By W. M. MAUPIN

NEBRASKA LINCOLN. ---

Immigrants Enslaved. The Italian immigrants and other laborers sent to the south and west by New York padrones are the victims of cruel treatment and repression is one of the statements made by License Commissioner John N. Pogart in the annual report of the work of his office, which he submitted to-day to Mayor McClellan. Mr. Bogart reported: "The Italian immigrants are too generally the victims of the padrone. It is characteristic of the Italian immigrant that he looks with suspicion on everybody but his own countryman, and in him he puts a confidence that is almost incredible. The padrone has practically instituted slave system among his countrymen. He hires the immigrants by the hundred to go out of the city to work on contracts and obtains from the employing corporation what is known as the commissary privileges; that is, he furnishes the workmen with food and lodging, deducting the cost from their wages. As the padrone is the sole arbitrator of the cost of these necessaries, it can be imagined how much the ignorant immigrant obtains as the net result of his labor. In recent cases brought to the attention of the commissioner of licenses it was shown that hundreds of Italian immigrants who believed they were going to Philadelphia or Pittsburg were really landed in the swamps of Florida and the wilds of North Carolina, where they were kept on railroad construction work under the surveillance of armed guards until they became too sick to be of value, when

Value of Services.

they were turned loose to make their

way back to New York as best they

could."

It only remains to decide who shall determine the value of the individual's service in industry. Shall it be deno direct interest in the matter, or a moment's doubt. Granting all that popular tastes and the whimsicalities of fashion, of the maltreatment of the genius and the prosperity of the timeserver, all this and more may be said about the insolence of office, and the arbitrariness and stupidity of public officials, elective as well as hereditary. Obviously, no one is in so good a position to appraise the value of a service as the one who is to receive it. His judgment or his taste may be perverted, but the same is equally likely in the case of any functionary to whom it may be entrusted. If the individual is to be left free to pursue his own interest in the way of performing service, it seems to follow necessarily that he must also be left free to pursue his own interest in the way of securing the services of

"Shape" Bars from Job.

Shape counts for more than scientific knowledge as a qualification with the civil service commission, according to the assertions of Miss Dana L. May, a comely miss from Michigan. Miss May is in Washington camping on the trail of the commissioners. She is a graduate of Ann Arbor high school and the state normal school at Ypsilanti, Mich. She brings documentary proof to show that on her mental examination she made a string of 100s in every branch except two or three. The result of her physical examination was a disappointment, and when she sought explanation she was informed. she says, that she was not tall enough in proportion to her wideb. Miss May confesses she is in the "short and stout" class. "If I were a society miss with a wealthy father I suppose I would be called 'petite,'" said she "As it is I am short and stout."

While John D. Rockefelier is enjoyfng life abroad the manager of his huge estate in the Pocantico hills is paying 25 cents each for all snakes killed on the property. This disbursement is at the request of Rockefeller. who is mortally afraid of snakes. They abound in the Buttermilk hill section and the oil king never sets foot on the ground there, always having a carriage. He also offers two dollars for every dog killed on the estate, though he had some difficulty with neighbors on this account. His offer for the extermination of snakes has, however, been welcomed by everybody in the neighborhood.

It would not be advisable for the average man to follow the example of Gabriele D'Annunzio in the matter of traveling outfit. Recently on a journey D'Annunzio took 14 trunks and an Italian newspaper had the enterprise to make an inventory of their contents with the following result in part: Seventy-two shirts, 144 pairs of plain ocks, 24 pairs of silk socks, 48 pairs of day gloves, 24 pairs of evening gloves, eight silk mufflers, eight violet umbrellas, ten green parasols, 20 dozen handkerchiefs and 100 colored cravats.

THE WAGEWORKER HE KILLS HIMSELF

AUGUST H. HENNINGS OF OMAHA COMMITS SUICIDE.

WAS CITY TREASURER FOR SIX YEARS

Despondency Over Failure to Receive Nomination for Mayor at Republican Primaries Is Supposed

Cause for the Act.

August H. Hennings, city treasurer unsuccessful candidate for the repub- year average of 86.4. lican nomination for mayor last spring, shot and killed himself in the bath room of his home, 3304 Davenport street, Omaha. He gave no warning whatever that he contemplated ending his life.

