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A STRICTLY UNION SHOP.  
...WHOLESALE AND RETAIL...  
**Modern Decorators,  
Wall Paper, \* \* \*  
Mouldings, Etc.**  
...Masonic Temple...  
230 So. 11th Street  
Auto Phone...1975

**ADAM SCHAUPP COAL CO.**  
**...COAL...  
COKE AND WOOD**  
Rock Springs, Hanna, Maitland  
**CENTERVILLE BLOCK \$5.50**  
Spadla, Pittsburg nut, Washed Egg. Best Grades. Scranton  
and Lehigh Anthracite. Best and quickest service. Delivered  
by Union Teamsters only.  
**CITY OFFICE 1234 O STREET  
BELL 182. AUTO 3812**

**Four Shows Daily**  
**LYRIC Theatre**  
**Four Shows Daily**  
**A** HIGH-CLASS, popular-priced amusement resort. Four refined shows daily. Matinee 3 p. m.; Night, 7:15, 8:15 and 9:15 p. m. Twelfth and O Streets, Lincoln, Nebraska  
Entire Change of Program Every Week

Your Cigars Should Bear This Label...  
**Union-made Cigars.**  
It is insurance against sweat shop and tenement goods, and against disease.

**New Way---New Train**  
You can now go direct, by a new route and by a new daily train through Salt Lake City to Los Angeles via the  
**UNION PACIFIC and SALT LAKE ROUTE**  
First-class accommodations with all the comforts of home, electric lighted. News of the world bulletined morning and evening, and in "extras" when warranted. The  
**LOS ANGELES LIMITED**  
affords comforts, luxury and entertainment that make time fly. For full information inquire of  
**E. B. SLOSSON, General Agent Lincoln, Nebraska**

**Protected by Block Signals**  
The first railway in America to adopt the absolute Block System in the operation of all trains was the  
**Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway**  
It to-day has more miles of road operated under block signal rule than any other railway company. The St. Paul Road was the first railway to light its trains by electricity, and it now has more than 400 electric-lighted passenger cars in daily service. Three trains from Union Station, Omaha, to Union Station, Chicago, every day.  
For time table, special rate write  
**F. A. NASH,**  
General Western Agent, 1698 Farnam Street, OMAHA, NEB.

**FAGAN'S CAFE**  
1226 O STREET  
**HANDLES EVERYTHING IN SEASON  
MODERATE PRICES. FIRST CLASS SERVICE  
MEALS, 15c AND UP**  
**OPEN ALL NIGHT**

**GOVERNMENT BY INJUNCTION.**  
And Union Men Themselves Are To Blame For It.  
Judge Holdom, of Chicago, has availed himself of another opportunity to strengthen his reputation as a "government by injunction" judge. Acting as his own jury, he has convicted two officers of the printers' union of an offense unknown to the law—inducing imported non-unionists to join the union and paying their expenses home, and has imposed a penalty in his own discretion. Under his sentence the men are now in jail. Holdom's decision was expressed in terms which clearly disclosed a bias that would have disqualified any man for jury service, but he refused to refer the case to a jury, and incompetency for bias is an unknown disqualification under the practice and procedure of "government by injunction." However, Judge Holdom is not the man to be criticised. He went frankly enough before the public for re-election as an employers' judge. As such he was supported by employers' organizations. They knew and he knew that he was the kind of judge they wanted. If the labor organizations didn't recognize him as unfair, it was no fault of his. Some of them evidently did, for he was badly cut at the polls. But if they had been as solicitous for public interests as their employers were for "business" interests, Judge Holdom would have to fight labor organizations, if he fought them at all, in a different and somewhat less influential capacity—Chicago Public.

