

### GAVE HER DADDY AWAY.

Little One's Innocent Remark That Left the Deacon Gasping.

Every Sunday some one threw a button into the contribution box of the little church. The annoyed pastor confided to his wife that he suspected the button thrower to be stingy old Deacon G., who had so strongly opposed his "call" to the pastorate, but that he dare not accuse him of it for lack of evidence.

At a church "sociable" that week some one suggested the playing of games. Deacon G. had just partaken of oyster soup at some one else's expense and felt warmed and expansive. "Why not play 'Button, Button—Who's Got the Button?'" he inquired of waiting children.

"Oh, yes!" exclaimed his youngest daughter with enthusiasm. "And you lend us the button, papa!" Then she drew back, timidly. "Unless you want to save it for next Sunday's contribution," she added, considerably.

### LIVE AND LEARN.



Farmer Meddengrass—Waal, by clover! I knew them Chinese lived on 't'her side o' th' airth but hang me if I knew they had a through route!

### HAD AWFUL WEEPING ECZEMA.

Face and Neck Were Raw—Terrible Itching, Inflammation and Soreness—All Treatments Failed.

Cuticura Proved a Great Success.

"Eczema began over the top of my ear. It cracked and then began to spread. I had three different doctors and tried several things, but they did me no good. At last one side of my face and my neck were raw. The water ran out of it so that I had to wear medicated cotton, and it was so inflamed and sore that I had to put a piece of cloth over my pillow to keep the water from it, and it would stain the cloth a sort of yellow. The eczema itched so that it seemed as though I could tear my face all to pieces. Then I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and it was not more than three months before it was all healed up. Miss Ann Pearsons, Northfield, Vt., Dec. 19, 1907."

### Added a Saving Clause.

A good old deacon in Connecticut was very pious and very fond of clams. When once upon a time he attended a Rhode Island clam-bake he overtaxed his capacity and was sorely distressed. But his faith in prayer was unabated. Leaving the party and going down on his knees behind a tree, he was heard to supplicate: "Forgive me, O Lord, this great sin of gluttony. Restore my health, and I will never eat any more clams." Then after a judicious pause: "Very few, if any. Amen."

### OLDEST MAN IN AMERICA

Escaped Terrors of Many Winters by Using Pe-ru-na.



Isaac Brock, 120 Years of Age.

Mr. Isaac Brock, of McLennan county, Tex., is an ardent friend to Peru-na and speaks of it in the following terms: "Dr. Hartman's remedy, Peru-na, I have found to be the best, if not the only reliable remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, CATARRH and diarrhea.

"Peru-na has been my stand-by for many years, and I attribute my good health and my extreme age to this remedy. It exactly meets all my requirements.

"I have come to rely upon it almost entirely for the many little things for which I need medicine. I believe it to be especially valuable to old people."

### A 25c. Bottle of

## Kemp's Balsam

Contains 40 DOSES,

And each dose is more effective than four times the same quantity of any other cough remedy, however well advertised and however strongly recommended that remedy may be.

Remember always that Kemp's Balsam is the

### Best Cough Cure.

It has saved thousands from consumption. It has saved thousands of lives. At all druggists', 25c., 50c. and \$1. Don't accept anything else.

## THE WAGEWORKER

By W. M. MAUPIN

LINCOLN, - - NEBRASKA

### Why Not Be Independent?

It seems to me that many people miss the true savor of outdoors by depending too much on the assistance of others. One finds on all sides tales of how men go into the wilds and give themselves over to the enjoyment of nature, but somehow many of these stories show plainly that it was not the sportsman who did things. Too often the sophisticated reader and outdoor man detects the fact that it was the guide's skill which brought the game in range of the rifle. The guide did the tracking, or he called the moose, or he pointed out the game for the hunter to see. Somehow most trips into the wilds are not declarations of independence. They are, in fact, plain statements of dependence upon another's skill, another's knowledge and another's strength. After the guide has driven the deer to one's stand—"To make a long story short, half an hour passed before George, the guide, who had come up, finally found the deer dead." Then when wet leaves gave good still-hunting—"The guide and I still-hunted," and it was the guide who got the shots. I do not decry the value of guides, though I never hired but one, writes Raymond S. Spears in Recreation. If one is really incapable of getting through the woods alone, then stick to the guide like a burr. If one wants packers, cooks and other servants, well and good. It does save time to have one's meals prepared and dishes washed by another. But when it comes to the actual hunting, why not strike out alone and shoot game without the assistance of another's eyes, another's ears, and another's rifle, which happens frequently when a guide with a gun is alongside at every stride.