From all that can be learned the motive for the suicide was contained in the disappointment which Mr. Hennings sustained by his defeat for the mayoralty nomination. His nature was extremely sensitive and up to a short time before the primaries, April 3, he fully expected to win. Outwardly he bore his defeat cheerfully, and after retiring from the office of city treasurer he entered into a merchandise and household goods storage and merchandise brokerage business with his former chief clerk, Harry G. Couns-

Tom Hollister, manager of A. H. Hennings' mayoralty 'campaign, made public a letter found on the body of Mr. Hennings. The letter follows.

"Dearest Wife and Best of Daughters: There was no way out of my trouble. I tried hard enough and you know it. What a misfortune for us that I went into politics. You will get along better without me. 1 was a millstone around your neck. I am termined by public officials who have alone to blame. You, dear wife, did not know what you signed. The \$500 shall it be left to the judgment of with \$50 interest must be redeemed those who receive the service? As to before sixty days and from Sigbert which is the safer method, says an Kahn. The house is your homestead Atlantic writer, there can scarcely be and cannot be taken away. My debts you cnanot pay. You will see better may be said about the depravity of days. Can write no more. Your unhappy husband and father.

"AUGUST." Repeated examinations of the books and accounts by his bonding companies of the city treasurer's office from which Mr. Hennings retired actively in April, showed no discrepancies, but, to the contrary, that the funds of the office had been handled with scrupulous fidelity. City and County Treasurer Fink, who received the office by reason of the charter consolidation, says that it was turned over in perfect condition and he cannot believe any despondency was caused ing but credit upon the previous in cumbent.

It was known that Mr. Hennings took his defeat at the republican city heart.

WILL SHOOT THEM ON SIGHT.

Vigilance Committee Organized in St Louis Suburb.

A vigilance committee composed o twenty-five of the best class of citizens was organized at Richmond Heights, a suburb of St. Louis, for the purpose of shooting burglars and nocturnal marauders on sight and the propolice protection and burglaries have residents was held at the home of Dr. A. L. Hughes and the organization effected. The members of the committee will be heavily armed with guns and revolvers and a system of patrols will be instituted. A fund will be raised to carry out certain measures now kept secret and the sheriff of St. Louis county will be requested to lend assistance to the vigilance movement.

EUGENIE GOES TO AUSTRIA. Former Empress of France Is Wel-

comed by Francis Joseph. Eugenie, former empress of France, arrived at Ischl, Austria, July 11, and was met by Emperor Francis Joseph and Grand Duchess Marie Valerie Before coming to Ischl the ex-empress asked the emperor's permission in writing, saying:

"Being near death, I request that your majesty grant me the opportunity to see you once more in order that I may thank you for all the kindnesses you have shown me.'

Day of Rest Compulsory.

The Frech chamber of deputies has passed the bill providing for a compulsory day of rest weekly. The measure, which is designed to terminate the present system of Sunday labor, has already passed the senate and now goes to the president.

Two Case of Yellow Fever.

Reports from Havana to the Louisiana state board of health say that two cases of fever, suspected to be yellow one case of yellow fever developed Stephens with a shotgun, there on July 4

CONDITION OF THE CROPS.

for July 1, 1906.

The crop reporting board of the bureau of statistics of the department of the correspondents and agents of the bureau as follows:

Preliminary returns show the acreage of corn planted to be about 95,-953,000 acres, an increase of about 1,524,000 acres, or 1.6 per cent, as compared with the estimate of the acreage planted last year. The average condition of the growing crop on July 1 was 87.5, as compared with of Omaha from 1900 to 1906, treasurer 87.3 on July 1, 1905; 86.4 at the corof the state republican committee and responding date in 1904, and a ten-

> The average condition of winter wheat on July 1 was 85.6, as compared with 83 last month, 82.7 on July 1, 1905, 78.7 at the corresponding period in 1904, and a ten-year average of 79.4.

> The average condition of spring wheat on July 1 was 91.4, as compared with 93 last month, 91 on July 1, 1905, 93.7 at the corresponding date in 1904, and a ten-year average of 88.2. The average condition on July 1 of

> spring and winter wheat combined was 87.8, as compared with 85.8 on July 1, 1905 and 84.5 at the corresponding date in 1904. The amount of wheat remaining in the hands of farmers on July 1 is estimated at about 46,053,000 bushels, equivalent to about 6.6 per cent of the crop of last year.

