

BLAMED ON THE RAILROAD.

First Thought in Irishman's Mind After the Accident.

Railroad claim-agents have little faith in their fellow creatures. One said recently: "Every time I settle a claim with one of these hard-headed rural residents who wants the railroad to pay twice what he would charge the butcher if he gets a sheep killed, I think of this story, illustrative of the way some people want to hold the railroad responsible for every accident, of whatever kind, that happens. Two Irishmen were driving home from town one night when their buggy ran into a ditch, overturned, and they were both stunned. When a rescuer came along and revived them, the first thing one of them said was: 'Where's the train?' 'Why, there's no train around,' he was told. 'Then where's the railroad?' 'The nearest railroad is three miles away,' he learned. 'Well, well,' he commented. 'I knew it hit us pretty hard, but I didn't suppose it knocked us three miles from the track.'

SYMPATHY.



He—Yaas! Several years ago I fell in love with a girl, but she rejected me—made a regular fool of me, in fact.
She—How sad! And you've never got over it.

TWO CURES OF ECZEMA

Baby Had Severe Attack—Grandfather Suffered Torments with It—Owe Recovery to Cuticura.

"In 1884 my grandson, a babe, had an attack of eczema, and after trying the doctors to the extent of heavy bills and an increase of the disease and suffering, I recommended Cuticura and in a few weeks the child was well. He is to-day a strong man and absolutely free from the disease. A few years ago I contracted eczema, and became an intense sufferer. A whole winter passed without once having on shoes, nearly from the knees to the toes being covered with virulent sores. I tried many doctors to no purpose. Then I procured the Cuticura Remedies and found immediate improvement and final cure. M. W. LaRue, 845 Seventh St., Louisville, Ky., Apr. 23 and May 14, '07."

A Warm Allusion.

"Do you see that man across the street?"
"Yes; who is he?"
"The greatest fellow for giving you hot air you ever came across."
"Oh, a bluffer."
"Not at all. He is at the head of a big heating company."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. JUDGE OF THE COURT.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A. D. 1898.
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, etc.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Sore Puzzle.

"How did that secret ever get out?"
"I can't imagine. She only told about a dozen of her acquaintances in strict confidence."

Many Professional Men, clergymen, teachers and singers use Brown's Bronchial Troches for curing hoarseness and coughs.

Get leave to work in this world. 'Tis the best that life may offer.—Browning.

Count your own faults before attempting to enumerate those of your neighbor.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of W. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. See a bottle.

Better die 10,000 deaths than wound my honor.—Addison.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.
We must ever improve our time; time goes with rapid foot.—Ovid.



ST. JACOBS OIL CONQUERS PAIN

FOR STIFFNESS, SORENESS, SPRAIN OR BRUISE, NOTHING IS BETTER THAT YOU CAN USE; LUMBAGO'S PAIN, RHEUMATIC TWINGE, YOUR BACK FEELS LIKE A RUSTY HINGE; SCIATIC ACHES ALL PLEASURES POIL, FOR HAPPINESS USE ST. JACOBS OIL.

The General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of known value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yet prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its excellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relies on the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

The Chauffeur's Thought.

A well-known Englishman tells a good motor-car story. He says that on one occasion, when instructing his chauffeur to drive carefully, he remarked: "I don't mind about grown-up people and dogs, but do be careful about children and babies." Whereupon the chauffeur replied: "Yes, them feeding-bottles do cut up the tires dreadful."

Your Wife, Mother or Sister

Can make Lemon, Chocolate and Custard pies better than the expert cook by using "OUR-PIE," as all the ingredients are in the package ready for immediate use. Each package, enough for two large pies, 10 cents. Order to-day from your grocer.

We are not in this world to do what we wish, but to be willing to do that which it is our duty to do.—Gounod.

We Sell Guns and Traps Cheap
Buy furs and hides, or tan them for robes & rugs. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis.

A man who says a mean thing about another man isn't half as mean as the man who repeats it.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood, eradicating rheumatism, gout and other chronic diseases. It is made of Herbs—not drugs!

An ounce of help is better than a ton of hot air on the subject.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
FAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

To bear is to conquer our fate.—Campbell.

Calamity is man's true touchstone.—Beaumont.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heavy Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. *Brewer's* REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

SPOT CASH

FOR SOLDIERS AND HEIRS
All federal soldiers and sailors who served 90 days between 1861 and 1865 and who homesteaded less than 80 acres before June 22, 1864, are entitled to additional homestead rights which I buy. If soldier is dead, his heirs can sell. Talk to old soldiers, widows and heirs. Find some soldier relative who went West or South after the war and homesteaded government land. Get busy and make some easy money. Write HENRY N. GOVE, Washington, D. C., for further particulars.

NEWS OF THE LABOR WORLD

San Francisco.—Information has been received at the labor temple in this city that, as a result of the agitation started some time ago in the San Francisco labor council in regard to first-class mechanics being rated as second-class and paid second-rate wages for first-class work at the Mare Island navy yard, has resulted in the wage board making an investigation and sending a special committee to this city to obtain facts and figures as to the wages paid to mechanics along certain lines. It said that the board will make a recommendation to increase the wages of certain trades.