### An Amusing Controversy.

An amusing controversy is going on in Berlin between Miss Olga Desmond and the Prussian diet regarding the cult of beauty. As may be remembered, the lady is an "altogether" dancer who favors the unclad truth as a sartorial principle. Dr. Roeren, who led the onslaught on her, has been called down by her solicitor, who draws attention to the fact that he made use of certain very harsh terms in his references to her. But Herr Roeren declines to enter into correspondence with the alluring Miss Desmond—wise man!—either directly or indirectly, as to his "parliamentary activity" in calling her by vigorous adjectives. The affair has attracted an enormous amount of attention in Berlin circles, and the dancer is not likely to suffer any immediate pecuniary loss through the debate in the diet. It is declared the Boston Herald, a good deal as if the beautiful Miss Garden should be hailed up for her posturings in Strauss' music drama by an insensate member of congress; therefore Dr. Roeren's interpellation on the cult of the nude falls flat, while Berlin smiles.

Paris streets must be in a queer way when the prefect of police, M. Lepine, has to issue a mandate that it is a punishable offense to throw orange or banana skins into the streets, and that anyone eating an orange in them will be watched by eagle-eyed policemen. It is embarrassing enough to eat an orange without the police inspecting the operation, and to conceal evidences of the crime must be worse yet. But M. Lepine's order is absolute. He says it is a detestable habit, that it endangers life, for the fruit eater is selfish, and casts away the slippery skins, regardless of who may slip on them and break a bone! No, not even into the gutter can any such refuse go! Persons who have slipped on the pavements frequently sprained or fractured their limbs, and with the rapid traffic of motor cars and buses there is every chance of accidents that will prove fatal. The home dust bin is best.

Now a tuberculosis expert declares that if he has five years and sixteen millions he can exterminate the disease from the face of the earth. The time he can have for the taking; the millions might be handed over to him by some of the billionaires who are in daily dread of dying rich. As yet, however, there has been no wild rush to hand over to him the curse of wealth.

A New York chauffeur sent to jail for a year on a charge of manslaughter represents what is called an "unusual punishment." Possibly it is, but when the penalty is more usual the offense will probably be less so.

The answer to the question: "Are we a beef-eating nation?" is given in the fact that Swift & Co. sold \$250,000,000 worth of beef in a year; Armour, \$270,000,000, and others \$250,000,000, bringing the total to \$770,000,000 for beef alone.

President Wheeler of the University of California denies that the young ruffians who mobbed a Japanese student were connected with the college. The whole country will hope he knows and tells the truth.

## CAPITAL CITY NEWS

ITEMS OF INTEREST AROUND THE STATE HOUSE.

### THE WORK OF THE LAW MAKERS

Legislative Facts and Gossip—News of the State Capital.

### Finance Bill.

The house finance committee has completed its budget bills for all but the special appropriations for buildings and kindred subjects, and for those things which are specially appropriated for in the bills which created the need. By this bill the governor's office is to have incidental expenses together with the executive mansion of \$7,900 for the biennium, the commissioner of public lands and buildings \$4,600, the attorney general \$10,000 to enforce the rules of the railway commission and the Junkin act, the expenses of the state banking board are to be \$11,000, the state historical society gets the customary \$15,000, the pure food commission \$15,800 exclusive of the commissioner's salary, the national guard \$51,800, Peru normal excluding salaries and new buildings \$39,000, the state university \$145,000 divided into permanent improvements \$100,000, expenses of farmers' institutes \$20,000 and the North Platte sub-station \$24,700, the institute for the blind at Omaha \$49,006.09, the boys' industrial school at Kearney \$85,500, the girls' industrial school at Geneva \$32,750, the home for the feeble minded at Beatrice \$90,500, the Lincoln hospital for the insane \$171,300, the penitentiary draws \$130,200, and the soldiers' home at Grand Island \$123,230. All these are exclusive of salaries and buildings that may be ordered by special bills.