The average condition of the oats crop on July 1 was 84.0, as compared with 86.0 last month, 92.1 on July 1, 1905, 89.8 at the corresponding date in 1904 and a ten-year average of 89.4.

The average condition of barley on July 1 was 92.5, against 93.5 a month ago, 91.5 on July 1, 1905, 88.5 at the corresponding date in 1904 and a tenvear average of 88.2.

The average condition of winter rye on July 1 was 91.3, as compared with 92.7 on July 1, 1905, 88.0 at the corresponding date in 1904 and a ten-year average of 90.1.

The acreage of potatoes, excluding sweet potatoes, is less than that of last year by about 38,000 acres, or 1.3 per cent. The average condition on July 1 was 91.5, as compared with 91.2 on July 1, 1905, 93.9 at the corresponding date in 1904, and a ten-year average of 92.1.

The acreage of tobacco is less than that of last year by about 40,000 acres or 5.2 per cent. The average condition on July 1 was 86.7, against 87.4 a year ago.

PLAN LARGER POST.

Fort Robinson in List of Those to Be Advanced.

Fort Robinson, Neb., is in the list of western posts which Secretary Taft from this source, which reflected noth- is planning to enlarge for brigade headquarters of the army. It requires a good Jeal of space to maneuver a brigade of soldiers, hence it would require a large outlay of money to preprimaries by E. A. Benson much to pare the reservation grounds and feet; and, when completed, its highest erect necessary buildings at Fort Robinson to accommodate the proposed increase of troops. Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, it is asserted that Fort Niobrara will in the future be abolished and the forces and equipment at that post consolidated Ovoya railway of Peru I myself travwith Fort Robinson.

The war department has at its disposal for the present year nearly \$16,-000,000 apportioned as fellows: Transportation, \$12,000,000; buildings tection of homes. The suburb has no and quarters, \$3,000,000; post, \$800,-000. Forts Riley, Leavenworth, Sam become very frequent. A meeting of Houston and Russell are also included in the list for enlargements to accom modate brigade forces.

> SALOONS MUST KEEP CLOSED. Governor Folk Will Send Militia to

> St. Joseph if Necessary. Governor Folk issued instructions to St. Joseph, Mo., police commissioners to arrest all saloonkeepers of St. Joseph who keep open Sunday, and if, after a third arrest, they yet refuse to close up, to take charge of all their stock and place it in a safe place for evidence against them. The governor declares the state law must be enforced, and if the police cannot do it they must give way to others who can. There is an intimation that he will send state militia to St. Joseph, if necessary. St. Joseph saloonkeepers refuse to close because of the decision of the Kansas City court of appeals that a city ordinance allowing them to sell on Sunday in that city is valid.

> > Shoots a Man, Cuts Throat.

Rev. J. L. Rea. pastor of the Mangum, Okla., Christian church, shot and probably fatally wounded George A. Stephens, his brother-in-law, a farmer, and then cut his own throat. Rea, although badly wounded, may recover.

Rev. Mr. Rea and wife had separated, Mrs. Rea going to the home of her brother on a farm near Mangum. Stephens went to the minister's house cases of fever, suspected to be yellow and asked for his sister's belongings.
The men quarreled and Rea fired at

HOPPED CARS MANY YEARS NEW HOMES IN

Bureau of Statistics Gives the Figures Practice Has Not Yet Resulted in Injury to Nellie, Trainmen's Mascot.

To get on the footboard of an enof agriculture finds from the reports gine running at the speed of ten miles an hour is not easy for the average person. The risk is great, and the chances for a miscalculation, which might prove fatal, are many. Yet, Nellie, four years old, does it every day, and has been doing it since she has been two years old. Nellie is the mascot of the "day-and-night crew" of the Missouri Pacific Rail-

road company. She appeared in the yards at Twenty-first street two years ago, a homeless waif, gaunt and lonely. Her evident longing for care and sympathy attracted the members of the crew. and they adopted her. Later she adopted them. She is a half-breed collie, or setter, but George Price, yardmaster, says she is smarter than any other dog. When the crew makes ready to bring "Pacific 7" station, at nine o'clock. Nellie stations herself on the rear platform of the last car.

