

LABOR UNION DIRECTORY.

Following is a directory of the Trades and Labor Unions of Lincoln and vicinity. Local secretaries are respectfully asked to report any changes or corrections herein, to the end that an accurate and convenient directory be maintained.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION—Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings, 127 North Twelfth street. President, J. W. Dickson, University Place. Secretary, Fred Ibringer, Sixteenth and D streets, Lincoln.

MUSICIANS PROTECTIVE UNION, No. 463—Meets first and third Sunday mornings, 125 South Sixteenth. Recording Secretary, W. C. Norton, 1533 North Twenty-fifth. Financial Secretary, N. A. Otis, 2224 Q.

JOURNEMEN BARBERS, No. 164—Meets first and third Wednesday evenings, 127 North Twelfth street. President, R. L. McBride, 1645 Q. Recording Secretary, Roy Ward, 1273 O. Financial Secretary, Roy Swinker, 1616 O.

BARTENDERS' LEAGUE, No. 389—Meets third Sunday, 10 a. m., Carpenters' hall. President, William Brandt, 1225 R. Recording Secretary, Henry Ehlers, Financial Secretary, H. E. Sundson, 1344 E.

LEATHERWORKERS ON HORSE GOODS, No. 2—Meets first and third Tuesday evenings, 127 North Twelfth street. President, Fred Lewis, 218 South Sixteenth. Secretary-Treasurer, Peter Smith, 226 South Eleventh.

CIGARMAKERS, No. 143—Meets every Monday evening, 1038 O. President, T. W. Evans, 125 South Eleventh. Secretary, John Steiner, 122 South Tenth.

BOILERMAKERS' BROTHERHOOD, No. 457—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings, Carpenters' hall. President, J. C. Grant, North and U streets. Recording Secretary, P. S. Sherman, 422 P street. Financial Secretary, J. Bockoven.

BLACKSMITHS AND HELPERS, No. 163—Meets first and third Tuesday evenings, Campbell's hall, Havelock. President, B. O. Wagner, Havelock. Secretary, E. B. Bilson, Havelock.

BUILDING TRADES SECTION.

BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS, No. 265—Meets Thursday evening, 1638 O street. President, C. M. Anderson, 2923 Q. Recording Secretary, G. E. Vennum, 1419 P. Financial Secretary, W. L. Mayer, 2225 Q.

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS, No. 48—Meets every Monday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, Ed English, 1923 U. Recording Secretary, George Chipman, 229 North Eleventh. Financial Secretary, Charles Burns, 546 North Twenty-sixth.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS, No. 18—Meets every Thursday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, Charles Jennings, 1828 S. Recording Secretary, Wm. Wilkinson, 2169 N. Financial Secretary, Perry Jennings, 1838 S.

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, No. 1053—Meets every Tuesday evening, Carpenters' hall, 120 North Tenth. President, E. B. Naracoug, 120 South Twenty-eighth street. Recording Secretary, C. H. Chase, 2965 North Thirtieth. Financial Secretary, J. W. Dickson, 317 West St. Paul street, University Place.

BRICKLAYERS AND MASONS No. 2—Meets every Friday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, E. L. Simon, 2246 E. Recording Secretary, P. W. Dickson, R. F. D. 14. Financial Secretary, C. H. Meyers, 320 North Eleventh.

RAILROAD BROTHERHOODS.

BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS, Division No. 98—Meets second and fourth Sunday, 127 North Twelfth street. President, J. S. McCoy, 1282 U street. First Assistant Engineer, F. D. Palmer, 725 South Tenth street. Second Assistant Engineer, H. Wiggenjost, Court House.

BOILERMAKERS' BROTHERHOOD, No. 119—Meets second and fourth Friday evenings, A. O. U. W. hall, 1007 O. President, H. Peterson, 1402 Jackson, Havelock. Secretary, Tom Duffy, Indiana and Touzalin avenues, Havelock.

MACHINISTS' ASSOCIATION, No. 69—Meets first Friday in Havelock and Friday at A. O. U. W. hall, Lincoln. President, J. A. Malstead, Havelock. Secretary, C. H. Lingie, 829 North Seventeenth.

BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY CARMEN—Meets first and third Saturday evenings, A. O. U. W. hall. President, H. T. Sisson, 1631 North Twenty-fourth. Recording Secretary, C. E. Cox, 3729 W. Financial Secretary, G. P. Ludwig, 1137 South Seventh.

BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN AND ENGINEERS, No. 179—Meets second and fourth Sunday afternoons, A. O. U. W. hall, Master, H. Kurta, 821 North Twelfth. Secretary, J. E. Robinson, 2971 Q.

BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY TRAINMEN, No. 176—Meets second and fourth Sunday afternoons, Bobman's hall. Master, J. D. Andrews, 1726 O. Secretary, D. J. Cooper, 2128 South Ninth.