Senator Jas. A. Donohoe, of O'Neill.

### Quick Action on Insanity Bill.

Upon motion of Ransom the senate rules were suspended and H. R. No. 118 was advanced to a third reading and passed. This measure was introduced in the house by Wilson, but Ransom explained that it had been prepared by Attorney General Thompson and his deputy, Grant Martin, who were anxious that it pass at once. It carries the emergency clause and will become a law as soon as it receives executive approval.

This measure provides that when a person has been condemned to death and the question of sanity is raised, the matter shall be referred to the district judge from the district in which the condemned person was convicted. Should the judge, upon making investigation, find that the prisoner might be mentally deranged, he shall summon the superintendents of the three state insane hospitals, who shall pass upon the case. Should they report that the convict is insane, sentence will be suspended, otherwise it will be carried out.

### Changes Banking Bill.

The joint committee on banking in the legislature has been at work for the past two or three days, and has made several changes in the bill as originally drawn.

One of the most important is that relating to assessments to build up a guaranty fund. Instead of making the first two assessments 1-2 of 1 per cent, it is proposed to make one assessment of 1-2 of 1 per cent in July of next year and 1-4 of 1 per cent in July, 1910. After that there shall be an annual assessment of 1-10th of 1 per cent.

Instead of a maximum of 2 per cent that may be levied in any one year the maximum is placed at 1 per cent a year. The provision prohibiting loans to stockholders in excess of 50 per cent, once taken out, was restored.

### To Elect the Local Assessors.

After a discussion ranging from Friday morning until Friday afternoon the two Skeen bills providing for the election of precinct assessors were passed. The two bills, H. R. 214 and 215, contain one of the chief "home rule" pledges of the democrats. The chief point of discussion was the retention of county assessors. The counties of small population want to do away with the county assessor as a useless luxury. The richer counties want him retained, believing he is worthy of his hire. The bills finally passed without amendment.

Governor Signs Bills. Following are the bills passed and signed by the governor to date.

H. R. No. 41, by Clark of Richardson—The legislative expense bill, carrying an appropriation of \$20,000. With the emergency clause.

H. R. No. 42, by Clark of Richardson—The legislative salary bill, carrying an appropriation of \$80,000. With the emergency clause.

H. R. No. 29, by Begole of Gage—Appropriating \$3,500 for the purchase by the state of 400 copies of Cobbe's Annotated Statutes for 1909. With the emergency clause.

H. R. No. 79, by Skeen of Nemaha—Memorializing congress to place a clock in the tower of the federal building at Lincoln.

H. R. No. 103, by Clark of Richardson—Appropriating \$600 for the expenses of the governor for the first quarter of 1909, Governor Sheldon having exhausted the fund for the biennium before retiring from office. The appropriation is divided as follows: Books, stationery, etc., for the governor's office, \$275; contingent fund, \$100; mansion expense and servant hire, \$225. The bill carries the emergency clause.

H. R. No. 118, by Wilson of Polk—Providing that where the sanity of a convict under sentence to death is questioned, application may be made to a judge of the judicial district in which he was tried for an examination of the convict's mental condition. The judge may then, if he deems the showing of sufficient strength, have the convict examined by a commission to consist of the superintendents of the Lincoln, Hastings and Norfolk insane asylums. Their decision in the case may not be appealed from but is final. The bill carries the emergency clause.

H. R. No. 181, by Clark of Richardson—Appropriating \$16,000 for the maintenance of the state penitentiary for the first quarter of 1909, the funds for this purpose appropriated by the last session being exhausted. The bill carries the emergency clause.

S. F. No. 15, by Tanner of Douglas—Providing that the governor shall designate the newspapers in which constitutional amendments are to be published by the secretary of state. With the emergency clause.

S. F. No. 44, by Ransom of Douglas—Permitting the city of Omaha to increase its present bonded indebtedness to a total of 5 per cent of the actual valuation of all property of the city.

S. F. No. 50, by Ransom of Douglas—Repealing the law enacted in 1907 to consolidate the offices of county comptroller of Douglas county and of city comptroller of Omaha on expiration of the term of the present comptroller. With the emergency clause.

