

LABOR UNION DIRECTORY.

Following is a directory of the Trades and Labor Unions of Lincoln and vicinity. Local secretaries are respectfully asked to report any changes or corrections hereto, to the end that an accurate and convenient directory be maintained.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION—Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings, Bruce's hall. President, O. M. Rudy, 1036 G. Secretary, F. A. Kalkos, 1039 K. Treasurer, T. W. Evans, 125 South Eleventh.

LABOR TEMPLE DIRECTORY—Meets every Monday evening, 127 North Twelfth street. President, J. W. Dickson, University Place. Secretary, Fred Thinger, Sixteenth and D streets, Lincoln.

MUSICIANS PROTECTIVE UNION, No. 43—Meets first and third Sunday mornings, Bruce's hall. President, Wm. Finney, 125 South Sixteenth. Recording Secretary, W. C. Norton, 1523 North Twenty-fifth. Financial Secretary, N. A. Ota, 2234 Q.

JOURNEYMEN BARBERS, No. 104—Meets first and third Wednesday evenings, Bohanan's hall. President, R. L. McBride, 1845 Q. Recording Secretary, Roy Ward, 1210 O. Financial Secretary, Roy Swinker, 1018 O.

BARTENDERS' LEAGUE, No. 359—Meets third Sunday, 10 a. m., Carpenters' hall. President, William Brandt, 1223 R. Recording Secretary, Henry Shiers, Financial Secretary, H. E. Sundeen, 1844 P.

LEATHERWORKERS ON HORSE GOODS, No. 28—Meets first and third Tuesday evenings, Bruce's hall. President, Fred Lewis, 216 South Sixteenth. Secretary, Treasurers, Peter Smith, 224 South Eleventh.

CIGARMAKERS, No. 143—Meets every Monday evening, 1038 O. President, T. W. Evans, 125 South Eleventh. Secretary, John Steiner, 122 South Tenth.

BOILERMAKERS' BROTHERHOOD, No. 47—Meets second and fourth Wednesday evenings, Carpenters' hall. President, J. C. Grant, Ninth and U streets. Recording Secretary, P. S. Sherman, 422 P street. Financial Secretary, J. Beckwith.

BLACKSMITHS AND HELPERS, No. 43—Meets first and third Tuesday evenings, Campbell's hall, Havlock. President, R. O. Wagner, Havlock. Secretary, E. R. Eilon, Havlock.

BUILDING TRADES SECTION.

BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS, No. 245—Meets every Thursday evening, 1038 O street. President, C. M. Anderson, 2028 Q. Recording Secretary, G. E. Ventum, 1410 P. Financial Secretary, W. L. Mayer, 2223 Q.

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS, No. 59—Meets every Monday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, Ed English, 1823 U. Recording Secretary, George Chipman, 325 North Eleventh. Financial Secretary, Charles Burns, 346 North Twenty-sixth.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS, No. 16—Meets every Thursday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, Charles Jennings, 1823 S. Recording Secretary, Wm. Wilkinson, 2169 N. Financial Secretary, Perry Jennings, 1823 S.

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS, No. 1055—Meets every Tuesday evening, Carpenters' hall, 139 North Tenth. President, F. B. Naracong, 139 South Twenty-eighth street. Recording Secretary, C. H. Chase, 2060 North Thirtieth. Financial Secretary, J. W. Dickson, 317 West St. Paul street, University Place.

BRICKLAYERS AND MASONS, No. 2—Meets every Friday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, E. L. Simon, 2245 E. Recording Secretary, P. W. Smith, R. F. D. 14. Financial Secretary, C. H. Meyers, 329 North Eleventh.

RAILROAD BROTHERHOODS.

BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS, Division No. 52—Meets second and fourth Sunday, 1201 U street. President, J. S. McCoy, 1201 U street. First Assistant Engineer, F. D. Palmer, 125 South Tenth street. Second Assistant Engineer, H. Wiggens, Court House.

BOILERMAKERS' BROTHERHOOD, No. 119—Meets second and fourth Friday evenings, A. O. U. W. hall, 1007 O. President, Charles Peterson, 1402 Jackson, Havlock. Secretary, Tom Duffy, Indiana and Toulain avenues, Havlock.

MACHINISTS' ASSOCIATION, No. 68—Meets first Friday in Havlock, third Friday at A. O. U. W. hall, Lincoln. President, J. A. Mahstead, Havlock. Secretary, C. H. Lingle, 329 North Seventeenth.

BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY CARMEN—Meets first and third Saturday evenings, A. O. U. W. hall. President, H. E. Benson, 1621 North Twenty-fourth. Recording Secretary, G. W. Cox, 3723 W. Financial Secretary, G. P. Ludwig, 1127 South Seventh.

BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN AND ENGINEERS, No. 179—Meets second and fourth Sunday afternoons, A. O. U. W. hall. Master, H. Kurtz, 821 North Twelfth. Secretary, J. E. Robinson, 2971 Q.

BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY TRAINMEN, No. 178—Meets second and fourth Sunday afternoons, Bohanan's hall. Master, J. D. Andrews, 1738 O. Secretary, D. J. Cooper, 2124 South Ninth.

BROTHERHOOD OF SWITCHMEN, No. 123—Meets first Sunday at 8 p. m., second Sunday at 2 p. m., Carpenters' hall. President, U. S. Swisher, 2747 Sumner. Recording Secretary, George Ray, 1382 Knox. Financial Secretary, J. Johnson, 3313 D.

PRINTING TRADES SECTION.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES COUNCIL—Meets third Wednesday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, G. E. Locker, 1289 South street. Secretary-Treasurer, J. H. Brooks, 799 North Ninth street.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, No. 268—Meets first Sunday, 2 p. m., Fraternity hall. President, J. R. Bain, 129 South Thirtieth. Recording Secretary, H. W. Bingham, 2201 Holdrege. Financial Secretary, F. H. Hebbard, 1227 Washington.

BOOKBINDERS' BROTHERHOOD, No. 126—Meets third Monday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, C. C. Armons, 1610 South Sixteenth. Secretary-Treasurer, Fred Ross, 1201 B.

STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS, No. 62—Meets third Wednesday evening, Carpenters' hall. President, A. B. Small, 2044 South Nineteenth. Secretary-Treasurer, Sam Aiken, 2375 Dudley.

CAPITAL AUXILIARY, No. 11—Meets second and fourth Friday afternoons at homes of members. President, Mrs. Fred W. Michel, 1845 South Sixteenth. Secretary, Mrs. C. B. Righter, 2306 Dudley. Treasurer, Mrs. Charles Barngrover, 2515 Starr.

PRESSMEN AND ASSISTANTS, No. 10—Meets first Wednesday, Carpenters' hall. President, J. H. Brooks, 723 North Eleventh. Recording Secretary, E. C. Weger, 1526 N. Financial Secretary, W. D. King, 2069 H.

WAGELWORKER

WILL M. MAUPIN, EDITOR



Published Weekly at 137 No. 14th St., Lincoln, Neb. One Dollar a Year.

Entered as second-class matter April 21, 1904, at the postoffice at Lincoln, Neb., under the Act of Congress of March 3rd, 1879.

Printers' ink, the recognized authority on advertising, after a thorough investigation on this subject, says: "A labor paper is a far better advertising medium than an ordinary newspaper in comparison with circulation. A labor paper, for example, having 2,000 subscribers is of more value to the business man who advertises in it than an ordinary paper with 12,000 subscribers."

THE INSOLENT ARMY.

Some of these days, perhaps, the men who create the wealth of this country—the men who toil in mill, mine, shop and factory—will awaken to the military menace that threatens this country. It is common to denounce as an "alarmist" any one who calls attention to public evils, and when a labor paper or a workingman protests against "militarism" he is usually denounced as an "anarchist" by those who put more reliance in military strength than they do in justice. The regular army has on more than one occasion been used to break strikes that were being waged for justice to the workers. The Goldfield strike was a case in point. The American Railway Union strike, some twelve years ago, was another case. The man who still persists that President Cleveland sent the regular troops to Chicago in order to move the United States mails, and for no other purpose, merely convicts himself of utter idleness or gross ignorance of the facts. Cleveland sent the regular troops to Chicago to break the strike and give aid to the corporations. When the recent street railway strike was on in San Francisco, General Funston, whose military glory was won at the muzzle of a typewriter by the bravery of newspaper war correspondents, swelled up until his brigadier general's uniform was as tight as the head of a snare drum, and said something about "the insolent mob." Now this same whippersnapper soldier has decided that a private soldier shall suffer three years' imprisonment because he had the audacity to go and hear Emma Goldmann lecture, and was so lacking in patriotism as to shake hands with her after she concluded her address. Private Buwalda has been a member of the regular army for fifteen years, and his record is as clean as a bound's tooth. A few months ago he took up the study of shorthand, and for practice tried reporting various addresses. Recently Emma Goldmann lectured on "Patriotism" in San Francisco, and Buwalda went to hear her and practice his shorthand. He happened to wear his uniform, private soldiers not being in the habit of donning dress suits for evening wear. He heard the lecture, he shook hands with the lecturer. Secret service men were on hand and noted these things and Buwalda was reported. General Funston called a court martial and Buwalda was tried under article 62 of the code. He was found "guilty" and sentenced to five years' imprisonment on Alcatraz Island. Funston reduced the term to three years. Article 62 is a "blanket article," intended to cover everything not otherwise covered. Buwalda's offense consisted in wearing his uniform to a public meeting, listening to an address on "Patriotism" and shaking hands with the lecturer afterwards. Horrible! The lecturer was Emma Goldmann, a woman who has been lied about, traduced, libeled and persecuted world without end simply because the doctrine she teaches is obnoxious to those who profit from special privilege and who are protected in their legalized graft. Emma Goldmann is an "anarchist," to be sure, but her anarchism consists, not in teaching that property rights are superior to human rights as her opponents do, but in teaching that humanity is more than dollars. She teaches that the producer is superior

