

By W. M. MAUPIN

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

Nebraska Notes.

A new telephone company is being organized at Scotia.

Lexington is agitating the proposition of sewerage for the city.

The Bradshaw electric light plant was badly damaged by fire recently.

The Burlington depot at Theford burned to the ground with all its contents.

The Doshier Telephone company now has its Little Blue branch completed.

Shultz & Co. have started the erection of their new implement house at Prosser.

The Northwestern railroad will erect a gong east of Dale at a very dangerous crossing.

A second prairie fire within two weeks has swept the range near Sutherland. One ranchman lost all his hay.

The electric battery for the railway block system has arrived at Arlington and a force of men are employed putting the blocks in.

The Lewiston Lumber company has incorporated with a capital stock of \$15,000. The incorporators are O. Vanter and W. S. Perrin.

The First National bank of Gresham is being organized and has received authority from the comptroller of the currency to commence business.

The Commercial State bank of Paxton, Keith county, was granted a charter by the state banking board. The bank has \$5,000 paid up capital.

The members of the Leigh Congregational church have issued a call to Rev. G. L. Shull of Crawford, to become the permanent pastor of the church.

The St. Edward school board and village board bought 300 trees of the Albion nursery and are having them planted on the school grounds and in the park.

Twenty wolf scalps were left at the office of the county clerk at Beatrice recently by farmers in that vicinity. Wolves seem more plentiful this year than usual.

The new village board for the ensuing year was organized at Ravenna. The new board stands for high license but a strict enforcement of the Slocumb law and 11 o'clock closing.

The newly organized corporation which has taken over the property of the Milling association at West Point is actively engaged in preparing the plant for a resumption of business.

By the start made this spring these promises to be more permanent walks put in at Schuyler than in any year before. There are two gangs at work and indications are that both will have work till frost time.

The removal of the buildings occupying the site upon which will be erected the large mercantile building of the Stern-Jenman-Bauman company at West Point has commenced and active operations are under way with a view of completing the structure as quickly as possible. When finished this building will be the largest mercantile establishment in the Elkhorn valley.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Pickrell Farmer's Elevator company was held at Pickrell and the business of the past three months was found to be entirely satisfactory. It was decided to make extensive improvements on the plant to accommodate the increasing business.

The Albion National bank is now on the roll of honor of banks having a surplus fund equal to their capital stock. This bank has a surplus and undivided profits of \$57,503.51, on a capital stock of \$50,000.

Robbers blew the safe in the general store of H. G. Day at Rockford, in which is located the postoffice, and escaped with a small amount of cash and stamps. Bloodhounds from Beatrice were put on the trail of the robbers, but failed to locate them.

Ainsworth is on the boom. There has been over \$45,000 improvements since the last assessment and when the buildings are completed that are now commenced it will reach over \$100,000. As to this being a fruit country it has been thoroughly tested and the farmers are laying in a large supply of all kinds of fruit trees.

The Blair Hospital association has a plan to clear up the \$900 debt on the hospital. The merchants are being asked to give a certain percentage of their sales during one week. Others will be asked for cash subscriptions.

Joseph Lane shipped eighteen cars of sheep to Chicago from Schuyler. The shipment required a special train. This was the second large shipment from Schuyler this winter, the first one going to California. The sheep were fed at the Folda ranch.

ATTY-GEN. BROWN AFTER NEBRASKA LUMBERMEN.

DECLARES ASSOCIATION IS A TRUST

Nearly Four Hundred Firms Listed as Defendants—Attorney General Will Endeavor to Convict Association of Pooling.

The supreme court of Nebraska, on application of Attorney General Brown, has issued a temporary restraining order against the Nebraska Lumbermen's association. Conspiracy in restraint of trade, pooling on prices and the charging of exorbitant prices for lumber and building material is alleged by the attorney general. Nearly 400 of the principal lumber firms of the state, comprising members of the state association, are made defendants.

The restraining order was issued by Judge C. B. Letton, after consultation with other judges of the court. Under the rules of the court May 15 is return day and May 23 is the day set for answer by the defendants.

Secretary Bird Critchfield of Lincoln and the other officers of the association are enjoined from concealing or destroying the records of the organization and all the members are restrained from agreeing upon prices at which lumber and building material will be sold to purchasers. The association was declared by the supreme court of Nebraska several years ago to be an unlawful organization. This decision was given in a suit involving damages alleged to have been sustained by a retail dealer who asserted that the association had injured his business.

