

SEVEN YEARS AGO

A Rochester Chemist Found a Singularly Effective Medicine.
 William A. Franklin, of the Franklin & Palmer Chemical Co., Rochester, N. Y., writes:
 "Seven years ago I was suffering very much through the failure of the kidneys to eliminate the uric acid from my system. My back was very lame and ached if I overexerted myself in the least degree. At times I was weighed down with a feeling of languor and depression and suffered continually from annoying irregularities of the kidney secretions. I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. I found prompt relief from the aching and lameness in my back, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was cured of all irregularities."
 Sold by all dealers; 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SPORTS OF CHILDREN.

Skipping rope is a childish pastime of ancient origin. In place of a rope, a vine stripped of leaves was originally used.
 The childish amusement of riding a cane is of great antiquity. It was practiced by the children of Greece and ancient Rome.
 The game of hide and seek is another youthful pastime of ancient origin. It came from Europe about the beginning of the seventeenth century.
 The spinning of tops, a favorite amusement among children in the spring, also came from the Greeks. Records show that this kind of fun was in vogue at the time of Vergil.
 Leap-frog is mentioned in the works of both Shakespeare and Johnson. It has been played by children from early times, and is still a favorite game with boys.
 The flying kite derived its name from its originally being made to resemble that species of bird called a kite. The amusement of kite flying is about two centuries old in Europe. Probably it originated in China, where, so records tell, the practice of flying kites is very ancient.

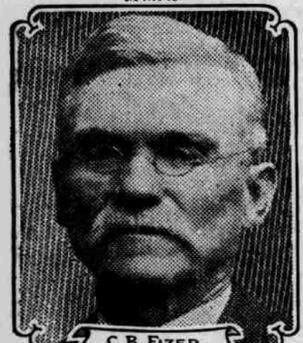
COMMERCIAL CULLINGS.

The quantity of frozen meat exported from Argentina last year was 3,325,124 carcasses of sheep and lambs, and 1,922,757 quarters of beef.
 The mineral production of France consists of lead, zinc, copper, coal and lignite, iron, antimony, arsenic and salt. An immense quantity of building stone and slate is quarried. The cement and phosphate production is large, aggregating sums far up in the millions of dollars. Coal is the chief mineral product.
 In the year 1890 Germany sent about \$10,719,000 in silks to the United States and Japan sent \$1,190,000 worth. In 1904-5 Germany sent about \$4,998,000 of silk goods to the United States, while Japan sent \$5,593,000 worth. Japanese exports of silk goods have tripled within ten years, increasing from \$7,470,000 in 1895 to \$22,410,000 in 1904-5, and the ascending movement continues.

Leaving a Card.
 "But, surely you are the man I gave some pie to a fortnight ago." "Yes, lddy; I thought p'raps you'd like to know I'm able to get about again."—Tatter.

KIDNEY TROUBLE

Suffered Two Years—Relieved in Three Months



C. B. FIZER.
 MR. C. B. FIZER, Mt. Sterling, Ky., writes:
 "I have suffered with kidney and bladder trouble for ten years past. Last March I commenced using Peruna and continued for three months. I have not used it since, nor have I felt a pain.
 "I believe that I am well and I therefore give my highest commendation to the curative qualities of Peruna."
Per-na for Kidney Trouble.
 Mrs. Geo. H. Simser, Grant, Ontario, Can., writes:
 "I had not been well for about four years. I had kidney trouble, and, in fact, felt badly nearly all the time.
 "This summer I got so very bad I thought I would try Peruna, so I wrote to you and began at once to take Peruna and Manalin.
 "I took only two bottles of Peruna and one of Manalin, and now I feel better than I have for some time.
 "I feel that Peruna and Manalin cured me and made a different woman of me altogether. I bless the day I picked up the little book and read of your Peruna. It is the business of the kidneys to remove from the blood all poisonous materials. They must be active all the time, else the system suffers. There are times when they need a little assistance. Peruna is exactly this sort of a remedy. It has saved many people from disaster by rendering the kidneys service at a time when they were not able to bear their own burdens."