BROTHERHOOD OF SWITCHMEN, No. 120—Meets first Sunday at 8 p. m., second Sunday at 2 p. m., Carpenters' hall. President, U. S. Swisher, 274 Sumner. Recording Secretary, George Ray, 1282 Knox. Financial Secretary, J. Johnson, 2313 D.

PRINTING TRADES SECTION.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL—Meets third Wednesday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, G. E. Locker, 1205 South street. Secretary, Treasurer, J. H. Brooks, 700 North Ninth street.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, No. 299—Meets first Sunday, 2 p. m., Fraternity hall. President, J. R. Bain, 120 South Thirtieth. Recording Secretary, H. W. Bingham, 2201 Holdrege. Financial Secretary, F. H. Hebbard, 1527 Washington.

BOOKBINDERS' BROTHERHOOD, No. 120—Meets third Monday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, C. C. Jerome, 619 South Sixteenth. Secretary-Treasurer, Fred Ress, 1281 E.

STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTRO-TYPERS, No. 62—Meets third Wednesday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, A. E. Small, 2044 South Nineteenth. Secretary-Treasurer, Sam Asken, 2275 Dudley.

CAPITAL AUXILIARY, No. 11—Meets second and fourth Friday afternoons at homes of members. President, Mrs. Fred W. Michel, 1946 South Sixteenth. Secretary, Mrs. C. E. Righter, 2208 Dudley. Treasurer, Mrs. Charles Barngrover, 2315 Starr.

PROSSERS AND ASSISTANTS, No. 106—Meets first Wednesday, Carpenters' hall. President, J. H. Brooks, 129 North Eleventh. Recording Secretary, E. C. Weger, 1526 N. Financial Secretary, W. D. King, 2630 M.

WAGEWORKER

WILL M. MAUPIN, EDITOR



Published Weekly at 137 No. 14th St., Lincoln, Neb. One Dollar a Year.

Entered as second-class matter April 21, 1904, at the postoffice at Lincoln, Neb., under the Act of Congress of March 3rd, 1879.

"Printers' Ink," the recognized authority on advertising, after a thorough investigation on this subject, says: "A labor paper is a far better advertising medium than any ordinary newspaper in comparison with circulation. A labor paper, for example, having 2,000 subscribers is of more value to the business man who advertises in it than an ordinary paper with 12,000 subscribers."

RAYMOND ROBINS.

Raymond Robins will be in Lincoln, Sunday, June 28. In the morning he will occupy the pulpit of Trinity Methodist church, Sixteenth and A streets. In the evening he will speak at the auditorium, the First Christian church congregation and pastor having kindly consented to let him occupy the time of the evening service. Monday evening he will speak in some hall yet to be selected.

Raymond Robins is one of the greatest men in America. There is no finer orator on the platform than he. Not another man in America knows men better nor is more fully acquainted with their needs. He has a message, and he appeals directly to the hearts of men and women. There is no one in all this republic whom The Wageworker would rather introduce and commend than Raymond Robins. The workingman who fails to take advantage of an opportunity to hear him, misses one of the greatest opportunities of a life time.

His name is not yet a household word in America, but that is because his work has been among the poor and oppressed. But it will be as well known as that of Bryan or Roosevelt, for he is leading a crusade that will bless and benefit mankind. Wherever he speaks he leaves an impress for good, and his second audiences are always larger than his first. A man of independent means, he lives frugally in order that he may devote more and more of his ability and his money to help those who are in need. He could live in a mansion and have his private yacht; he lives in a cottage in lower Chicago so as to be near the poor and the oppressed and thus ever ready to be their friend and helper.

Ministers of all denominations gladly offer him their pulpits. Union labor welcomes him as one of them. He is always an honored guest when he steps inside a union room, and he is always invited to come again—and often. If you miss hearing Raymond Robins you will have missed hearing one of the best and greatest men in this republic. And next Sunday—tomorrow, June 28—you can hear him without money and without price. Those who hear him Sunday morning will want to hear him Sunday evening, and all who hear him Sunday will be determined to hear him Monday.

THAT INJUNCTION PLANK. The eminent politicians who framed the "injunction plank" for the republican national platform deceived only themselves. It suits neither the Van Cleaves and Postites nor the union men of the country who want something definite. As a specimen of "high-falutin'" writing it may be entitled to some consideration; as a declaration of a principle it is as weak as dishwater. "The republican party will uphold at all times the authority and integrity of the courts, state and federal." Well, what of it? That is only what every good citizen does and will at all times do. Nobody is thinking of denying the authority or questioning the integrity of the courts. The integrity of some men who occupy the bench may be open to question, however, without subjecting the questioner to imprisonment for lese majesty—providing he is out of reach contempt proceedings. "—And will ever insist that the

power to enforce their processes and to protect life, liberty and property shall be preserved inviolate."