**UNION AUXILIARIES.**  
They Lend Splendid Assistance to the Unions.  
In late years it has come to be quite the thing to organize auxiliaries composed of women to national and international trades unions, writes Joseph R. Buchanan in the New York Journal. These auxiliaries have usually been formed during the conventions of the general bodies by wives and daughters who accompanied the delegates to the convention. These union auxiliaries are not merely social clubs, nor are they sewing circles and pink tea clubs—they are practical from the word go. In various ways they render valuable assistance to the trades union movement. They are the strongest and most effective supporters of the union label—in fact, without their aid agitation in support of a certain class of labels would be almost fruitless. Probably there is nothing else which so marks the change in the general estimate of trades unionism as the attitude of women thereto. Few and far between now are the women whose breadwinners are unionists that seek to hide from their acquaintances and the world that fact. The union man's wife holds her head high and looks the world in the face confidently and proudly as she says, "Tom's a member of No. 42, and this household is for the union first, last and all the time."

**CARPENTERS' UNION.**  
What the Knights of Saw and Plane Are Doing.  
Bro. J. A. Chambers was elected and installed as conductor at last meeting. Bro. F. Binder having gone to Colorado.  
Bro. Dickson of University Place, working on the C. C. White building, sprained his back seriously last Saturday morning and is not able to get around as yet. He is gaining slowly, however.  
Bro. Fallhaber fell on his porch the first of the week, striking on his back, and is laid up. He does not expect to get to work for two or three weeks.  
Mr. E. Kerns, 718 North Twenty-seventh, reports to the local that his machine tools are for sale.  
A committee from the Carpenters met a committee from the Exchange Thursday evening to discuss next year's agreement. Results not known as yet.  
Brother Chambers has been appointed keeper of steward's reports. These will be cared for systematically hereafter.  
Bro. Chase has been made correspondent for The Wageworker.  
Bro. A. E. Hawkins is back from Oxford and is working, but still has a sore hand from last winter's trouble with blood poisoning.

**THE BARBERS.**  
McQuiston Fined \$1 and Costs for Sunday Opening.  
"Billy" McQuiston, who was arrested on the charge of violating the statute against Sunday work by opening his barber shop, had his trial Thursday morning and was fined \$1 and costs. The card has been removed from his shop.  
R. L. McBride has been elected secretary of the local union, vice Charley Bowen, who has become a proprietor. Mr. McBride may be found at 101 South Eleventh street.  
The Journeymen barbers are going to stand pat against the Sunday opening proposition. The shop at 116 South Thirteenth street has changed hands and is now being conducted by Bert Sturm.  
The Barbers' Union has changed meeting night and will hereafter meet at 205 South Tenth street on Wednesday evening.

**THE BARTENDERS.**  
Have Another Social Good Time and Feel Better.  
The Bartenders' Union recently held another one of its social sessions, and of course the boys had a good time. They extend their hearty thanks to the Annheuser-Busch Brewing Co. for refreshments served on that occasion. A couple of bars are about to lose their bar cards because the bartenders have ignored the duty of paying their dues. The Lincoln hotel bar has not yet "come across."  
**GOOD!**  
The union label enables a working-man to be a trades unionist where he spends his wages as well as where he earns them.—Clothing Trades Bulletin.

**THE DIFFERENCE.**  
Methodist Book Concern Insists on Employing "Rat" Printers.  
The Methodist Book Concern, New York, insists on employing "rat" printers and maintaining the "open shop." Rev. Dr. Homer Eaton, one of the agents for the concern, offers this weighty argument against recognizing the Typographical Union:  
"I refuse to be a party to a contract that dictates that my employes must belong to any organization that meets on a Sunday. It is impossible for a man to be both a consistent Christian and a trades-unionist. He can not go to union meeting and to church, too."  
The Methodist church is not to be congratulated on the possession of a minister with such a lack of brains. Seventy-five per cent of the union printers are opposed to Sunday meetings. But Sunday is the only day that will enable even a minority of the members to attend union meeting. The meetings are held Sunday afternoon. This does not interfere with church attendance in the morning or in the evening. Lincoln Typographical Union has a large number of members who are earnest and consistent Christians. They attend church regularly every Sunday, and also prayer meeting during the week. Several of them are teachers in the Sunday schools.  
Rev. Dr. Eaton can not sit down to a sumptuous meal on a Sunday at the home of a parishioner and be a consistent Christian, for that entails work on the housewife or the servant girls. The Wageworker cordially invites comparison between the above remark of Rev. Dr. Eaton and the sermon delivered by Rev. Mr. Balch, another Methodist minister, published in this issue. The Wageworker also would call the attention of Rev. Dr. Eaton to the undeniable fact that the union printers of the country devote more money in proportion to numbers to the care of the sick, burial of the dead and care of the helpless than the Methodist church. If it is true that "He who giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord"—and it is true—then the Lord owes the International Typographical Union more interest in proportion to numbers than He does to the Methodist church.  
Rev. Dr. Eaton is a distinguished and noted divine in the Methodist church. Rev. W. M. Balch of Lincoln is preaching for a small congregation in the outskirts of Lincoln and is unknown to a vast majority of the Methodist church at large. And yet we venture to say that a preacher like Rev. Mr. Balch is doing more good than one in proportion to his opportunities than Rev. Dr. Eaton of New York. Why? Because Rev. Mr. Balch is down to earth, mingling with men, while Rev. Dr. Eaton has his head in the clouds and is getting further and further away from his fellows.  
If it is true that a man can not be a consistent Christian and trades unionist, then a very large percentage of church members are hypocrites. And if being a member of a trades union is to be a member of a Christian fellowship, we unhesitatingly declare that we will stand by the union rather than take our stand among those who are so narrow-minded and so bigoted as to declare that being a member of an organization that stands for humanity and mutual helpfulness is unchristian.

