

A SIMPLE FORMULA

PRESCRIPTION OF AN EMINENT SPECIALIST IS GIVEN.

Necessary Ingredients Cost Little and Can Be Secured at Any Good Drug Store—Will Break a Cold Quickly.

Mix half ounce of the Pure Virgin Oil of Pine with two ounces of glycerine and half a pint of good whisky; shake well and use in teaspoonful doses. A noted authority on diseases of the throat and lungs who established a camp for consumptives in the pine woods of Maine, declares that the above formula will heal the lungs and cure any cough that is curable. It will break up a cold in twenty-four hours. The ingredients can be secured from any good prescription druggist at small cost.

Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) is put up only in half-ounce vials for dispensing; each vial is securely sealed in a round wooden case with engraved wrapper, showing the name—Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) prepared only by Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O.—plainly printed thereon. There are many rank imitations of Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure), which are put out under various names, such as Concentrated Oil of Pine, Pine Balsam, etc. Never accept these as a substitute for the Pure Virgin Oil of Pine, as they will invariably produce nausea and never effect the desired result.

Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) is also said to be a perfect neutralizing agent for uric acid.

American Idealism.

Since my first arrival in America I have held that the real spirit is idealistic and that the average individual American is controlled by idealistic impulses. Those who may contradict me can not have sounded the depths of the philosophy of Ralph Waldo Emerson, or studied the life and read the speeches of Abraham Lincoln, and considered their far-reaching effect on the American people. In Lincoln's great character nothing can be more striking than the way in which he combined reality and the loftiest ideal, with a thoroughly practical capacity to achieve that ideal by practical methods. This faculty seemed to give him a far-sighted, almost superhuman vision, which enabled him to pierce the clouds obscuring the sight of the keenest statesmen and thinkers of his age—Baron Speck von Sternburg, in Forum.

SCALY ERUPTION ON BODY.

Doctors and Remedies Fruitless—Suffered 10 Years—Completely Cured by Cuticura.

"When I was about nine years old small sores appeared on each of my lower limbs. I scratched them with a brass pin and shortly afterwards both of those limbs became so sore that I could scarcely walk. When I had been suffering for about a month the sores began to heal, but small scaly eruptions appeared where the sores had been. From that time onward I was troubled by such severe itching that, until I became accustomed to it, I would scratch the sores until the blood began to flow. This would stop the itching for a few days, but scaly places would appear again and the itching would accompany them. After I suffered about ten years I made a renewed effort to effect a cure. The eruptions by this time had appeared on every part of my body except my face and hands. The best doctors in my native county advised me to use arsenic in small doses and a salve. I then used to bathe the sores in a mixture which gave almost intolerable pain. In addition I used other remedies, such as iodine, sulphur, zinc salve, —s Salve, —Ointment, and in fact I was continually giving some remedy a fair trial, never using less than one or two boxes or bottles. All this was fruitless. Finally my hair began to fall out and I was rapidly becoming bald. I used —s —, but it did no good. A few months after, having used almost everything else, I thought I would try Cuticura Ointment, having previously used Cuticura Soap and being pleased with it. After using three boxes I was completely cured, and my hair was restored, after fourteen years of suffering and an expenditure of at least \$50 or \$60 in vainly endeavoring to find a cure. I shall be glad to write to any one who may be interested in my cure. B. Hiram Mattingly, Vermillion, S. Dak., Aug. 18, 1906."

Destructive Yellow River.

Thousands of men work all their lives at securing the banks of the great Yellow river in China. Yet every now and then the tide sweeps away all opposition and the loss in human life is greater than any war ever caused. Nineteen years ago the river burst its bonds. Day after day the torrent flowed, 20 miles to the hour, 30 miles wide and ten feet deep. The flood has been described as that of five Danubes pouring from a height for two months on end. For 2,000 years the Chinese have been embanking this river.

Convict's Peculiar Claim.

A life convict in the Andamans had served some long period when an order recently came for his release. All the time he had been in the band, and had evidently so far forgotten that he was a prisoner that on his release he put in a claim for a pension on account of his long and faithful service as a government servant.—Madras Mail.

THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILROAD AND WESTERN CANADA.

Will Open Up Immense Area of Free Homestead Lands.

The railway facilities of Western Canada have been taxed to the utmost in recent years to transfer the surplus grain crop to the eastern markets and the seaboard. The large influx of settlers and the additional area put under crop have added largely to the grain product, and notwithstanding the increased railway facilities that have been placed at the disposal of the public, the question of transportation has proved to be a serious one.

It will, therefore, be good news to everyone interested in Western Canada to know that an authoritative statement has been given out by C. M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, that that railway will do its share towards moving the crop of 1907 from Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba to tide water, and thus assist in removing a serious obstacle which has faced the settlers during recent years. Mr. Hays, who has just completed a trip from Portage la Prairie to Edmonton in a prairie schooner, a distance of 735 miles, which was covered in eighteen days, is enthusiastic about the country.