Indianapolis.—Under the supervision of James M. Lynch, president of the International Typographical union, a book is being prepared at a cost of \$6,000 for the first edition of 30,000, relating to the Union Printers' home at Colorado Springs, Colo. It will contain an exhaustive description of the home, its management and plans for the future. It is to be profusely illustrated and the star picture will be a reproduction, reduced size, of a water color of the home, five by six feet, by Eugene Ford, an artist of note of Minneapolis, Minn.

New York.—Wigmakers of New York have organized the Human Hair Workers' union and threaten a strike. It is said that as soon as the organization is completed a demand will be made for shorter hours and higher wages. The wigmakers say there are hundreds of wig wearers in the city whom they know and who will be asked to help the strike along.

Newcastle, Pa.—Ten of the 30 hot mills of the Shenango tin mills here resumed operations. Ten additional mills will resume shortly after, and it is expected that the entire plant will be running full force before the end of January. The mill, said to be the largest tin plant in the world, has been idle since July 31. Fully a thousand men are affected.

Racine, Wis.—Managers of industries which laid off men during the recent financial stringency now state that the conditions are rapidly changing for the better, and that the shops will be operating full time and with the usual number of hands. Another indication of returning confidence is the fact that local banks are cashing all checks offered.

New York.—Following the lead of the Erie railroad the New York Central announced a reduction of 10 per cent in the wages of its 75,000 employees. The cut will be made January 1, 1908. An official of the Central has made the statement that the reduction might be offset in part by the discharge of the newer employees of the company.

Centuria, Ill.—One thousand miners, employees of the four mines operated by the Centuria Coal company, went on a strike because the company failed to pay entry yardage which the joint state committee of operators and miners decided the company should pay.

Salt Lake City, Utah.—The Utah Consolidated Smelter company suspended operations on January 1. The working force at the mine will also be cut down to a development basis. In all about 6,000 men are thrown out of work.

Milwaukee.—The Wisconsin Engine company's plant at Corliss resumed operations, full time, giving employment to 500 men, and so many orders have been received that preparations for enlarging the plant are under way.

Fall River, Mass.—Cash dividends of \$2,701,875 were paid to stockholders by Fall River cotton mill corporations for 1907. On a capital of \$25,475,000 this dividend is about 10.97 per cent. Stock dividends amount to \$1,900,000 in addition. Operatives have been and still are receiving the highest wages ever paid here.

London.—The great economic subject of the day in all England is that of old-age pensions. The chancellor of the exchequer, H. H. Asquith, has promised to introduce a government scheme next session, and says he will appropriate two million sterling, (\$10,000,000) for the purpose.

Binghamton, N. Y.—John L. Sullivan, a switchman employed on the Erie at Susquehanna, was shot and killed by an unknown strikebreaker. The ball passed completely through Sullivan's skull and he lived less than an hour.

Philadelphia.—State officers of Pennsylvania have begun an investigation into the claim that between 7,000 and 8,000 miners and breakers now employed in mines are under the legal age required by the child labor laws.

Johnstown, Pa.—Every department of the Cambria Steel company's plant here has resumed operations, with 75 per cent of the men laid off during the financial stringency returning to work.

Cumberland, Md.—Nearly 500 men of the shop and yard force of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad here were laid off. The force retained is insufficient to take care of the most urgent work.

Granite City, Ill.—The National Enameling and Stamping company's plant has resumed work. Two thousand men have been out of work for nearly a month.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Christmas in Pittsburg and vicinity was made doubly joyful by the announcement that by January 6 all of the thousands of wheels of industry in the mills of McKeesport, Glassport, Duquesne, and allied plants in the Monongahela valley would be in operation. More than 40,000 men who have been idle for several weeks returned to work. It is also said that other mills in the district will also resume in full shortly after the first of the year, practically doubling the number of workmen employed within 50 miles of Pittsburg during the past few weeks.

Scranton, Pa.—Following the lead of the switchmen, the freight and coal conductors, engineers and firemen of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway company are asking for an increase. The conductors ask for an advance of 60 cents a day, while the engineers and firemen demand an increase of 40 cents per day. At present the conductors are receiving \$3.20 a day. Engineers are now receiving \$4.10 and are asking \$4.50. Firemen get \$2.60 and demand \$3.

Chicago.—After the canvass of the vote of the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, it was announced that no demand would be made for changes in wage scales, and the present scales will continue. The canvass was conducted by the executive committee under the direction of President A. V. Garretson of the conductors' organization and President P. H. Morrissey of the trainmen's brotherhood.

Paris, France.—Here is a strange departure in the struggle between capital and labor in France: Retail trade has practically elected to stand on the side of labor. The Retailers' federation, which numbers 325,000 members, announces its alliance with the National Federation of Workmen, which numbers 188,000 members. The motto of the amalgamation is to be conciliation and arbitration.