**FOR THE WOMEN**  
**THIS** is a little secret talk with the housewife. Just read it and then talk it over with your husband. Is your husband a mechanic? If he is, does he not insist on having the best of tools and the most up-to-date labor saving machinery. But does he think the same about your work? Have you got the best and most up-to-date kitchen machinery in your house? Or are you working with the old-fashioned implements? Do you not know that the coal range is just as much out of date now as the old fire place with its swinging crane? If your husband insists on having the most improved tools in his work, why should he not provide you a similar equipment for your work?  
Think it over for a little bit, and then ask yourself this question: "Am I getting a square deal?"  
Warm weather is coming. Why not insist on having a Gas Range and thus escape the awful heat of a coal range during the summer. It will conserve your energy, save your health and economize your time. With a Gas Range in

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**HE'S A BAD ONE.**  
The Absentee Usually the One Who Makes the Most Fuss.  
The absentee! This man is the worst of the lot. He does more harm than all the other disrupters put together. Every gang, every clique, is made possible by absentees. The man who stays away from the meetings of his union is responsible for everything that is done wrong. It is far better to go to the meetings, and to make mistakes than to stay away and find fault with the mistakes. The absentee could not help the enemies of his union any more if he were paid for it than by refusing to bear his share of the burden. Why are there so many ignorant trades-unionists who know nothing of the business affairs of their own union? It is because they have been absentees. There are plenty of union men who never go to meetings unless they are out of work. Then they are the loudest shouters in the crowd.—Easton Journal.

**SOME PRINTER FIGURES.**  
How the Typographical Union is Footing the Bills.  
Some idea of the sacrifices the union printers are making to establish the eight-hour day may be gained by looking at a few figures taken from the March Typographical Journal.  
During the fiscal month ending February 20, 1906, the receipts of the International were \$155,974.47. All but \$2,202.50 of this enormous amount was contributed by members of the Typographical Union, the rest being contributed by other unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.  
The total membership of the International Typographical Union on February 20, 1906, was 47,283. Of this number 38,988 were working the eight-hour day, and 3,216 were working the nine-hour day under contracts that will not expire until later. There were on the strike roll, journeymen members, 5,079. In addition 341 apprentices and 488 pressmen, feeders and stereotypers were carried on the strike roll, making a total on the strike roll of 5,908. During February thirteen unions were added to the list of unions coming in under the eight-hour banner. Two of the largest local unions, Boston and Baltimore, made the eight-hour demand during February, and these added somewhat to the strike roll. But the situation is rapidly growing better everywhere. The eight-hour day is practically won.  
As an evidence of the financial strength of the International Typographical Union is might incidentally be mentioned that the strike benefit has been increased. This is uncommon in strikes. The average assessment borne by working members is about \$6 per month, to which must be added local dues and per capita tax.

