

A GLANCE AT OUR WINDOWS

will prove to you that we sell the same suit for \$15.00 that is selling in O street stores for \$20.00. Three months from now they will have "one-fourth off sales" and cut their \$20.00 suits to \$15.00—the price you pay here now. If this statement is true—and you can easily prove that it is true, where should you go for your Fall and Winter Suit.

The Best \$15 Suit in Town

A Full Line of Hats \$1 to \$5

Prices on Mens Suits from \$5.00 to \$20.00

Including the best makes such as Alfred Benjamin & Co's. "Correct Clothes for Men."



OUR BOYS' and CHILDRENS department

Is a money saver to every mother who has a boy to clothe. See those Suits we sell for . . .

\$1.50 to \$5.00

Mens Shoes at \$1 Less Pr.

Why Pay 0 Street Prices?

WE Save You Money ..Speier & Simon..

LABOR'S CALL TO ARMS

Washington, July 22.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor today made good its declaration of several months ago to enter the field of politics in the interest of the trades union movement and to urge all friends of organized labor to elect to political office men known to be favorable to labor's cause. At the headquarters of the federation the council today issued its "campaign program," addressed to all organized labor and friends in the United States. It sets out that the trades union movement has kept and proposes to

keep pace with the rapid change in industrial affairs, and that the working people cannot hope to maintain their rights or a progressive position in the varying phases of modern society unless they organize, and exercise all those functions, which, as workmen and citizens, it is their privilege and their duty to exercise. It is declared that labor makes no demand on government and society which is not equally accorded to all the people of this country, and that it can and will be satisfied with nothing less. The proposed campaign is based

upon the allegation that little attention has been paid to the enactment of laws prepared by organized labor and presented to congress, for the relief of these wrongs and the attainment of these rights to which labor and the common people are justly entitled and which are essentially necessary for their welfare. The council issues a word of caution that the "movement must not degenerate into a scramble for office, but it should be a determined effort, free absolutely from all partisanship of every name and character to secure the legislation we deem necessary and essen-

tial to the welfare and happiness of all our people."

It is expressly stated that where a congressman or state legislator has proved himself a true friend to the rights of labor he should be supported and no candidate nominated against him.

The following is a text of the program:

Campaign Program Outlined.
"To All Organized Labor and Friends in the United States—Dear Sirs and Brothers: Events in the industrial affairs of our people have rapidly changed and are rapidly changing. The trade union movement, as expressed by the American Federation of Labor, has kept and proposes to keep pace therewith.

"The wheels of industry cannot be halted or turned back, nor should they be, even if that were possible. Welcoming industrial progress, labor must be ever alert to meet new conditions, recognizing that eternal vigilance is the price of industrial as well as political liberty.

"The working people cannot hope to maintain their rights or a progressive position in the varying phases of modern society unless they organize and exercise all those functions which, as workmen and citizens, it is their privilege and their duty to exercise.

"Labor makes no demand upon government or society which is not equally accorded to all the people of our country. It can and will be satisfied with nothing else.

Congress No Friend of Labor.

"Several presidents of the United States have in their messages to congress, urged the passage of equitable legislation in behalf of the working people, but congress has been entirely preoccupied looking after the interests of vast corporations and predatory wealth.

"Congressmen and senators in their frenzied rush after the almighty dollar have been indifferent or hostile to the rights of man. They have had no time and as little inclination to support the reasonable labor measures, the enactment of which we have urged, and which contained beneficent features for all our people without an obnoxious provision to anyone.

"Patience ceased to be a virtue, and on March 21, 1906, the representatives of labor presented a bill of grievances to the president and those responsible for legislation or failure of legislation

in congress, reciting the failure or refusal of the party in power to adopt or enforce legislation in the interests of the toiling millions of our country. After setting forth labor's grievances and requests and urging early action, we closed that now famous document with this statement:

"But if perchance you may not heed us, we shall appeal to the conscience and support of our fellow citizens."

Relief Asked for Refused.