Well, what of it? Every good citizen stands pat on that proposition, and the republican party has no patent on it. That is pure guff, and the man who can be deceived by it ought to submit to a head-boring operation for the simples.

"We believe, however, that the rules of procedure in federal court, with respect to the issuance of a writ of injunction, should be more clearly defined."

Want to make it a little plainer that a common, ordinary working man has no constitutional rights which a federal judge is bound to respect, eh?

"That no injunction or temporary restraining order should be issued without notice, EXCEPT where irreparable injury would result from delay, in which case a speedy hearing thereafter should be granted."

O fudge! That's the law now. And that little word "except" is just where the workingman gets it in the neck. The Van Cleaves and the Parrys have only to claim danger of "irreparable injury," and the workingman is restrained from doing a dozen things that the constitution says he may legally do.

But to go back to the beginning of this wonderful plank. "The republican party will uphold at all times the authority and integrity of the courts."

If by that the republican managers mean that we must accept a decision of the supreme court as a political rule, then we dissent. If by that the republican party means that we must forever and a day abide by a decision of the supreme court, and accept a decision from that tribunal as infallible, we dissent. And if for this we are called an anarchist we turn for the defense of our position to one whom not even the most radical opponent of organized labor will call an anarchist—Abraham Lincoln. On June 26, 1857, at Springfield, Ill., Mr. Lincoln, in speaking of the Dred Scott decision, said:

"We let this property (Dred Scott) abide by the decision, but we will try to reverse that decision. Somebody has to reverse that decision, since it is made, and we mean to reverse it, and we mean to do it by peaceful methods."

The supreme court of the United States, in the Danbury hatters' case, has decided that a trades union is a trust within the meaning of the Sherman law.

"ORGANIZED LABOR IN THIS COUNTRY MEANS TO REVERSE THAT DECISION, AND MEANS TO REVERSE IT BY PEACEABLE METHODS."

The courts have decided that the possession of a union card makes illegal the doing of an act that would be perfectly legal if the performer of that act were not the possessor of a union card.

ORGANIZED LABOR MEANS TO REVERSE THAT DECISION, AND MEANS TO REVERSE IT BY PEACEABLE METHODS.

Organized labor has made up its mind to do several things, and this determination will not be changed by any "soft solder" planks nailed into a platform by designing politicians.

Merely as a pointer to our democratic friends we venture to remark that they are going to have an almighty interesting time trying to find a candidate for governor who will make even a showing in the race against George Lawson Sheldon.

Not being a prophet, The Wageworker cannot foretell just what the Denver platform will say on the question of injunctions, but it will venture this statement: The Denver platform will at least say something that means something.

"There may be some question whether the constitution follows the flag, but there's devil a bit of doubt that the supreme court decisions follow the election returns."—Mr. Doolley.

Not a word in the Chicago platform about trial by jury in cases of contempt. But why should any regard be shown for a common workingman's constitutional rights?

Hear Raymond Robins Sunday, June 28—Trinity Methodist church in the morning, Auditorium in the evening.

James Schoolcraft Sherman is the president of the Utica, N. Y., ice trust, and "the richest man in Utica."

We will respect the courts, but hanged if we'll accept the doctrine of judicial infallibility.

Douglas of Massachusetts? Gray of Delaware? Mitchell of Illinois? There's a fine trio.

Now, if the democrats do not proceed to do the damphool thing!

"The injunction plank suits Mr.

Taft," says Wade Ellis, the man who wrote the platform. And that's the reason the injunction plank does not suit the workingmen.

Well, it is better that 300 convicts should be idle than that 300 or 300 free men should be forced into crime in order to furnish bread for wives and babies.

Grover Cleveland is dead. So are a lot of workingmen who were killed while trying to enforce a demand for decent treatment during the Chicago strike.

If the decision in the Danbury hatters' case is not reversed, another four years will see the end of trades unionism except it be in secret.

The child labor law will be emasculated at the next session of the legislature if organized labor does not stand guard over it.

"Sunny Jim" Sherman? Nit! "Jim the Ice-man."

The republican injunction plank— "Wahoo!"

REPUBLICANS DECEIVING LABOR.

(Continued from Page 1.)

the federal courts with respect to the use of the writ of injunction as will, on the one hand prevent the summary issue of such orders without proper consideration, and on the other, will preserve undiminished the power of the courts to enforce their process, to the end that justice may be done at all times and to all parties."

It will be noticed that in this plank the declaration in favor of amendments comes first and the declaration in favor of preserving undiminished the power of the courts to enforce their process comes afterwards.

In the plank, as adopted by the convention, the declaration in favor of the courts comes first and the discussion of a change in the law comes afterwards.