WONDERFUL WESTINGHOUSE

Backed His Belief with Courage and Fortune and Overcame All Obstacles.
 George Westinghouse seems to flourish on opposition. When everybody says it is impossible to do a thing, he does it. They said the brake was impossible, but for nearly 40 years it has been controlling the movements of trains in all countries, writes Arthur Warren, in Success Magazine. They said that the alternating current was impossible to use in commercial practice. But Westinghouse used it. Then they said that it was a dangerous thing to have in a community, and it would kill populations. "They" were the experts. And they tried to have laws passed forbidding the use of this death-dealing current. In the files of the North American Review of about 20 years ago may be found a well-written and forcible article supporting these pessimistic contentions and warning the country against the impracticability and danger of the alternating current. The article was written by Thomas A. Edison. Westinghouse backed his belief with his courage, his fortune, and his inventiveness; he employed experts of his own and brought others from abroad, and before long the alternating current was everywhere in use for the transmission of electrical power over long distances. He made it practicable and conquered the dangers.
 How much temperament has to do with health, or health with temperament, and both with success, we do not always know, but we can sometimes guess. Mr. Westinghouse is one of the most sanguine of men, and has never had an illness. In that big frame of his red blood flows and the human engines work full-powered. He has been written of as "a hundred thousand horsepower man." No phrase could better describe him. The men who are near him say that his capacity for work is greater than that of any man of his subordinates, and he has 25,000 men working in his industries.

MUST FURNISH PASSES.

Railroads in France Issue Annual Tickets to Senators and Deputies.
 With the pass-bribery nuisance France deals in summary fashion. Railroaders have no chance to win the good will of French deputies and senators by surreptitious favors. Every French senator and deputy has by law an annual pass on every railroad. This the government compels the railroads to furnish, says Everybody's Magazine. Then the government deducts for the pass ten francs a month from the pay of the senator or deputy. The railroads get nothing. That is the extent of that performance. The passes are provided to afford the senators and deputies opportunity to acquaint themselves with conditions in the country and every part of it.
 The president of the republic must be transported on public business at the expense of the railroads. That is the law, and the service entails no kind of obligation on the president's part. Even if the companies were to furnish him with a special train of beautiful cars that would mean nothing, because they are obliged to transport him with their best devices anyway.

Why She Wouldn't Pay.
 "I shall have to ask you for a ticket for that boy, ma'am," insisted a conductor, speaking to a quiet looking little woman seated beside a boy on a Pennsylvania train.
 "I guess not," she replied, with decision.
 "He's too old to travel free. He occupies a whole seat, and the car's crowded. There are people standing."
 "I've never paid for him yet," the woman retorted.
 "You've got to begin some time," persisted the conductor.
 "Not this trip, anyway."
 "You'll have to pay for that boy, ma'am, or I'll stop the train and put him off."
 "All right, put him off, if you think that's the way to get anything out of me."
 "You ought to know what the rules of this road are, ma'am. How old is that boy?"
 "I don't know. I never saw him before."—Philadelphia Ledger.

English Railway Accidents.
 The general report of the London board of trade on railway accidents in 1904, states that the danger of railway traveling has been reduced to such a point that in 1904 the chances against a passenger being killed in a train accident in the course of a given journey were more than 200,000,000 to 1. The risks incurred by railway servants, especially those concerned with the movement of traffic, are of course much greater. In their case there is an element of danger which cannot be minimized by the adoption of suitable appliances and safeguards. The increasing use of such appliances is having an appreciable effect, but it is claimed that the carelessness engendered by familiarity with dangerous conditions appears to be responsible for so many accidents that it is unreasonable to expect any marked reduction in the total number of accidents to railroad servants.

His Superstition.
 "Jinx must be superstitious."
 "What leads you to think so?"
 "He says he does not believe in borrowing umbrellas."
 "No, he believes in stealing them."—Houston Post.

SHERBERTS AND ICES.