This will be gratifying to settlers in the Canadian West, even if Mr. Hays declines to be bound to a time limit with the exactitude of a stop-watch. The Grand Trunk Pacific road will be in a position to take part in the transportation of the crop of 1907, and that will be satisfactory to the settlers in that country when the harvest is garnered.

The wheat crop of 1906 in Western Canada was about 30,000,000 bushels, and, with the increased acreage which is confidently expected to be put under crop next year, it is safely calculated that fully 125,000,000 bushels will be harvested in 1907. The necessity for increased transportation facilities are, therefore, apparent, and the statement made by Mr. Hays will bring encouragement to the farmers of the Canadian West, new and old. The opening up of additional thousands of free homesteads is thus assured by the agent of the Canadian Government, whose address appears elsewhere.

Long Sight.

The longest distance ever compassed by human vision is 183 miles, being the distance between the Uncompagne park, in Colorado, and Mount Ellen, in Utah. This feat was accomplished by the surveyors of the United States coast and geodetic survey, who were engaged, in conjunction with representatives of other nations, in making a new measurement of the earth.

To recover quickly from bilious attacks, sick-headache, indigestion or colds, take Garfield Tea, the mild laxative. Guaranteed under the Pure Food Law.

Man cannot be altogether cleared from injustice in dealing with beasts as he now does.—Heracitus.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LAXATIVE BICOMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Kindness is wisdom. There is none in life but needs it and may learn.—Bailey.

A man's good judgment usually shows up the day after.

If you are a gay old dog you have no right to whine.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood and eradicates disease. Take it for constipation. Guaranteed under the Pure Food Law.

Lots of the money that men marry is counterfeit.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown.

THE FIRST TWINGE

Of Rheumatism Calls for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills if You Would Be Easily Cured.

Mr. Frank Little, a well known citizen of Portland, Iowa Co., Mich., was cured of a severe case of rheumatism by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In speaking about it recently, he said: "My body was run down and in no condition to withstand disease and about five years ago I began to feel rheumatic pains in my arms and across my back. My arms and legs grew numb and the rheumatism seemed to settle in every joint so that I could hardly move, while my arms were useless at times. I was unable to sleep or rest well and my heart pained me so terribly I could hardly stand it. My stomach became sour and bloated after eating and this grew so bad that I had inflammation of the stomach. I was extremely nervous and could not bear the least noise or excitement. One whole side of my body became paralyzed."

"As I said before, I had been suffering about five years and seemed to be able to get no relief from my doctors, when a friend here in Portland told me how Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had cured him of neuralgia in the face, even after the pain had drawn it to one side. I decided to try the pills and began to see some improvement soon after using them. This encouraged me to keep on until I was entirely cured. I have never had a return of the rheumatism or of the paralysis."

The pills are for sale by all druggists or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

UNION MADE CIGARS THAT ARE MADE IN LINCOLN

There are numerous reasons why Lincoln men should smoke Lincoln made cigars. First, there are none better made anywhere. Second, they are well made, in clean and sanitary shops by well paid labor—no sweat shop, Chinese, Childish or Tenement conditions. Third, every time you smoke a Lincoln made cigar you add to the volume of the City's business, build up Lincoln's institutions, and add to human happiness. The following firms are entitled to your patronage. Call for these brands and do your share towards making Lincoln a bigger and better city.

<p>SURE THING 10c-15c DOMINIO 10c</p> <p>Standard, mild Extra Fina, medium Bully, Little Havana } 5c</p> <p>P. J. WOHLBERG 128 South 11th Street</p>	<p>SMOKE THE BEST</p> <p>UNION  MADE</p> <p>Manufacturers WILLIAM SELENFREUND Wholesale 931 S STREET</p>	<p></p> <p>Sammons & Packard MANUFACTURERS OF Little Casino and C. B. & Q.</p> <p>CIGARS</p> <p>135 N. 12th St. Lincoln, Nebraska.</p>	<p>REMEMBER BLUE RIBBON</p> <p>5c 10c 15c</p> <p>NEVILLE & GARTNER 1330 O STREET</p>
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A MAN'S O'COAT FOR \$5.00

There's no excuse for getting cold. We will sell you an Overcoat, any length up to 52 inches, for only \$5.00. We guarantee it to give you excellent service.

We have a very excellent line of Dress Overcoats, in all the new cuts and styles, in many different fabrics, which we are selling at

\$7, \$8.75, \$10, \$12.85, \$15 and \$18

These prices are far below all "Sale Prices" that have been quoted to you this season. Don't be misled—it is easy to "mark up" clothing and "mark it down," and the public that buys clothing at special sales often pays more than at any other time as the clothing is usually "marked up" more than it is "marked down."

As the only One Price Clothing House in the city we give every man honest values and a "square deal" **WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS**

Speier & Simon

104-106 North 10th St.