S. F. No. 136, by Howell of Douglas—Memorializing congress to appropriate \$500,000,000 for the improvement of harbors and internal waterways and river. With the emergency clause.

### Some Bills Recommended.

The house railroads committee in session Monday night recommended for passage Bartor's bill, which requires railroads to furnish adequate connection with public exchanges throughout the state, but it amended the bill giving the railway commission the right to judge what was adequate service. It also recommended house bill No. 421, by Chase of Frontier, which allows any precinct, township, city or second class, or village, organized according to law, to issue bonds in aid of the construction of steam railroads or railroads using electricity or gasoline as motive power to an extent not exceeding 10 per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable property. Snyder's bill for the adjustment of claims against railroad companies for losses was sent to the general file without recommendation. It provides that railroads shall settle their claims within forty days if the shipments are wholly within the state or within ninety days if they originate without the state or shall be subject to a fine of \$50 for each and every failure to be prompt in settlement. The bill is extracted from a South Carolina law, and the author says that law was tested to the satisfaction of the United States and found to be good.

### To Look Up Wayne Normal.

The report of the finance committee on the purchase of the Wayne normal school which placed it on general file recommended that a committee of five be sent to Wayne to investigate the situation. Wilson of Polk moved to reconsider the adoption of the report. He said \$35,000 had already been appropriated for a normal school at Ainsworth and he did not believe in spending any more money just now on normal schools. Kuhl warned him that if his bill was turned down the other sections of the state would be remembered by the north when their appropriations came up. He thought the purchase a good proposition and the price of \$100,000 only about fifty cents on the dollar. Graff, a member from the northeast, was opposed to buying the school and in favor of a reconsideration. Speaker Pool appointed a committee consisting of Leight, Holmes, Bowman, Fogarty, McColl, Nettleton and Bushe to investigate the merits of the purchase.

### Insurance Bills Were Considered.

The senate committee of insurance Thursday night held its last "hearing" for the insurance men of the state who cared to discuss the merits of the various bills that are now before the upper house. Room 49 at the Lindell hotel that night was crowded with local insurance agents and with lobbyists from nearly all of the large companies, but the meeting was a peaceful one. The members of the committee heard the arguments of the attorneys and the agents of the companies and noted what they deemed worthy of consideration.

### BURBANKED.



Cecilia City—What are you doing? Cyrus Cornsoggole—I'm pruning this apple tree.

Cecilia City—What will science do next? Going to grow prunes on an apple tree!

### Argument That Won.

Susie had been promised a pair of new slippers for Sunday. Anxious to have them at once she had tried in every way to persuade her mother to buy them for her and let her wear them to a children's party that was to be given on Wednesday, but without success. Finally when both she and her mother had become tired of the teasing the little girl said: "Well, mamma, you needn't get them now; but maybe I'll be dead by Sunday and if I am you'll be sorry for disappointing me." Susie wore the slippers Wednesday.

Up to Him. "Do you think you can manage with my salary of \$12 a week, darling?" he asked, after she had said yes. "I'll try, Jack," replied she. "But what will you do?"—Universalist Leader.

## OWES HER LIFE TO

### Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Vienna, W. Va.—"I feel that I owe the last ten years of my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Eleven years ago I was a walking shadow. I had been under the doctor's care but got no relief. My husband persuaded me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it worked like a charm. It relieved all my pains and misery. I advise all suffering women to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. EMMA WHEATON, Vienna, W. Va.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases of any similar medicine in the country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every such suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

## FITS

If you suffer from Fits, Falling Sickness, Spasms or have children, or friends that do so, my New Discovery will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is to send for a free Bottle of Dr. May's Epileptic Cure. It is used thousands where everything else failed. Sent free with directions. Express Prepaid. Guaranteed by May Medical Laboratory, under the National Food and Drug Act, June 30th, 1906. Guaranty No. 18971. Please give the full address: DR. W. H. MAY, 548 Pearl Street, New York City.

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The crop of 1908 still keeps Western Canada in the lead. The world will soon look to it as its food-producer.

"The thing which most impressed us was the magnitude of the country that is available for agricultural purposes."—National Editorial Correspondence, 1908.

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Per Salzer's catalog page 120.

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