Later the association reorganized and adopted articles of association in which any intent to restrain trade was specifically denied. Notwithstanding this denial, the attorney general asserts that the interpretation of the new articles of the association and their enforcement by the members of the association has resulted in a monopoly which controls prices to the great injury of the public.

HIT BY FALLING BUCKET.
Rulo Citizen Badly Hurt While Down in a Shaft.

James McFarland, while employed in sinking a shaft about five miles east of Falls City, was seriously and probably fatally injured. He was struck on the right temple by a falling bucket, which was used in removing the excavations from the shaft, and which rendered him unconscious immediately. The alarm was given by a bystander, and McFarland was removed from the shaft and Drs. Houston and Rinkner of Falls City summoned. Upon examination McFarland's right temple was found to be badly fractured and several fragments of the skull were removed.

No one knows how the accident happened. All that is known is that the hook upon the end of the cable came unhooked from the bale of the bucket, causing it to fall upon the unfortunate victim.

Inheritance Tax Is Valid.
The supreme court has denied a rehearing in the inheritance tax law which it recently held valid. This law provides a certain per cent of estates shall be paid into the county treasury where the estate is located to be used in the road funds. In Douglas county the county judge refused to appoint appraisers to pass upon the estates and action was begun by the county attorney to compel him to act. He was successful in the supreme court and a rehearing was asked for by some of the interested parties. The appointment was first resisted by the attorneys for the estate of Frank Murphy, deceased, who left an estate valued at several millions of which the county's share would be many thousands.

Starts Fire in City Jail.
The Humboldt fire department was called out to extinguish a small blaze at the city hall. A drunken tramp, who had been placed in the holdover, had in some manner set the bedding in his cell afire, and the first arrivals who were attracted by the smoke found him at the front bars gasping for breath. Fortunately the structure is built of stone and the blaze was extinguished without damage except to the bed clothing.

To Aid the Fruit Growers.
The department of agriculture has completed its plans to give practical demonstrations to the fruit growers in the First Nebraska congressional district for the riddance and prevention of fruit scab fungus. Prof. W. W. Scott and James Roer, fruit experts, have been detailed to Nebraska by the department and are now arranging the preliminaries of the work. There will be one demonstration carried on for several days in each county of the district.

News Received at Dakota City of Deaths in Disaster.

From news so far obtainable Dakota county furnished four victims for the great California disaster in the person of Albert H. Bliven, wife and two daughters, Mrs. Ed. Nason and Miss Dolly Bliven. Edwin E. Bliven, manager of the Akron Milling company at Dakota City, and son of Mr. Bliven, received the following telegram this afternoon from San Francisco:

"Albert H. Bliven, wife and two daughters killed at Palace hotel." The telegram was signed Palace Hotel. A telegram was at once sent to another son, Theodore E. Bliven, who but recently removed from this place to Santa Rosa, Cal., to at once go to San Francisco to further investigate the telegraphic news.

Mr. Bliven was one of the pioneer residents of this county, leaving Dakota City about five years ago and locating in Eureka, Cal. Mr. and Mrs. Bliven left here about two months ago for their home in California, after an extended visit with relatives, Mrs. Bliven being the mother of Mesdames S. A. Eridenbaugh and Luther L. Helkes and Russell Owens, while Mr. Bliven has the following sons in Dakota City: Ed. C. Guy and Jay, besides a brother, Norris, at South Sioux City, and another brother, Curtis B. Bliven, of Sioux City, and another brother, Curtis B. Bliven, of Sioux City.

Fruit Prospects in Richardson.
Opinions seem to be changing as regards the fruit prospect in the vicinity of Humboldt, and the latest report comes from O. Little, who is a recognized expert in horticultural matters. He says that after a careful investigation among the small orchards of the city he finds a certain portion, ranging from twenty to forty per cent of the buds are yet in a healthy condition, and he therefore predicts a fair sized yield with the quality under continued favorable conditions much better than could be expected if the crop were full. Other fruit buds are all in good shape and indications point to an unusually large yield.