It will also be noticed that in the first draft of the platform the pledge is that the power of the courts "to enforce their process" shall be preserved. In the plank adopted by the convention this promise is enlarged and elaborated. In the original platform amendments are favored. In the platform adopted by the convention there is no suggestion of an amendment, they only ask for a more accurate definition of the rules of procedure. In the original plank the aim of the party was to "prevent the summary issue of such orders without proper consideration," whereas in the plank adopted in the convention an exception is inserted that nullifies the promise because the exception leaves the subject just as it found it.

If the demand of the laboring man is unreasonable, why did not the convention say so? Why did it resort to deception? The republican party will find that an honest course would have been safer than the dishonest course pursued.

The fraud which the convention attempted will not mislead anyone because there is time enough between now and election for everyone to find out the facts.

Secretary Taft is known as the father of government by injunction and his speeches in Oklahoma last year gave conclusive proof of his adherence to the position taken by him on the bench. He is still in favor of the use of the writ of injunction in labor cases and he is opposed to trial by jury.

In a speech delivered in New York last winter he said, in response to questions, that the law ought to be so amended as to give a hearing before the injunction was granted and even consented that the hearing for contempt should be before a different judge from the one who granted the injunction, but when he came to prepare a plank for the convention he did not go as far as he went in his speech. The plank that went before the convention as his plank was so weak that it amounted to nothing, but it was even then too strong for the convention and the convention adopted a plank which not only does not grant any concessions to the laboring man but really emphasizes the position taken by large corporate employers by hurling anathema at those who are suspected of a desire to modify the law relating to injunctions. This is the treatment received by the wage earners from the national convention of the republican party. If this is the position of the party before the election, what reason has the laboring man to hope that the party will do better after election?

A union wage scale is but minimum—or backstop—to the rear of which an employer cannot go, but there is nothing to prevent a superior workman from demanding and receiving a wage commensurate with promise because the exception leaves him so recognized by employers of labor, and then the up-to-date contractors will have the best mechanics and thereby be more prosperous.—Zanesville Labor Journal.

We Sell HARDWARE, STOVES, SPORTING GOODS, RAZORS, SPORT STROPS AND CUTLERY At Low Prices Hoppe's Hardware, 108 North 10th

H. & H. DIAMONDS are truly wonderful stones—nothing at all like the ordinary imitation diamonds—as brilliant as the real diamonds. See them, you'll be surprised and delighted. Henderson & Hald, 10th Street, Opposite Post Office

Burlington Route Cigar Factory N. H. CINBERG, Prop. MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH GRADE CIGARS ONLY LEADING BRANDS, 10-CENT: Senator Burkett, Burlington Route LEADING BRANDS, 5-CENT: Havana Fives, Burlington Route (5-Cent Size) One thing that distinguishes our Cigars is the superior workmanship and the uniform high quality of stock used in their manufacture. We invite you to patronize this home concern, and guarantee you Cigars as finely made and of as good quality as any goods turned out at a similar price by an Eastern concern. We sell to retailers and jobbers only. If you are not now handling our goods, send us a trial order. Burlington Route Cigar Factory 205 North Ninth Street, LINCOLN, NEB.

Kindling Wet? Stove Smoke? Annoying, isn't it, to have to start a fire with wet kindling these days? Awful, too, isn't it, the way the stove smokes these damp, windy days? Lots of extra work, isn't it, scrubbing the mud out of the kitchen after tracking to the coal house and back? What's The Use? Sign your own emancipation proclamation from servitude to wet kindling, smoky stove, muddy kitchen and back-breaking coal cartage by installing a Gas Range and using Gas for Fuel. Cheaper than coal and the cleanest fuel known. Not a bit of waste about it. You get the use of every bit you pay for. Always ready—no waiting for the coal man. Muddy roads never prevent the delivery of Fuel Gas. Four thousand satisfied customers in Lincoln are the recommendations we offer. We'll sell you the Gas Range—cash or payments—at bargain prices, install them and connect up the gas, and at the end of the year you have paid out less money than you would have paid to run the old coal cookstove. And you have saved an infinite lot of work and worry. Don't take our word for it—ask your neighbor who uses gas. We'll abide by the verdict. A fine line of Gas Ranges, Water Heaters, Lamps, Electric Irons, Fans, Etc. Open evenings for your convenience. Lincoln Gas and Electric Light Co.

DEMAND The UNION LABEL

Wageworkers, Attention We have Money to Loan on Chattels. Plenty of it, too. Utmost secrecy. KELLY & NORRIS 129 So. 11th St. LINCOLN SKIRT CO. ETHEL E. ANDERSON, Proprietor. Exclusive Retailers. Manufacturers of High-Grade, Made-to-Measure Petticoats 1235 N Street. - Lincoln, Neb.