How the Former Originated and on the Making of Various Frozen Desserts.
 Sherbet is a modern evolution of an ancient cooling drink common in the east from the days of the crusaders. Then, as now, it was iced and made from fruit juices slightly acidulated with lemon or tamarind juice and chilled with snow. By and by came European traders to the land of the rising sun, who first enjoyed sherbet as a natural. Then, enticed by the climate, they added alcohol to the original thirst quencher, but still drank it cold, chilled by snows. Returning north, it occurred to some wise traveler to alter the temperature so he added boiling water to the mixture of water, sugar, fruit juices and alcohol, producing thereby our modern "punch." The difference between a water iced and a sherbet is one of texture or body, the sherbet being thinner. Parfaits, biscuits and mousses are whipped cream with or without eggs. They are not stirred while freezing. In parfaits and biscuits the sugar and water mixture is cooked until it spins a thread, and if eggs are used the sirup is slowly beaten into the yolks or whites.
 Water ices are fruit juices sweetened and frozen. When making an ice cream the sugar is a sirup before adding the fruit juice and water. The quantity of sugar must depend upon the fruit employed, whether it is sweet or acid. In making mousse a little gelatin is often added to give it body when removed from the mold, as it is frozen without stirring. A tablespoonful of granulated gelatin is used to a pint of cream. Mousse, parfaits and biscuits are always molded, usually in individual forms.
 Abroad the term "ice" is applied to any frozen dessert, but in this country it usually means water ices. Ice cream is divided into two varieties—Philadelphia and Neapolitan. The ordinary (Philadelphia) ice cream is made with cream, sugar and flavoring, and the Neapolitan with custard of different degrees of richness. Both are stirred while freezing. In making Philadelphia cream scald half the cream and whip the remaining half. To freeze the cream raw gives a rough and grainy ice cream. For Neapolitan cream a boiled custard is the foundation. Be careful to scald the milk, and cook it with the yolks of the eggs first, then add the whites, beaten stiff, and cook again. When cool, add the cream, beaten stiff, and the flavoring. A good rule for custard is four eggs to one pint of milk and one pint of cream.

CARE OF REFRIGERATOR.

Soon as Anything Is Spilled, Wipe It Up, Keep Pipes Clear, and Plenty of Ice.
 Essential to the proper care and use of a refrigerator are these three things: Clearing out the waste pipes, instant removal of anything spilled, and a full supply of ice. If the compartments in which the food is kept be wiped out carefully once a week, no crumbs, drops of liquid, or particles of food being left to accumulate meanwhile, there will be no need of other attention.
 Once a week let the ice supply run low; then remove the ice, wash the floor under the rack upon which the ice rests, take out trap and removable drain pipe, and with a cloth fastened to a rod or wire, clean out these with a strong solution of sal soda. Pour the same down the remainder of the waste pipe, making sure that the pipe is cleaned as far down as can be reached.
 Keep the ice compartment filled with ice; a large body of ice keeps better than a small one and insures better circulation of air. Keep the doors shut. Keep milk in closed bottles or in a compartment by itself; also butter, as they quickly absorb the flavors of vegetables and other strong foods.—Chicago Tribune.

NEEDLEWORK NOTES.

The newest pincushion has a pert little bow on top made of ribbon to harmonize with the color of the cushion, the latter being covered and ruffled with lace.
 The little Japanese girl is appearing on many of the new pillows. She and her omnipresent parasol may be had on the heavier linens, tinted and ready to be worked with silk.
 Butterflies make beautiful dance favors, with their wings wide spread and sprinkled with gilt so that they glitter in the light, done in red, white or even black crepe paper and placed on the ends of wands finished in material to match.
 A charming set of buttons for a lace blouse may be made of superposed frills of valenciennes lace gathered to the center and stitched to a foundation of net, with a tiny button or flat bead on the center of each to hide the join. These are, of course, not intended for "working" buttons, but only to serve for decoration.
 Some of the handsomest buttons are made in the ateliers of the dress-makers from original or imported designs. In this way the artistic gown has buttons in perfect harmony and buttons can almost make and easily mar a gown. The manufacture at home of original buttons is an easy and attractive task, the success of which depends on good eye for color, together with quick fingers and a due regard for exactitude of detail and finish.—Chicago Daily News.

An Ideal Duster.

A soft chamol skin soaked in cold water and then wrung nearly dry is the ideal duster. It can be used on the finest furniture and it will leave a clean, bright surface.