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**FOR THE WOMEN**  
your kitchen it doesn't matter if your husband hurries to work without thinking to carry in the coal and provide the kindling. No need for them. You just turn a valve and touch a match. Then you get all the heat under the cooking utensils, and none of it through the kitchen to make you miserable. Saves fully half your time, two-thirds of your worry and all of your health.  
Think it over and then tell your husband about it. Give him your side of the labor saving machinery case. Then take his arm and walk or ride down to our salesrooms, where we have a complete line of Gas Ranges, Water Heaters, Radiators, and improved Kitchen Devices. We are so interested in showing these that we keep open evenings for your benefit and our own.  
Union men have often gone on strike for better conditions surrounding their work. Why wouldn't it be a good idea for union housewives to follow the illustrious precedent set by their husbands—strike for improved working conditions for themselves.

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**UNION LABELS AND CARDS**  
There are now 56 labels and 10 cards issued by the following organizations, which have been indorsed by the American Federation of Labor:

**Organizations Using Labels.**

American Federation of Labor.	Machine Printers and Color Mixers.
Bakers and Confectioners.	Machinists.
Boiler Makers.	Metal Polishers.
Blacksmiths.	Metal Workers, Sheet.
Boot and Shoe Workers.	Molders.
Brewery Workers.	Painters.
Brickmakers.	Paper Box Makers.
Broommakers.	Paper Makers.
Brushmakers.	Piano and Organ Workers.
Carriage and Wagon Workers.	Plate Printers.
Carvers, Wood.	Powder Workers.
Cigarmakers.	Pressmen, Printing.
Cloth Hat and Cap Makers.	Print Cutters.
Coopers.	Rubber Workers.
Engravers, Watch Case.	Sawsmiths.
Flour and Cereal Mill Employes.	Shirt, Waist and Laundry Workers.
Fur Workers.	Stove Mounters.
Garment Workers, United.	Tailors.
Garment Workers, Lady.	Textile Workers.
Glass Bottle Blowers.	Tip Printers.
Glass Workers.	Tobacco Workers.
Glove Workers.	Travelers' Goods and Leather Novelties Workers.
Gold Beaters.	Typographical.
Hatters.	Upholsterers.
Horseshoers.	Weavers, Goring.
Jewelry Workers.	Weavers, Wire.
Lathers.	Wood Workers.
Leather Workers on Horse Goods.	Leather Workers.

**ORGANIZATIONS USING CARDS.**

Actors.	Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen.
Barbers.	Musicians.
Clerks.	Musicians.
Engineers, Steam.	Stage Employes, Theatrical.
Firemen, Stationary.	Teamsters.
Hotel and Restaurant Employes.	

The following crafts and callings are using the American Federation of Labor label: Artificial Limb Makers, Costumers, Badge and Lodge Paraphernalia Workers, Bottlers (Soda, Mineral Water and Liqueur), Coffee, Spice and Baking Powder Workers, Cloth Spongers and Refinishers, Carbonic Gas Workers, Cigar Makers' Tools, Nail (Horse Shoe) Workers, Neckwear Cutters and Makers, Oyster Workers, Paint Workers, Photographic Supply Workers, Soap Workers, Soda and Mineral Water Workers, Starch Workers, Suspender Makers, Steel Case Makers.

But we do not have to make the choice, thank the Lord! Rev. Dr. Eaton represents a very inconsiderable portion of the membership of the great Methodist church. He comes nearer to representing the greed of high finance than he does the doctrine of the Carpenter of Nazareth.  
Average repairs to each locomotive on the Northern Pacific was \$2,075; on the Union Pacific, \$3,473; Santa Fe, \$4,165; Southern Pacific, \$3,473; Chicago & Northwestern, \$1,563; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, \$1,493.—Machinists' Journal.  
Judge Holdom has gone to Europe to seek rest and recreation. It is not surprising that he would need something of the kind after that bunch of despotic injustice he handed out to the Chicago printers recently. We would think most any old place would be healthier for Holdom than Chicago, for awhile. May he never come back to this country again. We can do without judges of his caliber in America very well.—St. Joseph Union.

**Dr. Leonhardt 1726 N STREET LINCOLN, NEB. Heart Specialist**