There she stays until the train backs into the station and she is sure that the air hose and couplings are in good condition. Assured of this, she runs to the engine and climbs aboard for her ride to Ewing avenue.

Foreman Allison, of the crew, goes to supper a little after nine o'clock, and Nellie accompanies him, returning in time to assist the crew in other work. "Pacific 7" is the last train she rides to the station at night, but her energy never flags. When other on the engine, sometimes on the foot- improved appearance of your work. board with one of the men, sometimes in the cab, but seldom a trip is missed.

Her greatest "stunt" is boarding moving trains. Waiting until the engine approaches close enough, she springs for the running-board, alighting with a sureness of foot and skill which are the envy of even experienced railroaders. To miss would be fatal, as there would be no chance for her to get out of the way of the monster switch engine. Yet, even if the train is making ten miles an hour, she does not faiter.

She goes on duty at seven o'clock in the evening and "knocks off" at seven in the morning, when she is rewarded with a quart bottle of milk. She knows the whistle of her engine as well as the oldest member of the crew, and the minute she hears it, off she races to her self-appointed task and station.

The train crew says that she acquired the art of "train hopping" without any teaching on their part.

A NEW MOUNTAIN RAILWAY Its Highest Point Will Reach Nearly

Fourteen Thousand Feet Above the Sea.

Switzerland is the home of mountain railway. With an area not larger than one-third of the state of New York, there may be counted about 100 railways for the sole purpose of carrying passengers to mountain tops varying in height from a few thousand to 6,000 or 8,000 feet. The month of August, 1905, witnessed the opening of a way carrying tourists ever far above these altitudes, beyond the clouds, to 10,500 point will reach nearly 14,000 feet above the sea-at the top of the fanous Jungfrau, U Berner Oberland.

There are other mountain railways on the globe attaining much higher altitudes than even this, and on the eled a considerable distance above 16,-600 feet; but most of these roads were built for the development of commerce and mining industries. The Ewiss mountain railways, however, are land alone not far from 1,000,000 every wonders of the little country on the

almost exclusively in the service of tourists only, numbering in Switzeryear. They come to admire the scenic roof of Europe, or to seek shelter against summer heat at the many mountain resorts The majority of these mountain railways are paying investments. Switzer-

land, being a country of mountains, is consequently also a country of water courses fed by the inexhaustible store of snow and ice covering many square miles of the Alpine chains. Alaskan ice-fields are bedded in between the peaks right in the heart of Switzerland, and, although a great deal has been written about the general recession of glaciers, which in some instances amounts to a hundred and more feet year for year, such losses are quite insignificant compared with the enormous extent of these ice deposits. A number of them have depths of several thousand feet, with millions of tons of solid, hard-frozen ice, continually supplied from fresh snowfalls above. They feed Rhine and Rhone, Po and Danube during the dry summer months, and the many mountain streams of Switzerland, forming beautiful cascades and falls and rapids, furnish the power which carry tourists in comfortable railway carriages to the very tops from which they themselves come. are led to turbine-pits, drive-wheels and generators, and are thus converted into electric power. The Swiss, having no coal deposits of their own, have become acknowledged experts in this branch of technical engineering, furnishing turbines and electric plants for the whole world. Thus, for instance, the gigantic turbines at Niagars Falls, many of which generate forces of from 10,000 to 12,000 horsepower each, have been constructed almost without exception by Swiss firms.

THE NORTHWEST.

Shoshone Reservation to Be Opened to Settlement - Chicago & North-Western R'y Announces Round Trip Excursion Rates from All Points July 12 to 29.

Less than one fare for the round trip to Shoshoni, Wyoming, the reservation border.

The only all rail route to the reservation border.

Dates of registration July 16th to 31st at Shoshoni and Lander. Reached

only by this line. Write for pamphlets, telling how to take up one of these attractive homesteads.

Information, maps and pamphlets free on request to S. F. Miller, A. G. F. & P. A., Omaha, Neb.