Washington.—According to the returns made to the Belgian Labor department 1.3 per cent of the 42,420 members of 137 trade unions reporting were unemployed toward the latter part of the month, as compared with 1.5 per cent in the previous month and 1.9 per cent in August, 1906. These figures do not include particulars relating to miners, hewers or agricultural laborers.

Chicago.—Notices were posted in several of the principal brokerage offices of the city that a reduction in the wages of telegraph operators has been accepted by the men. Wages were raised to \$35 a week when the strike was declared. These operators will receive \$25 a week, with no change in the hours of labor, under the new agreement, to take effect January 1.

Pittsburg.—Because of the numerous instances in which wealthy men have cast aside their wives, the workingmen of Pittsburg will try to have the divorce laws made more stringent. On behalf of several trades unions Robert H. Heath, a miner, has announced his candidacy for state representative on the Republican ticket on the platform of "no divorces."

Chicago.—Trainmen and conductors on all the railroads running east of this city have voted against seeking a revision of wage schedules at this time. The original idea of the trainmen and conductors was to bring about a general wage schedule on all the eastern roads, as was done on the western roads last spring.

London.—In a reference to the recent Belfast strike for the recognition of union officials, Lloyd's Weekly declares that "in these days, when trade unionism is a recognized element in industrial life, it would be intolerable if any workman were penalized for acting in defense of what he regards as his rights."

Pittsburg.—Following the closing of a contract with the Pennsylvania railroad for \$2,000,000 worth of electrical equipment for the New York tunnel, and the receipt of large orders from the Harriman lines, the Union Switch and Signal company ordered employees to report for work.

Manchester, N. H.—The factories of the F. M. Hoyt company, manufacturers of boots and shoes, in East Manchester, which have been closed down for several weeks, resumed operations recently. The largest force ever employed is at work.

Omaha, Neb.—The Burlington railroad will establish an employment bureau through which all skilled labor will be employed. It will be under the immediate supervision of J. N. Redfern, head of the Burlington Relief department.

Washington.—The latest Board of Trade Labor Gazette to hand from Great Britain reports that in July 199,900 wage earners received an increase in wages, while only 300 sustained decreases.

St. Louis, Mo.—Official figures compiled here show that 3,000 mechanics out of 8,000 members of the local Buildings Trades council have been idle for the past six weeks.

Washington.—Unions in the clothing trades of Russia number 15,039 members. This refers to strict trades unionism, free from any political affiliation.

REASON FOR WOMEN'S "NERVES"

In Very Many Cases It Is Weakened Kidneys.

Mrs. Frank Roseboom, 512 S. Washington St., Moscow, Idaho, says: "Inherited kidney trouble grew steadily worse with me until so nervous I could not sleep at night. I was dizzy and spots floated before my eyes. My back and hips ached and every cold settled on my kidneys and made me worse. I have used many different medicines and was discouraged when I began with Doan's Kidney Pills, but now the symptoms that alarmed me are gone." Sold by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Had Its Uses.
"I love to whiff the aroma of the burning leaves," said the poetical girl, as they strolled through the park.
"So do I," replied her tall escort; "it drowns the odor of gasoline from the automobiles."

Occasionally a woman is glad when her husband makes her cry, because she can work him for a peace offering.

What a Settler Can Secure in WESTERN CANADA
160 Acres Grain-Growing Land FREE.
20 to 40 Bushels Wheat to the Acre.
40 to 50 Bushels Oats to the Acre.
35 to 50 Bushels Barley to the Acre.
Timber for Fencing and Buildings FREE.
Good Laws with Low Taxation.
Splendid Railroad Facilities and Low Rates.
Schools and Churches Conspicuous.
Satisfactory Markets for all Productions.
Good Climate and Perfect Health.
Chances for Profitable Investments.
Some of the choicest grain-producing lands in Saskatchewan and Alberta may now be acquired in these most healthful and prosperous sections under the
Revised Homestead Regulations
by which entry may be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.
Entry fee in each case is \$10.00. For pamphlets, "Last Best West," particulars as to routes, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to
W. V. BARNETT,
881 New York Life Building, Omaha, Nebraska.
DEFIANCE STARCH for starching finest linens.
W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 3, 1908.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

Shirt Bosoms, Collars and Cuffs

LAUNDERED WITH
Defiance Starch

never crack nor become brittle. They last twice as long as those laundered with other starches and give the wearer much better satisfaction. If you want your husband, brother or son to look dresy, to feel comfortable and to be thoroughly happy use DEFIANCE STARCH in the laundry. It is sold by all good grocers at 10c a package—16 ounces. Inferior starches sell at the same price per package but contain only 12 ounces. Note the difference. Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH. Insist on getting it and you will never use any other brand.

Defiance Starch Company, Omaha, Neb.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

\$3.00 SHOES AT ALL PRICES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISES AND CHILDREN.
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world to-day.
W. L. Douglas \$4 and \$5 Gift Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price
W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitutes. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the United States Catalog free to any address.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.