to his product, that patriotism consists more in living for one's country than in dying for it, that peace is better than war, that love's rule is better than the rule of force. And because Private Buwalda went to hear this woman teach peace, love and the rights of humanity, he is sent to prison for three years.

From sending a private soldier to prison for daring to listen to something that is offensive to the self-anointed kings of America, to sending a common plumber or carpenter or printer or machinist to prison for the same heinous crime is but a short step. When Miss Goldmann rents a hall and tries to preach the doctrine of universal brotherhood she is thrown into jail and the people who try to hear her are clubbed by policemen. "O, she is an anarchist!" shouts the daily newspapers. And 'steem millions of workmen who ought to be studying and thinking, but are not, smile and say, "Good enough for her!" And not one in ten thousand of them has the faintest idea of what "anarchy" is. What does Miss Goldmann teach? She teaches that no man is "born hooded and spurred to ride other men saddled and bridled." Abraham Lincoln taught the same thing. She teaches that war is inhuman. Jesus Christ taught the same thing. She teaches that the earth is the common heritage of all men, and that a few men have no right to arrogate to themselves the position of "trustees of divine providence" to administer the coal and the iron and the fertility of the soil. Henry George and a thousand patriots have taught the same thing. She teaches that the law of love is better than the law of force, and she is thrown into jail and scourged, even as the Carpenter of Nazareth was scourged and crucified for teaching that identical doctrine. And the powers that reign in this country—the power of the almighty dollar—tip the wink to the daily newspapers, the daily newspapers denounce her, the police persecute her, and a million workmen who ought to know better applaud the persecution.

Your trade anarchist does not advocate bomb throwing any more than your true trades unionist does. Because hare-brained fanatics, claiming to be anarchists, throw an occasional bomb is no more reason why genuine anarchists should be denounced and persecuted than that trades unions should be declared illegal and unpatriotic because an occasional member forgets his duty as a unionist and allows his human nature to control his actions.

This state of affairs should require the attention of the toilers. It concerns more than Emma Goldmann and Private Buwalda. It concerns every man and woman in America. Free America! Yes, free to the exploiters of human flesh and blood, and free board behind prison bars for men who dare to protest against injustice and demand the rights guaranteed by the constitution.

Private Buwalda goes to jail for shaking hands with a lecturer whose teachings are offensive to the operators of America. Preacher Halldame of Pennsylvania goes to jail for praying with striking miners after being ordered by a federal judge not to do so. Organizers of the American Federation of Labor and the Mine Workers of America are threatened with jail sentences if they enter West Virginia and teach the doctrine of organization for mutual benefit and protection. A machinist in Indianapolis loses his home because he and his fellows continue to protest against injustice after a federal judge has ordered them to cease exercising the privilege of free speech. Organizations based on immortal souls are by federal decree declared to be as illegal as corporations based upon dirty dollars and human blood and tears.

And the thoughtless victims of this sort of thing applaud when Emma Goldmann is thrown into jail, and continue to scatter their votes at the behest of party bosses who are the servile tools of corporate power. Perhaps some time in the dim and distant future, the men who produce the wealth of this country will insist upon having some voice in its disposition. And, perhaps, about the same time, the men who make this country will insist upon running it in their own interests.

Perhaps! A Lincoln newspaper that advocates a low tariff because it makes wages better, denounces railroad employes who advocate high freight rates in order that wages be maintained. See the inconsistency? There is something wrong with an industrial system that calls little children from the playgrounds to the mills.

A lot of factories are resuming operations—in the press dispatches and for political purposes only. The "hole in the doughnut" is growing a little larger. When workmen ask for public im-

provements in order that employment be furnished men, they are laughed at and ignored. When speculators ask for the privilege of issuing \$500,000,000 of currency on gamblers' chips they get what they ask for. That's because the men who ask for work do not vote in their own interests. The money gamblers do. See?