Scriptures ir Russia,

It is raher remarkable that, notwithstanding the disturbed conditions of affairs in Russia last year, the British and Foreign Bible society reports a banner year in the circulation of Scriptures, over 500,000 copies being distributed in European Russia, besides a very large number in Siberia.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and switches are to be made she goes out you will be pleasantly surprised at the

His Experience.

"Pa," said Willie, thoughtfully, "I think I know now what the minister meant when he said 'It is more blessed to give than to receive."
"Yes? What was it?" "Castor oil."

Defiance Starch is the latest invention in that line and an improvement on all other makes; it is more economical, does better work, takes less time. Get it from any grocer.

Foreigners, in their ignorance of the language, so often mistake the sultan's irades for tirades.-Albany Argus.

The average girl has more faith in a four-leafed clover than a woman has in a man.

Eve was the only woman who had positive proof that she was the only woman her husband ever loved.

900 DROPS

NOT NARCOTIC.

THE OF OLD DE SAMUEL PITCHER

Fac Simile Signature of

Cheff theteter.

NEW YORK.

Alb months old

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

Loneliness is the greatest of bores, otherwise there would be no accounting for society.-Life.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrnp.
For children teething, softens the gurns, reduces in
fammation, sliays pain, cures wind collu. 25c a bottle Grecian women had very long feet.

OPERATION AVOIDED

EXPERIENCE OF MISS MERKLEY

She Was Told That an Operation Was Inevitable How She Escaped It.

When a physician tells a woman suf-fering with serious feminine trouble that an operation is necessary, the very thought of the knife and the operating table strikes terror to her heart, and our hospitals are full of women coming for just such operations.



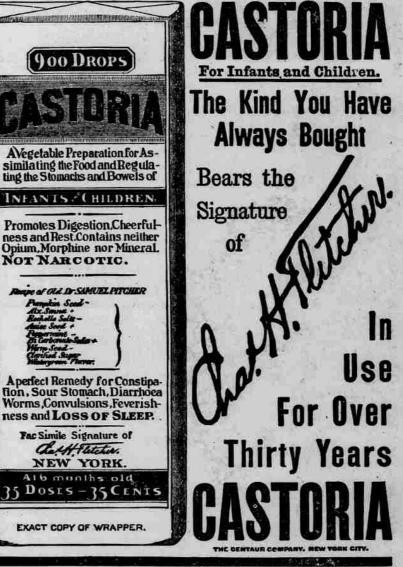
There are cases where an operation is the only resource, but when one considers the great number of cases of menacing female troubles cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after physicians have advised operations, no woman should submit to one without first trying the Vegetable Compound and writing Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, which is free. Miss Margret Merkley, of 275 Third

Street, Milwaukee, Wis., writes: Dear Mrs. Pinkham;

Dear Mrs. Pinkham;

"Loss of strength, extreme nervousness, shooting pains through the pelvic organs, bearing down pains and cramps compelled me to seek medical advice. The doctor, after making an examination, said I had a female trouble and ulceration and advised an operation. To this I strongly objected and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The ulcration quickly healed, all the bad symptoms disappeared and I am once more strong; vigorous and well."

Female troubles are steadily on the increase among women. If the monthly periods are very painful, or too frequent and excessive—if you have pain or swelling low down in the left side. bearing-down pains, don't neglect yourself: try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



CAUSE OF RHEUMATISM

An eminent physician says-that rheumatism is the direct result of in eating and may be absolutely cured by leaving out your dietary animal foods of all kinds and living on cereals, fruits, nuts and vegetables. A diet consisting of milk and cereal foods will cure the most acute form of Rheumatism, while those who live mainly on animal foods, cannot escape it.

is rich in potassium and sodium which are the essentials of the diet of persons with Rheumatic dispositions. The whole wheat berry being used, the food becomes a regulator of the bowels, while the celery acts as a nerve tonic. Palatable-Nutritious-Easy of Digestion and Ready to Eat

Can be served hot. Put in a hot oven for a few minutes; or cook in boiling milk to a mush. OC a package. For Sale by My Signature on every package

Dr. Price, the famous food expert, the creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baki Flavoring Extracts, Ice Cream Sugar and Jelly Desserts, has notwithstanding strenuous Food laws, to change any of his produ-conformed to their requirements. This is an absolute guarantee of