Boy Hurt by Horse.
Jess Domingo aged twenty-three, son of John Domingo, living two and a half miles northeast of Weeping Water, Neb., met with a very serious accident. He was disking on a farm, too far away to come home to dinner and took his dinner and horse feed with him. It is not certainly known how the accident happened, but as near as can be judged from the marks left on the ground by the horse, he undertook to lead the horses to a little creek, but as it was muddy the horses refused to go into it, in some way, got him down. The horses went home about 7 o'clock p. m. Then was commenced a search for the boy, who was found about 9 o'clock lying near the creek with a hitchstrap wrapped around his hand and the bridle attached to it. The young man was unconscious and still remains so, and is paralyzed from the chest down. The only bruises seem to be on the right hip, about as big as a horse's foot, and the nose and upper lip are cut and bruised.

Wayne Woman Badly Hurt.
Mrs. D. Meyer, who resides four miles southeast of Wayne, Neb., met with a frightful accident while on her way to Wayne, just south of the city, in crossing a bridge over Logan creek, the team became frightened at iron and steel material nearby for a new bridge, turned around suddenly and ran away throwing Mrs. Meyers from the buggy with the result that she sustained a fracture of the right arm and a severe cut in the face. Her feet caught in the lines and she was also dragged some distance. Doctors Blair and Wightman were at once summoned. It is thought she may recover.

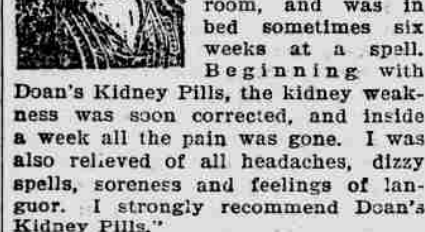
Has Arm Badly Crushed.
While E. E. Day was taking in corn at Weeping Water, Neb., the team in the elevator became frightened and backed the wagon, and caught Mr. Day's right arm between the wagon wheel and the dump door, crushing the arm from the elbow to wrist badly. No bones are broken, but the flesh is badly bruised.

Suit for Possession.
Suit was commenced in district court at Papillion for possession of an island in the Platte river near Forest City, Sarpy county, by the Langdon brothers against John R. McCarty. The island contains 160 acres and is valuable for timber and pasture. McCarty claims rights by adverse possession, having lived on the island seven years.

Suffers Loss of Foot.
Ed. J. Wilson, engineer in charge of the Burlington switch engine in the yards at Beatrice, had the misfortune of losing his right foot. He was alone with his engine in the yards, and got off to make some repairs and was partly under the side at work when it suddenly started, and before he could extricate himself his right foot was cut off at the ankle. Dr. Walden, the company surgeon, was hastily called, and amputated the limb six inches above the ankle. Mr. Wilson is a married man with a small family.

Ended at Last Through Using Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Selina Jones, of 200 Main St., Ansonia, Conn., says: "If it had not been for Doan's Kidney Pills I would not be alive to-day. Seven years ago I was so bad with pain in the back, and so weak that I had to keep to my room, and was in bed sometimes six weeks at a spell. Beginning with Doan's Kidney Pills, the kidney weakness was soon corrected, and inside a week all the pain was gone. I was also relieved of all headaches, dizzy spells, soreness and feelings of languor. I strongly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."



Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

"So our engagement is all over." He spoke moodily. "Yes," she replied, not without a triumphant note in her voice; "I told it to my dearest girl friend as a great secret, and now it is all over."

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A man always talks louder when he knows he is wrong than when he realizes he is right.

AWFUL SUFFERING.

From Dreadful Pains from Wound on Foot—System All Run Down—Miraculous Cure by Cuticura.

"Words cannot speak highly enough for the Cuticura Remedies. I am now seventy-two years of age. My system had been all run down. My blood was so bad that blood poisoning had set in. I had several doctors attending me, so finally I went to the hospital where I was laid up for two months. My foot and ankle were almost beyond recognition. Dark blood flowed out of wounds in many places and I was so disheartened that I thought surely my last chance was slowly leaving me. As the foot did not improve, you can readily imagine how I felt. I was simply disgusted and tired of life. I stood this pain, which was dreadful, for six months, and during this time I was not able to wear a shoe and not able to work. Some one spoke to me about Cuticura. The consequences were I bought a set of the Cuticura Remedies of one of my friends who was a druggist, and the praise that I gave after the second application is beyond description; it seemed a miracle for the Cuticura Remedies took effect immediately. I washed the foot with the Cuticura Soap before applying the Ointment and I took the Resolvent at the same time. After two weeks' treatment my foot was healed completely. People who had seen my foot during my illness and who have seen it since the cure, can hardly believe their own eyes. Robert Schoenhauer, Newburg, N. Y. August 21, 1905."

