.—Omaha Western Laborer.

THREATENED LOCKOUT.

Presidents of the anthracite coal roads and representatives of the independent coal companies met in New York last Monday to consider what to do to the coal miners. One proposition is to reduce the wages ten per cent, and another is to institute a general lockout and maintain it until the representatives of the miners agree to sign the old agreement.