"The relief asked for has not been granted. Congress has turned a deaf ear to the voices of the masses of our people; and, true to our declaration, we now appeal to the working people, aye, to all the American people, unitedly, to demonstrate their determination that this republic of ours shall continue to be of, for and by the people, rather than of, for and by the almighty dollar.

"The toiling masses of our country are as much, if not more, interested in good government than our fellow citizens in other walks of life. In line with the contention herein stated, the American Federation of Labor made its declaration of political policy, as already quoted above. And in line therewith we hope, and have the right to expect, to arouse the citizenship of our common country, interested in good government, to the apathy or hostility of the party in power to the real interests of the people, so that men more honest, faithful and progressive may be elected as the people's representatives.

"If it has come to a condition in this, the greatest and wealthiest nation on earth, that the almighty dollar is to be worshipped to an extent of forgetting principle, conscience, uprightness and justice, the time has arrived for labor and its friends to raise their voices in condemnation of such degeneracy, and to invite all reform forces to join with it in relegating indifference to the people's interests, corruption and graft to political oblivion; to raise the standard of legislation by the election of sincere, progressive and honest men who, while worshipping money less, will honor conscience, justice and humanity more.

"We recommend that central bodies and local unions proceed without delay by the election of delegates to meet in conference, or convention, to formulate plans to further the interests of this movement, and in accordance with the plan herein outlined at the proper time and in the proper manner nominate candidates who will unquestionably stand for the enactment into law of labor and progressive measures.

"Wherever both parties ignore labor's legislative demands a straight labor candidate should be nominated, so that honest men may have the opportunity in exercising their franchise to vote according to their conscience instead of being compelled to either refrain from voting or to vote for the candidate and the party they must in their innermost souls despise.

"Where a congressman or state legislator has proved himself a true friend to the rights of labor he should be supported and no candidate nominated against him.

"This movement must not degenerate into a scramble for office. It should be a determined effort, free, absolutely from partisanship of every name and character, to secure the legislation we deem necessary and essential to the welfare and happiness of all our people. As the present objects of this movement are purely in the line of legislation, all efforts should be concentrated upon the election of members of congress and the various state legislatures.

"To make this—our movement—the most effective the utmost care should be taken to nominate only such union men whose known intelligence, honesty and faithfulness are conspicuous. They should be nominated as straight labor representatives and stand to be supported as such by union men and their friends and sympathizers, irrespective of previous political affiliation.

"Wherever it is apparent that an entirely independent labor candidate cannot be elected, efforts should be made to secure such support by indorsement of candidates by the minority party in the districts and by such other progressive elements as will insure the election of labor representatives.

"All observers agree that the campaign of our fellow workmen of Great Britain has had a wholesome effect upon the government, as well as the interests of its wage-earners, and the people generally of that country. In the last British election fifty-four trade unionists were elected to parliament. If the British workmen with their limited franchise accomplished so much by their united action, what may we in the United States not do with universal suffrage.

"Those earnestly engaged in our movement must, we repeat, be guided by the fact that the principles for which we stand must be primary consideration, and office secondary. We ask our fellow workers and friends to respond to this call, and to make of it a popular uprising of honest men, and to see to it that the best, most con-

scientious men of labor or their supporters are chosen as their representatives.

Advantages Won by Sacrifices.

"Whatever vantage ground or improved conditions have come to the workers of our country were not brought to them on silver platters; they are the result of their better organization and their higher intelligence; of the sacrifices they have made and the industrial battle scars of many contests. The progress of the toilers has not been due to kindness or consideration at the hands of the powers that be, but achieved in spite of the combined bitter hostility of mendacious greed, corporate corruption, legislative antagonism and judicial usurpation.

"Labor men of America, assert your rights, and in addition to strengthening your faith and loyalty to your organization on the economic field, exercise your full rights of citizenship in the use of your ballot. Elect honest men to congress and to other halls of legislation, and by so doing you will more completely and fully carry out your obligations as union men, and more than ever merit the respect of your fellow citizens.

"Labor demands a distinctive and larger share in the governmental affairs of our country; it demands justice; it will be satisfied with nothing less. Fraternally yours,

"SAMUEL GOMPERS,

"President.