A man who has made good doesn't have to blow his own horn.

Garfield Tea, the herb laxative, is mild, effective, health-giving—a faultless preparation. It cures constipation.

There are numerous sure-thing confidence games, but matrimony is the surest.

Good Wages for Expert Painters and Paper Hangers in Omaha.
Owing to a scarcity of first-class workmen the master painters of Omaha are paying up to 50 cents per hour for skilled workmen. Open shops and plenty of work.

Any man who is completely wrapped up in himself is a bundle of conceit.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.
A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Wouldn't Give Him Time.
Brokelegh—I did think of ordering a suit from Cutts, but I couldn't get him to promise to give it up to me on time.

Newitt—Why, he's usually very prompt.

Brokelegh—Oh, yes; but he wanted me to be equally prompt.

A Versatile Y. M. C. A. Secretary.
The secretary of one of the army Y. M. C. A.'s in an Eastern fort acts as an adviser and friend of soldiers on all sorts of questions from ethics to the best kind of tooth powder and proper forms of polite correspondence with ladies. He is the best runner in the fort and no man can outbox him. He teaches a Bible class and a big one at that. The secretary has a wiry yellow dog named Rags who isn't afraid of anything. One night a soldier introduced a fighting bulldog and started a scrap with Rags. The secretary walked up to the owner of the bulldog and remarked, "There'll be something more than a dog fight if you don't call your dog off," with a decided ring of earnestness which the soldier understood. They admired the secretary better the next day when he went to that soldier and said, "I was hot-headed last night, but you were in the wrong and ought to apologize." The soldier did and they were the best of friends and the influence of that secretary was greatly increased with every enlisted man who recognizes a man when he sees him.

Experiments in Vienna Indicate That "Fireproof" Curtains Are No Protection.

Whoever imagines that the famous iron curtains in theaters, which are lowered and raised with such solemnity at stated times and are made the subject of all kinds of municipal regulations, are any real protection against fire, would do well, says the Grand Magazine, to study the account of certain experiments recently carried out in Vienna.

A theater was constructed in the most approved modern fashion, the auditorium furnished with the usual galleries and pit and the stage with scenery. Lamps of every system—electric, gas and oil—were placed in great numbers and in the walls certain spy holes were provided through which the commission of engineers and architects who were conducting the experiments might see what went on within the building.

In the first experiment a fire was lighted on the stage and the ordinary curtain dropped, the ventilators in the auditorium being open and those on the stage closed. After the lapse of a minute or two the observers saw the curtain bulge out toward the auditorium, allowing the flames and smoke to rush forth at the bottom with such volume that the entire theater was enveloped in an instant.

The gas lamps were extinguished immediately and were soon followed by the disappearance of the oil lights. As for the electric lamps, though they did not go out at once, they became quite invisible by reason of the dense smoke. In a quarter of an hour a temperature of 750 degrees Fahrenheit was registered in the theater.

Next time the same experiment was repeated under identical conditions except that on this occasion the iron curtain was lowered. Its protective powers, however, proved quite illusory.

The flames burst forth into the auditorium with greater violence, if possible, than before; the thermometer registered a temperature bordering upon that of the electric oven, and an analysis of the air disclosed the fact that it contained more than eight per cent of the deadly carbonic oxide gas—that is to say, far more than sufficient to asphyxiate whoever had not been burned to death.

A third experiment showed that the audience can only hope to escape if the actors consent to sacrifice themselves, which they can hardly be expected to do. It was found that if the stage was set on fire and both curtains kept up the ventilators on the stage being open and those in the auditorium quite closed, the stage became transformed into a chimney as it were, while the auditorium remained intact, as the flames and smoke were carried away from it.

MONEY PILES UP RAPIDLY.

Bequest of Benjamin Franklin the Nucleus of an Immense Fund.

A great popular industrial school, the Franklin Union, has been established in Boston, and a New York man, Mr. Bouillon, called upon to take charge of it—on the foundation of \$5,000 bequeathed by Benjamin more than 100 years ago. Franklin, as is well known, had the amount put out at interest for a century for the benefit of the working youth of his native city, states the New York Mail.

What is the result? The managers of the Franklin Union now have on hand, for actual use, a round million dollars in cash, and, in addition to that \$200,000 in good securities, which will accumulate interest for another hundred years, when it is expected to have produced a new capital of \$8,000,000 or \$9,000,000.