GOLF YARN BY LONGWORTH

And a Kansas Story in Return by an Enthusiast at the Game.
 Nicholas Longworth, of Ohio, is a golf enthusiast who plays a good game, and Victor Murdock, of Kansas, a golf enthusiast who plays a very indifferent game, when swapping stories in the house cloakroom the other day, says the Washington correspondent of the Kansas City Times.
 "The most remarkable golfer I ever knew," said Representative Longworth, "was a man out in Cincinnati, who had a passion for the game, but who complicated that fervor with an appetite for Scotch highballs that was the wonder of Ohio."
 "His theory was that there should be a drink server on every tee, and he worked it by means of an army of caddies. One afternoon he came in and announced that he had renounced the game."
 "'What's the matter, Jim?' said a friend."
 "'Oh,' he said, wearily, 'it's no use. I give it up. Whenever I can see the ball I can't hit it; and whenever I can hit it I can't see it.'"
 Mr. Murdock told this one:
 "Out in my town Judge Dale, of the district bench, is about the best golfer in our club. One day he had a case on trial in which several small boys had been subpoenaed as witnesses. Addressing a bright youth of about 12 summers, Judge Dale solemnly inquired: 'My boy, do you understand the nature of an oath?'"
 "'Oh, yes, sir,' quickly replied the youth. 'I often caddied for you, sir.'"

LIMB WASTED WITH ECZEMA

Suffered Untold Agonies—Doctor Said It Was the Worst Case—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.
 "I used the Cuticura Remedies for eczema. The doctor said it was the worst case he ever saw. It was on both limbs, from the knees to the ankles. We tried everything the doctors knew of, but the Cuticura Remedies did the most good. I was obliged to lie with my limbs higher than my head, for the pain was so terrible I could not walk. I suffered untold agonies. One limb wasted away a great deal smaller than the other, there was so much discharge from it. I found the Cuticura Remedies very soothing, and I still keep them in the house. I am very thankful to say that I am cured. I found the Cuticura Remedies all that you say they are. I hope that that may be spared many years to make the Cuticura Remedies for the benefit of persons suffering from the torture of skin diseases, such as I had. Mrs. Golding, Box 8, Ayr, Ontario, Canada, June 6, 1905."
 "She is going to marry him to reform him." "Why don't she reform him first?" "Oh! he'd have too much sense to get married then."
 The poetry of motion must be the kind that goes the rounds.
 The way to make to-morrow better than yesterday is to work to-day.
 Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.
 Enthusiasm won't carry you very far without backing.

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CASTORIA
 Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
 Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
 Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
 Peppermint Seed—
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 A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
 The Similar Signature of
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 All 6 months old
35 Doses—35 CENTS
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The Kind You Have Always Bought
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 A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.
DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.

Libby's Food Products
 enable you to enjoy your meals without having to spend half your time between them over a hot cook-stove.
 All the cooking is done in Libby's kitchen—a kitchen as clean and neat as your own, and there's nothing for you to do but enjoy the result.
 Libby's Products are selected meats, cooked by cooks who know how, and only the good parts packed.
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An Unsolicited Testimonial
 I would state after twenty years of house-keeping and using nearly every yeast on the market, that I consider the On Time Yeast the best I have ever used and would recommend it to all housekeepers. Respectfully,
 (Signed) ESTELLA E. FEAD,
 223 S. 29th Ave., Omaha, Neb.
 P. S.—Mrs. Fead is the lady who won the New York Post's \$1,000 prize for making the best mince pies.
EACH 5 CENT PACKAGE OF ON TIME YEAST
 contains 10 Cakes. Other manufacturers put in but 7 Cakes. Buy the "On Time" and get the three extra cakes.
Ask Your Grocer for On Time Yeast

THE DAISY FLY KILLER destroys all the flies and house flies that annoy you. One tin kills the entire season. It is safe to use on persons, children, and animals. It will not hurt anything. Try it. You will never be without it. It is sold by dealers. Price, 25c per tin. Write for 50c. Send name, address, and 2c. to
Thompson's Eye Water
 W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 24, 1905.

THE ONLY ONE
There is only One Genuine-Syrup of Figs,
The Genuine is Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.
The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.
The Genuine-Syrup of Figs— is for Sale, in Original Packages Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere
 Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.
 Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches, when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.
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