"JAMES DUNCAN,

"First Vice President.

"JOHN MITCHELL,

"Second Vice President.

"JAMES O'CONNELL,

"Third Vice President.

"MAX MORRIS,

"Fourth Vice President.

"DENNIS A. HAYES,

"Fifth Vice President.

"DANIEL J. KEEFE,

"Sixth Vice President.

"WILLIAM D. HUBER,

"Seventh Vice President.

"JOSEPH F. VALENTINE,

"Eighth Vice President.

"JOHN B. LENNON,

"Treasurer.

"FRANK MORRISON,

"Secretary.

Executive Council American Federation of Labor."

PRINTERS HAPPY.

Receive Notice That Assessment Has Been Reduced One-Third.

On the first day of October the union printers of the United States and Canada will have paid a weekly assessment of 10 per cent of their earnings for nine months. Last week the executive council sent out notices that on October 1 the assessment will be reduced to 7 per cent.

This is a practical demonstration of the fact that the International Typographical Union has all but won its fight for the eight hour day and the closed shop. Over 85 per cent of the membership is now enjoying the eight hour day, and the percentage is growing higher every week. The United Typothetae has been whipped.

During the ten months of the assessment the union printers will have raised about \$2,000,000 to carry on the war. They have been liberally aided by fellow unionists of other trades, for which they are profoundly grateful. From now on the executive council will handle all the money raised by assessment, and the constitutional strike benefit will be paid. Any additional benefit must be raised by the union paying it in addition to the regular assessment. The benefit list will be materially reduced by drastic action, and a lot of "quillers" forced either to go to work or resume "pan-handling."

WHAT DEFEAT BRINGS.

Sad Story of Fight of Garment Workers in Chicago.

Nearly two years ago the Chicago Garment Workers' union had to fight against the open shop. The manufacturers didn't have any intention of reducing wages—that's what they said. The union not being strong enough, the teamsters got into the fight, other organizations backing them financially. It failed to bring success. Now read from the Tribune: "Sweatshops have enormously increased in number since the defeat of the garment workers." Wages have fallen extremely low. One cent apiece for coats and undervests, and the highest wages a dollar per week is awful. How can any union man buy a garment without the label when such conditions are brought to his attention?—St. Paul Union Advocate.

EXTENDS EIGHT-HOUR LAW.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 19.—President Roosevelt today extended the eight-hour law to apply to all public work under the supervision of any department of the government. This order affects more particularly work on river and harbor improvements.

Walla Walla, Wash., trades unionists have made their first payment on their new labor temple.

SCHMOLLER & MUELLER PIANO CO.

Carry the largest and best line of pianos in the west. They long ago learned that quality, honest prices with accommodations, and courteous treatment, assures success. They own and operate five large stores and a factory, buying in train load lots, enabling them to obtain the very lowest prices that quantity purchases and cash will buy. They give their entire attention to pianos and study thoroughly the wants of piano buyers. Their pianos are dependable and of the latest case designs. They give their personal guarantee with each instrument, which is the strongest protection against inferior pianos. Terms to suit the purchaser, terms that enable anyone to buy a piano. A small cash payment and a few dollars per month will secure you a high grade piano.

A FEW PIANO BARGAINS

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------|
| Good practice piano only..... | \$25.00 | \$300 New Piano, any case for..... | \$190.00 |
| Good practice piano only..... | \$45.00 | \$350 New Piano, any case for..... | \$200.00 |
| Good slightly used piano for..... | \$98.00 | \$375 New Piano, any case for..... | \$225.00 |
| Good slightly used piano for..... | \$126.00 | \$400 New Piano, any case for..... | \$275.00 |
| Good slightly used piano for..... | \$147.00 | \$450 New Piano, any case for..... | \$315.00 |

WE RENT NEW PIANOS.

TUNING AND REPAIRING.

Schmoller & Mueller Piano Co.

135 SOUTH 11TH STREET, LINCOLN, NEBRASKA.