After denouncing organized labor for going its politics, "American Industries," organ of the union busters, advises members of the association to vote solidly for the men who are opposed by organized labor. The jewel of inconsistency looms up on the shirt bosom of "American Industries" like a goose-egg on a score board.

Too many Christians worry themselves over the benighted condition of the happy heathen in foreign lands and never think of the miserable condition of women and children in the sweat shops of Christian America.

Mr. Littlefield resigned from congress and will represent the government in a little legal case that will give him a fee equal to what the average mechanic earns in forty-five years of active work.

The Dred Scott decision was meant to perpetuate slavery—it simply doomed it. The Danbury decision was meant to perpetuate industrial slavery—it merely pronounced its doom.

True, William H. Taft sent some railroad men to jail for daring to exercise the right of free speech, but it was so long ago that Mr. Taft expects the railroad men to forget it.

Labor papers can not live on "hot air" and moral support. But a lot of Lincoln unionists seem to think the Wageworker ought to be fighting their battles with that sort of support.

If the responsible officers do not put the convicts to making good roads the wage earners should get busy making some mighty bad roads for those officials to travel upon.

Just notice how some of the organs of the corporations are warning John Mitchell not to risk his reputation by accepting the democratic nomination for vice president.

Mr. Littlefield felt compelled to score the American Federation of Labor's opposition as "too hot to handle." That's why he resigned.

A law to protect dollars is easy to get. A law to protect men and women has to fight its way past every conceivable obstacle.

You can't talk straight unionism through the smoke of "scab" tobacco, nor walk straight union lines in a pair of "scab" shoes.

Every time one of our ten-inch naval guns is fired off the expense represents 25,000 loaves of bread. And what's the use?

A solid labor vote would do more damage to "vested rights" than all the boycotts that could be framed up in a million years.

Gee, if Mr. Bryan had talked about General Grant like Taft did, wouldn't the G. O. P. press be throwing fits these days?

When men who profit by war have to fight the battles, there will be universal and perpetual peace.

As long as men "belong to party" they are political slaves. Parties should belong to men.

William H. Taft has held fat public office for twenty years. He was never elected to an office.

Every interest save that of labor is well represented in the congress of the United States.

Will the workmen of this country accept a dinner pail full of hot air this year?

On the square, now, Mr. Politician, is the country really and truly prosperous?

When a man says he has the labor vote in his vest pocket he merely lies.

Vote your own vote—but vote it intelligently.

By the way, why not an ordinance to "regulate the rents?"

Put a brick in the Labor Temple.

JUSTICE IS BLIND. "Justice" is certainly blind in New Orleans. Last week in Federal Judge Saunders' court, she declared that the American Tobacco company was not a trust, and the suit started by several small dealers for \$70,000 damages was thrown out of court, and the trust O. K'd.

We Sell HARDWARE, STOVES, SPORTING GOODS, RAZORS, RAZOR STROPS AND CUTLERY At Low Prices Hoppe's Hardware, 108 North 10th

H. & H. DIAMONDS are truly wonderful stones—nothing at all like the ordinary imitation diamonds—as brilliant as the real diamonds. See them, you'll be surprised and delighted. Henderson & Hald, 10th Street, Opposite Post Office

Burlington Route Cigar Factory N. H. CINBERG, Prop. MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH GRADE CIGARS ONLY LEADING BRANDS, 10-CENT: Senator Berkott, Burlington Route LEADING BRANDS, 5-CENT: Havana Fives, Burlington Route (5-Cent Size) One thing that distinguishes our Cigars is the superior workmanship and the uniform high quality of stock used in their manufacture. We invite you to patronize this home concern, and guarantee you Cigars as finely made and of an equal quality as any goods turned out at a similar price by an Eastern concern. We sell to retailers and jobbers only. If you are not now handling our goods, send us a trial order. Burlington Route Cigar Factory 205 North Ninth Street, LINCOLN, NEB.

GAS The ideal fuel. Heat right where you want it. Expense ceases when need ceases. No smoke, no dirt, no ashes. Makes kitchen work a pleasure and cooking a recreation. Cheaper than coal, and the handiest fuel known. Four thousand satisfied customers for reference. A GAS RANGE IS A PLEASURE Let us show you our line. Best makes. Cash or payments. We carry in your fuel—nothing to carry out. Lincoln Gas and Electric Light Company OPEN EVENINGS

DEMAND The UNION LABEL Wageworkers, Attention LINCOLN SKIRT CO. ETHEL E. ANDERSON, Proprietress. Exclusive Retailers. Manufacturers of High-Grade, Made-to-Measure Petticoats 1235 N Street - Lincoln, Neb.