WE SAVE YOU MONEY. "JUST AROUND THE CORNER"

RAILROAD MEN PROTEST.

Do Not Want the LaFollette Bill Enacted into Law.

A delegation of railroad men visited the legislature the first of the week for the purpose of asking the legislature to memorialize the Nebraska congressmen and express opposition to the LaFollette bill to regulate the hours of employment of railroad men. With the technical objections to the proposed law The Wageworker has no acquaintance. But if the railroad men are quoted right in the daily newspapers they base their objections upon one untenable ground. One objection is that it is likely to increase the number of train crews, thus reducing the number of miles run and thereby reducing the compensation.

That is the chief reason for demanding the shorter workday—that more men may be given employment. Skilled craftsmen are not demanding the short work day for wholly selfish reasons. Under the stress of modern commercialism there is a growing surplus of labor under ordinary conditions. In order to provide for the man out of work the men at work demand a shorter day for themselves. Thus if ten men in a shop work ten hours a day, it will require eleven men to do the work in nine hours. And enforcing the nine hour day means steady employment for one more man. The railroad men ought to get in line with more enterprising unionists and do a brother's share in looking after the interests of the man without a job. If the railroad men really want to make more money they ought to demand more for their work. Engineers, for instance, are rendering today 300 per cent more service than they rendered ten years ago, and yet we are informed that they imagine they have

achieved something big when they recently secured a 10 per cent increase in wages. If they were getting their just proportion of the increased prosperity and their share of the increased efficiency, they would be getting double the pay they are getting now.

A CLERICAL JOKER.

Rev. Luther P. Ludden is a great joker. He is also secretary of the Nebraska State Poultry association. The Wageworker acknowledges the receipt of an invitation to attend the annual exhibit in progress at the auditorium this week. The invitation is good for admission too. But it is distinctly stated on the invitation that "this is not a pass." It is a "guest's ticket." If that isn't a good take-off on the present fad of anti-pass we are mistaken. The Wageworker extends its thanks to Secretary Ludden, and assures him that it appreciates both the invitation and the joke.

THE PLUMBERS.

Smelling Committee is Keeping Busy These Cold Days.

The "smelling committee" appointed by the local union of plumbers is quietly looking up the "scab" work that is being done and which will not stand the sanitary tests demanded by the city. A lot of the work put in by apprentices and incompetent "scabs" has been found very bad, and it will be reported to the authorities.

Harry Burstall, who was an active worker in the ranks of union plumbers of Omaha, died recently.

St. Louis Master Plumbers' association which took a hostile position against union labor, has gone to pieces. The fight of the journeymen and internal dissension did the work.

THIS SEEMS THE LIMIT.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 13.—One hundred plasterers employed on the construction work of the Jamestown exposition have made good their threat to strike and declare that they will not return to work tomorrow unless their demands are complied with. Their objection is going to the offices of the contractors to get their money once a week, and they wish it brought to them while they work. They also ask an increase of pay of from five to six dollars a day. The contractors think the difficulty will be adjusted without serious delay.

CIGARMAKERS ON STRIKE.

The cigarmakers of York, Pa., on September 4, struck for an increase of 10 per cent, on all hand work at the factory of Celestino Costello Co. The general average wage of men per week was \$9.50. The increase, if granted, would mean to the man an increase of 95 cents per week. The selling price of these cigars range from \$52 to \$65 per 1,000. So 180 men, 140 unorganized, 40 organized men, thought they should have an increase of 10 per cent. But the firm thinks different. Up to date not one man has deserted.

LABOR'S NATIONAL PLATFORM.

What the American Federation of Labor Stands For.

1. The abolition of all forms of involuntary servitude except as a punishment for crime.
2. Free schools, free text books and compulsory education.
3. Unrelenting protest against the issuance and abuse of injunction process in labor disputes.
4. A work day of not more than

eight hours in the twenty-four hour day.

5. A strict recognition of not over eight hours a day on all federal, state or municipal work and at not less than the prevailing per diem wage rate of the class of employment in the vicinity where the work is performed.

6. Release from employment one day in seven.

7. The abolition of the contract system on public work.

8. The municipal ownership of public utilities.

9. The abolition of the sweat shop system.

10. Sanitary inspection of factory, workshop, mine and home.

11. Liability of employers for injury to body or loss of life.

12. The nationalization of telegraph and telephone.

13. The passage of anti-child labor laws in states where they do not exist and rigid defense of them where they have been enacted into law.

14. Woman suffrage co-equal with man suffrage, the initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate and right of recall.

15. Suitable and plentiful playgrounds for children in all cities.

16. Continued agitation for the public bath system in all cities.

17. Qualifications in permits to build of all cities and towns, that there shall be bathroom and bathroom attachments in all houses or compartments, used for habitation.

18. We favor a system of finance whereby money shall be issued exclusively by the government, with such regulations and restrictions as will protect it from manipulation by the banking interests for their own private gain.