To be sure, not all the millions now on hand is the increment of Franklin's original gift, for Mr. Carnegie made a generous addition to that; but the bulk of it is from that source, and all the \$200,000 now set aside in securities is derived from Franklin's original gift. In 200 years (which is the length of time that has now elapsed since Franklin was born) his gift of \$5,000 will have rolled up to about \$10,000,000!

Where will all this have come from? It is a puzzling old problem, the answer to which may seem simple enough to those who put money out at interest, but which is something of a mystery. Money is the measure of value. Value, in the last analysis, consists of things to eat and wear and use. Had \$5,000 worth of these things, existing when Franklin died in 1790, actually increased to \$10,000,000 worth of them in 1890 or 1906? Had all the rest of the good things that were in existence in 1790 fruited in the same proportion? And if \$200,000 of Franklin's money in 1906 will be \$9,000,000 of things to eat and wear in 2006, what will Mr. Rockefeller's \$500,000,000 pile up to in that year? To \$100,000,000,000, which is what the whole wealth of the United States now amounts to. But at the same rate of increment the present entire wealth of the United States will have piled up, by 2006, to \$20,000,000,000,000—an impossible figure.

The world itself would not hold that amount of wealth. Money earns money, but it cannot earn more than there is the equivalent of value for.

Plenty of Language.
"Did you have much trouble speaking English when you were in England?"

"No. The trouble I had was in making people understand me."—Detroit Free Press.



CALUMET

is the only HIGH GRADE POWDER

offered to the consumer at a Moderate Price

MAKES PURE FOOD

Free from Rochelle Salts, Alum or any injurious substance.

Calumet Baking Powder is recommended by leading physicians and chemists.

Just a Hint.
"Does your girl like poetry, Dick?"
"Yes, but she is too insinuating."
"In what way?"
"Well, she won't agree that anything rhymes with 'springtime' but 'ring-time.'"

Smokers appreciate the quality value of Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Happiness is less apt to be a matter of luck than of pluck.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Dyspeptics who love to eat love not wisely but too well.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood. Garfield Tea cures sick headaches.

On the Evidence.
Murray F. Tuley, who died on Christmas, after twenty-five years of continuous service as judge of the circuit court in Chicago, was noted for the strict impartiality with which he rendered decisions, even when his personal bias was strongly the other way.

On one occasion, having heard a certain famous suit, he found himself impelled to hand down a decision repugnant to his own inclination.

"Do you mean you think the defendant was not at heart a swindler?" demanded an intimate friend, who dared complain of the finding.

"Billy," said Judge Tuley, solemnly, "I took that evidence to Arkansas with me and studied it two weeks. Then I brought it home and spent ten days more on it. Then I said in my decision: 'So far as the evidence shows, the defendant is an upright and honorable Christian gentleman.'"

"So far as the evidence shows," repeated the jurist, slowly and with emphasis. "Then he leaned forward in his chair, placed a hand on the other's knee, and exclaimed with an air of vindication: 'But, Billy, I didn't say I believed it!'"

He Knew.
The first witness called in a recent petty lawsuit in Cincinnati was an Irishman, of whose competence as a witness opposing counsel entertained doubt. At their instance there was put to him before being sworn, the usual interrogatory, "Do you know the nature of an oath?"

A broad grin spread over the face of the Irishman, as he replied: "Indade, Your Honor, I may say that it is second nature with me."

Wigg—"Pou say you traveled all through France, o you speak French?"
Wagg—"No, I got to it with my 'How much?' in French, but it didn't help me any. They took all I had, anyhow."

History in the Hair.
By their hair ye shall know them. It seems that our histories are written in our hair. The Japanese scientist, Matsura, has been studying the variations in the thickness of the hair. It is known that in certain diseases, among other differences in growth, are found marked variations in the length and thickness of the finger nails. Now it appears that the hair also is influenced, and all the affections which act upon the general health bring about a diminution in the thickness of the hair. The medullary layer may even be interrupted, and the hard layer which it contains may disappear. Observations made upon a hair will therefore show the variations in thickness according to certain maladies, and the length of the affected part of the thinner portion of the hair gives an idea of the duration of the malady, and even of slighter affections. The variations are naturally more strongly marked in the case of coarse-haired races than others. Provided the hair had never been cut, the man would have his pathological history written in capillary terms.

Love will find a way, even in the dark.

If powder won't remove freckles why not try dynamite?